"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Unsettled, probably fair today and Wednesday; moderate winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max. 81, min. 61.
For full weather report see Page 28.

VOL. LXXII...No. 23,908. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 10, 1923. TWO CENTS, In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

$1,000,000,000 GAIN IN 1923 CROP VALUE SHOWN BY FORECAST

Estimate Is Made at the Present Prices, Based on the Government's July Figures.

PRODUCTION IS 3% LESS

$2,200,000,000 Excess Over the 1921 Record in the Comparison of Twelve Staples.

GREAT CORN YIELD LIKELY

3,877,000,000 Bushels Are Indicated, 821,000,000 of Wheat—Tobacco Crop Large.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Great crops are again in prospect for the American farmer this year, according to the July forecast for wheat, corn, tobacco, cotton and other leading products issued by the Department of Agriculture today. Compared with last year the size of this year's crops in the aggregate, according to present indications, will be only about 3 per cent. lower.

This year's crops will be worth over $1,600,000,000 more than last year's, on the basis of farm prices on July 1, 1923, compared with prices a year ago. Twelve of these crops, if they fulfill the anticipations of the official forecast, will be worth $7,829,912,800 on the basis of prices on July 1, 1923, as reported to and analyzed by the Crop Reporting Board of the Department of Agriculture. This total does not include the value of this year's growing crops of tobacco and rice, for which the July 1 farm prices are not given by the department.

The value of the same twelve crops—exclusive of tobacco and rice—in 1922 was $6,768,298,900, on the basis of farm prices of July 1, 1922, as applied to the revised estimates of that year's production.

The twelve crops for which this comparative estimate is made are wheat, corn, oats, barley, rye, white potatoes, sweet potatoes, flaxseed, hay, cotton, apples and peaches. The figures are predicated upon no setback in the condition of the crops, which have faced favorable growing conditions so far this year. Everything will depend on the weather, and prices naturally will be affected by production and other conditions.

Figures Computed With Last Year's.

Here are computed values covering this year's estimated production based on present prices, as compared with the 1922 yield at the July prices of that year:

Crop.	1923.	1922.
All wheat	$760,771,000	$884,412,000
Corn	2,458,000,000	1,706,892,000
Oats	545,655,000	447,973,000
Barley	110,286,000	97,092,000
Rye	59,083,400	74,108,000
White potatoes	317,442,000	463,853,000
Sweet potatoes	206,135,000	190,900,000
Flaxseed	43,666,000	26,991,000
Hay	1,057,310,000	1,345,840,000
Cotton	1,493,480,000	960,600,000
Apples	344,169,000	400,896,000
Peaches	86,442,400	97,524,000
Total	$7,829,912,800	$6,768,298,000

$2,200,000,000 Above 1921 Record.

Last year's crops were worth about $1,200,000,000 more than those of 1921, so that complete realization of this year's production forecast, on the basis of prices as they stand, would make the prospective value of this season's crops somewhere around $2,200,000,000 more than the crops of two years ago.

The forecast issued today does not include buckwheat, the 1922 crop of which was worth about $13,000,000. Neither does it include peanuts, the 1922 crop of which was valued around $30,000,000, nor grain sorghums, which were raised to the value of about $98,000,000 last year.

The forecast covers tobacco, which promises to have an enormous yield this year, but the value of tobacco is not covered in the total of $7,829,912,800, for the reason that no official farm price for tobacco by the pound was included in the announcement issued at the close of the growing season, and will not be marketed until next year. Prices for this year's crop have not been fixed, and range from 12 to 20 cents a pound.

If this year's tobacco crop were sold at 15 cents a pound it would add $213,750,000 to the value of the crops, on the basis of a yield of 1,425,000,000 pounds, forecast in the announcement.

Total Production Indicated.

This is the official forecast of total production of the principal crops, based on growing conditions and acreage under cultivation on July 1, 1923, as compared with the official estimate of the 1922 production:

Crop.	1922. Production.	July, 1923. Forecast.
Winter wheat, bu.	566,000,000	668,000,000
Spring wheat, bu.	278,660,000	235,000,000
All wheat, bu.	922,000,000	821,000,000
Corn, bu.	2,801,000,000	2,877,000,000
Oats, bu.	1,451,000,000	1,284,000,000
Barley, bu.	198,000,000	198,000,000
Rye, bu.	35,500,000	31,700,000
White potatoes, bu.	451,000,000	382,000,000
Sweet potatoes, bu.	119,600,000	98,700,000
Tobacco, lbs.	1,223,000,000	1,425,000,000
Flaxseed, bu.	11,700,000	15,000,000
Rice, bu.	42,000,000	33,100,000
Hay, tons	113,000,000	98,000,000
Cotton, bales	9,750,000	11,400,000
Apples, bu.	391,000,000	180,000,000
Peaches, bu.	56,700,000	48,400,000

According to the official announcement, this year's wheat acreage is 56,823,000, of which 39,700,000 acres are in Winter and 17,503,000 acres in Spring wheat. The total wheat acreage on July 1 was 94.5 of that of 1922. The condition of all wheat was 76.8 per cent. on July 1, 1923, as compared with a condition forecast of 79.6 on June 1, 1923.

On July 1, 1922, the condition forecast for all wheat was 78.9.

The ten year average condition of wheat on July 1 is 82.6, so that wheat was slightly below the ten year average for the year and is below it at the present time.

Condition of Principal Crops.

Here is the condition forecast of the principal crops on July 1, 1923, compared with the ten year average condition on July 1:

Crop.	July 1, 1923.	Ten year average.
Winter wheat	76.8	82.6
Spring wheat	86.0	84.2
All wheat	79.6	83.1
Corn	85.0	83.1
Oats	85.0	83.1
Barley	88.0	84.2
Rye	91.0	84.2
White potatoes	84.0	83.1
Sweet potatoes	85.0	83.1
Tobacco	85.0	83.1
Flaxseed	85.0	83.1
Rice	85.0	83.1
Hay	85.0	83.1
Cotton	85.0	83.1
Apples	85.0	83.1
Peaches	85.0	83.1

Continued on Page Six.

Tonight—Gallery Night at the "Passing Show," Winter Garden. All of the Numbers Open Cool. Chanteusettes' costumes will be present. Bites and Novel Features. Adv.

Opening Odds on Presidency; 1 to 20 on Smith in Wall St.

Although the Presidential election is nearly sixteen months away, betting commissioners in Wall Street already are in receipt of wagers to be placed on possible candidates.

One concern has on deposit $2,000 to bet at odds of 1 to 20 that Governor Alfred E. Smith will be the next President. Another war of $1,000 is offered at the same odds that in the event of Governor Smith's nomination in the Democratic Convention, Carl Sherman, Attorney General of New York, will succeed Smith as Governor. The same firm offers to lay $1,000 at odds of 1 to 3 that should Henry Ford be nominated for President by either of the major parties he will be elected.

LANDLORDS ADOPT 'IRONCLAD' LEASE

Browne Says Tenants Must Agree to Do All and Owners Just Collect Rent.

JUDGES IGNORANT, HE SAYS

Rents to Increase With Increase in Occupants—Heat Not Obligatory.

The United Real Estate Owners' Association disclosed last night the existance of a new lease designed to give "ironclad" protection to the landlord over the tenant and to "avoid the Rosenman law." The organization, meeting at the Hotel Astor, admitted that the lease already had been in use for about a week, and called upon its 11,000 members to rent their premises only on the basis of this lease.

Attacks on Judges in landlord-tenant cases were made at the meeting. Stewart Browne, President of the Association, explained that the drastic form of contract was necessary, with three-quarters of the Judges deliberately acting as attorneys of the tenants. He asserted that the recent decision by a Judge in Staten Island that a tenant could not waive his rights would not hold in a higher court.

Mr. Browne detailed the advantages to the landlord in the new lease. At the same time he contended that the lease was fair to the tenant, and gave out the principal protective features of the lease, which follow:

Second Clause—Provides for pro rata increased rent for increased number of occupants and dispossesses for non-payment.

Third Clause—Provides for tenant complying with the regulations, and violations of the Labor, Tenement House, Health, Building and other departments and failure to comply authorizes landlord as tenant's agents to do so and provides for dispossesses for non-payment of cost of so doing and for fines payable by landlord. Tenant does all repairs, &c.

Fourth Clause—Premises rented "as is."

Seventh Clause—Contracts landlord out of Penal Code to supply heat and hot water. Dispossesses for non-payment of telephone charges.

Eighth Clause—Contracts landlord out of public liability inside building and makes tenant responsible for all damages to landlord's property caused by tenants, his family or employes.

Eleventh Clause—If tenant agrees to vacate and fails to do so, he pays difference in rent between his rent and the rent new tenant would have paid. Tenant can be dispossessed for increased rent. Acceptance by landlord of check for less than agreed upon rent is without prejudice.

Twelfth Clause—Landlord has right to enter leased premises to make improvements.

Thirteenth Clause—Tenant, irrespective of defense, must serve verified answer on return day and concurrently deposit rent in court, otherwise tenant can be dispossessed. Tenant required to pay amount equal to rent irrespective of nature of proceeding. Tenant must pay landlord $10 costs in all non-payment dispossesses or other proceedings or actions and can be dispossessed for non-payment. Landlord contracts out of $10 costs per tenant for failure to recover more than old rent.

Sixteenth Clause—Tenant can be dispossessed for failure to pay agreed upon increased rent due to improvements.

Judges Ignorant, He Says.

A general discussion followed the description of the new lease, the questions being answered by the President. He told his hearers that the Staten Island Judge knew nothing of rent laws or else he was "ignorant." He further said that very few Judges knew anything about rent laws, and doubted if there were more than fifty lawyers in New York City who understood them.

"The lease has been made necessary," he said, "and the whole trouble has

Continued on Page Eight.

HARDING'S MISSION IS 'UNDERSTANDING,' HE TELLS ALASKANS

This Is What the World and the Nation Need Most, He Says in Wrangell Speech.

THOUSANDS CHEER ARRIVAL

President Sees His First Totem Pole and Receives Gift of Huge Strawberries and Peonies.

HE ENJOYS RUGGED SCENERY

Cruise on the Transport Henderson Has Been Restful to Both Him and Mrs. Harding.

WRANGELL, Alaska, July 9 (Associated Press).—President Harding, landing here today, greeted thousands of people of Wrangell and Petersburg, and in an address delivered from the steps of the frame courthouse declared he came to Alaska "as an apostle of understanding" and wanted his administration to go down in history as "a period of understanding."

"That is what the world and the nation most need," the President declared.

The President was welcomed to Wrangell by the Rev. Mr. Diven, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, who introduced him to the cheering crowd.

After the Chief Executive had concluded his address, Secretary of the Interior Work, Secretary of Agriculture Wallace and Secretary of Commerce Hoover spoke briefly.

The party landed here this morning to find the town, once the chief trading section of the Hudson Bay Company, decorated with flags and flooded with the sunshine of a perfect Summer day. Here the party saw their first Totem poles.

The President and Mrs. Harding were presented a huge basket of strawberries, nearly twice the size of the berries they have been accustomed to in Washington, and a bouquet of mammoth peonies.

Finds Indians Progressive.

Special to The New York Times.

KETCHIKAN, Alaska, July 9.—Arriving here at 2 o'clock this sunshiny Sunday afternoon on the transport Henderson, on which he left Tacoma Thursday, President Harding was received in a way to make him understand that the Alaska people appreciated his purpose in making such a long journey overland and by sea to visit their expansive territory and to learn for himself the reasons for its retarded development.

Ketchikan is a town of 5,400 people, perched on the sides of hills which rise toward the near-by mountains. While to the eyes of the Easterners in the Presidential party some of its aspects may suggest the frontier settlements about which they had read, it has an air of progressiveness and purpose to get ahead. It is the centre of a district in which are thirty-five canneries, and is an important port of call for steamers from the States.

Through the decorated streets lined by hundreds of people, who were generous in cheering, the President passed to a stand in the centre of the business section, where he was presented by Governor Scott Bone. Mr. Harding delivered an address to the large crowd and was afterward taken for a drive through the near-by country and shown valuable growths of timber. He returned to the Henderson in time for her departure at 5 o'clock (10 o'clock New York time).

From the very outset of entry into Alaska Territory this morning the President was made to realize its people had taken him at his word when he announced his swing across the continent was merely incidental to his visiting Alaska that he might learn first hand what the difficulties were which prevented the great northern Territory from realizing material benefits from its marvelous natural resources.

Finds Indians Progressive.

The President landed first on Alaskan soil at Metlakatla, an Indian village on Annette Island not far distant from the British Columbia border. Here he found an interesting and unusual community, with most of the native Indians, whose ancestors practiced cannibalism

Continued on Page Two.

Naval Officer Thrashes Boston Clergyman, Who Admits Kissing Bride in His Absence

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., July 9.—Wesley McLaren Hague, a naval Lieutenant, resenting attentions paid to his wife of eight weeks by the Rev. George Lyman Paine, who married them, called at the minister's office on Beacon Street this afternoon and after a short salutation drove a smashing blow to the point of the latter's chin.

As the officer advanced into the room the minister stood up and extended his hand. It was ignored by Hague, who with a brief remark struck out with his fist. The clergyman was knocked off his feet. As his body swung around there was another blow and the minister grappled with his assailant. The two reeled back and forth in the rather small office. Suddenly there was a jolt and the minister's head went through the plate glass in the office door.

Hague pulled Paine's body back into the office, put it another chair and departed, taking care to touch his peaked cap in salute to the typist in the outer office and apologize for the disturbance.

Wet towels were applied to Paine's forehead and wrist to check the flow of blood.

The clergyman said the assault was due to a misunderstanding of circumstances which happened while Hague was absent on duty at Baltimore. He says he called at the bride's home in Cambridge, invited her to take an auto ride and kissed her while the two were resting in a meadow. She declares that the act was paternal, nothing more. He says he asked Mrs. Hague for a kiss and she declined, but that a while later he gave her a little kiss on the cheek. He insists that there was nothing offensive in what was done. It was fatherly and the osculation was merely for the sake of friendship.

The Rev. Mr. Paine is in his forty-ninth year. He is a son of Robert Treat Paine and a descendant of one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. He is married and has two sons in Harvard.

The clergyman was graduated from Harvard in 1896 and took a year's graduate study. He was graduated from the Cambridge Episcopal Theological School several years later.

He was assistant at St. Mark's in the Bowery, New York, from 1900 to 1902; later rector of St. Mary's Church, Dorchester, and after that rector of St. Paul's, New Haven, Conn. He served with the Y. M. C. A. in Europe in 1918. He became assistant at Christ Church, Cambridge, in 1921, and in February became Executive Secretary of the Boston Federation of Churches.

At the time of Lieutenant Hague's marriage Mr. Paine discovered that the bride had been christened Mary Hilliard but preferred her middle name, Priscilla. He himself christened the bride after baptizing her, "a little innocent wisp of 19 years," as he describes her, and he says Lieutenant Hague offered no objection.

The bride, Priscilla Redgrave, was formerly of Baltimore. Her brother was a classmate of Lieutenant Hague who is a nephew of Bishop McLaren.

New York to Summer—July issue of Vogue—Out Today.—Adv.

SMILE-ANS Which eradicate TOOTH DECAY.—Adv.

Stanton, Backer of Shelby Bout, Shuts Bank; Gave $50,000, Signed Bank's $100,000 Draft

Special to The New York Times.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., July 9.—The Stanton Bank and Trust Company of this city closed its doors today. George H. Stanton, President of the institution, was said to have advanced $50,000 on June 18 to make up the second $100,000 payment due Dempsey on his bout with Gibbons, putting up the money at the instance of Mayor James Johnson of Shelby, who gave personal property as security.

The Stanton Bank, with $250,000 capital and deposits of $800,000, opened as usual this morning, but closed its doors voluntarily shortly after 11 o'clock. It was said the bank was unable to take up the morning clearings.

Stanton could not be located today. He was said to have left the bank after issuing a statement that the institution was solvent and that every dollar would be paid depositors.

According to records of the Toole County Abstract Office at Shelby, Mayor Johnson transferred several parcels of real estate and oil land holdings on July 6 and 7 to L. W. Speer, an attorney of Great Falls. In each instance the transfer was made for a consideration of $1.

Johnson was one of the heaviest backers of the Dempsey-Gibbons bout and was said to have lost more than $100,000 in its promotion.

The last statement of the bank, made June 30, shows resources of $1,174,428.12 with deposits of about $800,000. The liabilities balance the resources, with $277,511 as capital stock, surplus and undivided profits; $60,670 due other banks; $25,000 in bills payable with collateral, and $187,861.70 due war finance.

The Stanton Bank and Trust Company was organized by George H. Stanton ten years ago. The officers of the bank are: George H. Stanton, President; P. H. Jones, Vice-President; S. J. Doyle, Cashier, all of Great Falls.

George H. Stanton of Great Falls first came into prominence in connection with the financing of the Dempsey-Gibbons fight in raising the second $100,000 of the $300,000 that the promoters of the bout had agreed to pay the champion.

Great Falls business men, headed by Mr. Stanton, raised the required money, which was paid by a draft of the Stanton Bank and Trust Company on the First National Bank of Minneapolis, signed by Mr. Stanton.

Of the total amount, $50,000 was furnished by Mr. Stanton out of his personal funds.

Under the terms of the agreement the promoters of the fight agreed to refund the contribution out of the first money realized by the sale of tickets.

Mr. Stanton's chance to get his $50,000 back out of ticket sales vanished when Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, finally agreed to accept a lien on the ticket sales for the third $100,000.

BURGLAR WITH AXE FELLS A PREACHER

Dr. John H. Kerr, 65, Surprises and Attacks Thief in Parsonage.

BATTLE LASTS 20 MINUTES

Clergyman, Terribly Wounded, Is Left Unconscious and Robber Escapes.

The Rev. Dr. John H. Kerr surprised a thief at work in a bedroom of his parsonage in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon, forgot his 65 years and his frail, slender stature, sprang at the intruder and was so badly cut and beaten with an axe that for a time it was feared he would die.

Late last night, Dr. Kerr, stitched and bandaged, suffering from contusions and scalp wounds, bruised by kicks and almost too weak to talk, was sending from his sick bed through his wife messages of forgiveness for his assailant and expressions of willingness to give him a "helping hand."

Mrs. Kerr, while transmitting her husband's attitude of forbearance, had this touch of her own to add:

"Although my husband may be fatally injured and is now lying in bed in a precarious condition, I am proud of him because he had the courage to fight and protect himself and did not hold up his hands and submit."

Meantime the police of Brooklyn were making extraordinary efforts to catch the man and the fashionable Highland Park section of the borough in which the crime was committed was seething with indignation. Dr. Kerr for the last fifteen years, ever since he left the Tract Society in Manhattan, has been pastor of the Arlington Avenue Presbyterian Church at Arlington Avenue and Elton Street.

His daughter, Miss Marcia, is attached to the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions; one son is a missionary in Korea and the minister himself has been active in missionary work. So widely is he known among Presbyterians in New York that as news of his harrowing experience spread many anxious inquiries were made at his parsonage, adjoining the church.

Evidence of Battle.

Though Dr. Kerr was able to give only a mumbled, halting account of what befell him, the three-story parsonage bore ample evidence of a terrific struggle, in which the preacher, despite his advanced years, had given a good account of himself. He fought his assailant, or perhaps two of them, probably for twenty minutes.

In that time the battle raged through the bedroom in which it started and an adjoining room. Furniture was overturned, chairs were upset, bedclothes pulled awry, ornaments knocked to the floor and walls scarred as the thief, a young man, swung his axe again and again and the doctor, with no weapon but his bare hands, grappled with his merciless antagonist.

Three physicians who examined Dr. Kerr and detectives who learned the extent of his injuries, were surprised that a man of his years had survived so fearful an encounter. His scalp was split, bruised and blackened, and his body contused. For a time it was not thought to be possible that his skull had not been fractured, but after hours of treatment the effects of the concussion which had dimmed his recollection of what had befallen him were slowly ebbing and there was hope that he would get well.

Of the thief or thieves, the police, who disclosed nothing about the crime until word of it reached the newspapers through other channels, had gained no tangible trace after many hours of search. With the assailant when at last he fled the house, leaving Dr. Kerr unconscious on the second floor, went $40 from Miss Marcia Kerr's pocketbook, $30 from a box of missionary funds in the minister's study and numerous trinkets belonging to the daughter and to Mrs. Kerr.

Among the most treasured things Mrs. Kerr lost was her wedding ring. It had become too tight and she had laid it aside. The thief found it in a bureau drawer in her bedroom.

House Ransacked by Thief.

Inspection of the parsonage showed that had not Dr. Kerr returned when he did the family would have been practically cleaned out. The house had been ransacked from top to bottom. Contents of drawers had been dumped in heaps on tables or strewn on the floor, stairs and hallway were littered with clothing and small pieces of silverware and papers had been flung in muddled heaps in the search for valuables. Even the trunk room had been wrecked in a search for loot and suitcases into which the thief had packed

Continued on Page Seven.

Private Tiny Garages, Daily $10 P. M. Storage and Repairing. Automobile, 148 W. 66th St. Tel. Circle 3433.—Adv.

MRS. BUZZI UNMOVED BY DEATH SENTENCE

Execution as Slayer of Frederick Schneider Set for August, but Delay Is Certain.

MAKES SPEECH IN COURT

Again Declares She Is Innocent —Starts at Once for Death Cell in Auburn Prison.

Mrs. Anna Buzzi was condemned yesterday to die in the electric chair during the first week of August for the murder of Frederick Schneider, a Bronx building contractor. Sentence was pronounced by Justice James O'Malley in the Bronx Supreme Court.

Protesting her innocence the woman was taken under guard to Auburn Prison, where she will remain until it is time for her to go to the death house at Sing Sing. That time may never come, for an appeal will stay execution of the sentence for a year or thereabouts, and even if she should lose the appeal, her sentence might be commuted by the Governor.

Mrs. Buzzi, who was found guilty of having shot Schneider to death in his automobile on Sound View Road, near Clason Point, on February 20, last, remained stolid as she heard herself condemned to death, even as she had when she heard the jury pronounce the verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree, with no recommendation for clemency. Later, as she was taken out of the court room by her guards to start the journey to Auburn, she smiled.

"I have been convicted of a crime I know nothing about," she said when she received permission to make a statement in court. "I have been convicted on false and perjured testimony. The greatest sin I ever committed was to live with Frederick Schneider, and I trust in God to bring me back and prove to the world that I am innocent."

Mrs. Buzzi made her statement just before the sentence was pronounced. She betrayed no emotion in her words or manner. She spoke slowly, clearly, lifelessly, in a studied way that indicated she had rehearsed the little speech carefully in her cell. The blank expression on her stolid countenance did not change while she spoke, but afterward, when photographers took her picture, she smiled, and urged them to take a picture of her smiling.

Dressed Entirely In Black.

She was dressed in black from head to foot, as she was all during the long, hot days when she sat in the witness chair or at the counsel table during the trial. Everything was black—her gloves, her purse, even her ornaments—long earrings and a necklace.

It was the first time that Justice O'Malley ever had pronounced the death sentence upon any one. He prepared the sentence carefully, delaying its pronouncement some time while he rewrote it.

"No more disagreeable duty was ever imposed on a trial justice than that in this case," Justice O'Malley said.

"There is only one sentence demanded by law for first degree murder—that within ten days after this session of court the Sheriff of Bronx County will deliver you to Auburn Prison, where you will be kept in solitary confinement until a convenient time prior to Aug. 6, 1923, when the superintendent will turn you over to the warden of Sing Sing Prison, who is charged to execute the death penalty upon you, Anna Buzzi, any day in the week beginning Sunday, Aug. 5, 1923."

Only men were in the courtroom when sentence was pronounced. Fearing a demonstration by hysterical women, Justice O'Malley had ordered that women be kept out of the room. A crowd, chiefly composed of women, began to gather at the doors of the courthouse as early as 7 o'clock yesterday morning, two hours before sentence was scheduled to be pronounced. Nearly one hundred women were turned back by court attendants when they tried to enter the courtroom. They congregated in the corridor and made a great deal of noise. So much noise, in fact, that the police finally made them go down to the floor below.

The women objected strenuously to leaving the courtroom floor.

Several dressed young women and girls hurled sarcastic remarks at the police who ordered them away.

At 9 o'clock in the morning Mrs. Buzzi received a visit in her cell, at the jail underneath the court room from her three sisters, Mrs. Vivian Tyler, Mrs. Sophie Dickie and Mrs. Emily Frymet. Mrs. Tyler and Mrs. Dickie testified for her at the trial, throwing suspicion on William Tarr, taxicab driver and Mrs. Buzzi's brother-in-law, while Tarr was the star witness for the State, testify-

Continued on Page Four.

Bonnie, adjustable and universally comfortable shoe. Kuhlmann Boston Garter for your sports stockings. 25c. a pair.—Adv.

Arabian Horse Given All Gobelins in the Tapestry of Famous Beauty Co. Salesmen.—Adv.

ROTH'S BODY FOUND IN BALLOON BASKET; FEAR NULL PERISHED

Pilot Was Drowned, Autopsy Reveals—Found Lying in Water, Entangled in Ropes.

TAKEN TO CLEVELAND BY AIR

Body Thought to Be Null's, Located Miles Away, Is Later Identified as Another.

SEARCH TO BE CONTINUED

Admiral Moffett Eulogizes Dead Aeronaut and Refuses to Abandon Hope for the Other.

PORT STANLEY, Ontario, July 9 (Associated Press).—Lake Erie today yielded the body of Lieutenant L. J. Roth, pilot of the United States Navy balloon A-6006. Strapped to the basket of the balloon, and clad only in his underwear, around which had been tied a life preserver, Roth's body was found in the basket this morning, fourteen miles off here, by Captain George Wilson, master of a fishing boat.

Apparently caught in the terrific storm of Thursday night, Lieutenant Roth evidently took the precaution to strap himself to the side of the basket after divesting himself of his clothing, and then cut the basket loose from the big bag, trusting to the buoyancy devices with which the basket was equipped to keep it afloat.

How long the basket was buffeted about the lake after the bag was cut loose could not be conjectured, but the condition of Lieutenant Roth's body indicated that he died of exposure. His head and shoulders were hanging over the edge of the basket. Identification of the body as that of Roth was established by the stenciled initials "S. L. J. R." on the underwear.

Although airplanes from Selfridge Field, flying boats from Cleveland and Detroit, a revenue cutter and various other swift moving craft had searched the lake for nearly three days without success, it remained for a small fishing craft to find the missing basket and its fated cargo.

The swifter craft of the air and the sea had coursed about the lake for hours Saturday and Sunday, and despite clear weather failed to find any trace of the basket. Then Captain Wilson took his small fishing boat out this morning to make his customary trip to his nets and sighted it swaying in the waves fourteen miles out. He immediately put a line to the basket and towed it into port here.

The basket contained nothing to give an inkling of when misfortune overtook the two aeronauts.

The basket, together with the bag of the navy balloon, the latter recovered late Saturday, are being held here pending advices from the Naval Air Service at Washington.

Reports received here that the body of Lieutenant T. B. Null, the other occupant of the A-6006, had been found in Lake Erie near Point Pelee today were found to be incorrect tonight when the body was identified as that of Albert A. Yost of Akron, Ohio.

The fact that Null apparently had failed to lash himself to the basket probably makes it doubtful his body ever will be recovered.

Taken by Air to Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., July 9.—The flying boat Nina, with Lieutenant James H. Strong of the Navy aboard, went this afternoon to Port Stanley and brought Lieutenant Roths body here.

Lieutenant Strong, accompanied by C. A. Shiller and Assistant Pilot C. A. Haynes of the seaplane Nina, reached the Canadian port in fifty minutes. Soon after they landed Associated Coroner Jackson of Port Stanley held an autopsy on Lieutenant Roth's body and rendered a verdict of accidental drowning. The date of death was given as Friday, July 6.

There was no indication, Lieutenant Strong said, that Roth might have been alive and saved if airplanes had found him.

Lieutenant Strong said he received the fullest co-operation from the Canadian authorities. The body had been packed in ice at Port Stanley and was in good condition when it reached here.

The Nina docked at the local airport at 6:05 P. M. The body was met by Dr. Harry La Favre, local United States Navy physician; Sergeant Harry Anderson of the Marine Corps and a squadron of police.

Dressed in the dead Lieutenant's underclothing and wrapped in a sheet, the body was placed in a wicker basket at the airport and brought ashore in a

Continued on Page Three.

Five Rubens Sketches Found in Vienna, With Three Other Works of Great Value

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, July 9.—An extremely valuable find in the shape of eight original studies and sketches in oils, five from the hand of Rubens and one each by Van Dyck, Van Steen and Philip Wouwerman, are reported by Mr. Eigenberger, director of the gallery of the Vienna Academy of Fine Arts. The paintings had been stored in a repository of the gallery for many years. They were a gift from a Count Lamberg, who was unaware that the surface paintings hid works of great masters.

According to information in possession of the gallery authorities, the paintings were purchased by Count Lamberg from the estate, who, in connection that the mere sketches did not find a ready market at the time, had either completed them according to their own fancies or covered them over, using pastels for epitheir own subjects.

The paintings had been examined repeatedly by successive directors of the gallery and the underlying figures had been pronounced as in the style of Rubens, but were believed to be copies. It was left to Mr. Eigenberger to identify them as undoubtedly originals. They were then restored by Professor Maurer of the Academy.

Following is a list of the paintings discovered by Eigenberger:

(1) A large study for the circumcision of Christ, painted by Rubens between 1606 and 1607 for the Church of St. Ambrogius in Genoa.

(2) Sketch representing the adoration of the shepherds, dated 1626.

(3) Fragmentary sketch of Saint Theresa praying for the souls in purgatory, now in Antwerp Museum, dated 1630.

(4) Study for equestrian painting of Philip IV. of Spain about 1620.

(5) Original sketch for the crucifixion.

Paintings by Van Dyck, Van Steen and Philip Wouwerman are:

(1) Sketch for an unknown ascension of the Virgin (Van Dyck).

(2) Merry Company in a Lighted Room (Van Steen).

(3) Cavalry Officer Bringing a Spy into camp (Philip Wouwerman).

WHEN YOU THINK OF WRITING
Think of Writing Paper Counsellors, New York.—Adv.

Launch Ford Boom in Jersey; Want Him as Independent

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 9.—In order to nominate Henry Ford for the Presidency as an independent in New Jersey the Henry Ford President Club, Inc., of Elizabeth today requested Secretary of State Martin to furnish the necessary petitions. F. S. Hammond is President, Arthur B. Bowman Treasurer and Julian C. Holland Secretary.

"As I am desirous of placing the name of Henry Ford for President on the ballot by petition for an independent party," Mr. Hammond wrote to Secretary Martin, "kindly send to me the necessary papers and a copy of the State election laws covering this condition."

Nominating petitions have not yet been printed, but Mr. Hammond will receive a supply in due time, according to Frank Transue, Chief Clerk in the State Department.

Mr. Hammond intimated that the appeal for Mr. Ford will be made in the November general election.

CONTINENTAL FLIGHT HALTED BY GAS CLOG

Lieutenant Maughan Is Forced Down Near St. Joseph (Mo.) in Daylight-to-Dark Venture.

TO TRY AGAIN WITHIN WEEK

Fog Delayed Journey, Making Arrival at Second Halting Place Two Hours Late.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 9 (Associated Press).—Lieutenant Russell L. Maughan, army aviator, who was forced to abandon his dawn-to-dusk New York to San Francisco flight near St. Joseph today, declared tonight another flight would be attempted within a week.

Lieutenant Maughan will fly back to New York Wednesday or Thursday of this week, he said, in the plane which broke down at Avenue City, about nine miles northeast of St. Joseph. The plane is undergoing repairs, and Maughan expressed belief it would be in condition by tomorrow night. A clog in the gas line of his engine caused Maughan's first trouble, he said. He was within five minutes' flight of the St. Joseph Municipal Air Field, fifteen miles away, when his engine went dead. Maughan dropped into a pasture, damaging his landing gear.

No extra parts will be needed, it was said by Maughan's two mechanics, who were in St. Joseph awaiting his coming. A welding machine was taken from St. Joseph this afternoon and all repairs will be made on the spot.

Lieutenant Maughan estimated that he made approximately 1,320 miles in nine hours. Maughan said that he was lost in a fog for 200 miles. He stated that he feared he would swerve from his route, but hated to lose any time by slowing down. He made several trial flights to go above or around the fog, but it seemed to envelop him completely.

When Lieutenant Maughan was forced to land on a farm it was more than an hour before his mechanics at Rosecrans municipal field learned of his trouble and hurried to his assistance in motor cars.

"I was very glad to recognize Akron, Ohio," he said, "even though I knew I was off my course. I was treated fine at Dayton and could not have had prettier sailing from Dayton across Indiana, Illinois and Missouri."

The aviator said he flew low over some town. To be certain of his bearings. "It was no fault of the army, the air service or the aviator that the trip could not be made across the country today," Maughan said. "I knew I had to go over the Allegheny Mountains and go over them I did."

Maughan corrected an impression that he must wait for further orders from Mitchel Field.

"My orders are to make this trip and I am going to make it," the aviator declared. "I'll go over to the hotel where my mechanics have been staying and will get a good sleep. I'll loaf tomorrow and if the plane is in shape as I confidently expect it will be, I'll go back in this same plane Wednesday. I'll stop at Dayton on my way back."

The purpose of the flight was to blaze a trail for the possible transporting in one day of fleets of airplanes across the continent in event of war. Proper sites for the establishment of landing fields to aid in development of commercial aviation was another object in view.

The Curtiss pursuit plane used by Lieutenant Maughan was equipped with a 400 horse power D-12 engine.

Preparations had been completed at

Continued on Page Three.

REPARATIONS CRISIS COMPELS ENGLAND TO ANNOUNCE POLICY

Baldwin at Last Decides to Act in View of Poincare's Unyielding Attitude.

MAY DEAL WITH GERMANY

Talk in London That He May Call Conference of Allied Powers and Neutrals.

WITH AMERICA INVITED

German Cabinet Blamed by Reichstag Committee for Collapse of National Currency.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 9.—It is understood that the Cabinet at its meeting today considered the question of reparations. As a result of its deliberations an announcement was made by the Prime Minister in the House of Commons that he hoped to be in the position to make a statement on Thursday.

So far no indication of the nature of this statement is forthcoming. Indeed, it has not yet been finally settled. It is presumed, however, that the statement will make clear the attitude of the British Government and foreshadow its intentions. It can hardly fail to review the circumstances which have led up to the present situation, together with the reasons for the line hitherto followed by this country.

Lord Curzon received the German Ambassador at the Foreign Office this afternoon.

The London Times says editorially:

"The whole situation in Europe is growing steadily worse and there appears to be no certain hope of any improvement in the near future. The diplomatic conversations that have been pursued during the last few weeks between this country and France have so far amounted to little more than courtesies but reiterated statements of views that are essentially opposed.

"It might have been hoped that various shades of meaning and some more subtle implications would be elucidated in the course of the diplomatic exchanges. So far, apparently, the conversations have not reached that degree of mutual understanding. It has proved impossible to find a way around forms of words that appear to have the rigidity of axioms and to possess no political fecundity. It is to be doubted whether attempts to continue the conversations on the present lines would lead to any better result.

"The German Government on its part looks on and does nothing. Other countries are either indisposed or unable to take helpful action. All are suffering, all are anxious, but no one will act. Upon the British Government, then, falls very heavy responsibility at this moment. They are under the necessity of stating their view publicly, if only for the sake of giving some satisfaction to British opinion.

"Any such public statement must be a responsible act the effects of which will be far reaching. We have no doubt care will be taken that anything that is now said will not make the situation worse, even if it is hard to hope for any definite and sudden improvement. There is no panacea; no drastic remedy exists. The Government can and should state the British view unambiguously and firmly and there is every reason to believe that by doing so it will clear the air."

Hears Conference Will Be Called.

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LONDON, July 9.—The British Cabinet met for two hours today and in the House of Commons this afternoon Prime Minister Baldwin stated that

whether the recent French measures had isolated the British Army on the Rhine. Rupert Gwynne, Financial Secretary to the War Office, replied that the British position had not been affected.

Ronald McNeill, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said the German authorities had made no complaints of a food shortage in the Ruhr.

Prime Minister Baldwin announced that it might be possible for the Government to make a statement on Thursday in regard to reparations, and it is expected that the statement will furnish Parliament and the public with a clear-cut, comprehensive analysis of the whole subject. This may afford the opposition groups in the House opportunity for open debate, and it is considered likely that before the week is out the Ruhr controversy will have entered a new and broader phase.

Whether this will involve separate action on the part of Great Britain in dealing with Germany, no one in authority would say. The whole subject of reparations and Britain's probable course is enveloped in the thick mists of diplomatic reticence, word apparently having gone forth from Foreign Secretary Curzon that neither France nor the public shall have any intimation as to what the Government will do. For the moment, therefore, the newspaper correspondents are forced to interpret the situation for themselves, and they are indulging in cautious speculation.

The opinion prevails in official circles that France is playing for time, believing that Germany will capitulate before England can take independent action. According to these circles, is convinced that Germany is now on the verge of collapse economically and that with her commercial disintegration the passive resistance, upon the cessation of which France has been so insistent, will automatically disappear.

Intervention by England Urged.

Great Britain, however, feels that Germany, although sorely pressed by France, still has an abundant reserve of vitality and that she will ultimately weather the present storm. It is on this account that some British authorities favor separate measures in dealing with Germany. They feel that if Germany's house is tottering, as the French assert, it is time for England to step across the channel and bolster it up. They feel that if it goes to pieces the crash will have disastrous consequences for the rest of Europe and that Britain will lose its best customer.

Whatever turn the situation takes this week it is considered likely that England will renew her suggestion for the appointment of an international commission of experts to examine into Germany's resources and determine her capacity to pay. It is regarded as not improbable that the committee of experts appointed last year, of which J. P. Morgan was a member, may be asked to serve again.

British officials do not say how they expect to overcome the French opposition to such a commission. They realize the value a neutral member like Mr. Morgan would have in such an international body and, indeed, do not attempt to disguise their hope that the United States Government may yet see fit to lend its moral and active support to Great Britain in the settlement of the aggravating reparation problem and in dispelling the present economic darkness which overshadows all Europe.

It would not surprise political observers here if Thursday's discussion in the House led ultimately to the formulation of a thesis of dealing with Germany alone and spreading it before the United States and other neutral countries, as well as France, Italy and Belgium, for a verdict. One British official summed up this possible eventuality by saying:

"In such a case we would say to France: 'This is our plan. If you will act with us we will welcome your aid; if you don't, we must go alone.'"

FOOD RIOT IN GERMANY.

Stores in Potsdam Suburb Looted by Mob of Men and Women.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 9.—Serious food riots occurred at Nowawes, suburb of Potsdam, today. Several thousand persons, including striking metal workers accompanied by their wives, stormed the market after the dealers had refused the angry crowd's demand to reduce prices.

Marketmen who failed to get away were beaten and the rioters "sold" their foodstocks far below cost at prices quickly fixed by control committees.

Then the mob looted shops not securely locked and barred were broken into. Here, too, stocks were sold to all comers below cost or simply plundered. Prices of meat, butter and lard were thus reduced to 10,000 marks per pound until 500 Security Police reserves rushed from Potsdam.

The strike situation in Berlin and Germany generally assumed a graver aspect today. The metal strike appeared to be getting out of the hands of the old-line trade leaders, and the so-called "wild strikes," initiated mostly by the Communist elements, were in evidence. More than 150,000 metal workers are now out. Berlin also is afflicted with a building trades strike, and there is strike talk among the employes and workers of Germany's State railroads.

All clamor for "real wages." What is demanded is an exceedingly flexible index wage which will rise automatically with every change in the cost of living. Today it is estimated that the cost of living is 30,000 times higher than it was before the war.

CUNO CABINET BLAMED FOR CURRENCY COLLAPSE

Mark Is Quoted at 296,000 to the Dollar Here, a New Low Record.

LONDON, July 9 (Associated Press).—The German Government itself is responsible for the catastrophic depreciation of Germany's currency, in the finding of the Reichstag's committee of inquiry which issued its report today, says a Central News dispatch from Berlin.

The report, adds the message, says the collapse of the mark was particularly due to extensive purchases of foreign coal by the railway administration without notifying the Reichsbank or other authorities.

BERLIN, July 9.—The Berlin newspapers are extremely pessimistic in commenting on the financial situation disclosed by the weekly Reichsbank statement showing that the issue of paper money increased four and two-tenths trillion marks last week, which is a record increase, and brings the total circulation of paper money up to the staggering sum of seventeen and three-tenths trillion marks.

Vorwaerts declares that the disparity between the exchange rate of the mark, which the Reichsbank is trying to maintain, and the rates in foreign capitals proves the helplessness of the Reichsbank's efforts. While the dollar was fixed at 178,000 marks officially in Berlin, there were many rumors of private dealings in Berlin because of the unwillingness of the owners of foreign money to accept the legal rate so far under the world market.

German paper marks at the close of business yesterday were worth approximately three-quarters of what they were worth at the close of business on Saturday. The decline in value during the one business day was one of the heaviest recorded, and the almost continuous process of going to a "new record low for all time" was again achieved. The new low price was 296 ten-thousandths of a cent or the equivalent of 296,000 paper marks for $1, as against 318 ten-thousandths of a cent on Saturday or the equivalent of 228,000 paper marks for $1. On the basis of 1,000,000 marks as units the shrinkage was expressed as follows: On Saturday, 1,000,000 marks for $4.37, and yesterday, 1,000,000 for $3.37. As parity the mark during the pre-war period was worth 23.84 cents for 1,000,000, the fall from which has been placed since 1914.

One year after the signing of the armistice the mark was priced at 300,000 for 1,000,000 marks, and it was at this level that many millions of dollars' worth of marks were bought on speculation by Americans. During March of the current year marks were quoted at and around 647 for 1,000,000 of the paper variety, the fall from 647 to 337 representing the decline in less than three months.

PAPER MARK FLOOD RISES.

Total at June 30 Amounted to 17,291,600,000,000.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 9.—Even experts and insiders agree that the Reichsbank statement for the week ended June 30 is infinitely worse than was expected. During that week circulation was increased by 4,200,000,000,000 paper marks to the grand total of 17,291,600,000,000. Incidentally Germany's floating debt at the end of June was estimated at 25,000,000,000,000 marks.

Forty million gold marks of the Reichsbank gold deposits abroad were "pawned" during the week, reducing the unpledged gold deposits abroad to 140,000,000 gold marks. The Reichsbank's gold reserve at home and abroad shrunk accordingly to 897,000,000 gold marks.

Notes and bills discounted increased during the week by more than 6,900,000,000,000 marks to the grand total of 25,400,000,000,000, of which the Reichsbank discounted Treasury notes were increased by 5,140,000,000,000 marks to 18,283,000,000,000.

In contrast to the Reichsbank's juggling of trillions an extraordinary meeting of stockholders of Germany's General Company will on Aug. 1 increase its capital by 300,000,000 to 1,700,000,000 marks.

Today yielded other startling figures. The wholesale index figure for the first week of July increased more than 22 per cent. over the preceding week and is now 39,086, as against the pre-War base of 1.

Imports dropped off one-third in May against April. Imports of coal were two and one-half times and coke four times greater than the monthly average of 1923. Exports of manufactures of iron and steel dropped one-half in May as compared with April.

The most popular paper unit at present is the half cent, or 1,000 mark note, of which there are 325,000,000 in circulation. In the second place 500,000,000 of 100-mark notes are in circulation, but these are fast going out of use. The third place is held by 548,000,000 of 5,000-mark notes.

According to face value the first place is held by more than 1,600,000,000,000 worth of 20,000-mark notes in circulation, followed by 1,520,000,000,000 worth of 50,000 and 100,000-mark notes, respectively.

The estimated imports were approximately 4,000,000 long tons in May against 6,400,000 in April, and exports 630,000 long tons in May, against 1,000,000 in April.

STRESEMANN SEES RUIN LOOMING FOR GERMANY

He Insists That Industrialists Bear Reparations Burden — Fears Another War Is Near.

By CYRIL BROWN.
Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 9.—"We are dancing on a volcano; we stand on the brink of revolution, if by a firm and wise policy we cannot reconcile internal class differences," was the pessimistic summary of the present situation by Dr. Stresemann, leader of the German People' Party, at a meeting of the party's Central Executive Committee in the Reichstag.

Dr. Stresemann discussed the most question of who should assume the bulk of the Reparation obligations and guarantees, assuming that a solution of capital values must be the burden Reparation problem were attained.

"With Germany's freedom at stake, German economy, the possessors of bearers of economic guarantees in the first line," he told leaders of the Industrialists' Political Party, of which Hugo Stinnes is the wealthiest member, and without mentioning Stinnes's name, Dr. Stresemann implied that riches and not all other war and post-war profiteers must shoulder their full share of Reparation obligations and guarantees.

"Foreign political development of the past few days have proved the German Reparation memorandum had a more favorable effect. China, he said, "England and Italy are championing negotiations, England actively so. The Pope's step, too, makes for an understanding and must be gratefully greeted. The battle of nerves and the struggle holding out now have reached climax. Everything depends on whether our defensive will be able to hold out is not shaken a second time.

"This fight is for the very existence of the Reich. If the Ruhr conflict is not ended in such a way that the integrity of the Reich is maintained, then this fight will give rise to a development which can have even greater significance for us than the consequences of Versailles."

It is held that Dr. Stresemann here alluded to another war. He concluded amid applause: "If we succeed in concluding the Ruhr conflict favorably for us, then only will the hardest time come for us. We must then restore the equilibrium in our balance of trade; we must bring our budget in order and assume Reparation obligations. We must then not shrink back from drawing upon the increase of wealth, particularly during the post-war years.

HOESCH WORKS IN RUHR SEIZED BY THE FRENCH

Visitors Meet Courteous Reception and the Troops Are Speedily Withdrawn.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUESSELDORF, July 9.—The French today occupied the important steel works belonging to the Hoesch Company at Dortmund in order to seize reparations coal stocks and steal machinery for restitution purposes.

The attitude of both the office staff and 7,500 workers employed in the works was such that it was decided to withdraw the troops a few minutes after the occupation had taken place. French civil engineers alone remaining to discuss the means of transporting the seized coal and products.

Herr Hoesch, head of the firm, himself received the French and negotiated with them in the most friendly spirit possible under the circumstances.

This, closely following the Krupp agreement with the French, is held to indicate the great change of spirit coming over the Ruhr, for the Hoesch concern is one of the old-established Ruhr enterprises, the family belonging to representative Nationalist circles.

A French sentry during the night at the extreme frontier point of the occupied territory on the northern bank of the Main fired on two members of the German Security Police—one mounted—who continued to advance when challenged. Apparently neither was hit, for both made off.

Ex-Premier Tittoni Going to London

LONDON, July 9 (Associated Press).—Signor Tittoni, the former Italian Premier, will arrive at Southampton tomorrow on the Dutch liner Prins Nederlanden and will proceed to London for a private visit. Nothing has been learned as to whether the visit has anything to do with the reparations negotiations.

Approves France-Canadian Treaty.

PARIS, July 9, Associated Press.—The bill approving the commercial convention between France and Canada, signed Dec. 15, 1922, was adopted without debate by the Chamber of Deputies today.

POPE URGES BELGIUM NOT TO BE SEVERE

Nuncio Is Told Only Measures for Safety of Troops and Trains Will Be Taken.

FRENCH REBUFF GRIEVES

But the Vatican Will Continue Its Efforts—Audience Given to Ex-Chancellor Wirth.

BRUSSELS, July 9 (Associated Press).—The papal representative called on M. Jasper, the Foreign Minister, today and communicated to him the hope of the Pope that severe measures of reprisal would not be taken on account of the Duisburg bombing, because that would make difficult the Pope's efforts to have Berlin disavow violence.

M. Jasper, it is understood, replied that only measures necessary for the safety of the troops and the trains would be taken, but called attention to repeated instances of violence in the Ruhr, which now exceeded 125 cases.

Diplomatic relations between Belgium and Germany are not likely to be broken, as the Cabinet, which met today, feels such a course could serve no practical purpose. The threat to withdraw the Minister, it was said, was made only as a concession to strong public sentiment, but the Government was not willing to go further in this direction.

This course, it felt, was justified, as the German Government had indirectly complied with the Belgian demands through disapproval of violence expressed by the German authorities in the Ruhr and the Rhineland.

Peace Move Failure Grieves Pope.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, July 9.—The Vatican is grieved and disappointed at the negative result of the step taken by the Nuncatures in Paris and Brussels in the matter of the Duisburg outrage on Belgian soldiers. News of the Holy See's failure in France and Belgium reached Rome simultaneously with the announcement that the conversations between Mgr. Pacelli and Chancellor Cuno were at an end and disseminated a feeling in the Vatican that very little had been accomplished.

Mgr. Pacelli, it is true, scored a partial success in Berlin by obtaining from the German Government an expression of its disapproval of the outrages in the occupied Ruhr territory, but it is felt that success in Berlin is useless unless it is accompanied by success at the same time in Paris and Brussels.

Competent Vatican circles believe, however, that the Pope will continue in his efforts for pacification and that important new diplomatic steps will be begun as soon as a suitable opportunity presents itself. In view of this intention great importance is attached to the fact that former Chancellor Wirth, who has been in Rome for a few days, will be received by the Pope shortly.

Audience Granted to Dr. Wirth.

With the reply granting his request for an audience Dr. Wirth received an intimation that the Pope would be pleased to confer with him about the situation in Germany and to consult him as to the best and quickest means of "arriving at a delicate and just peace."

The curtness of the French reply to the request for moderation made by the Paris Nunciature is here regarded as a distinct rebuff and in effect as a repetition of what was said in the French Senate after the Pope's letter to Cardinal Gasparri about the Ruhr, namely that the Pope should confine himself to religious matters and keep out of politics.

This attitude on the part of France, though officially not openly expressed, makes it hard for the Vatican to exert its full influence to bring about a rapprochement between Germany on one and and France and Belgium on the other. If, as the Vatican had hoped, it could have induced France and Belgium to weaken slightly in their positions and Germany to weaken slightly in her position, the ice would have been broken, leaving a way open for a gradual understanding between the two countries.

PROF. FUCHS SENTENCED TO 12 YEARS IN JAIL

Munich Dramatic Critic Must Also Pay a Big Fine for Coup d'Etat Activities.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MUNICH, July 9.—In the Bavarian treason case today Professor Fuchs, the dramatic critic, was sentenced for high treason to twelve years' imprisonment, payment of a fine of 2,000,000 marks and degradation for twenty years.

Herr Munck, a coal merchant who was charged with complicity, was sentenced to fifteen months' imprisonment, payment of a fine of 30,000,000 marks, degradation for three years and banishment from the realm.

GOURAUD BLAMES GERMANY

Declares Her War Chiefs Caused Unrest in the Ruhr.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 9.—General Henri J. E. Gouraud of the French Army was the guest of the Army and Navy Club at a dinner here tonight. The General's references to American soldiers, American wives and mothers and the fighting officers he met in service in France was picturesque and a tribute to the American people. He said the Rainbow Division, under his command, stood like a wall of granite in the face of the last big German drive.

"Do not think the nightmare of those days is gone for France," he continued. "Our occupation of the Ruhr would have been peaceful, but orders came from Berlin from the Prussian war leaders for passive resistance. The war chiefs caused the unrest.

"After a contract is violated, what do you do in law? Why, make attachments. And when, at last, Germany has come to the decision to fulfill the terms of the treaty, the Ruhr and its factories will be returned to Germany intact. And who can say the same for that country and the factories she returned to France?"

General Gouraud arrived here at 9 o'clock this morning, breakfasted with William J. Donovan, reviewed the Twenty-eighth Infantry at Fort Porter, attended the dinner tonight and left for Pittsburgh. He will attend the convention of the veterans of the Rainbow Division at Indianapolis on July 15.

Big Hauls by Berlin Burglars.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 9.—Greater Berlin burglars broke all records last night, bagging a total of 1,500,000,000 marks worth. The biggest single haul was 700,000,000 marks worth of dollar bills from a Prussian Harlingten in Friedenau borough.

DELAY IN NEGOTIATION FOR NEW ARENA SITE

Minority Stockholders Involve Seventh Ave. Car Barn in Litigation Which Blocks Sale.

The hearing on the petition made by minority stockholders of the Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company, seeking its separation from the New York Railways Company through cancellation of its lease, was postponed yesterday by Judge Julius M. Mayer in the Federal District Court until Oct. 5. The separation of the two companies is desired by one group of the investors in connection with the proposed sale of the Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railway Company's car barn site, at Seventh Avenue and Fiftieth Street, to George L. ("Tex") Rickard, John Ringling and associates, who contemplate the development of the whole block bounded by Sixth and Seventh Avenues, Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets as a great indoor amusement centre.

Judge Mayer in postponing the hearing explained that he was about to sail for Europe and that he desired more time to study the petition, which includes sixty-one typewritten pages. The action of Judge Mayer in postponing the date of the hearing on the petition to cancel the lease does not prevent the stockholders and bondholders of the traction company from dealing directly with Rickard, Ringling and their associates in the matter of the proposed sale of the car barns.

The majority of the bondholders and stockholders, according to reports, are in favor of accepting the offer of $6,000,000 for the entire block, or $6,500,000 for the property in the event the railway company decides to retain control over one plot, 100 by 100 feet, where it now maintains a power distributing station. A small group of the bond and stock holders have been opposed to the sale of the property to the promoters, and it has been considered probable that the majority might apply to the court for an order directing that the car barn property be sold at auction so that the company could meet its maturing obligations.

In presenting the petition for a cancellation of the lease and the separation of the two traction companies, former Senator Frank D. Pavey, representing the Protective Committee of the minority stockholders, suggested that, if the Court was not inclined to effect the proposed separation through Receiver Jos. E. Widener, it might order the same result through a foreclosure suit.

Judge Mayer, after postponing the date of the hearing of argument on the petition, directed Receiver Hedges of the New York Railways Company to pay all tax liens due on the lines included in the system provided there was sufficient cash reserve in hand to warrant such a course.

SAYS HE WAS CUSPIDOR FOR THOMPSON'S FOES

Lundin, Chicago Boss, Denies School Graft—Haunted by Press, Lived for Politics.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 9.—"I was Mayor Thompson's errand boy. I am the man who told him what they (the mayor's enemies) were trying to do with him," was the modest way in which Fred Lundin, former City Hall boss, described himself as he took the witness stand today in Judge MacDonald's court. The State charges that he, with fifteen other defendants, conspired to loot the Public School Treasury of $1,000,000.

Lundin painted a vivid picture of his life—how he rose from bootblack to millionaire—how he entered politics—how he had been maligned by the newspapers and his political enemies.

He forcibly branded as untrue the charges that he was the chief conspirator of a scheme to control the Board of Education and operate it to suit himself, with this end in view of misusing its funds.

Mr. Lundin, during the two and a half hours he was on the witness stand, declared, among other things, that:

"I was the cuspidor for all the abuse of Mayor Thompson's political opponents.

"Newspapers have haunted me for thirty years.

"Politics is my chief hobby and my duty.

"I never sought to hold office, though I have been tendered many.

"I never have accepted any appointments because, if I did, I would have to do as I was told, and I can't do that."

At the conclusion of Mr. Lundin's testimony the defense rested.

LINER ON BERMUDA REEF.

Vauban, New York-Bound, Is Reported to Be in No Danger.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, June 9 (Associated Press).—An unsuccessful effort was made at high tide this afternoon to float the steamship Vauban of the Lampert & Holt Line, which went on a reef in Bermuda Channel early this morning. It is believed that part of the cargo must be discharged before the ship can be floated.

At the point where the Vauban struck, the current is very swift, and she has blocked the channel, making impossible the entry of the Fort St. George from New York, which was due to dock here this morning. One of the Chandleve, en route from Halifax to the West Indies, which is also outside the harbor.

Divers reported tonight that the Vauban was not damaged to any considerable extent, and that she was in no danger. This information was given to the passengers, who have remained aboard, but will probably be taken ashore tomorrow for a sightseeing tour of the island while the cargo is being discharged.

The Vauban was in charge of a Bermuda pilot when it went on the rocks. She is the second ship within two weeks to come to grief in the channel. The Royal Mail liner Caraquet, which struck a fortnight ago, has been abandoned. The Vauban left Buenos Aires June 21 for New York.

The Vauban, carrying passengers and freight, was bound in to Hamilton to "park" her liquor supply before entering territorial waters of the United States, the owners, the Lamport & Holt Line, said yesterday in verifying reports that the vessel had gone on the rocks in Bermuda Channel.

It was to have been the Vauban's first stop at the rum-park established at Hamilton by the company after the United States barred liquor from inside the three-mile limit.

GIRL OF 14 VANISHES.

Disappears After Sunday Party, Fearing Parental Correction.

Police are searching for Blythan Gordon, 14, of 68 West 100th Street, a student at Miller's Business School, Broadway and 113th Street, who disappeared after a Sunday party at 111 West 100th Street, the home of George Beyer, 21.

Beyer's parents went motoring on Long Island Sunday and half a dozen boys and girls gathered at his home in the afternoon. At dinner time, Mrs. Margaret Gordon, mother of the missing girl, worried about her failure to return, called at the Beyer home and was informed her daughter had left. The mother returned to the Beyer home at 9 p. m. when, she alleged, young Beyer admitted her daughter had gone by fire escape to avoid her the first time.

Beyer told the mother that Warren Forbes, 17, of 503 Amsterdam Avenue, had gone up the fire escape after the girl. Patrolman Timothy Sullivan arrested Beyer and Forbes later. Both were released by Magistrate Earl A. Smith in West Side Court. Forbes said he left the girl near her home. He said she feared parental correction.

JUDET IS ACQUITTED ON TREASON CHARGE

Jury Returns Verdict Quickly in the Case of Paris Editor Accused During War.

"A VICTIM OF CLEMENCEAU"

Defense Asserts That "Tiger" Pursued Him With Implacable Hatred —Alleges Evidence Was Forged.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 9. — Ernest Judet, on whom for six years suspicion had rested of having had treasonable communication with the enemy during the war, was acquitted this afternoon by a French jury after ten minutes' deliberation.

Judet, who had been a prominent figure in Paris journalism for many of his seventy years, had many enemies, and during the spy-hunting period when Almereda, Caillaux, Duval, Bolo and others were imprisoned, suspicion fastened on Judet, whose relations in Switzerland with several people suspected of being German agents, could not easily be explained, and when documents came into French possession through German hands purporting to give telegrams and messages which had passed between Judet and several prominent Secret Service officers of Germany his guilt was assumed even by some of his friends here.

Last Spring Judet, goaded by the suspicions against him, decided to return and face the accusation, "not," as he said today, "to defend his interest, but his honor." More than a week was spent on the trial, and Maitre Leduc, public prosecutor, devoted three sessions to his speech of accusation. On Judet's side many public men, such as Painleve gave evidence as to their knowledge of Judet's activities in Switzerland, where, it appeared, he went in the interest of French propaganda.

Doubt was thrown on the authenticity of documents which had been obtained from a paid agent of Germany, in whose good faith there was considerable reason for doubt. Dates were found not to correspond with the events described. The good faith and motives of Mme. Brossard, principal witness for the prosecution, were also called in question, and it was with confidence in his acquittal that Judet today placed himself in the hands of a Paris jury. When they returned their verdict of not guilty the spectators in court broke into cheers.

Blames Enmity of Clemenceau.

PARIS, July 9 (Associated Press).—In acquitting Ernest Judet today the jurors were obviously impressed by Maitre Leduc's ridicule of the incriminating documents produced by the prosecution, which he attempted to show were forged, and by his passionate invective against former Premier Georges Clemenceau, whom he characterized as "a defective, and vindictive."

M. Leduc recounted the stages in the enmity between Judet and Clemenceau, beginning in 1885. He referred to Judet's statement that he had not returned to face trial while Clemenceau was in power because he feared him, and quoted a statement by M. Hautefort, director general of the newspaper La Lanterne, in which President Millerand once wrote that if Clemenceau had accused me of having climbed the towers of Notre Dame I would have put the frontier between him and me." This, the attorney said, showed the length of the "Tiger's" arm and his implacable hatred of his enemies.

"When Clemenceau is in power the Secret Service is active," Leduc declared. "The greatest of sleuths left it for his entourage to rid him of Judet. A Judet accused Clemenceau of being in England's service, and Clemenceau would accuse Judet of being in Germany's."

M. Leduc began his peroration with a eulogy of Clemenceau's service to the country, condemning only certain of the "Tiger's" political methods.

"But he has not become President of the republic," he went on. "Why? Because Parliament knew him too well. As master of the Elysee he would have secured the irremediable triumph of English influence."

When the final plea before the retirement of the jury was finished, Judet sank into a heap and wept, but he awaited the verdict smilingly.

NO TRACE OF SLAYER OF YOUNG GOVERNESS

Search Widens for Suspected Murderer of Girl in Greenburgh Home.

The Westchester authorities continued their search yesterday for the negro known as John Thomas or John Smith, whose description was broadcast by radio Sunday night as a suspect in the murder of Dorothy Kauffman, the governess stabbed to death last Tuesday in the home of Magruder Craighead, at Greenburgh.

Although the negro's description, emphasizing his peculiarities of gait and manner, will be sent to the police all over the country, the Westchester authorities believe that he is hiding in the county or not far away, and that he will soon be caught. They say he had no money and no friends with money enough to get him very far away.

Every day the negro remains away from his haunts strengthens the belief of the authorities that he is the man described by Madeline Harmer, friend of the murdered girl, and by others in the vicinity, as the vagrant seen wandering about the countryside between Mt. Vernon and the Craighead home during the morning and early part of the afternoon last Tuesday.

17 SOLDIERS HELD IN CAMP KNOX LOOTING

Two Merchants Also Arrested—$100,000 in Supplies Taken in Two Years.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 9.—Seventeen soldiers are being held in the stockade at Camp Henry Knox, near here, and two civilians were arrested late today in connection with what is alleged to have been a systematized looting of quarter master supplies at the camp over a period of two years. Goods to a total value of $100,000 are declared to have been taken.

The civilian arrests were made through the United States Marshal's office. Those taken were Shelby Patterson, Louisville and Shepherdsville merchant, and Earl Parry, merchant, who lives near the camp.

It also developed today that a third civilian, Leslie Waldeck of New Albany, Ind., was arrested last week in connection with the alleged thefts and released under $1,500 bond. The men arrested today were released under $1,000 bonds and examining trials fixed for Wednesday.

Members of a detachment of caretakers left in charge of the camp last Winter are blamed by Army officers for the removal of the Government goods.

Captain P. A. Heimholt, in charge of the Provost Marshal's office, has been investigating affairs at the camp and it was said additional arrests might be expected.

It is charged that members of the caretaker detachment left in charge conspired with civilians to dispose of the property and the removal of the stolen property was accomplished by loading it on trucks along with material legitimately sold.

There are about 3,000 men in training at Camp Knox at present.

EXPECT SETTLEMENT IN I. R. T. WAGE FIGHT

Ten of Brotherhood's Locals Indorse 5% Increase Offer—Sixteen Still to Vote.

Probability of acceptance by the employes of the offer of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company of a 5 per cent. wage increase was strengthened yesterday when it was announced that out of sixteen of the thirty-four locals of the Brotherhood of Interborough Employes which had reported, ten had voted in favor of acceptance and six against.

P. J. Connolly, President of the Brotherhood, said final returns of the vote were not expected before Thursday, although many of the remaining locals will vote today. Mr. Connolly repeated his assertion that there was no thought of a strike, and that the vote was really for acceptance or arbitration. Five of the locals which voted for arbitration are now reconsidering their vote, and it is this that has delayed the completion of the vote.

The feeling was said to have grown among the men that arbitration, which would require the services of lawyers and accountants, would be expensive, and that it would be to their advantage to accept the company's offer. Agents of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes were said to have failed in attempts to organize the men into an outside union.

STOLE, TOLD HOLD-UP STORY

Police Say Lad Took C. O. D. Proceeds to Entertain a Girl.

The problem of high living on $15 a week was solved, the police say, by Isadore Jones of 306 East 102d Street, messenger boy for Detmer, Bruner & Mason, Woolen house, by stealing the proceeds of C. O. D. packages and then reporting a false hold-up to account for the deficit. Unfortunately for Isadore's prospects of taking his girl on further trips to Coney Island, the police suspected his story and he is now a prisoner at the East 104th Street station awaiting arraignment this morning in Yorkville Court on a charge of grand larceny.

Last week Jones delivered C. O. D. packages worth $200 without turning in the money. Yesterday afternoon he went to the East 104th Street station and reported that a man had held him up at 163 East Ninety-first Street, where he just had delivered a parcel. Detectives Donovan and Kotchman grew suspicious when Jones could not describe his assailant, though he was explicit in telling how the man had pressed a pistol against his body. The police searched the boy. In his shoes was more than $100 in currency. Then the lad confessed, telling that the rest of the money had been spent on the girl whose picture he carried in his pocket, the police said.

DEPORTEE HAS PHI BETA KEY

Young Irish Immigrant Unable to Pass Literacy Test, However.

Despite a Phi Beta Kappa key which dangles from his watch chain, there is a young immigrant at Ellis Island who will be sent home because he cannot pass the literacy tests. The young man, who hails from Dublin, Ireland, had possessed all the physical requirements, but when it came time to read he was unable to make out a single word in any of the several languages in which he was tested.

He was about to leave the room when Commissioner Caminetti, who recently received a communication from a namesake, Hugh Curran of Dublin, asking him to look out for all Dublin folk, noticed a golden key shining on the immigrant's watch chain.

"What's this?" asked the Commissioner.

"That's my Phi Beta Kappa," was the response.

Immigration officials say it probably was sold to the young man in Dublin with the assertion that it would carry him through the tests.

HARDING'S MISSION IS 'UNDERSTANDING'

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

far into the nineteenth century, speaking English with considerable fluency, and some with eloquence. They presented their grievances to him in a simple but taking way, and brought forcibly to his attention that for the whole period of his stay in Alaska real work was to be his portion.

The Henderson's three day run from Tacoma had been through inland waters with scenic surroundings of marked natural beauty. These winding sounds, skirting the greater part of the way the wooded shores of Vancouver Island, part of British Columbia, had been a revelation to the President and Mrs. Harding and to most of the members of their party. Never was the shore line on either side far away. At times it was so close one felt impelled to test whether a stone could be thrown from the Henderson's deck to land.

Wooded hills rose from the water's edge. They were covered with short pine and fir trees thickly grown. Patches of snow peeped here and there from among the dark covering of forested hillsides, and in the distance high mountains loomed beautiful in their caps of white. Occasional waterfalls added to the picturesque setting and little islands dotted the waters.

Sometimes it seemed as if one were passing through the Adirondack lakes in a large steamer.

But while the character of the inland scenery did not change materially, there were constant surprises. Looming mountains were presented in new aspects with pleasing frequency. A narrow sailing running at right angles to the channel along which the Henderson proceeded would give a vista of snow-crowned peaks in the far distance. Then around the corner of a wooded island they would be nearer with their areas of deep blue and purple seeming incongruous in the feeling of balminess of the atmosphere.

Scenery Impresses President.

On the evening before the President landed at Metlakatla the Henderson anchored in deep water off one end of Annette Island to remain there for the night. The anchorage was a land-locked harbor of beauty hardly surpassed by any scenic setting on the American continent. The shores were covered with dense growths of pine and fir. The hillsides rose into mountains, tessalated with snow. But it was the Northern twilight that gave a fairy touch to the scene.

The President and Mrs. Harding had been attending a moving picture show on the passenger section of the Henderson. They had seen Robin Hood triumphant over his enemies and his love story complete with his marriage to the maid Marion under the patronage and affectionate friendship of Richard of the Lion Heart. It was 9:30 o'clock when the performance ended. They and their fellow passengers stepped on the deck into the soft light of the setting sun. The quiet of the North pervaded the scene. The nearby shore looked as though seen through an opaque screen. Never before had they gazed upon scenes of such mystical beauty and they were deeply impressed.

This morning, when the President and his party landed at Metlakatla, he soon found the village had plenty of grievances which it desired him to remedy.

The town was settled by William Duncan, an English missionary, who, although he never took holy orders, was known as the Rev. Father Duncan. Having established himself among the Tsimshean Indians in British Columbia, he took his converts across the line into American territory when the British Columbia Government refused to give title to the land to the Indians. That was in 1887. In that year Congress gave Duncan's Indians title to a portion of Annette Island. Duncan and his wards established a cannery and other industries, but their insistence upon conducting these on a tribal plan differed from the policy of the Interior Department. There have been dissensions over since, and these the President is asked to straighten out.

Received by the Indians.

It was apparent at the start that he would have considerably difficulty throughout the Alaskan towns attempting to adjust conflicting interests, which in some cases have aroused much bitterness.

On landing at Metlakatla this morning the President was met by a brass band and native Indians, attired in white trousers, red shirts, straw hats, and escorted afoot to the schoolhouse where many speeches were made by the Indians. The exercises were conducted by Mayor Murchison, an Indian, who spoke excellent English.

The President noted in his responses that these were smiling Indians. The young girls, in well-made white frocks, showed rows of pearly teeth when the motion picture operators accompanying the President got them posed before the cameras.

As a result of his visit four Indians accompanied the President from Metlakatla to Ketchikan on the Henderson to tell him the story of their grievances, especially with reference to the salmon-canning interests.

At Metlakatla Secretary Hoover found the widow of Dr. Minthorn, Mr. Hoover's uncle, who went to Metlakatla to attend Father Duncan in his last illness. She gave Mrs. Harding several Indian baskets; Mrs. Harding also received a bracelet of Indian workmanship from the community, while the President and Secretary Work received paddles with which to paddle Alaskan canoes.

The President and Mrs. Harding are greatly benefited by the restful trip aboard after their strenuous life during the sixteen days of their transcontinental journey.

GERMAN PLEA MADE IN KIEL CANAL CASE

Schiffer Tells the World Court That American Rights at Panama Form a Precedent.

DEFENDS BARRING STEAMER

Berlin Agent Declares That the Wimbledon's Arms Cargo Violated Neutrality.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 9.—The Kiel Canal case before the World Court is dragging out indefinitely, due especially to the fact that the Court has made an exception and allowed the German pleading to take place in the German language, which means that it must first be interpreted into French and afterward into English, the two official languages of the Court, according to its statutes.

The German agent, Herr Schiffer, former Minister of Justice, appears to understand virtually no French or English, and even the few words addressed to him today by President Loder, who refused to talk in other than the official Court languages, had to be translated into German by an interpreter. The German Judge, Professor Schücking, also understands little French or English.

The argument for Germany made in the day's proceedings was mainly taken up with comparisons between the regulations of the Suez and Panama Canals and those of the Kiel Canal and in replying to the French argument that the regulations of these three canals were so similar that the two former should be a precedent in the case of the Kiel Canal. The allied viewpoint is that, as contraband had been allowed to pass through both the Panama and Suez Canals even in time of war, the Germans had no right to impede the passage of the steamer Wimbledon, carrying armaments through the Kiel Canal for Poland, which had ratified a preliminary peace treaty and signed a final treaty with Russia.

It will be remembered that the French agent made a considerable point in his argument of the American declaration of November, 1914, concerning the freedom of the Panama Canal for vessels of war and contraband. The German agent argued that the fact that the United States found it necessary to make this proclamation was a point in Germany's favor, for if America had a right to allow contraband to pass through the Panama Canal, he contended, it also had a right to decide otherwise. Considerable time was spent on this argument, which was evidently considered a trump card in the German pleading.

The German agent replied to the French argument that the regulations of the Panama and Kiel Canals were practically the same by pointing out that in the case of the Panama Canal a provision exists which allows the United States to protect herself in case of need. Herr Schiffer here addressed the Court, saying:

"Is the United States, then, weaker than Germany, that she needs this provision for her protection, which those who drew up the Versailles treaty apparently thought such a provision unnecessary for Germany? How should we interpret this? But it is a question of right, not might. Either Germany has the right to protect her neutrality by Articles 380 and 381 of the Versailles Treaty or she has not."

Herr Schiffer dwelt for some time on this point. The whole question, he continued, was whether Germany was right in proclaiming neutrality in July, 1914, in consequence of that neutrality in prohibiting the transit of war material in spite of the provisions contained in Article 380 of the treaty. He argued that no real state of peace existed between Russia and Poland from the time of the rebirth of Poland up to July, 1920; that the transit of arms and munitions across Germany had led to serious trouble in his country, and that it was Germany's duty to safeguard herself against internal troubles.

Continuing his defense, Herr Schiffer maintained that Germany had not contravened the Peace Treaty by impeding the Wimbledon, but that, having had the means of defending herself taken away from her by the treaty, it was her duty to prevent at all costs the chance of war spreading into her territory.

At the end of the all-day session the German agent requested another hour tomorrow in order to finish his defense.

BABY DIES IN FALL.

Found in Yard Still Clasping Lollypop and Toys.

PACIFIC TREATY WINS IN FRENCH CHAMBER

Deputies Are Unanimous for Ratification of Four-Power Agreement.

BRIAND PRAISES HUGHES

Pays High Tribute to His Fairness in Including France Among the Signatories.

BY EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 9.—The French Chamber ratified the four-power Pacific treaty by a unanimous vote today. The expected debate in the Senate on the naval treaty, approved by the Chamber Saturday, was postponed until tomorrow or Thursday, but there need be no doubt of the Senate's favorable action.

The ratification of the four-power treaty was the occasion of tributes to the American effort toward peace, and Minister Sarraut cut short insinuations by several Deputies by declaring that "the people of the United States didn't know the orthography of the word deceit."

There was not very much debate on the treaty because the French have all along wished to have the four-power arrangement approved on account of general political considerations as well as others. There was no criticism of the treaty except that its protective clause did not apply to French Indo-China.

Deputy Archimbaud, who is considered an authority on Pacific history and politics, found fault with the treaty on this count.

"But I shall vote for the treaty," he said, "because it is a good framework. As far as the Pacific is concerned this treaty is only the beginning of treaties which should exist."

Picturing the Pacific treaty as America's price to Japan for naval limitation, M. Archimbaud referred to the Americans as "a very practical people"—

"And idealists at the same time," interrupted M. Sarraut, who added that it was not true that Secretary Hughes had wished to exclude France from the Pacific treaty. He agreed with M. Archimbaud's interpretation that the treaty imposed only a moral obligation and gave no positive guarantees and said, "There is such a thing as honor among nations, and often a nation's word of honor is worth as much as her arguments." M. Archimbaud continued, "President Harding declared that the four-power treaty constituted neither an alliance nor a promise to intervene, but was a moral warning for any aggressive nation which sought to impose upon another.

"I do not share the mystic faith of Mr. Harding in the work of his Government, and I think I am right, for, if the American Senate approved the compact by sixty-seven votes to twenty-two, by eighty-eight to two it adopted a reservation which, according to Senator Lodge, took from the treaty all obligation to give either material or moral aid when needed, and Senator Reed said the reservation made the treaty ridiculous. However, I believe the treaty a good step and will support it with only the regret that it doesn't include Indo-China."

Poincare Active in the Debate.

Later in the discussion M. Archimbaud asked if Japan attacked the Philippines if France was obliged to help protect them. M. Poincare replied: "We should be obliged to discuss that. The treaty carries only a moral obligation."

"But then," said M. Archimbaud, "if our possessions were attacked we could not expect help."

M. Poincaré answered: "We could always discuss."

M. Poincaré, in a reply to a question, said the four-power compact did not abrogate the Franco-Japanese Treaty of 1907.

M. Archimbaud thought that it should be made clear that in case of dispute between Japan and the United States over the color line France should declare in advance that she recognized no color line.

M. Poincaré replied that the issue was of domestic politics in America, to which Mr. Archimbaud replied that the color question was at the bottom of the differences between America and Japan. He also complained that Russian interests were not cared for.

Deputy Raynaldy, reporter for the treaty, then made an eloquent defense of it. He said that the war had left three great powers in the Pacific—America, Japan and England—any of which might by an armament race seek hegemony. America, he said, had seen the danger of this and had proposed a treaty lessening the dangers of a conflict and a treaty limiting the building of battleships.

He explained the omission of Indo-China by saying that England and America had not wished to include it because that would have set a precedent for including Manchuria and Korea. He thought it a gain for France to have her Pacific island possessions benefit from what guarantees the treaty carried.

"We shall commit a great error," he said, "if, because the treaty applies only to our island possessions, we ratify it as a thing of no importance. There is such importance to it, and the signatures at the bottom of its text may be worth more than bayonets."

Briand Praises Hughes's Fairness.

M. Briand paid tribute to the fairness of Secretary Hughes in admitting France to the arrangement, which was first planned as between only three powers. In reply to criticisms that the treaty meant nothing, M. Briand said:

"When peoples threatened by war can meet and talk the thing over freely there is a large chance that war will be avoided. I hope that this group of Pacific powers will learn to treat their troubles thus and may afford a model for a European compact, of the same sort, and then for vast compacts among all nations. I am convinced that the day will come, and there is no Government in France that dares turn its back on such a hope. France shows her love of peace in accepting this compact, as we accepted the naval compact. It is cruelly unjust that by reason of circumstances forced upon her France should be accused of militarism. There is no country in the world which loves peace as France does."

In moving ratification Minister Sarraut told an amusing story of lack of American knowledge of French Colonial possessions, recalling that the map of the Pacific which Mr. Hughes brought to the conference one day totally omitted French Indo-China and the French Pacific possessions, which forced him, M. Sarraut said, to remind Mr. Hughes that France's Colonial possession spread over more territory than the United States. He also said that the British had first opposed French participation in the treaty, whereupon the British were told that the French population in the Pacific far exceeded the British population there.

M. Sarraut concluded by saying that, even if the guarantees of the treaty were not valuable, to which view he did not subscribe, France should ratify it because of the association it gave her with England, the United States and Japan.

The vote was then taken with no opposing voice.

It is probable that Parliament will not reach the Root submarine resolutions before adjournment at the end of the week. To-these accords the French intend to make reservations.

Sarraut Defends Hughes.

PARIS, July 9 (Associated Press).—When the question of ratifying the conventions relating to the Pacific came up in the Chamber today, Deputy Archimbaud, Socialist-Radical, said he and his friends would vote for the bill, not because France would obtain any great advantage from it, but because the treaties constituted a perceptible effort by four great nations toward peace and would strengthen the chances of peace in the Pacific. He congratulated Albert Sarraut, Minister for the Colonies, French delegate to the Washington conference, on the efforts he had made to transform the Pacific compact, which originally was to have been signed by the United States, Great Britain and Japan, into a four-power treaty.

M. Sarraut said he had been much aided by the United States in attaining this object, that country never having ceased to show a desire that the treaty should be signed by all four powers.

"If I may judge by the message sent by President Harding to the Senate on that occasion," rejoined Deputy Archimbaud, "I hardly gather the same impression, and I consider that the President of the United States expressed in that message remarks very unfortunate, not to say unfriendly, to France."

The Deputy added that the President's message contained allusions far from favorable to the Treaty of Versailles.

M. Sarraut refused to admit this interpretation, and Premier oPincard interposed to the effect that President Harding had spoken only of the Pacific treaty, which was of more importance for the United States than the Treaty of Versailles.

Gratification in Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The action of the French Chamber of Deputies in voting ratification today of the Four-Power Pacific Treaty, coupled with the favorable vote last week on the naval compact, caused gratification in official circles here today, although some regret was evidenced at the forecast that three other Washington treaties would not be put through at once.

The five treaties negotiated at the arms conference are independent documents, but to a certain degree they were designed to supplement one another and to extend the effectiveness of the general plan contemplated by the conference for removing possible causes of war. Although there will be no barrier to putting into effect the naval treaty and the Pacific compact, even though French ratification of the other treaties is delayed, the result of that delay may be to develop a somewhat peculiar situation.

The Chinese treaties, one dealing with customs matters in China and the other with political questions there, were worked out as a very vital element in the project of assuring peace in the Pacific. It was through these treaties that the conference delegates hoped to iron out causes of international friction in China and to make less likely clashes of interest in the Far East that might lead to war.

This aspect of the situation is regarded as of importance just at this time, in view of the disturbed conditions in China, where the power of the Central Government has been greatly weakened and bandit outrages have become numerous. It is felt that proclamation of all the Washington treaties might have had some effect toward stabilizing the situation.

For a somewhat different reason, the delay over the submarine and gas warfare treaty is a cause of regret to officials here. It had been hoped at the time of the Washington conference that the doctrines laid down in that treaty as binding upon the signatories could be extended without delay to all other nations, adding a new chapter to international law. That world process cannot go forward, however, until the treaty has been ratified.

The submarine provisions of the treaty probably are of greater importance to Great Britain than to the other signatories because of her geographical situation. It is to be recalled that the British delegation at the conference sought to outlaw submarines entirely. The Root resolutions embodied in the Submarine and Gas Warfare Treaty were written for the purpose of finding a compromise ground on which naval opinion of all the powers could meet.

In the absence of the text of the French Government's proposed reservation to the submarine clauses, officials here are unwilling to comment on its probable effect. There has been some disposition among Government experts to view the French proposal as reported in press dispatches as constituting a rather similar limitation upon that section of the treaty which sets forth an agreement that submarines may not be used as commerce destroyers.

Admittedly, however, the question is one more vitally affecting British than American interests, and it is to be assumed that the British fully understand what has been suggested by the Paris Government, so far as is known here. No question has yet been raised from British sources as to the intent or effect of the French reservation.

ARAB TRIBES FIGHTING.

Huweitat Force Captures a Caravan in Transjordania—100 Killed.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

JERUSALEM, July 9.—Heavy fighting in Transjordania is reported from Damascus.

Five hundred armed men of the Huweitat tribe encountered a caravan of 500 camels loaded with salt belonging to the Saradiyah tribe. After a fight which lasted a whole day in the district of El Ezra, the Huweitat captured the caravan. It is reported that 100 tribesmen were killed.

The Transjordanian Government has sent airplanes to the scene of the fighting.

ANGORA AUTHORIZES SIGNING OF PEACE

Constantinople Hails Agreement at Lausanne as a Turkish Triumph.

ISMET MAKES NEW DEMAND

Wants Allied Warships to Quit Turkish Waters Simultaneously With Land Forces.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 9.—A special meeting of the Angora Cabinet, held this morning under the Presidency of Mustapha Kemal Pasha, authorized Ismet Pasha to sign peace on the terms agreed between him and the Allies.

With the arrival here of further details from Lausanne the general satisfaction has become most marked. At the Sublime Porte I found, indeed, a disposition to regard the continuation of the allied occupation six weeks after ratification unnecessarily long, and there is some tendency to criticise the French as mainly responsible for delays at the conference.

But the people generally are untroubled by such minor points. The streets of Stamboul are already beginning to be deflagged, and it is reported from Angora that popular manifestations have been held. The press, without exception, publishes very laudatory articles on Mustapha Kemal and Ismet Pasha, who are congratulated on having defended the rights of Turkey and on having torn up the Treaty of Sèvres.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LAUSANNE, July 9.—Even if the treaty with the Turks is signed in its present form, in comparison between it and the original draft will not fail to provoke chastening reflections.

It is true, remarkably large number of articles remain unchanged, but for drafting improvements. It is true, it represents an enormous amount of devoted labor on the part of all concerned. It is true that confronted by the almost hopeless task of conducting negotiations with Orientals on Occidental lines, First Lord Curzon and then Sir Horace Rumbold have achieved conspicuous success in peculiarly difficult circumstances.

But although the fault must not be attributed to anybody in particular, there is no avoiding the fact that the Turks have got much the best of it unless (which is hardly likely for sometime to come) their attitude towards foreigners becomes modernized, as their present nationalist intoxication passes away. It remains to be seen what use Angora makes of its newly won independence.

The Turks have agreed that articles 1 and 2 and 5 to 11 of the treaty shall come into force as soon as ratified by the Greek and Turkish Governments.

LAUSANNE, July 9 (Associated Press).—Ismet Pasha has proved himself perhaps a greater dipolomat than General, for by the Near Eastern peace which was arranged in principle between the allied and Turkish representatives in the early hours of this morning he achieved signal victories for his country, entailing him to high honors from the Angora Assembly.

Ismet never relinquished his grasp on the delicate situations that often confronted the conference. He was better than the brilliant Lord Curzon in the first stage of the negotiations, and kept all the skilled diplomats guessing from the start. He smiled always, but seldom yielded.

The Angora Government must still be consulted on several points concerning allied concessions in Turkey, but everybody at Lausanne believes that peace will surely be signed within three days, and the secretariat is going ahead with preparations for a plenary assembly of the delegations and the solemn signature of the treaty.

Should Bolshevist Russia accept the invitation to come here to sign the Straits convention the final ceremony will possess special significance, since this would bring Russia into official relations with the powers in an important international treaty.

The great result of the Lausanne peace, as seen by the diplomats here, is that one of the most serious dangers to the happiness of the continent has been removed by the liquidation of the state of war in the Near East and by the agreement of Turkey and Greece to lay down their arms at last. European troops will evacuate Turkish soil and Turkey, with her new type of Government, will be free to fashion her destiny unfettered by European domination.

"Peace! Peace! Tell it to the whole world!" These were the words of the Turkish leader to the correspondents as he emerged jubilant from the conference hall after a session that extended well into the night. Champagne was drunk later at the delegation hotels to celebrate the success of the negotiations which began last November only to be interrupted in February by a sensational collapse over questions which this morning were settled.

Turkey won a succession of victories throughout the conference, and by the Lausanne Treaty will achieve two results worthy of an important place in European history. In the first place, in one sweep she obtains abolition of capitulations, a step which it took Japan long years to accomplish. In the second place Turkey, by her re-entry into Eastern Thrace, comes back into Europe.

Turkey wants Great Britain to remove her warships from Turkish waters simultaneously with her land forces. That is, within six weeks after the ratification of the peace treaty by the Angora Government. The warships of France and Italy must also go. Ismet Pasha declares, so that Ottoman subjects may be freed of all this evidence of foreign dominion.

The allied representatives have referred the question to their home Governments. It is presumed that Great Britain will agree to a reduction in the number of ships, but will decline to withdraw all of them, pending general ratification of the Straits convention, which fixes the number of warships which may pass through the Dardanelles and the Bosporus.

The protocol on concessions, which will be attached to the treaty, provides that in case the Chester company abandons parts of its contracts and decides not to build the allotted railroads Turkey will give an option to the British and French companies enjoying pre-war rights.

SYRIANS MAKE DEMANDS.

Call on French to Grant Amnesty and Constitutional Administration.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 9.—According to a telegram from Mersina, the Syrians have made the following eight demands upon General Weygand:

1. Proclamation of the union of Syria and the Lebanon.
2. Holding of elections for the formation of a Constitutional Administration.
3. Amnesty for political prisoners.
4. Liberty of the press.
5. Burning of all reports drawn up by spies of the mandatory Government.
6. Reduction of railway tariff.
7. Cancellation of the Syrian share of the Ottoman Debt.
8. Abolition of the capitulations.

French opinion here is inclined to think these are probably a summary of the demands which will be put forward by the Syrian delegation which has gone to Lausanne with the consent of General Weygand.

REJECTS DUTCH OFFER FOR STEEL SHIPS

Board Says Sale of Unserviceable Government Vessels Is Not Yet Planned.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—An offer to buy unserviceable Government steel ships was made to the Shipping Board today by Jacquest Pierot Jr., President of the International Maritime Mortgage Bank of Rotterdam.

He was told by the officials with whom he conferred that to date no ships had been put definitely in that classification, and that, moreover, the board had not yet considered the question of sale to foreigners for junking purposes.

Mr. Pierot did not submit a definite person offer, but filed notice that the interests he represented would like to be considered potential purchasers of eliminated vessels, which, he said, would be broken up to recover the steel.

Informal negotiations with German shipbuilding interests looking to the exchange of two or more commandeered ships for a sister ship to the Leviathan have been dropped, it was officially announced today at the Shipping Board.

The suggestion never reached a more definite form than an exchange of views through third parties, according to members of the board, and it quickly developed that a wide variance of opinion existed as to values of the ships which would have been involved in the deal. It was declared the board itself never participated in the negotiations.

GOLDFIELD BURNING AGAIN.

Dynamite Used Against Fire Menacing Undestroyed Part of City.

GOLDFIELD, Nev., July 9.—Fire broke out afresh in Goldfield today and threatens the portion of the town remaining undestroyed by last Friday's fire.

Dynamite was used in an effort to check the flames.

TEACHER-AVIATOR KILLED

And His Pupil Receives Fatal Hurts by Fall.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 9.—Russell R. Haines, 28, commercial aviator, was killed and Ernest Rhoades, 28, was fatally injured late last evening when the airplane in which they were flying crashed to earth from an altitude of 600 feet near Northfield, east of here.

Rhoades, who recently bought the plane, was being taught to fly by Haines, a former army pilot. Both men were married and lived in Columbus.

SOUTHAMPTON KEEN TO GREET LEVIATHAN

Mayor and a Large Party From London Are Expected to Welcome Her Tonight.

NAVY ESCORT AT CHERBOURG

Rear Admiral Andrews, With His Flagship, the Pittsburgh, Will Meet Her There.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 9.—The Leviathan is expected to dock at Southampton about 6 o'clock tomorrow evening, and her arrival is looked forward to with the keenest expectation. Southampton folk are connoisseurs in big liners, and they are anxious to compare the new American monster with the Majestic and other British ships.

The Leviathan is making her way across the Atlantic in comfortable fashion. As it is her first voyage as a liner, she is not trying for any records, but will, it is expected, show an excellent turn for speed before the Summer is over, after she has been tuned up.

Vice Admiral Philip Andrews, the American Commander-in-Chief in European waters, will be at Cherbourg on duty with his flagship, the Pittsburgh, when the Leviathan arrives early tomorrow morning, and he and his ship will take an informal part in welcoming her.

At Southampton her arrival will be on a strictly business basis. It is no light job to disembark hundreds of passengers comparatively late in the evening, but it is likely that the Mayor of Southampton will board the Leviathan to greet the captain and distinguished passengers, and there will be a large delegation from London to see the new wonder ship.

Officials of the United States Lines are taking down a party of newspaper men to see her, and a number of officials of the United States Shipping Board will accompany them. A formal welcome is to be extended on Thursday, when a luncheon will be given aboard the Leviathan, and speeches made pointing out the significance of the sailing of the largest vessel in the world under the American flag.

American steamship officials here make light of newspaper rumors concerning the number of deserters from British liners in the Leviathan's crew. These rumors are circulated merely as propaganda, the officials assert, and entirely disregard the possibilities of the case. No member of a ship's crew, they point out, is ever signed on unless he can produce his discharge papers from his last vessel, and a deserter would have no chance of getting a berth on any first-class liner.

The Daily Mail, after remarking that, according to Lloyd's Shipping Register, the Leviathan is second to the White Star liner Majestic in the matter of gross tonnage, reports Harold Sanderson, Chairman of the White Star Line, as speaking as follows to delegates of the International Navigation Congress at Southampton:

"It seemed that there was a ship which it was claimed could blow herself out as with a bicycle pump and then claim to be the largest ship afloat. The Dock Authority would not object to the tonnage, but they would make them pay for the use of hot air."

LEVIATHAN TO BE WET ON RETURN VOYAGE

Under Recent Court Decision Westbound Passengers May Order What They Want.

Under the recent decision of the United States Supreme Court regarding liquor on foreign ships the Leviathan of the United States Lines will be wet when she leaves Southampton and Cherbourg for New York on July 17. Westbound passengers will be asked to order what they desire before sailing, in the same manner in which the British liners supply their passengers. The Leviathan will also be allowed her medical liquor supplies.

The liquor regulations on this side have now been simplified and placed altogether in the hands of the customs officials. Prohibition agents are not allowed on the steamships or on the piers. Captain are informed, when they go to the Custom House on the day before sailing, of the amount of liquor supplies which has been allowed their boats by the Public Health officer in charge, and on the next trip they bring that exact quantity with them. In this manner seizures are avoided. The medical supplies must be sealed up on all ships before passing the three-mile limit and not opened until needed on the eastward voyage.

REPORT THE AQUITANIA AS WET AS IN OLD DAYS

Passengers Tell of Supplies Taken Aboard and of Long Lines Daily Outside the Doctor's Office.

SOUTHAMPTON, July 9.—The voyage of the steamer Aquitania from New York was, according to the passengers, wetter than on most occasions in the pre-Volstead days. Many of the passengers carried supplies in such plentiful quantities that they were not entirely consumed when the vessel reached port, and they had difficulty in passing them through the customs.

The only liquors dispensed from the ship's stores, however, were through the doctor, outside of whose office a long line assembled every day, the applicants having apparently developed a remarkable number of ailments.

SPEED MEXICAN PARLEY.

Delegates Press for Wind-Up, but Details Need Ten Days More.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 9.—The recognition conference is still progressing, the Mexican delegates making earnest efforts to wind it up. Sessions are now being held both morning and afternoon.

Mr. Warren of the American delegation devoted Sunday until late at night studying the latest proposals which were presented by the Mexicans.

The delay in ending the conference is due to the fact that whenever things look most favorable some small legal point arises which might in the future be used to embarrass both Governments. These points of Mexican law need careful study as many clauses in the Mexican Constitution of 1917 conflict, due to the hasty manner in which they were written by inexperienced men.

Both commissions are earnestly trying to end the conference this week, but this is impossible, as rechecking the translations would need at least ten days more even if the sessions ended today.

MAXWELL LOSES MOTION.

Poison Pen Suspect Cannot See Grand Jury Minutes.

Judge McIntyre in General Sessions yesterday reserved decision on the application of Robert S. Johnstone, counsel for George Maxwell, President of the American Society of Authors, Publishers and Composers, for an inspection of the minutes of the Grand Jury which indicted Maxwell for sending "poison pen" letters to Allen A. Ryan.

Assistant District Attorney Maloney opposed the application, after Mr. Johnstone had announced that he would ask for the dismissal of the indictment if the inspection was allowed. He denied Mr. Johnstone's statement that the indictment was returned on illegal and insufficient evidence.

Referring to Maxwell's intimation on his return a few weeks ago from Europe that he was willing to waive immunity and appear before the Grand Jury, Mr. Maloney said that Maxwell still had that opportunity, as the body was in session and was ready to hear him.

NEW MAGISTRATE LENIENT.

Says Friends' Greetings Punish Alleged Speeders Enough.

"You have been punished enough by listening to the speeches of my friends," said Magistrate James M. Barrett in the West Farms Court yesterday when he suspended sentence on seven automobilists who had been arrested on speeding charges. They were the first defendants before the Magistrate who was appointed last week by Mayor Hylan.

When he walked into the court, accompanied by Magistrate Peter B. Hatting, the new Magistrate found his chair covered with fifty floral pieces and the benches and aisles crowded with friends, defendants and witnesses. On the dias were Justice John E. McGeehan of the City Court and District Attorney Edward J. Glennon of the Bronx.

Magistrate Hatton welcomed the new Magistrate and he was followed by Justice McGeehan and District Attorney Glennon.

Ex-Postmaster Pleads Not Guilty.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 9.—Arraigned before Federal Judge Lynch here today on a charge of passing false vouchers through the Post Office Department, Louis J. Langham, formerly Postmaster at Hammonton, pleaded not guilty and was held under $2,000 bail for trial in September. The amount involved is $3,250.

ROTH'S BODY FOUND IN BALLOON BASKET

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

launch. It was immediately taken to the county morgue, where Dr. La Favre and County Coroner A. P. Hammond held a post mortem examination, found the lungs full of water and concurred in the Port Stanley official's verdict. Coroner Hammond said that the indications were that the body was in the water three days. He also said the body showed abdominal contusion, but from what cause he could not say.

Lieutenant Strong said that, contrary to earlier reports, the Port Stanley authorities told him that when found this morning the body was fouled and entangled by a half hitch of a rope around the left ankle, the other end being attached to the balloon basket. The body was found entirely in the water, clear of the basket. A life preserver was around the body. A gold ring bearing a class insignia was on a finger of the left hand.

Lieutenant Strong brought back two blouses, one with Roth's name attached; one pair of trousers, also bearing Roth's name; a balloon clock, Roth's watch, two caps and an altimeter. The balloon and bag were left at Port Stanley, where Lieutenant Strong plans to return tomorrow morning and arrange for their shipment to the Naval Air Station at Lakehurst, N. J., where Lieutenant Roth and Lieutenant T. B. Null were stationed. No trace has been found of Lieutenant Null's body.

Lieutenant Roth's body was taken in charge by an undertaker awaiting instructions from Washington.

Second Body Not Lieutenant Null.

PORT LEAMINGTON, Ont., July 9.—The body of a man found partly buried in the sand on the shores of Lake Erie, off Point Pelee, near here, today, was identified tonight as Albert A. Yost, about 35 years old, an employe of the Goodyear Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio.

First reports indicated the body was that of Lieutenant T. B. Null, missing balloonist.

The man had been dead about two weeks. He wore a blue serge suit, a silk shirt and a celluloid collar. The body was taken to a local undertaking establishment and the Goodyear company notified.

AKRON, July 9.—Inquiry at the Goodyear Rubber Company and other rubber plants here tonight failed to locate any record of Albert A. Yost.

Denial that he is an employe of the Goodyear Company was made by officials of that concern. His name does not appear in the local city and telephone directories.

Other Balloonists Met Dangers.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 9.—Finding of the body of Lieutenant L. J. Roth in Lake Erie today brought the national balloon race to a tragic close. Search now is centred on Lieutenant T. B. Null, who accompanied Lieutenant Roth in the ill-fated navy air craft.

Unofficial tabulations, compiled by the Indianapolis Chamber of Commerce, sponsor for the race, show Lieutenant R. S. Olmstead, army pilot, to be the winner. His balloon traveled approximately 500 miles, landing at Marilla, N. Y. H. E. Honeywell of St. Louis was second, descending at Brocton, N. Y., about 450 miles from Indianapolis.

The balloon carrying Lieutenants Roth and Null was the ninth to take off here. It attracted unusual attention because of its rapid rise, as compared with the other bags which had preceded it. Lieutenant Roth was overheard to remark that on one other occasion when he bore No. 9 in a race he encountered storms and much danger, so "Nine" is lucky.

Hard rain and thunderstorms preceded the race and continued intermittently throughout the time most of the balloons were in the air. Practically every pilot reported having drifted into severe wind and rain storms. Several brought their craft to the ground because of the elements.

Narrow escapes from death or serious injury were experienced by several pilots and their aids. Mr. Honeywell, who last saw Lieutenant Roth's balloon drifting over Lake Erie on Thursday, was in part of the storm which is believed to have brought the ill-fated navy craft down. He was able, however, to land on a cliff 150 feet high on the edge of Lake Erie, near Brocton, N. Y.

Ralph Upson, Detroit, C. E. McCullough, Baltimore, and Roy Donaldson, Springfield, Ill., and their aids had thrilling escapes. Upson's balloon split while he was 15,800 feet in the air and started to drop rapidly. By forming it into a parachute, however, he was able to land safely.

McCullough also had trouble with his bag and made a forced landing, the balloon coming to rest in a tree. Donaldson was unable to operate the rip panel when he determined to descend and had to make a forced landing. Both he and his aid jumped as the craft touched the ground in its rapid descent and were injured slightly. The balloon escaped, but was found later.

Moffett's Tribute to Roth.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Admiral Moffett, Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, issued the following statement late today:

"The death of Lieutenant Roth is one of the most unfortunate and tragic happenings in the history of naval aviation and is keenly felt by all of his brother officers. He died in line of duty in the service of his country, and for the advancement of aeronautics. Those who had the good fortune to know him, know of his many sterling and lovable qualities both as an officer and as a man.

"The fact that Lieutenant Null is still missing is ground for encouragement and hope. We will not relax in any detail our efforts to find him until every chance for his recovery has been exhausted."

CONTINENTAL FLIGHT HALTED BY GAS CLOG

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

San Francisco to provide for the landing of the airplane at the end of the flight. Big anti-aircraft searchlights of the coast defense had been installed.

Fog Sends Plane Off Course.

DAYTON, Ohio, July 9 (Associated Press).—One hour and thirty-five and a half minutes behind the schedule on which he was attempting to traverse the continent between dawn and sunset, Lieutenant Russell L. Maughan arrived at McCook Field here at 9:10 Eastern Standard time this morning. Twenty-five minutes later his Curtiss pursuit plane again took to the air in an attempt to make up for lost time. He hopped off at 9:35 A. M. Eastern Standard time.

Heavy fogs and a hazy atmosphere which caused Lieutenant Maughan to lose his way accounted for his failing behind schedule. The first point he actually recognized after leaving New York, he said, was Akron, Ohio, which was 100 miles off his course.

The loss of his course caused him to fly approximately 700 miles between Mitchel Field and Dayton. Lieutenant Maughan said, and taxed his gasoline supply, which he feared would be exhausted and force him down before he arrived here. His map route had called for only 570 miles.

During the flight the plane maintained its scheduled rate of speed of 100 miles an hour, the pilot said, the additional distance accounting for the delay.

An internal brace in the vertical fin of the plane was found broken when the landing was made here and this was repaired before the trip was resumed.

In spite of his delay Lieutenant Maughan felt that his flight would be successful.

"Feeling fit and fine and not one whit discouraged over the loss of time, and, with the engine functioning perfectly, I feel confident of reaching Crissey Field, San Francisco, before nightfall," he declared.

The necessity of flying on a limited fuel supply made portions of the first leg of the flight extremely dangerous, air officers here said. It was necessary for Lieutenant Maughan to throttle down his motor, they declared, making the voyage precarious in a loss of time.

The fog which prevailed throughout the flight was noticeable here. The plane was heard over the field for some time before it was visible. Its pilot circled the field and nosed southward before bringing it to the ground.

Take-Off at Dawn Was Promising.

Cheered by the military personnel of Mitchel Field and a few civilians who had joined with a score of newspaper men in coming to the post, Lieutenant Maugnan "hopped" off from the field near Garden City, L. I., at 4:55 daylight saving time yesterday morning, according to the timing of Colonel T. A. Baldwin, commanding the Second Corps Air Service unit. His engine spouting blue flame in the light of the dawn, the Curtiss pursuit plane climbed at the rate of 2,500 feet a minute, appearing at the end of sixty seconds like a tiny wasp in the sky. Encircling the field with a wide sweep, the aviator headed in a westerly direction and in three or four minutes was lost to view.

The contestant for transcontinental speed and time honors, who had four German planes to his credit during the war and who won last Fall's Pulitzer race at an average speed of 200 miles an hour, was the coolest man at the field before he took off. Retiring at midnight, he snatched a few hours' sleep, arising at a quarter of 4 ready to start the ocean-to-ocean flight. Joining the group of fellow-officers and reporters at the Officers' Club, he leisurely munched a sandwich of fried bologna and egg, washed down by a cup of coffee, and then walked to the flying field, a few yards away.

Lieutenant Maughan climbed into his silver-colored plane, barely discernible in the breaking day, and began tuning up. Huge searchlights illuminated the field, which glistened with dew. Then came the light of a new day at Mitchel Field, with the promise of a successful trip. Satisfied that his engine was functioning properly, he slowed it down, surveyed the sky and then looked to Major W. G. Weaver, commandant of Mitchel Field, for the signal to start. The Major nodded.

Then followed a round of handshaking with his "buddies," a lusty "Let's go" from Maughan, and the plane shot down the field. The 400-horsepower engine propelled the tiny plane into the air within a distance of a hundred feet and the race against the sun was on. Old Sol won this time, but the opinion was unanimous at Mitchel Field last night that Lieutenant Maughan would "get" the sun "in the neck."

Shortly before 6 o'clock last night Major Weaver received the following telegram from Lieutenant Maughan:

"Landed in cow pasture with dead motor, nine miles from St. Joseph, Mo. Carburetor trouble. Will start return to Dayton. MAUGHAN."

It was said that it will probably take Lieutenant Maughan at least three days to have his plane repaired at the Air Mail Field at St. Joseph. Then he will take it back to McCook Field.

Lieutenant Maughan had planned to attend a family reunion at the home of his parents at Logan, Utah, at the conclusion of his flight, according to officers at Mitchell Field. He was to have received a leave of absence when the flight terminated and had sent his wife and their two children from their home at Heber City, Utah, to the home of his parents, so that they could take part in the reunion, but his failure to reach San Francisco will change all this.

MAUGHAN TO TRY AGAIN LATER

Washington Is Not Discouraged by His Failure This Time.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Not discouraged by the forced landing of Lieutenant R. L. Maughan, Army Air Service officials predict that the "daylight-to-dark" flight between the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts will soon be a reality.

They point out that the famous T-2, the army transport monoplane which flew from New York to San Diego, was unsuccessful in her first attempts, and that the difficulties of making landings at specified places were increased in the case of the Curtiss pursuit plane, which has a much smaller cruising radius. It also is expected that Lieutenant Maughan, holder of world's speed records, will have another opportunity to attempt the flight.

Lieutenant Maughan, who started on the coast-to-coast flight at 4:58 A. M., with stops scheduled for Dayton, Ohio; St. Joseph, Mo.; Cheyenne, Wyo., and Salduro, Utah, expected to cover the entire distance of approximately 2,070 miles to San Francisco by 9 P. M. of the same day. He estimated that he would cover the distance of 570 miles to Dayton by 7:35 A. M., but he actually was one hour and thirty-five minutes behind schedule when he arrived, being handicapped by haze and fogs.

Under a new system of refueling the airplane without stopping the motor, it was expected to be able to cut the time of hops to less than fifty minutes. In refueling it was proposed to open the gas tanks from the bottom of the machine, as far away as possible from the engine, and by means of a connecting hose pump gasoline at the rate of thirty gallons a minute, without any extra fire risk. This method of time fifty system has been devised for refueling an airplane with the engine running, previous attempts to do so having failed on account of the blast of air from the propeller.

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FINAL TERMS ANNOUNCED

Securities Are Free of British Taxes if Held by Residents of Other Countries.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The text of the proposal of the British Government for the funding of the British wartime debt to the United States, as executed on June 18 and accepted by Secretary Mellon, and a copy of a bond actually delivered on July 5, were made public today by the Treasury Department.

The documents show that the terms which were made public at the time the tentative agreement was reached have been closely adhered to by the governments involved. Details which were the subject of negotiation for some time after the general principles of the settlement were reached are now explained.

The total indebtedness to be funded, it is shown by the British proposal, was put at $4,600,000,000. Against this, before the agreement was ratified, the American Government held a demand note. This note will now be replaced by 1,000 bonds, each representing $4,600,000, dated Dec. 15, 1922, and maturing Dec. 15, 1994, bearing interest at the rate of 2 per cent. a year from Dec. 15, 1922, to Dec. 15, 1932, and thereafter at the rate of 2½ per cent. The bonds will be issued at par by the British Government.

The principal and interest of all bonds issued or to be issued, the proposal declares, are to be exempt from all British taxation, present or future, so long as they are in the beneficial ownership of the United States or of a person, firm, association, or corporation, neither "domiciled nor ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom."

The proposal provides also that Great Britain shall issue to the United States at any time or from time to time, at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury, in exchange for any or all of the bonds now to be issued, definitive engraved bonds in a form suitable for sale to the public, in such amounts and denominations as the Secretary may request.

The British Government retains the right, if it desires, to call in bonds sold to the public, before maturity, and have such bonds included in deductions from the payments required to be made by Great Britain to the United States as repayments of principal.

The United States is required, before offering any bonds for sale in Great Britain, to offer them first to the British Government for purchase at par and accrued interest, and Great Britain shall also have the option, in lieu of issuing bonds to the United States to be used for purposes of public sale, to make advance redemption of a corresponding number of bonds held by the United States.

The text of the proposal sets down the amount of interest and principal which shall be paid annually by Great Britain in wiping out the debt and provides also that British payments may be made in American Government securities issued since April 6, 1917, this including all issues of Liberty bonds on which interest payment was made on June 15.

In connection with payments on principal the agreement, after specifying the sum to be paid each year, sets forth:

"Provided, however, that Great Britain may at its option, upon not less than ninety days' advance notice, postpone any payment of principal falling due as hereinabove provided to any subsequent June 15 or Dec. 15, not more than two years distant from its due date, but only on condition that, if Great Britain shall at any time exercise this option as to any payment of principal, the payment falling due in the next succeeding year cannot be postponed to any date more than one year distant from the date when it becomes due, unless and until the payment previously postponed shall actually have been made, and the payment falling due in the second succeeding year cannot be postponed at all unless and until the payment of principal due two years previous thereto shall actually have been made."

The remainder of the proposals follow along the lines of the tentative agreement which has been made public.

British Doubt of Marketing Bonds.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 9.—The full terms are published today in the form of a white paper of the arrangements for funding the British debt to the United States.

"Several of these details are of considerable interest to the British taxpayer," says The London Times. "Both interest and principal may be paid in United States Liberty bonds to be taken at par. If, as was the case as with the first interest payment, these bonds can be purchased below par, this option to make payment in United States Government securities will be valuable, but the white paper disposed of the rumor that an exchange agreement had been made whereby sterling would be taken at a fixed figure. There is no mention of any such arrangement and we may regard the report as unfounded.

"This country retains the right to fund one-half of any interest payment within the next five years, but we sincerely hope that it will never be necessary to exercise this option.

"If the bonds to be issued by this country to the United States were to be marketed there would be a possibility of sterling exchange being depressed by British purchasers of such bonds, but the funding arrangements seem to preclude an issue of securities which could be readily marketable. It is true that Great Britain is under obligations to exchange bonds to be issued to the United States Government for bonds suitable for sale to the American investing public, but as the interest may be paid or postponed in part or paid in securities or in cash and the principal redeemed under circumstances unattractive to the genuine investor, it is not likely that the American Treasury will take advantage of its option to convert the debt into marketable securities.

"The debt agreement, however, signifies a great deal more than the settlement of a huge financial transaction. It shows that even where views differ widely it is possible with good will for two great countries to solve their differences. The history of the past five years has shown that the sanctity of contracts is not respected as strictly as it ought to be. We realize that the debt settlement places a heavy burden upon the British taxpayer, a burden which we have taken up for others. We contracted the debt in a common cause and we shall discharge it in the interests of the peace of the world.

"It may not be obvious at the moment but time will show, that this, the first settlement of intergovernmental indebtedness incurred during the war, will contribute in no small measure to the settlement of other great financial problems with which the world is still faced. We believe the settlement to be the work of far-seeing statesmanship.

BROKERS GET JAIL TERMS.

Four of Bankrupt Baltimore Firm Also Must Pay Fines.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 9.—Four members of the bankrupt stock brokerage firm of Smith, Lockhart & Co., convicted last April of conspiracy to defraud customers, were sentenced in Criminal Court today.

Allen B. Lockhart gets ten years in the penitentiary, R. Tynes Smith six years and R. Earl Thomas and Herman Zeusler three years each. The two last named were paroled. Each of the four was also to pay a fine of $750. Lockhart and Smith appealed and were released on bail.

The firm failed a year ago with liabilities of $6,500,000.

HERRICK AND CUMMINGS CRITICISE ISOLATION

Republican Envoy and Democratic Leader Say America Should Enter World Affairs.

PARIS, July 9.—Myron T. Herrick, the American Ambassador, who is a Republican, and Homer S. Cummings, former chairman of the Democratic National Committee, sat side by side at a banquet here tonight and both spoke, advocating the same thing—America's participation in world affairs.

The Ambassador declared that isolation was no longer possible, however much it might be desired.

"We have got to take our place in the world," he said, "and America will not be found wanting when the time comes."

Whatever Europe might think of America's dollars, he added, "they are all honest and well-earned, and, I may say, idealistic dollars."

The banquet was given by a group of fifty American bankers from various parts of the country, who are on a tour of Europe.

RUSSIANS FREE TO SECEDE.

New Constitution Does Not Withhold Privilege From States.

MOSCOW, July 9 (Associated Press).—Publication of the complete text of the Constitution of the United States of Russia reveals that the various States in the union still retain the right of withdrawal. An amendment adopted a few days ago was construed as preventing such action without consent of all the republics, but the official document shows that this amendment was intended to prevent changes in the territory of any State without its consent, while any alterations or limitations of the fundamental right of secession should require the consent of all members of the federation.

The Ukraine's mission to Czechoslovakia is to be closed, and its functions will be taken over by a Russian federal mission there. In the future none of the individual republics is to have representation abroad.

All citizens of the federation, when in foreign countries, will travel with federal passports.

Before adjourning on Saturday the Parliament of the union decided to limit the issue of paper rubles to a maximum value of 30,000,000 gold rubles monthly until the end of August and thereafter to 15,000,000 in gold monthly. This is the Finance Minister's plan for the stabilization of the ruble and will facilitate the adoption of the new gold notes of the State Bank as a stable unit.

BULGAR PREMIER FOR PEACE

In First Speech Says Prospect of War Is Ruled Out.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SOFIA, July 9.—M. Tsankoff, the new Prime Minister, made his first public speech at the Free Theatre in Sofia this morning. He was enthusiastically received.

He said the policy of his Government could be summarized under two headings—one, the maintenance of social harmony by suppressing the domination of one class over any other, and two, the maintenance of peace with other countries.

Speaking of the international situation M. Tsankoff said one thing must be considered definitely ruled out and that was the prospect of war. With Bulgaria in her present state no government could take a warlike attitude for no matter what government it was the people would refuse to follow it.

"This does not prevent us from claiming our just rights," M. Tsankoff continued. "This is a vanquished and humiliated country, but we do not despair. We shall continue loyally to fulfill the terms of the treaty but we expect the other signatories to do the same. The treaty promised us access to the Aegian Sea and sufficient protection for our minorities. We only ask that effect be given to these modest guarantees, nothing else. Our aim is peace in the Balkins."

BACK UP STRIKE LEADERS.

Nova Scotia Miners Vote for Tie-Up Until Two Are Liberated.

GLACE BAY, N. S., July 9.—Miners in the Westville, Thornton and Stellarton sections of District 26 of the United Mine Workers of America voted tonight for a 100 per cent. strike in support of their demand for liberation of Dan Livingstone, President, and James B. MacLachlan, Secretary of the district organization. The two men were jailed after a letter over McLachlan's signature had urged the miners to strike in sympathy with workers of the British Empire Steel Corporation.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 9.—The Crown intimated in court today that new criminal laws enacted after the general strike in Winnipeg in 1919 might be brought to bear against Dan Livingstone and James B. MacLachlan, district leaders of the United Mine Workers, charged with circulating false tales.

The Crown stated, when the defendants were remanded without bail until next Thursday, that they faced twenty years' imprisonment if found guilty of all the charges lodged against them.

Then in each case a new charge was read. It alleged that in asserting the police and soldiery had been guilty of brutality the defendants had published "a seditious libel concerning his Majesty's Government of and for the Province of Nova Scotia and the provincial police."

BERATES CREDIT FRAUD.

Justice Calls Merchant Highway Robber—Gives Him Six Months.

When David Weitman, head of the defunct cloak and suit manufacturing firm of Weitman Brothers, 25 West Thirty-fourth Street, was sentenced yesterday to six months in the workhouse for making a false financial statement to obtain credit from another firm, Presiding Justice Kernochan in Special Sessions told him that his offense was "as great as that of a highway robber."

Weitman, who lived at 1,018 Forty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, conducted his business in partnership with his brother, Abraham. He pleaded guilty to the charge that on Dec. 1, 1921, he obtained credit from Frederick Victor & Achaia of 38 East Twenty-fifth Street after signing a statement that the assets of his firm over all debts amounted to $30,700, when a subsequent bankruptcy inquiry showed that the assets amounted to but $15,000 and the liabilities to $78,000.

SOLD FIRECRACKERS, JAILED

Six Sentenced to Imprisonment and Sixty Others Fined.

Six persons were committed to jail and sixty others were fined a total of $400 by Magistrate George W. Simpson in the Municipal Term of the City Magistrates' Court yesterday for violation of the regulations which forbid the sale of fireworks.

Fire Commissioner Thomas J. Drennan and Assistant Fire Chief Thomas J. Hayes appeared in court. Commissioner Drennan implored the Magistrate to aid the Fire Department's campaign for safety by imposing heavy penalties. To most of the defendants Magistrate Simpson delivered an admonition.

The fines were as low as $1 and as high as $50. In only two cases was sentence suspended. The six who were committed selected one day in jail as the alternative of paying a fine. One defendant was committed for three days in lieu of $50 fine.

AUTO KILLS WOMAN AS SHE SAVES BABY

Victim, 70 Years Old, Is Run Down on Sidewalk, but She Hurls Child Aside.

MAN KILLED IN BROOKLYN

Edgemere Woman Dies of Hurts—Taxi Dives Into Ball Players, Injuring Several.

A second before she was killed by an automobile last night Mrs. Mary Zerilli, 70 years old, of 253 East 151st Street, the Bronx, saved the life of a 9-months-old boy she was carrying by hurling the infant out of the path of the oncoming car. Mrs. Zerilli was carrying the child on the sidewalk in front of her home shortly before 10 o'clock when the car, operated by John Schappino of 238 East 152d Street mounted the sidewalk.

Witnesses said the woman, realizing that she could not escape, lifted the child, Alfredo Verdi, above her head and hurled him about ten feet. While Mrs. Zerilli's arms still were in the air the automobile struck her, threw her against the stoop of her home, and when bystanders started to carry her to a drug store a few seconds later they found she was dead. The Verdis live in the same house as Mrs. Zerilli.

The accident happened in the Italian colony in the Bronx, and in a few minutes Schappino was surrounded by several hundred excited men and women, many of whom attempted to strike him. Policeman Bolger of the Morrisania Station appeared, and, after hurrying the driver to a near-by garage, sent in a call for the reserves.

On the arrival of additional policemen in a patrol wagon the street was cleared. Schappino was locked up on a technical charge of homicide.

Brooklyn Man Killed.

Dominick Aronio, 55 years old, of 96 Harrison Place, Brooklyn, was killed by a car operated by Henry Beyl, 25 years old, of 237 Meserole Street, at Flushing Avenue and Humboldt Street, Brooklyn. Beyl was locked up in the Stagg Street Station on a technical homicide charge.

Mrs. Della I. Donihee, 65 years old, of 336 Beach Twenty-ninth Street, Edgemere, Queens, died in St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway, of a fracture of the skull, received when she was struck by an automobile Sunday night at Beach Thirty-fourth Street and Empire Boulevard, Queens. The car was operated by John McCumiskey of Lawrence, L. I.

Robert Flaherty, 9 years old, of 1,264 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, was struck by an automobile near his home and removed in a dying condition to St. John's Hospital. The car was operated by Alvin Beck of 159 Emerson Street, Rochester, N. Y. David Ragusa, 7 years old, of 1,027 DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn, received a fracture of the skull when struck by a car near his home. He was removed to the Wyckoff Heights Hospital. Thomas Fiale of 64 Maurice Avenue, Elmhurst, Queens, was driving the car.

James Ricardi, 9 years old, of 2,435 Boston Road, the Bronx, received a fractured skull when he was struck by a car operated by Henry Harris of 19 Audrey Avenue, Oyster Bay, L. I. The boy was crossing Tremont Avenue near 178th Street. An ambulance surgeon who removed him to the Fordham Hospital said his condition was critical.

Taxi Dives Into Crowd.

Eighteen men and boys were "forming sides" for a baseball game on the "farm" at West and Charlton Streets last evening when a drunken chauffeur drove his taxicab into the group and, after knocking down half a dozen of them, made his escape in the machine. Herbert Keene, 18 years old, of 98 Charlton Street was the most seriously hurt.

He was removed in a critical condition to St. Vincent's Hospital. Joseph St. Barnett, 9 years old, and his brother, Joseph Jr., 15 years old, of 101 Charlton Street also were removed to the hospital. The father received a possible fracture of the skull and internal injuries and his son received a fracture of the right leg and cuts about the body. The police sent out a general alarm for the taxicab.

In holding John McBride, of 1032 Charlton Street, in $10,000 bail for examination on July 16 on a charge of killing Mrs. Charlene De Rizzo with his automobile in front of her home at 30 Thompson Street on Sunday, Magistrate Frederick B. House in the Homicide Court remarked: "Motorists used to confine their killings to the thoroughfares, but now they have lost interest and they leap to the sidewalk and kill pedestrians." McBride pleaded not guilty, explaining that his car got out of control.

Louis F. Raingville of 11 West Sixty-fifth Street was sentenced to thirty days in the workhouse by the Magistrate for driving an automobile at Lenox Avenue and 136th Street, Sunday afternoon while intoxicated.

A sentence of five days in the workhouses was imposed on Isador Seiger, 21 years old of 309 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, when he was convicted of reckless driving by Magistrate Norman J. Marah in the Traffic Court. A policeman told the Magistrate that Seiger on Sunday night drove his taxicab into a Fifth Avenue bus and a touring car, as a result of which ten persons were injured.

Charles R. Tedesco, 32 years old, of 303 East 115th Street, was released yesterday in $2,000 bail for examination July 10 next by Magistrate Jesse Silberman in the Morrisania Court for the killing of a boy after his car had run onto the sidewalk at Alexander Avenue and 137th Street, the Bronx, Sunday afternoon. Two other persons were injured in the accident. Tedesco told the Magistrate that the boy was running after a baseball, and when he got in the path of his car he tried to avert the accident by heading for the sidewalk.

MOTOR CRASH KILLS DANNEMORA 'TRUSTY'

Five Other Convicts and Prison Guard Hurt When Truck Plunges Down Mountain.

PLATTSBURGH, N. Y., July 9.—One "trusty" was killed, five other convicts injured, none seriously, and a Dannemora prison guard was knocked unconscious when a motor truck in which they were returning from the prison farm early today became uncontrollable on Dannemora Mountain and crashed into an embankment at the foot of the road.

The dead man was Wallace Ducharm, convicted of criminal assault and sentenced from Gouverneur, St. Lawrence County.

The men were returning with the day's milk supply from the prison farm on Dannemora Mountain. Raymond A. Fitzgerald of Saratoga Springs, prisoner chauffeur, said the truck had started down the hill when the brakes refused to work. He told his passengers to jump, he said, but they remained aboard.

As the truck gathered speed, the steering gear also refused to function, and the truck swerved at the foot of the hill and crashed into an embankment.

Physicians from the prison ordered the injured men removed to the hospital. State prison department officials are expected from Albany to investigate the accident.

HELD FOR THEFT OF AUTO.

Jack Bernard of Brooklyn Is Arrested by East Hartford Police.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 9.—Jack Bernard of 216 Arlington Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., is being held by East Hartford police under bonds of $3,000 which he was unable to furnish, and has been taken to the Hartford County Jail. He was arraigned in police court today on the charge of having in his possession a stolen automobile.

The car, a 1923 Studebaker touring car, is owned by Samuel Rosen of 604 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. It is alleged by the police that Bernard had been in the habit of stealing automobiles and selling them.

Bernard, who has been in Hartford and East Hartford off and on for the past few weeks, was arrested Friday by Chief of Police William McKee. The New York Police department has requested that he be held and a warrant for his return to New York is expected to be brought to East Hartford.

GIFT BICYCLE CAUSES DEATH

Jersey Boy Who Won Present From Father Runs Into Auto.

NUTLEY, N. J., July 9.—Riding on a new bicycle given to him as a gift by his father for having successfully passed his school examinations, Norman B. Whiteman, 11, of Forest Street and Adelaide Avenue, Belleville, near here, was killed tonight, at De Witt Avenue and Little Street, Belleville, by an automobile owned and driven by E. U. Kraemer of 25 Beech Street, Belleville.

The boy's father promised to buy him a bicycle if he passed all his examinations. Last Friday the boy was told by his teachers in the Belleville elementary school that he had been promoted to the sixth grade. The bicycle was bought on Saturday.

Tonight, riding near his home, he ran into Kramer's automobile and died before he could be taken to the house of Dr. Rae Lewis, five blocks from the scene of the accident. Kraemer will be arraigned before Prosecutor Bigelow in Newark tomorrow on a technical charge of manslaughter.

AUTOS KILL 454 IN 1923.

Credit Decrease in Fatalities Since 1922 to Safety Campaign.

The number of persons reported killed in automobile accidents during the first six months of 1923 was 454, as compared with 468 killed in the first six months of 1922, according to the Bureau of Public Safety of the Police Department, and not 554 in 1923 and 548 in 1923, as stated in THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday. The number of killed showed a decrease, although the number of automobiles in the city had increased.

The decrease in fatalities was believed to be largely due to the safety campaign conducted by the bureau among children and drivers of automobiles.

RAIL BONDS AUTHORIZED.

New York, Chicago & St. Louis Road to Guarantee $15,000,000.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Authority was granted today by the Interstate Commerce Commission to the New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad, a consolidated company, to assume obligation and liability, as guarantor, in respect of the payment of principal and interest of $15,000,000 principal amount, of 5 per cent. first mortgage sinking fund gold bonds, series B, issued by the Cleveland Union Terminals Company, pursuant to authority contained in the Commission's order of June 13, this year.

Under that order, the Commission authorized the Cleveland Union Terminals Company to issue, and the New York Central Company, the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad, and the New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad Company—the latter being the predecessor company of the applicant—to assume obligation and liability in respect of the $15,000,000 bond issue.

Five days later the commission authorized the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company to acquire the properties, rights and franchises and operate the properties of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, the Chicago & State Line Railroad Company, the Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company, the Fort Wayne, Cincinnati & Louisville Railroad Company, and the Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad Company.

The Interstate Commerce Commission also granted authority today to the Western Maryland Railroad Company to assume obligation and liability in respect of $1,500,000 of Western Maryland Railway equipment trust certificates, Series C, to be issued by the Bank of North America and Trust Company.

SUE BANKER FOR $50,000.

Fort Wayne (Ind.) Knitting Mill Stockholders Charge Deal to Sell Out

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 9.—Suit for $50,000 damages was filed in the United States District Court here today against Samuel M. Foster of Fort Wayne, President of the Lincoln National Bank and former President of the Fort Wayne Knitting Mills, charging that he sought to have the controlling interest in the mills conveyed to the Munning Wear Corporation of Minneapolis, Minn., by a secret contract with intent to defraud stockholders of the knitting mills.

The suit was filed by executors of the estate of William A. Spies of New York City, a former stockholder. It is charged that Mr. Foster concealed the true value of the stock held by Mr. Spies and by misstatements induced the executors to part with the stock at a sum considerably less than it was worth.

FOLLIES MONKEY ESCAPES.

Entertains Street Crowd Until She Is Captured.

For fifteen minutes last night Sally, the monkey partner of Eddie Cantor in the Ziegfeld Follies, baffled the efforts of Ben Goodkin, her keeper, and Wally Shunke, an electrician, to recapture her after she had broken her strap and escaped.

Before the start of the show Sally is allowed to romp on the fire-escape on the second floor in the rear of the theatre. She is secured by a long strap. Last night, when her keeper went to costume her for the show he saw the monkey several floors above performing for the benefit of a crowd in the street.

It was only after a chase which ended in the fly floor that Sally was recaptured while inspecting the pulleys and ropes.

FIRECRACKER DIET FATAL.

Baby Complicates Fourth of July Case With Father's Medicine.

WEST SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 9.—After eating a firecracker on the Fourth of July and drinking some of his father's medicine yesterday, Edward Sadi, 27-months-old son of John Sadi, died here today.

The child became seriously ill from eating the firecracker and physicians had difficulty in treating him. On the road to recovery from that, the boy drank from the bottle of medicine and died from the poison it contained.

Newspaper Men Hurt in Auto Wreck

WHEELING, W. Va., July 9.—Leon Devese, member of the staff of The Brooklyn Eagle, and Mrs. Devese were injured tonight when an automobile in which they were riding fell over an embankment. Mr. Waring of The New York American and Mrs. Waring were also injured, but not seriously.

To Observe Battle of the Marne.

The fifth anniversary of the Second Battle of the Marne will be commemorated by the Third Marne Division on Friday, Saturday and Sunday next, when ex-soldiers of this contingent will assemble in the First Regiment Armory of Philadelphia.

The answer

to the story as far as the owner is concerned is found in the rent roll. Our organization's efforts with the property under its management are concentrated on furnishing the sort of answer that is based on "no vacancies".

"Successful Real Estate Management" sent upon request.

Wm. A. White & Sons

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For These Classes Especially

—the active business man, the professional man, the salaried man, the woman of means—the Living or Voluntary Trust is advantageous. It is easy to create such a Trust. Ask us for particulars.

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149 Broadway

1515—Lamp of white colored porcelain, perching shade, complete, 6.75

A BRIGHT little lamp from Ovington's can transform an otherwise dull corner into the most attractive spot in the living room. And the cost of an immense transformation is often very tiny indeed!

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

FIFTH AVENUE AT 39TH ST.

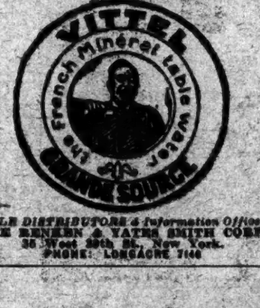
VITTEL

The most restful resort in France.

SEASON FROM MAY 15 TO SEPT. 15

For Treatment of GOUT AND RHEUMATISM and Elimination of Uric Acid DIANS

VITTEL GRANDE SOURCE



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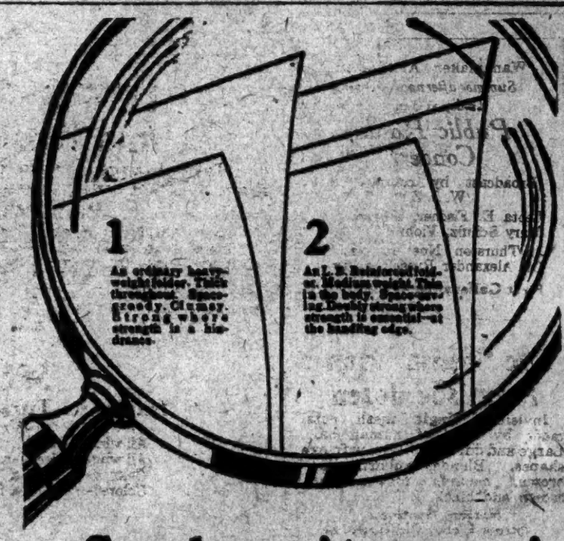
Shortened prices on a considerable volume of our men's fancy mixture sack suits, affording a rare opportunity for comforting savings on comfortable attire for the major part of the summer season.

A wholesome variety at $35 and $40

BROKAW BROTHERS

BROADWAY AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

FOUNDED 1856



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The L. B. Reinforced folder saves one-third file drawer space over heavyweight folders. In one file department this folder saved 240 file drawers and the space they would have occupied.

L. B. Reinforced folders are typical of the extra quality, the added refinements you will find in the wide range of L. B. Folders.

Come in and let us show you our stock. You will find exactly what you need.

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A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

Today—For Small Children (2 to 6 years)

LONDON-MADE HAND SMOCKED FROCKS

At a New Price

6.75

The daintiest and most desirable of frocks for the kiddies, which have sold until today at a much higher price

FABRICS AND COLORS Hand smocked and entirely hand-made, of white mulcord, checked or striped dimity, hand smocked in rose, blue and orchid; many trimmed with linen collar and cuffs to match smocking.

The Wanamaker Piano and Phonograph Salons and Auditorium

constitute the most unique musical organization in the world dedicated to the service of the people. Here you may be sure of getting an instrument of real quality, at the lowest price without haggling, and with terms of payment to suit individual needs.

PIANOS		REPRODUCING-PIANOS	PHONOGRAPHS
Chickering	Autopiano	Ampico in the Chickering	Victrola
Schomacker	J. C. Campbell	Ampico in the Haines Bros.	Sonora
Haines Brothers	Frederick	Ampico in the Marshall & Wendell	Cheney
Emerson	The Celebrated Knabe	Ampico in the Celebrated Knabe	Brunswick
Marshall & Wendell	Uprights $365 up	Upright reproducing piano $985 up.	
Lindeman	Grands $635 up	Grand reproducing piano $1975 up.	
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John Wanamaker

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From the Founder's Writings

Conceit May Puff a Man Up for Occasions

but it never holds him up long, and it sometimes fails him suddenly, and leaves him in awkward situations. There is no prop that can be bought or obtained through favor or wealth that can be depended upon as a certainty.

One can never get far by pretense or unfairness.

Only the genuine article will win the day.

(Signed)

John Wanamaker

Wanamaker Auditorium
Summer afternoon Concerts
To-day at 3 p. m.
Public Radio Concert
(Broadcast by courtesy of W. J. Z.)
Hans E. Fischer, soprano.
Harry Schulz, Violin.
J. Thurston Noe at piano.
Dr. Alexander Russell, organ.
First Gallery, New Building

50c "Sonia" Hair Nets, 35c dozen

Invisible, single mesh nets, made by hand of human hair. Large and durable. Cap or fringe shapes. Blonde, auburn, light brown, medium brown, dark brown and black.

Notion Section, Street Floor, Old Building

La chose du jour

From the Paris House of John Wanamaker

The "Tom Pouce" Umbrella

Paris, June 25th, 1923.

At the Races, during the morning promenade in the Bois, and along the Avenue du Bois de Boulogne—in fact, everywhere smart women are seen, the "Tom Pouce" umbrella is the *chic* accompaniment of the costume.

This tiny umbrella—you know its handle is short and stubby—is seen in all the shops, too. Many times the thick little handle is of fine wood, sometimes it is of galalith, or of tortoise shell.

Note:—It is pleasing to know that we were the first to send these umbrellas to New York.

We introduced these umbrellas last Autumn. Besides exquisite *individual* models, we now have a number of these umbrellas at $9.75 and $15. Some from Paris and others with Paris handles and frames, covered here.

Street Floor, Old Building

Turkish Bath Towels in a Midsummer Sale

Taken from regular stock and lowered as the table below shows. All are perfect in every way.

Plain White Towels

100 dozen	18x36 in.—weight 3 lbs. to dozen	$2.50 for $3.00 grade
85 dozen	20x42 in.—weight 4½ lbs. to dozen	$3.60 for $4.80 grade
60 dozen	22x44 in.—weight 6 lbs. to dozen	$4.20 for $5.00 grade
40 dozen	25x46 in.—weight 8½ lbs. to dozen	$6.60 for $9.00 grade
40 dozen	25x52 in.—weight 11 lbs. to dozen	$9 for $12.00 grade
150 dozen	24x46 in.—weight 7½ lbs. to dozen	$8 for $10.20 grade

Fine Weave—Colored Borders

SPECIAL

Imported Turkish Bath Sheets

All white—Size 48 x 80 inches at $4.50 each
All white—Size 56 x 82 inches at $5.00 each
All white—Size 66 x 84 inches at $7.50 each
Colored—Size 67 x 79 inches at $6.00 each
Colored—Size 67 x 99 inches at $7.50 each

First Floor, Old Building

The Women's Sports Shop Features

A Very Smart Knitted Frock

of chiffon alpaca

$25

Very smart! We repeat again. Chiefly because of its extreme simplicity. One piece, of course, with its new collar which one sees on many *chic* French sports clothes this season, and the very short sleeves bound with fiber silk.

White	*Lanvin Green*
Tan	*French Blue*
Black	*Gray*
Corn Color	*Navy Blue*

A perfect frock for the country club, the beach, and for town, too!

First Floor, Old Building

---

60 Misses' Silk Suits, Coats and Capes

Now $39.50

Formerly $59.50 to $79.50

Distinctive fashions, fine fabrics, excellent workmanship.

Two-piece suits, pleated or plain skirts.
Pleated capes with fur collars.
Smart coats, embroidered or braided.
Navy blue, black, beige, gray.
Sizes 14 to 20.

Second Floor, Old Building

Women's SILK STOCKINGS

At Prices Amazingly Low

All are "seconds and irregulars"—by a manufacturer whose well-known slogan is "100 per cent. plus." This high standard requires him to classify as "seconds" stockings which a less scrupulous maker might easily pass as "firsts." Sizes 8½ to 10 in the lot, but not in each kind.

Clocked Silk Stockings, $1.65

Seconds and irregulars of the $2.85 and $3 grades

600 pairs—full-fashioned, of pure silk with openwork side clocks; in black, white and a myriad of lovely shades; the soft browns, taupes and grays for street wear; delicate pastel shades for wear with summer frocks; beautiful brilliant shades for evening wear. Mercerized cotton tops and soles.

Plain Pure Silk Stockings, $1.15

Seconds and irregulars of our $2 grade

1,200 pairs, full-fashioned, in black and many good shades for street and evening wear. Mercerized cotton tops and soles.

Main Aisle, Old Building

Another Pair of Shoes on a 16,000 Mile Cruise

The Anatomik

JOHN WANAMAKER,
New York:

About two weeks ago the feature of your advertisement in THE TRIBUNE was an unusual pair of low shoes that had been on a trip around the Mediterranean.

I believe that I am the possessor of a pair of high shoes that surpass those pictured in your advertisement.

In addition to black dress oxfords, I took with me on a Mediterranean cruise one pair of dark brown Anatomik shoes. I wore them when I embarked February 2nd and continuously until I reached New York (via Quebec) over four months later, when they were about as good as new.

Tramp! Tramp! Tramp!

Besides the places mentioned in your "ad" (visited by the low shoes) my high shoes tramped the streets of all the principal Italian cities,—climbed over the Grindelwald Glacier on the slope of the Wetterhorn,—walked from end to end of Berlin's grandest thoroughfare, the Unter den Linden,—trod the floors of the Imperial palaces at Potsdam,—traversed the Dutch fishing villages around the Zuider Zee; in Belgium, the battlefield of Waterloo and Flanders Field; in France, Rheims and the battlefields along the Hindenburg Line (Craonne, Berry au Bac, etc.). They also climbed over and through all the principal forts of Verdun.

In England they trod the streets of London, Windsor, Oxford, Cambridge, Stratford, Chester, the English Lake district, Carlisle, Newcastle, Durham, York, Lincoln, Peterborough and Ely. In Scotland: Burns' birthplace at Ayr, Glasgow, Callander, Stirling, Edinburgh, Aberdeen, Lochs Lomond and Katrine and the Trossachs.

A single pair of Anatomik shoes did all this walking, not a cent was spent for repairs, and they are still in good shape—simply needing new soles. They felt well, they looked well and they wore well—a pair for 16,000 miles.

Yours very truly,

* * *

P. S. Those shoes have been in so many sacred places that some owners might want to sell them to a museum. I forgot to mention that I wore them when I had an audience with the Pope in Rome.

Anatomik Shoes are sold in New York exclusively at Wanamaker's—in addition to being good-wearing shoes, they are most comfortable because built on scientific lines.

Reed and Willow Summer Furniture at One-third Less

A Purchase of $8,620 to go for $5,746

—each piece at exactly a third under current prices

This is the popular reed and willow furniture now so much in demand, splendidly made, and fresh from one of our regular manufacturers who sold us his surplus. The variety includes all his new patterns of the season.

Settees	*Chairs*	*Tables*	*Lamps*
Fern Stands	*Muffin Stands*		*Tabourettes*
Breakfast Sets	*A few Rockers and Day Beds*		

There are three different stain finishes. The settees, chairs and rockers are fitted some with cushion seats, others with cushion seats and backs.

The low prices should sell it all in a day!

$39 for $59 Settees.
$47 for $71 Settees.
$56 for $84 Settees.

* * *

$15.50 for $23.50 Chairs.
$17 for $26 Chairs.
$20 for $30 Chairs.
$22.50 for $34.50 Chairs.
$25 for $38 Chairs.
$28.50 for $43 Chairs.

* * *

$10.25 for $15.50 Tables.
$11.25 for $17 Tables.
$15 for $23 Tables.
$19.50 for $29.50 Tables.
$26 for $39.50 Tables.

* * *

$5.50 for $8.25 Tabourettes.
$8.50 for $13 Tabourettes.

* * *

$20.50 for $31 Lamps.
$32.50 for $49 Lamps.
$14.25 for $21.50 Fern Stands.

Fifth Gallery, New Building

$6.50 Silk Pillows, $2.95

Only 100, specially purchased from an importer who made them to our order after his most successful models, of the short lengths of the very fine materials that are used only in his more expensive pillows. Colors are exquisite!

Art Needlework Store, First Floor, Old Building

Costume Slips on the Main Aisle

Of Sateen, $1.95, $2.95
Of Batiste, $1.50, $2.95

Even now many women are just learning the vast comfort and convenience of substituting this delightful one-piece garment—so much in vogue—for the camisole and petticoat.

Of sateen—in white and flesh color, plain, tailored models.

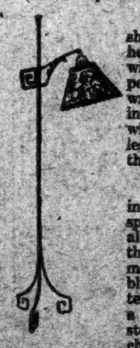
Of batiste—in white only. A variety of models—tailored and quite plain—tucks combined now with filet lace, now with embroidery—and still daintier models combining lace and net.

Each has fullness over the hips. Each has the twenty-inch shadow-proof hem indispensable to the perfect costume slip.

Main Aisle, Old Building
Third Floor, Old Building

A New Bridge Lamp, $6

designed to harmonize with painted furniture



Enameled in bright shades—a good, heavy enamel, which will not chip and peel off—are these wrought iron lamps in a lovely design with the acanthus leaf curling up over the arm.

A touch of gold, in just the right spots, brings out all the charm of the bright enamel, maroon red, dark blue, Chinese pottery blue, mauve, a bright, cool green, stone gray and orchid.

Glazed Chintz Shades, $5

Accordion pleated, in lovely colorings to go with the lamps.

Parchment Paper Shades, $2

New and very lovely designs in harmonizing tones.

Second Gallery, New Building

Boys' $3.95 Bathing Suits, $2.75

All-wool worsted suits for boys of 10 to 18 years. Full-cut and correctly sized. In heathers, brown, navy blue—many with contrasting stripes.

Boys' $3 and $4 Wash Suits, $2.35

Oliver Twist or middy styles for boys of 3 to 10 years. Light weight cotton, pongee, galatea, Palmer cloth, regatta cloth, fine chambray—a wide range of materials from which to choose. Well-made, too, because made by one of the country's best manufacturers of boys' clothing. And priced very low!

Third Floor, Old Building

WANAMAKER SHOPS FOR MEN

The Broadway Store Announces An Old-fashioned Clearaway

367 SUITS for MEN

134 --- $19.50 to $27.50 grades... **$16.50**

233---$29.50 and $35 grades..... **$22.50**

If you are lucky enough to find your size in the pattern that you desire, you will save a good many dollars.

The 367 suits in the sale represent the odds and ends of a season's selling. Sizes are broken, and the pattern range, while large, is not complete. But there are all sizes in the group.

FABRIC QUALITY—the watchword of the Broadway Store—is emphasized in these suits.

Remember—the earlier you get here Tuesday morning, the better your chance of finding the model and pattern that you want.

Broadway, cor. Eighth

SPECIALIZED SERVICE—STREET FLOOR

THE DOWNSTAIRS STORE

Lower Prices for Standard Qualities

Summer Dresses—*Silk*—$15.75

Less than their recent Wholesale Prices

"Best value that I've seen in years," said a man who knows women's clothing. And our critics are enthusiastic in their praise.

Small wonder! For in this collection of 500 dresses (300 are in women's sizes and 200 for Miss 14 to 20) there are many that have sold at double and more.

Printed Roshanara	*Georgette crepe*	*Beaded Tricolette*
Embroidered Tricolette	*Printed crepe de chine*	*Novelty Silk*

There are one-piece dresses with separate coats; there are hip-length jacquettes and jacquettes that tie at the side; each with tucked skirts; there are straight line dresses and dresses whose soft lines are broken by a belt that ties at the side; there are dresses for afternoon wear, for sports wear, for street wear

All of the Summery Shades

All of the soft colors of Summer are represented here — soft greens and browns, gay reds and yellows, tans and grays in profusion. And there are plenty of the wanted blacks and a goodly number of white, both plain and in combination with other colors.

Plenty of Sizes, Too

Miss 14 to 20 will find here plenty of her size, while women who wear sizes 36 to 44 will find their sizes here—and will find all of them full cut and correctly proportioned.

An Opportunity Like This

will not come soon again. If you are wise, you will be here early in the morning, for these dresses should go out in twos and threes. **Downstairs Store, Old Bldg.**

Culver Plan

"Truth is always the strongest argument."—Sophocles

All our transactions are an open book to the buyer of an apartment home in a Culver Plan Building.

"Culver for Coöperation."

Descriptive Booklet A on Request

JOINT-OWNERSHIP CONSTRUCTION CO. Incorporated

FREDERIC CULVER, President
342 Madison Ave., New York
Telephone MURRAY HILL 9190

The Shops of Original Models

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE

$59.50

Le Long's latest—a new Afternoon or Dinner Dress for now and Early Autumn Wear—of Crepe Satin or Crepe Roma.

Linen Crash Knickers $3.49

Lowest Confirmed Price

A remarkable price for these high grade, roomy knickers. They launder splendidly. Sizes 30 to 44. Second Floor.

Store hours 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

Known for Our Low Prices

Bloomingdale's

59th to 60th—Lex. to 3rd Ave.

After hours, tell it to THE DICTAPHONE

it will be on your desk in the morning!

Our New Address

154 Nassau Street

Rector 8510

Service—Sales—Employment

HUGHES EXPLAINS STAND OF THE 31

Didn't Become Guarantors in Asking League Adherents to Vote for Harding, He Writes.

REFERS TO THE 'IMPOSSIBLE'

University Presidents Faunce and Hopkins Give Their Views in Letters to Lionel Golub.

The thirty-one Republicans who issued a statement in the Harding campaign urging Republicans to vote for Mr. Harding as the best way of assuring participation by the United States in the League of Nations, "did not undertake to accomplish what would be found to be impossible," according to Secretary of State Charles E. Hughes in a letter to Lionel Golub, President of the Woodrow Wilson Club of New York City.

The letter, with others from President W. H. P. Faunce of Brown University, and President Ernest M. Hopkins of Dartmouth College, was made public yesterday by Mr. Golub. He received the letters in answer to inquiries made of the thirty living signers of the document asking just what they were doing to have the Administration fulfill its promises as they understood them.

Mr. Golub in April asked President Harding why he had not kept faith with the thirty-one, and the President replied that he had outlined his views in his speeches, and if others made a different interpretation that "was, of course, entirely their affair." In the letters to the signers Mr. Golub said that Mr. Harding's declarations during the campaign justified their pronouncement.

Mr. Hughes's Letter.

Mr. Hughes's letter to Mr. Golub was as follows:

THE SECRETARY OF STATE.
WASHINGTON, June 26, 1923.

Mr. Dear Mr. Golub: Your letter of the 22d instant has been received.

Your questions, in substance, have already been answered by me in correspondence which has been published. The statement to which you refer expressed, of course, the point of view entertained by the signers, but they did not assume the obligation of guarantors or undertake to accomplish what would be found to be impossible. The Administration was required to deal with the situation as it found it. I may add that the Administration has sought in every practicable way to promote the cause of peace and especially to further international coöperation whenever there was a sound basis for action to this end, consistent with our constitutional system.

I am, very sincerely yours,
(Signed) CHARLES E. HUGHES.

Mr. Lionel Golub, President, Woodrow Wilson Club of New York City, 260 Hewes Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

To which Mr. Golub replied:

260 Hewes St., Brooklyn, N. Y.,
June 28, 1923.

Hon. Charles E. Hughes, Department of State, Washington, D. C.

My dear Secretary Hughes:

Permit me to express my appreciation for your letter of the 26th inst.

The substance of your courteous answer is to be found in the statement that "the Administration was required to deal with the situation as it found it." You voiced a similar sentiment in your correspondence with Dr. Hamilton Holt, and as a result it. I trust that you will pardon further inquiry on my part, but I am seeking enlightenment and am frank to confess that that statement does not furnish it.

In October, 1920, the manifesto of the Thirty-one made its appearance. You were one of the signers. It was issued, presumably, with a full knowledge of the facts of our international relationships by men who were students of our history. The present Administration came into power on March 4, 1921, and it is this time that you have in mind when you declare that "the Administration was required to deal with the situation as it found it."

The question naturally forms itself in my mind, what happened between October, 1920, and March, 1921, as to create, if such be the fact, a new situation which the Administration had to meet which was not obvious when the manifesto was issued? Or, did the Administration in power discover in the files of the State Department documents which necessitated another outlook? If so, and it is consistent with public policy, what are those documents?

Sincerely yours,
LIONEL GOLUB,
President of the Woodrow Wilson Club of New York University.

Mr. Hughes's secretary replied as follows:

The Secretary of State.
Washington, June 30, 1923.

Dear Sir:

Your letter of June twenty-eighth, addressed to Mr. Hughes, has been received. He directs me to say that he sees no reason to believe that it will be a sufficient answer to your former letter and must ask to be excused from writing again, as it does not appear that further correspondence on the subject would serve any useful purpose. Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM H. BECK,
Private Secretary.

Mr. Lionel Golub, President, Woodrow Wilson Club of New York, 260 Hewes Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Used Every Effort for League.

President Faunce, one of the thirty-one, in his letter said:

President's Office, Brown University,
Providence, Rhode Island,
June 25, 1923.

Mr. Lionel Golub, 260 Hewes Street, Brooklyn, New York.

My dear Sir:—Your letter opens a very large subject and I am sorry that I have no time to discuss it at length. I can answer your fourth inquiry, and in so doing have answered, I think, all the others. I can say that I will exert and have exerted every effort to have this country enter the League of Nations, and I have brought all the pressure I could bring to bear upon the present Administration for this end.

Sincerely yours,
W. H. P. FAUNCE.

Confidence in the Administration's international policy was expressed by President Hopkins, another of the signers, who wrote:

DARTMOUTH COLLEGE,
Hanover, N. H.,
Offices of Administration.
THE PRESIDENT. June 25, 1923.

Dear Mr. Golub:

Please allow me to acknowledge your letter of June 22, together with the correspondence accompanying your own letter.

I will say in reply simply that I was and am interested in the League of Nations as a means to an end, and that if the end is being sought and striven for in good faith in other ways I am perfectly willing to wait and to see what may be the result regardless of any preconceived notion of mine in regard to the method.

This is a case in which I believe that the spirit is far more important than the letter, and while I still believe that the League is desirable, and am personally a member of various organizations working to establish this point of view, nevertheless I am not willing to criticise the convictions or motives of others who are convinced that other measures are better adapted for establishing the right basis for international relations.

Specifically I believe that the attitude of the Administration on the whole subject of international relations as expressed through its spokesmen is such as to demand confidence, and I am, therefore, unwilling to enter any argument as to the details of method by which men better informed than I shall work.

I am
Yours very truly,
(Signed) ERNEST M. HOPKINS.

Mr. Lionel Golub, 260 Hewes Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"President Faunce of Brown and President Hopkins of Dartmouth are rather frank in their answers," said Mr. Golub. "Interest naturally centres, however, in Secretary Hughes's reply. Mr. Hughes's letter is illuminating more for what it leaves unsaid than for what it actually says. It fails to explain. It is difficult to understand the assertion that 'the Administration was required to deal with the situation as it found it.' Mr. Hughes declined to answer my inquiry as to what the situation was in March, 1921, when the present Administration came into office, which the signers of the manifesto did not have before them, or could not have foreseen, in October, 1920.

"Mr. Hughes denies that the Thirty-one assumed 'the obligation of guarantors.' Just what the Thirty-one did intend by, or what was the nature of their responsibility for their representation and appeal remain unexplained in Mr. Hughes's reply."

LEAGUE STARTS INQUIRY INTO WHITE SLAVERY

Dr. Flexner Heads the Committee of Experts Which Will Study Methods of Traffic.

GENEVA, July 9 (Associated Press).—The police departments of the world centres, particularly New York, London and Paris, are being asked to co-operate systematically with the League of Nations, which has decided to form a committee of experts, headed by Dr. Abraham Flexner of the Rockefeller Foundation, New York, to inquire into the scope and methods of international white slave traffic.

The League has set itself the task of stopping organised trafficking in girls and women. Recently a man was arrested in Holland on the charge of sending twelve young women to South America. The League is determined to lay bare the ramifications of the system, and the committee of experts will make a thorough investigation of the whole subject.

Incidentally it is believed the invitation will afford an opportunity for closer co-ordination of the efforts of the police systems of the world in the detection and prevention of crime. It is through an American, Miss Grace Abbott of Washington, that the league owes its inspiration to carry on this investigation dedicated to the sanctity of womanhood. Private American agencies will provide the special funds necessary for the proposed inquiry.

JUSSERAND DENIES FRENCH MILITARISM

Praises Cultural Relations Between America and France Since Early Days.

SPEAKS AT COLUMBIA

Attends Opening of Course on Civilization in France at the University.

The cultural as well as political relations between France and America since the days of the Revolution were reviewed yesterday by the French Ambassador, Jules J. Jusserand, at the opening of the General Course on French Civilization at the Summer session of Columbia University yesterday. Ambassador Jusserand denied that France had militaristic ambitions, reminding his hearers that France is spending only half as much on her army and navy as the United States.

The controversy over propaganda in the history books was touched upon humorously by M. Jusserand, who said that England had taught Americans in the days before the Revolution to look upon Frenchmen as men who frizzed their hair and painted their cheeks, so that they were rather surprised when they found that the French who helped at Yorktown were real soldiers. Verdun and other battles of the last war ended this conception of the French, and also showed that, in addition to their accepted qualities of brilliant attack, they possessed patience and long courage, he declared.

Germany had done much to misrepresent France, he continued, even the professors of Germany forgetting the truth at the command of their sovereign. He said the paper signed by the ninety-three professors at the beginning of the war justifying the attack on France was "monstrous," and that there was not an American professor who would not have cut off his hand before signing it. Before the war the Germans claimed that their alone could teach science, but the truth was that before the war there were many more German students in Paris than American. Now the American students predominate.

The opening of the course at Columbia yesterday was a continuation of the intellectual relations between France and America, he said, that began at Yorktown. Professors of the College of William and Mary addressed a letter to Rochambeau, the French Commander, commending members of his staff for their contributions to education while in this country. One of the French officers made a translation of Shakespeare. When Rochambeau went back to France 200 French books were sent to the college, all but two of which have been destroyed by fire.

Rochambeau also sent a collection of French books to George Washington, but they were intercepted by a British cruiser. They are now at Mount Vernon. Rochambeau learned English while in America, but sometimes made distressing mistakes, said Ambassador Jusserand. In writing to Washington telling him of the marriage of Count de Grasse, he said that de Grasse had "married a woman of very bad character." He meant to say "bad temper." Washington replied sympathetically, regretting that his friend had married beneath him.

The charge made by the Germans before the war that the French were impatient and careless in their scientific work was sufficiently repudiated by the accomplishments of Pasteur and other scientists, he said.

Professor John J. Coss, director of the Summer session, who presided, declared that the Columbia gathering was unique in the history of education, for it meant that part of a university of one country had been transported to the university of another country. He welcomed the French scholars as heralds of a growing spirit of friendliness between the two countries.

Other speakers were Professor Emile Bourgeois, Secretary of the Peace Conference and a member of the Faculty of the University of Paris, and Professor Joseph Bedier of the College of France. With other French educators they will teach in the Columbia Summer session.

More than 11,000 students have registered for this Summer session. There is a notable increase in the number of students enrolled in the courses in modern languages. Today will be Italy's day at Columbia. At 5 P. M., in Earl Hall, there will be a reception for Giuseppe Prezzolini, Italian author and editor, who will be one of the instructors at the session.

Dies in Fall Down Elevator Shaft.

Stepping through the open door of an elevator shaft at 41 West Seventeenth Street, Samuel Keplen, 35, a hat salesman of 156 South Fourth Street, Brooklyn, fell three floors and was instantly killed yesterday. Kaplen had been in the office of a hat manufacturing company in the building.

PREDICTS LONGER LIFE FROM HEALTH CAMPAIGN

Public Health Service Endorses Council's Project for People to Take Physicians' Test.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The average life of Americans should be considerably lengthened by the National Health Examination Campaign to be conducted under the auspices of the National Health Council during the next twelve months, in the opinion of officers of the Public Health Service, who tonight issued an official endorsement of the project.

The Health Council is a combination of thirteen leading medical and public health organizations. It has decided that during the next twelve months it will try to persuade every person in the United States to have his physical condition examined by a reputable physician.

"This national health examination campaign will unquestionably markedly lengthen the average human life," says the official announcement from the Public Health Service tonight. "Its span in the United States was lengthened from 41 to 56 during fifty years that elapsed between 1870 to 1920; and it will be lengthened during the next fifty years by at least twenty years more, according to the American Public Health Association, which certainly ought to know what it is saying. This means that fifty years from now the average man will live to be 76 instead of 56, as at present; and that he will feel spry enough to enjoy life at 76—and for a good deal longer.

"It is not so difficult as it may seem to predict how long a man will retain his health or will live. His expectation of life' is particularly easy to estimate. Subtract his age from eighty, and if his health is good he will probably live for more than two-thirds of the difference."

After enumerating some causes of illness, the statement continues:

"All these things can be and will be investigated under the council's plan by a reputable physician—by each person's family doctor, if he likes. The council hopes that at least 10,000,000 persons, say 30,000 a day, will have themselves examined during the next twelve months. It is for this reason that to make it easier the council suggests that every one should be examined on his own birthday—even those born in Feb. 29, for 1924 is leap year."

SEVEN TALK AT ONCE ON 'ONE-PAIR' CABLE

Santa Catalina Islanders Benefit by First Device of Its Kind Ever Laid.

AVALON, Santa Catalina Island, July 9 (Associated Press).—Making seven conversations flow where but one flowed before is the engineering achievement credited to telephone engineers who have just finished what is said to be the world's first laying one-pair submarine telephone cable between this island off the Southern California coast and the mainland, twenty-five miles away.

Before the introduction of radio telephony island dwellers here had to depend on the mails for communication. With the wireless came relief of a sort, for with the radio "talk bridge" linking the island telephone line with the vast network of wires covering the mainland one could carry on a conversation with any point in the United States.

Only one conversation could be carried on at a time by this method, however, and the conversation usually found its way into thousands of amateur radio sets as well as the telephone company's receiving device, thus losing all vestige of privacy. The last-mentioned difficulty was overcome recently by means of a word-scrambling device, which made island telephone conversations unintelligible to "outside" receiving sets.

Now that the one-pair cable is in place, however, as many as seven conversations can be carried on simultaneously between Avalon and the mainland. The interesting feature of the one-pair cable is that the seven conversations flow simultaneously over a single strand of copper wire in the centre of the cable, a system of carrier-current frequencies similar to that used in radio telephony making this possible.

GERMANY'S HOMING BEES

Swarm Back to Fatherland in Defiance of the Treaty of Versailles.

BERLIN, July 9.—German bees won't stay in France. French apiarists are complaining through the French newspapers that swarms delivered to them by the Germans under the Treaty of Versailles are rapidly flying back across the Rhine.

Commenting on the French complaint, the Berlin Zwoelfuhrblatt says: "Undoubtedly these homing swarms of bees are acting on orders from Berlin."

Zonite!

The Greatest of all Antiseptics

What It Is

ZONITE is a concentrated, stabilized and perfected form of the Carrel-Dakin Solution. The Carrel-Dakin Solution is an antiseptic developed during the World War by two eminent scientists. War hospital records show that it reduced amputations and deaths from infection over seventy per cent and saved the lives of hundreds of thousands of desperately wounded men. It has been adopted and is in daily use by the medical profession and in hospitals throughout the civilized world.

By standard laboratory tests Zonite has greater germicidal strength than pure carbolic acid. It has about seventy-five times the germicidal strength of peroxide of hydrogen and forty times the germicidal strength of any solution of carbolic acid, iodine, bichloride of mercury, etc., that can be applied with safety to the human body.

In addition to its high germicidal efficiency, Zonite is non-poisonous, non-irritating, non-caustic and healing. It can be used freely and frequently on the delicate membranes and tissues of the human body without harm.

What It Does

For Preventing Contagious Diseases

Until the discovery of this form of antiseptic, it was impossible to introduce freely into the mouth and nose any antiseptic solution at sufficient strength to destroy disease germs effectively. It is in the prevention of germ diseases, therefore, that Zonite finds one of its greatest fields of usefulness. During epidemics of colds, grippe, scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles, whooping cough, sore throat and other respiratory diseases, when every sneeze and draft scatters millions of germs, Zonite should be used frequently as a throat spray and nasal douche.

For Cuts and Wounds

Zonite should be promptly applied to a fresh cut or wound to destroy the germs which cause blood poisoning and other similar forms of infection. In addition to acting as a disinfectant, it will shorten the process of healing and greatly reduce the usual pain and inflammation.

As a Mouth Wash

A solution of one teaspoonful Zonite added to one-quarter glass of water used night and morning as a mouth wash will destroy breath odors and act as an excellent preventive against pyorrhea. Dental authorities have stated that the daily use of Zonite in this manner, together with regular dental inspection, reduces the likelihood of contracting this disease to a minimum.

Sore Throat

Nearly all the ailments of the throat are due to bacterial infection. Prompt relief, therefore, can not be obtained without the use of an effective germicide. One part Zonite to five parts water as a gargle or throat spray usually clears up and controls throat infections. In severe cases, especially when ulcerations are present, the throat should be swabbed with pure Zonite and your physician called. Begin treatment promptly when symptoms first appear.

For Burns, Scalds and Blisters

Zonite is especially valuable in the treatment of burns, scalds and blisters. It prevents infection, aids in removing charred or dead tissue, helps to reduce inflammation, and accelerates healing. It also lessens scars and disfigurations that are apt to follow wounds of this character.

For Personal Hygiene

Zonite is the ideal antiseptic for personal hygiene. Poisonous caustic compounds, such as bichloride of mercury, phenol and cresol solutions, etc., are tremendously harmful when used regularly for douche medication. Any physician will verify this statement. Write for the Zonite booklet on personal hygiene for women.

For Dandruff

Dandruff (seborrhea sicca) and many other scalp irritations are due to bacterial infection. Zonite has proved remarkably effective in removing these annoying conditions. It kills the micro-organisms, dissolves and removes the scaling incrustations and exercises a stimulating and tonic effect on the scalp tissues and hair follicles.

For Catarrh

Zonite affords a most efficient local treatment for this condition. Used as a nasal spray it quickly loosens the hardened incrustations of mucous matter, clears up the nasal passages and soothes and heals congested membranes. Note—Atomizer fittings in which Zonite is used must be of hard rubber.

Rash, Skin Eruptions

There are numerous kinds of skin eruptions. Many of these yield readily to the application of Zonite. A few trials will demonstrate whether or not the antiseptic will be of service. Chronic skin troubles and skin troubles induced by system disorders should receive the attention of a physician.

For Old Sores

Zonite is remarkably effective in healing old sores and slow healing wounds. Used in a strong solution it will aid in dissolving dead tissue and removing proud flesh. By killing the germs, it stops the discharge of pus, rendering the sore clean and healthy. A milder solution used daily will aid in rapid healing.

Poison Ivy

In cases of poison ivy and similar plant poisoning, Zonite is perhaps the most effective remedial agent known to materia medica. It acts with extraordinary promptness in cleaning up the inflammation and restoring the skin to a normal condition.

For Insect Bites

As a relief from bee stings, mosquito bites, chiggers and many other insect bites, Zonite is particularly effective. If promptly used, the antiseptic will lessen the pain and reduce swelling and irritation.

Bad Breath (halitosis)

Breath odors are usually caused by a bacteriological condition of the mouth. Zonite is the one form of antiseptic with real germicidal power that can be used freely in the mouth. Its effect is far more thorough and far more lasting than pleasant tasting mouth washes heretofore used for this purpose.

For Body Odors

Objectionable body odors are caused by a germ (bacterium foetidum) which infects the sweat glands of the arm-pits, feet, etc. A scientific body deodorant must not only dispel the odor but destroy the germs which cause it. Deodorants which merely replace one odor with another or clog the pores are harmful and inefficient. Zonite kills the germs, destroys body odors promptly and effectively and leaves no odor of its own.

Rids the Home of Deadly Poisons

It is no longer necessary to keep the skull and crossbones type of antiseptic in the home. Zonite, while highly germicidal, can cause no fatal accident. It also supplants pleasant tasting mouth washes and gargles, heretofore in general use, that according to government reports, have no detectable germicidal power.

Zonite is a clear, colorless liquid that does not stain and leaves no odor. It is the last word of science on the subject of antiseptics. Ask your druggist for the Zonite "Handbook on Antisepsis," which describes fully the protection which the antiseptic brings to the home.

ZONITE PRODUCTS CO., 342 Madison Ave., New York City

Copyright Zonite Products Co.

$1,000,000,000 GAIN IN 1923 CROP VALUE

Continued From Page One, Column One.

pared with a year ago and the ten year average:

Crop.	10-Yr. Av.	1922.	1923.
Winter wheat	81.4	77.0	76.8
Spring wheat	85.1	83.7	83.4
All wheat	82.6	78.9	78.2
Corn	85.2	85.1	84.9
Oats	84.0	74.4	83.5
Barley	86.0	82.6	86.1
Rye	86.7	86.0	75.0
White potatoes	87.4	87.3	86.4
Sweet potatoes	86.2	88.2	82.6
Tobacco	81.5	82.4	82.5
Flaxseed	84.8	87.6	85.0
Rice	89.0	88.6	86.4
Hay	85.8	88.7	81.1
Cotton	70.2	71.2	68.0
Apples	80.6	66.8	67.0
Peaches	86.3	74.3	63.8

Great Corn Yields Indicated.

The crops in which there appears to be increased value over last year, when considered in the light of the July 1 forecast and farm prices on that date, are corn, barley, flaxseed and cotton.

Unless weather conditions interfere seriously the corn crop will be one of the greatest in the history of the country, though not a record-breaker, according to the official forecast. The forecast of 2,877,000,000 bushels of corn for 1923 is slightly smaller than the 1922 production of 2,801,000,000 bushels. Corn conditions on July 1 cannot be compared with those of June 1 because the growing season was then hardly under way. The month of July is what really counts in that crop and if there is good weather this month it will stand up to the forecast.

The crop board estimates that the farm price of corn on July 1, 1923, was 56.9 a bushel. On July 1, 1922, the farm price was only 62.2 cents a bushel. The acreage of 103,112,000 in corn on July 1 was 100.7 per cent. of the 1922 acreage. Today's forecast is based on a yield of 27 bushels an acre, compared with 28 bushels in 1922, and an average of 26 bushels during the 1917-1921 period.

Iowa continues to be the banner corn State. The official forecast is that Iowa will produce 413,752,000 bushels in 1923, while Illinois will stand second with 317,164,000 and Nebraska third with 293,810,000.

Each of the other big corn States, Ohio, Indiana, Minnesota, South Dakota and Kansas, will raise more than 100,000,000 bushels of corn in 1923, according to the forecast. Kansas has 15 per cent. more land growing corn than in 1922, and will raise 105,769,000 bushels, according to the forecast, compared with a five-year average of 91,129,000 bushels.

The Crop Board estimates that the wheat remaining on farms July 1, 1923, was 4.1 per cent. of last year's crop, or about 85,634,000 bushels, as compared with 32,350,000 on July 1, 1922, and 29,838,000, the average of stocks on July 1 for the five years 1917-1921. The board within a few days will announce its estimate of the 1922 wheat in mills and elevators on July 1 of this year.

An interesting aspect of the wheat situation is found in the department's statement of the prices of Spring wheat in the big States which produce it. The average farm price for Spring wheat July 1, 1923, for the United States is given as 83.4 cents a bushel, compared with an average price of 90.2 cents on June 1, 1923. But in the five big Spring wheat States the farm price of such wheat is now much lower than a year ago. In Minnesota on July 1, 1923, it was 95 cents, compared with $1.20 July 1, 1922; in North Dakota it was 86 cents July 1, compared with $1.07 last year; in South Dakota 83 cents, compared with $1.09 last year; in Montana 68 cents, compared with $1.15 last year, and in Washington 90 cents compared with $1.04 last year.

Compared With Former Figures.

Condition, acreage and indicated yield for the Spring wheat crop compare as follows with the estimates of the preceding month and of the corresponding date last year:

	July 1, 1923	June 1, 1923	July 1, 1922
Condition	83.4	90.2	85.7
Acreage	18,508,000	18,508,000	18,629,000
Crop, bu.	235,000,000	256,000,000	248,000,000

In the following table comparisons for a longer series of years are given, the figures of acreage and yield for years prior to 1923 being those of the actual harvest:

Year.	Condition.	Acreage.	Crop, Bu.
1923	83.4	18,508,000	235,000,000
1922	85.7	18,169,000	270,007,000
1921	80.8	19,705,000	214,269,000
1920	84.0	19,419,000	223,430,000
1919	80.2	22,737,000	259,132,000
1918	80.1	22,406,000	254,239,000
1917	82.6	17,852,000	223,754,000
1916	86.0	17,956,000	163,785,000
1915	87.8	18,946,000	241,854,000
1914	92.1	17,582,000	204,057,000
1913	73.8	18,486,000	229,810,000
1912	80.2	19,243,000	230,348,000

Spring wheat condition estimates by months for a series of years have been:

Year.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.
1923	90.2	83.4		
1922	90.7	85.7	80.4	80.1
1921	93.4	80.8	86.6	82.5
1920	89.1	84.0	73.4	64.1
1919	91.2	80.2	83.0	86.2
1918	95.2	80.1	79.6	83.1
1917	91.6	82.6	82.7	71.2

Spring wheat condition by States on July 1 of successive years is given by the department as follows:

	1923.	1922.	1921	1920
Minnesota	83	94	83	91
North Dakota	71	86	83	86
South Dakota	88	85	68	88
Montana	83	82	80	83
Washington	101	93	80	79

Winter Wheat Estimate.

The Government's estimate of condition, acreage and indicated yield for Winter wheat compares as follows with the similar estimates of one month ago and one year ago:

	July 1, '23.	June 1, '23.	July 1, '22.
Condition	76.8	76.9	77.0
Acreage	29,750,000	29,750,000	28,181,000
Indicated yield, crop bushel	580,000,000	581,000,000	569,000,000

In the following table the July condition estimate is compared with that of the same month in a series of years, the acreage and yield estimates of the present year being compared with actual harvest figures in previous years:

Year.	Condition.	Acreage.	Crop, bushel.
1923	76.8	29,750,000	580,000,000
1922	77.0	42,371,000	800,000,000
1921	77.2	43,702,000	820,316,000
1920	79.7	37,773,000	610,307,000
1919	82.0	38,265,000	760,671,000
1918	76.9	38,704,000	568,096,000
1917	75.0	47,490,000	412,901,000
1916	76.7	34,525,000	480,553,000
1915	84.4	39,265,000	674,047,000
1914	84.1	50,098,000	894,800,000
1913	67.6	51,000,000	628,981,000
1912	73.3	26,571,000	399,919,000

Winter wheat condition estimates by months for a series of years have been:

Year.	April.	May.	June.	July.
1923	75.2	80.1	76.3	76.8
1922	72.4	83.5	81.9	77.0
1921	91.0	86.8	79.9	77.2
1920	75.6	78.1	77.2	79.7
1919	90.8	100.5	94.0	80.0
1918	78.6	86.6	83.3	76.9
1917	85.4	78.3	70.9	75.9

Condition of Winter wheat in the principal surplus States compares as follows at different dates:

State.	July 1, 1923.	June 1, 1923.	July 1, 1922.	July 1, 1921.
Ohio	76	77	85	75
Penn.	83	83	92	85
Indiana	84	90	88	79
Illinois	90	93	93	82
Missouri	91	92	79	89
Nebraska	77	68	71	76
Kansas	81	75	72	70
Oklahoma	72	72	63	75
Wash.	98	99	97	88

Adding together the estimates on Spring and Winter wheat, the total acreage and indicated yield of wheat compare as follows with the July estimates of one and two years ago:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
Acreage	48,258,000	46,770,000	56,744,000
Crop, bush.	821,000,000	817,000,000	809,000,000

The current estimate on acreage and yield for the total wheat crop of 1923 compares as follows with the actual harvest figures in a series of preceding years:

Year	Acreage.	Crop.
1923	58,258,000	821,000,000
1922	61,540,000	854,211,000
1921	62,406,000	814,585,000
1920	57,192,000	636,737,000
1919	76,343,000	943,370,000
1918	60,110,000	821,335,000
1917	69,341,000	636,655,000
1916	52,788,000	636,338,000
1915	58,696,000	1,028,901,000
1914	63,541,000	891,717,000
1913	60,194,000	735,791,000
1912	49,414,000	730,267,000

The Oats Crop.

Condition, acreage and indicated yield for the oats crop, as estimated yesterday by the Government, compares as follows with the estimates of the preceding month and of the same month last year:

	July 1, 1923	June 1, 1923	July 1, 1922
Condition	83.9	83.6	74.4
Acreage	40,765,000	40,765,000	41,833,000
Indicated yield (bu.)	1,284,000,000	1,256,000,000	1,187,000,000

In the following table, comparisons for a longer series of years are given, the figures of acreage and yield for the years prior to 1923 being those of the actual harvest:

Year.	Condition.	Acreage.	Crop.
1923	83.5	40,765,000	
1922	74.4	40,032,000	1,212,320,000
1921	77.9	44,493,000	1,065,727,000
1920	84.7	41,440,000	1,553,281,000
1919	87.0	40,288,000	1,194,272,000
1918	85.5	44,940,000	1,587,194,000
1917	80.4	46,583,000	1,092,728,000
1916	86.6	41,567,000	1,251,857,000

Estimates for Corn Compared.

Condition, acreage and indicated yield for corn, as estimated yesterday by the Government in its report on that crop for the season of 1923 compare as follows with the estimates of July 1 one and two years ago:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
Condition	84.9	85.1	81.1
Acreage	103,112,000	102,324,000	102,801,000
Indicated yield, bushels	2,877,000,000	2,800,000,000	2,128,000,000

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Women's High Class Coats or Capes

Many copies of original Paris models many with Summer furs

45.00

Prices before reduction $75.00 to $115.00

The smartest summer models in fine silks or twill-cords—including some exceptionally smart embroidered wraps. In black and the newer colors.

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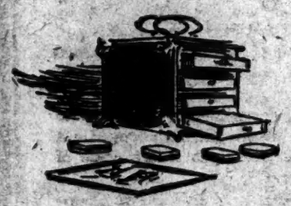

East Wind, in the game of Ma Jung, doubles the score.

A brief visit to the Abercrombie & Fitch store doubles your score of vacation pleasures, whatever your game or hobby.

This is American headquarters for the great game of China—offering selection from hundreds of newly arrived Ma Jung sets, in quaintly carved and fashioned chests.

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Vacation Wardrobes

Men's golf and town and country suits, which immediately proclaim their affinity to sport—for mountain top or seaside.

Suits and separate knickerbockers of white linen, duck, pongee or gabardine.

White trousers of English cricket flannel, linen and duck.

Mid-summer sport caps, hats and helmets—English foulard and bandanna scarfs—sport shirts of silk, white Oxford and Egyptian cotton.

Sweaters, golf hosiery and golf and vacation shoes, in infinite variety.

Polo and riding clothes—Maxwell English riding boots and spurs.

Wardrobe trunks, kit bags, suit cases, golf clubs and bags, and golf trunks.

For the Expected and Unexpected

To get the most out of your vacation, man or woman, prepare for every emergency.

Tackle for woodland stream or lake—ruffstuff clothes, as well as those for golf course, boardwalk and casino.

Swimming suit, luncheon kit, raincoat, target rifle, binoculars, camera, rucksack, hiking shoes—

For it is the unexpected on your vacation that brings back fond memories.

Send for Booklet of Travel Conveniences

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"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard"

BURKE OFFERS HELP IN BROKERS' INQUIRY

Ex-U. S. Treasurer Questioned Four Hours by District Attorney in Kardos Case.

OFFERS IMMUNITY WAIVER

Prosecutor Prepares Evidence for Grand Jury in Failure for $2,000,000.

John Burke, former Treasurer of the United States, and thrice Governor of North Dakota, was a witness yesterday in District Attorney Banton's investigation of the operations of the brokerage firm of Kardos & Burke, of which he was a member, and which failed for more than $2,000,000 eighteen months ago.

Mr. Burke came to this city from Montana in the morning, and, after a four hours' conference with Assistant District Attorneys Geraty and McKenna, during which, it was said, he revealed little knowledge of the actual operations of the bankrupt firm, he left on a train for the West.

Before he left the District Attorney's office, however, Mr. Burke announced that he was willing to waive immunity and appear before the Grand Jury, which is expected to begin an investigation next week. He said that he could see no reason for a policy of silence in connection with the affairs of the firm and expressed the hope that the District Attorney would use him as a witness in the Grand Jury inquiry.

It was intimated at the Prosecutor's office, however, that Mr. Burke's lack of knowledge of the transactions of the firm before the failure made him of little use. It was said that if indictments were returned it was likely he would be called on to testify at the subsequent trial of the accused.

Mr. Burke told the Assistant District Attorneys that when he joined Louis Montgomery Kardos Jr. in the formation of the brokerage firm, he signed a contract which stipulated that the firm would not engage in stock speculation for itself. He declared that had this agreement been adhered to, it was his belief, the firm would not have been thrown into bankruptcy.

Offers All Aid Possible.

"Because of my age and the position I held," he said, "I felt that there must be no question about the soundness of policy the firm of Kardos & Burke should pursue. It was due to this feeling in the matter that I insisted that the contract be drawn.

"I want to lay all the cards on the table and do everything I can to aid the District Attorney in his investigation. What hurts me more than anything else is that I, John Burke, the former Treasurer of the greatest nation on earth, should have my name connected with a brokerage house which went to the wall and wiped out the money put up with it by many small investors. I give you my word that the first intimation I had of what was going on was when the bankruptcy petition was filed."

One of the Assistant District Attorneys here interposed with the remark: "I believe that was your trouble—you didn't even know you were alive in that office."

Mr. Burke, who was nervously smoothing the top of his black derby hat, replied: "Upon my word, you are right." Then he added: "But I feel this whole thing; it's got me licked—broken. I never thought it possible. You know I lost everything I had in the world, even my life insurance policies. That's pretty hard on a man of my age—64."

Before Mr. Burke left his office District Attorney Banton explained that about a year ago the former Governor, accompanied by his attorney, ex-United States Senator James A. O'Gorman, came to him and said that Mr. Burke was going to North Dakota, but would return immediately on a request from the Prosecutor.

A man who accompanied Mr. Burke to the prosecutor's office here remarked that the former Governor had been ill for the last six months.

Must Work Hard, He Says.

"Well, I have been sick," said Mr. Burke, "but I have no time for illness. I've got to work now, and work hard. I can't remember a lot of things that happened immediately after the failure. There is a lot of haze about the whole thing. But I am willing to do anything I can to bring out the truth about this failure."

Samuel Leavitt, counsel for the committee of Kardos & Burke creditors, said that at the last bnakruptcy hearing witnesses testified that Mr. Burke had admitted after the failure that his partner, Kardos, had shown him a statement five months before the petition in bankruptcy was filed showing that the firm had a surplus of more than $1,000,000. He said that a copy of this testimony had been obtained from Federal Referee Richard B. Olney Jr. by District Attorney Banton, and that he believed Mr. Burke was questioned about the alleged statement.

MAGRUDER TRIAL OPENS.

Father and Son Accused of Aiding in the Misuse of Bank Funds.

Robert Magruder, President of the Johnson Shipyard Corporation of Mariners Harbor, Staten Island, and his son, Donald Magruder, Treasurer of the same concern, were placed on trial yesterday before Judge William B. Sheppard, in the United States District Court, in Brooklyn, charged with aiding in the misapplication and abstraction of funds from the Mariners Harbor National Bank.

Assistant United States Attorney Francis X. Giaccone is conducting the prosecution. The defendants are represented by former Congressman Warren I. Lee. The work of getting a jury occupied less than two hours. The first witnesses called by the prosecution were Robert H. Laverie and David L. Decker, President and cashier of the Mariners Harbor National Bank. They identified the bank's books and ledgers which were heaped on a table in the court room.

Sylvanus Bedell, former cashier of the bank, who was indicted for the misapplication of the bank's funds and who has already pleaded guilty, was on the stand when court adjourned. He identified a number of checks drawn on the bank by the Johnson Shipyard Corporation and testified he had cashed them although at times the corporation did not have sufficient funds in the bank to meet the checks.

The prosecution charges that the bank lost $610,000 through manipulations of Bedell and the Magruders. The trial will be continued today.

SMALL BROKERS EXAMINED.

Complaints of Transactions Bring Inquiry by Attorney General.

Assistant Attorney General Abraham Rosenthal examined several put and call brokers, not members of any Stock Exchange, in his office at 49 Chambers Street, yesterday.

The Attorney General's office has received complaints against these brokers regarding the alleged purchase or sale of options on stocks for customers, and is investigating under the Martin law, which has enabled him to close several bucket shops and blue-sky stock promoters.

Dier Trial Goes Over to Aug. 6.

When Elmore D. Dier, head of the brokerage firm of E. D. Dier & Co., which failed for $5,000,000 in February, 1922, was called for trial on bucketing charges in General Sessions yesterday Judge Mulqueen adjourned the case to Aug. 6. A representative of the broker's lawyer informed the Court that he was engaged in the trial of another case.

EVICTED WOMAN FED BY MORGAN'S MAID

Ousted Tenant Says She Is Descendant of Colonial Mayor of New York.

J. P. Morgan's kitchen has provided daily breakfasts for Miss Sarah E. Lodewick, 71 years old, who was evicted from her home on Thursday at 222 Madison Avenue, across the street from the banker's residence, and the trays were carried to the ousted woman while she guarded her personal belongings which were piled up within the court of the white stone house. What member of the Morgan family had observed the woman's plight and had ordered that she be supplied with food, could not be learned.

Early each morning the maid from the Morgan home, carrying a covered tray, emerged from a door on Thirty-sixth Street, crossed the Avenue and placed the food on a table amid the piled-up furniture. There Miss Lodewick dined in full view of the passersby.

"Mr. Morgan, or some one in his home, has sent me a breakfast every morning since Thursday," said Miss Lodewick. "This morning the maid didn't return for the dishes, and fearing that they would be broken or stolen, I took them back myself to a side door of the house. The girl who received the things from me smiled when I called her attention to a note I had dropped into the coffee cup, and said she would deliver it. I had addressed it to Mr. Morgan, saying, 'God will bless you for your kindness to me.'"

Miss Lodewick, who declared she was a descendant of Charles Lodewick, Colonial Mayor of New York in 1684, said she was the last member of the family, and rather old-fashioned, so much so that she had not looked properly after her financial matters, but now had an attorney who was trying to collect money which she claimed was due her on different leases and realty sales.

After a siege of four days in front of the house Miss Lodewick said friends had loaned her small funds with which she had hired movers yesterday to take her furniture to a storage place at Thirty-third Street and Lexington Avenue. Then she got a room temporarily, in East Thirty-ninth Street.

"The only bad day I had here on the Avenue with my things was during the storm on Friday, and the rain ruined my most valuable possessions. One of the articles was an inlaid mahogany table that cost $1,500. I had to take refuge in the house, through the basement door, and somebody sent for the police, who told me I had no legal right to stay here after being evicted.

"I told the Police Captain at the East Thirty-fifth Street station that I had been evicted without notice and that I would not leave my effects unguarded. He let me stay."

HANDS $496,356 TO STATE.

Conservation Commission's Receipts for Fiscal Year at Record Mark.

ALBANY, July 9.—The sum of $496,356.57 received by the State Treasury from the Conservation Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30 represents the largest receipts from the sale of hunting and other licenses, fines, penalties, trespass recoveries and miscellaneous sources in the history of the commission. The increase over last year is given as $36,576.57.

The sales of hunting licenses totaled $294,133.43, or $16,975.69 more than the previous year, while prosecution of trespass cases brought in $45,223.63, an increase for the year of $9,869.55.

A loss of $23,466.91 on fire rebates paid by towns actually represents a gain for both towns and State, the commission said, since it indicates a reduction in the cost of fighting forest fires. Towns in which forest fires occur are required to pay back to the commission one-half the cost of combating the flames.

Child Chained Up, Father Arrested.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, July 9.—Carl Grinsavage was in custody here today on a charge of cruelty to children, the result of the finding on Saturday night of his 4-year-old son John chained to a cot in the barn. Grinsavage offered no explanation. The child, with a chain about the neck, was emaciated and suffering from lacerations caused by the heavy links, the police declared.

Canada to Study Pulp Export Ban.

OTTAWA, July 9.—A commission to hear evidence for and against prohibition of the export of pulpwood will be appointed soon, it was learned today. Authority for such prohibition was contained in a law passed at the last session by Parliament.

BURGLAR WITH AXE FELLS A PREACHER

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

plunder which he finally abandoned after the assault on the minister.

Left unconscious on the second floor when the man fled, Dr. Kerr narrowly escaped bleeding to death. The last thing he remembers was blows from the axe raining upon his head and face while, as it seemed to him, kicks were thudding against his body. It was the seeming coincidence of kicks and blows that led him to believe that a confederate, who was ransacking the first floor while the other man rifled the bedroom, had crept upstairs and joined in the attack.

Dr. Kerr was unconscious probably twenty minutes. Then reviving, but weak and dizzy, he tried to cry out but could make no sound. He crawled and wriggled his tortured way out into the hall, down the stairs, through the front door left open by the fleeing thief, and out to the parsonage porch. Still too weak to call for help, he lay there until a postman, named Duffy, spied him. Duffy halted a milk wagon driver long enough to shout to him to hurry to the Miller Avenue Police Station for help. Then he ran across to Dr. William H. Freeman at 285 Arlington Avenue. Dr. Freeman took one look at his patient and sent for two other physicians.

Reserves Called Out.

By the time reserves had come from the Police Station with a squad of detectives under Acting Captain John McCloskey, neighbors had lifted Dr. Kerr and carried him into the living room, where the physicians gave him first aid. It was decided to keep him at home, lest a journey to a hospital do him further harm.

Captain McCloskey and his men soon were joined by fingerprint experts from Manhattan Headquarters. It was found that while Mrs. Kerr was shopping and Miss Kerr was at the missionary office and Dr. Kerr himself had gone to Manhattan, the thief had gone to the back porch of the parsonage. He cut out a piece of screen from an outer door and unlatched it. Then he smashed a pane of glass in the inner wooden door, reached in, turned the key on the inside, lifted off a door chain and entered.

Probably the first thing he did was to go to the cellar to provide himself with a weapon. He returned with the minister's wood axe and either went through the first floor rooms or left the task of plundering them to a confederate while he went upstairs.

Dr. Kerr returned home at 3 o'clock. A glance told him that the place had been turned upside down. None the less he went calmly to a refrigerator and deposited a box of berries he had bought. Then he went upstairs. The front bedroom door was shut. Dr. Kerr opened it. A man bending over a bureau drawer straightened, snatched an axe leaning near him, and jumped just as Dr. Kerr leaped for him.

When the battle was over and the man was gone, the axe as well as many pieces of furniture and a safe in the study which had not been opened bore his finger prints. Whether they tallied with any in the Rogues' Gallery the police did not tell. All that Dr. Kerr could remember about the man was that he was young, in the twenties probably, and rough.

James McCreery & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE 34TH STREET

Modes of the Moment

A New and Interesting Fashion Notice

This section of the Modes of the Moment column will be devoted each week, for the remainder of the summer, to cablegrams from our Fashion Advisor who has gone abroad in quest of the latest modes.

The next column will tell about the fashions seen aboard ship. Thereafter the fashionable occurrences and creations seen at Paris, London, Biarritz, Deauville, Berlin, Florence and Vienna, will be immediately reported by cable. This means that you learn of the very latest turn of the mode, practically as soon as it appears. Look for the column each week. It will interest you.

Fashion Prints Crepe Foulard Black on White

Sometimes the order is reversed, but in every case the printing is large and bold, almost splashy in effect. The frock sketched above presents this newest vogue in its most interesting light and faces the crepe foulard with black georgette to increase its effectiveness. 38.00

A New Cape Has Dawned Upon Fashion's Horizon

It is the sunburst. Pleats radiate from a center at the nape of the neck to four points which dip below the hemline, creating a most unique and graceful effect. The cape is of crepe de chine, unlined, and appears in the newest summer shades. 19.75

(Fourth Floor—Women's Dept.)

James McCreery & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE 34TH STREET

Macy's Macy's

Silk and Satin Are Featured in This Charming New Collection of

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$8.50

An unequalled combination of style, quality and value.

These hats of silk and satin, replete with cool charm and individuality, offer an interesting departure from the usual summer hat of straw. They are fashioned of lovely quality fabrics, in styles so well varied that both matron and miss may participate in the excellent values they offer at a price as low as $8.50.

For Example, There Are:

TAMS, now sponsored by Paris—in rich satin and multi-colored embroidered effects.

CRINOLE HAIR BRIM HATS, with faille silk crowns and many delightful pleated treatments.

ALL SATIN HATS, with adornments of burnt peacock, feather fancies, or pleated ribbon effects. Others with smart touches of velvet.

PLEATED SILK HATS—chic, youthful models, becomingly enhanced by pins and unique ornaments.

There are many other models, besides these, in black, white and a perfect garden of summer hues.

*Trademark registered.

Macy's—Second Floor, 34th Street, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

Herald Square New York

Macy's Macy's

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Adding one good word to another!

"FLORSHEIM SHOES" were always good words. The word "Sale" annexed to them is a welcome addition. A FLORSHEIM Sale does not come often, but a habit is a habit—and because our customers expect a sale this time of year, *we're having one now.* You'll find this an opportunity to buy FLORSHEIM SHOES at a *real saving.*

For this sale $8.85 *Regular quality*

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One Hundred and Fifty Florsheim Dealers in Greater New York

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ELECTION CAMPAIGN NOW GRIPS IRELAND

Free State Ministers Address Many Meetings and Get Hearty Receptions.

COSGRAVE SPEAKS IN CORK

He Declares They Want to Forgive and to Forget, but Will Take No Risks.

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DUBLIN, July 9. — Though peace reigns in the Free State and the masses enjoy to the fullest extent all the pleasures of Summer the authorities walk cautiously, as is evidenced by the appearance now and then of armed patrols through the streets of cities, towns and villages. Evidently there is reason for President Cosgrave's warning, repeated again in Cork yesterday: "We wish to wipe out the bitterness; we wish to forget and forgive, but we will take no risks."

The Government's electoral campaign is going full blast, and with little interruption, except from those whom Kevin O'Higgins, Minister of Home Affairs, calls "boyeens and girleens from whom little was heard when the times were tough."

The President had a splendid reception in Munster's Capital City, where he spoke plainly, as is his wont, paying tribute to the rebirth of the nation as the inspiration and work of Arthur Griffith and Michael Collins, counselling conservation of the nation's strength, insuring the foundations are well laid and warning the people against wild-cat schemes and great promises for the future.

The Cork meeting had the good wishes of Bishop Cohalan, the doughty champion of the treaty, the defender of the Church and the inexorable enemy of the irregular campaign. He expressed admiration for the policy, the capacity, the resourcefulness and the determination in the face of appalling difficulties of President Cosgrave and his colleagues in establishing the Government and in governing.

At another meeting at Clonmel, the capital of Tipperary, Protestant Bishop Miller sent his wishes of success. There was still another meeting at Gorey, County Wexford. At all meetings knots and hecklers were busy with interruptions about the executions, the boundary question, the flogging bill, &c.

At Cork, Professor MacNeill, Minister of Education, referring to the Northern boundary said that they had done everything to claim the terms agreed by their representatives, but that ultimately there would be no question of the boundary God made, namely, the four seas of Ireland, and he emphasised that they would have to take most effective steps to bring about the unity so much desired. At Clonmel, Agriculture Minister Hogan said that the next step after the land bill would be toward securing the unity of Ireland.

"If you return us at the next election," he added, "we will give you this undertaking that the first and most important plank in our platform will be that form of Republicanism which consists in keeping the majority will of the people inviolate and secure from all its enemies inside or outside the State."

At Gorey Deputy Sears reminded the people merely that there was a shadow of difference, according to de Valera, between document and treaty and that it cost the country $50,000,000.

Kevin O'Higgins was affected as ever with a heckler at Clonmel. He said he did not know where they felt the Irregular tyranny more than at Clonmel, and now there were in jail 13,000 of those tyrants, many of whom would never have thought of challenging a British administration. The Minister had again to answer interruptions about the flogging bill and repeated that the Government reposed to flog the man who robbed with a gun or went out in cowardly fashion to burn his neighbors house.

James Larkin, speaking from a window of Liberty Hall, Bersford Place, said the labor leaders in Parliament made no proper protest on the flogging bill and charged them as being the tools of the Government. He did not deny he was for a republic, but recognized the Government of this country was the Free State Government. He, however, would oppose Labor Leader Johnson wherever the latter appeared at the coming elections.

Few English Jews in Palestine.

LONDON, July 9.—The Hon. William Ormesby-Gore, British representative on the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations, told the House of Commons in answer to a question today that of the total of 12,800 Jews who emigrated to Palestine in 1922 only 200 were from English-speaking countries. For the first five months in 1923 thirty-four out of a total of 4,000 emigrants were from such countries.

American Motor Truck Co. Cited.

NEWARK, Ohio, July 9.—Application was made today for the appointment of a receiver for the American Motor Truck Company, manufacturers of Ace trucks. The petition filed by B. M. Black says he holds notes totaling $12,000 and that other court judgments found against the company cannot be satisfied.

Wills $67,000 to Paulists Here.

UTICA, N. Y., July 9.—The Missionary Society of St. Paul the Apostle, of New York, receives $67,138.94 from the estate of the late John E. Daily, formerly of Jersey City. The entire estate, according to a will filed today, totaled $73,342.39.

TRYING HARD TO ROUSE MINNESOTA VOTERS

Party Leaders Admit the Lack of Public Interest in the Senatorial Election on Monday.

ST. PAUL, July 9.—An appeal by all parties to "get out the vote," was broadcast today as Minnesota warmed up to its final week of campaigning before the United States Senatorial election on July 14.

The Republicans, especially, sent out calls for all voters to go to the polls to elect the late Knute Nelson's successor, declaring that a large turnout will insure the election of Governor J. A. O. Preus, the party's candidate to the Senatorship. Farmer-Labor leaders and Democratic chiefs also are concerned in getting out the votes for their respective candidates, Magnus Johnson and State Senator James A. Carley. A general lack of interest has been shown, according to political observers.

The Farmer-Labor Party will conduct several hundred meetings in behalf of Johnson with three United States Senators, three Congressmen and Philip La Follette, son of Senator La Follette, aiding him. The Senators are Henrik Shipstead, Minnesota; Lynn J. Frazier, North Dakota, and Burton Wheeler, Montana. The Congressmen, all of Wisconsin, are Voight, Schneider and Beck. A Governor, United States Senator and Congressman are campaigning for Governor Preus.

Senator Carley has been speaking in his own behalf throughout the State. He has attacked the tariff and the proposed railroad consolidation.

RICH RECLUSE STARVING.

Dying Woman, 75, Subsisted Five Years on 10-Cent Soups Daily.

Reputed to be wealthy and owner of property in Brooklyn and New York, Mrs. Johannes Behrens, 75, of 152 Weehawken Avenue, West Hoboken, yesterday was taken to the North Hudson Hospital in a dying condition from malnutrition, due, according to the police, to almost five years of self-denial.

After giving up her home in Brooklyn, where her husband died thirty-eight years ago, the police said, she has shunned neighbors and refused to see relatives. Neighbors said her daily fare consisted of a 10-cent bowl of soup, from which she made three meals. They told Postmaster Julius Clumpp she had repeatedly refused dinner invitations from friends and relatives.

Town Physician A. B. Green said she was extremely weak from malnutrition. He thought her mentality had been affected.

A niece, Mrs. Frances Peters, of High Street, Brooklyn, told hospital officials her aunt had refused all attention, preferring to be left alone.

POSSE HUNTS "MAD MAN."

Unknown Person Has Terrorized West Virginians for Days.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, July 9.—While a posse, led by Sheriff J. W. Stephens, of Brooke County, W. Va., continued a search of West Virginia hills for a "mad man," other officers sought to clear up the mystery surrounding the death of Robert Tepovitch, of Werton, W. Va., of a fractured skull here today. The "mad man" has been terrorizing residents of two counties for several days.

The death of Tepovitch was laid to the "wild man," until a Coroner's jury determined that he had been killed by an automobile. He was picked up at East Steubenville, W. Va., yesterday and brought to a hospital here.

Officers got reports of the "wild man" from two points in Brooke County today, but have been unable to find his lair.

Washington Student Drowned.

Special to The New York Times.

SEABRIGHT, N. J., July 9.—Unable to battle a strong flood tide in the South Shrewsbury River here today, Shannon Jackson, 21, a junior in Howard University, Washington, D. C., was drowned in twelve feet of water. Joseph Hodges, a companion, swam seventy feet under water and recovered the body.

Paris Sentences Pro"teers.

PARIS, July 9.—Nine Parisian master bakers were convicted today for shutting their doors in December in an effort to force the authorities to increase the price of bread. Two were sentenced to four months each and fined 1,000 francs, and seven were fined without imprisonment. Two were acquitted.

Last U. S. Soldier Out of Coblenz.

COBLENZ, July 9 (Associated Press). —The last official party of Americans left Coblenz, former headquarters of the American Army of Occupation, for Bremen today and will sail July 11 on the George Washington for New York. The party consists of Colonel W. W. Harts, Major G. M. Peek and Major H. J. Weeks.

Uncover Pyramids Near Mexico City

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—An important discovery of pyramids at San Pedro de Los Pinos is announced in reports to the Mexican Embassy today. The discovery was made while excavating for new buildings near Mexico City. The Mexican Department of Commerce has ordered further excavation with a view of uncovering the pyramids.

LANDLORDS ADOPT 'IRONCLAD' LEASE

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

come about because 90 per cent. of the tenants are month to month tenants. They have no agreement with the landlord other than the price of their rent. They can sublet the premises the landlord rents to them and the landlord is powerless to stop it. We can't get the subtenants out, even if the new tenants are decidedly undesirable and make the dwelling objectionable to other tenants.

"This is not a common law State and few lawyers and still fewer landlords know anything about the common law affecting landlords and tenants except common law holdover, prior to the rent laws. Most lawyers and Judges will say that the United's lease and tenancy notice are not legally enforcible.

"The United is willing at its own expense to take to the Court of Appeals any clause in its lease or tenancy notice.

"The housing landlord with month to month tenants has lived in a 'fool's paradise' for 100 years and hasn't known it and does not know it yet. When told to get a month to month tenant to sign a month to month lease, his reply is 'What's the use? The tenant isn't any good.' Suppose he isn't? Most tenants aren't, whether month to month or yearly. Why not get them, before they take possession, to sign a lease under which the tenant agrees to do everything and the landlord agrees to do nothing but collect the rent, and if, on possession, serve a tenancy notice containing similar provisions. Any landlord who doesn't is a 'gol-darn fool.' That's all.

Thinks Law Invalid.

"A housing tenant under lease or who is a month to month tenant, can for three months after the end of every year interpose an unreasonable rent defense. This applies to all tenants prior and subsequent to July 1, 1923. That is, if the Roosmaan bill is constitutional. If it is [illegible] as we claim, tenants who went into possession after Oct. 1, 1920, are not under the rent laws.

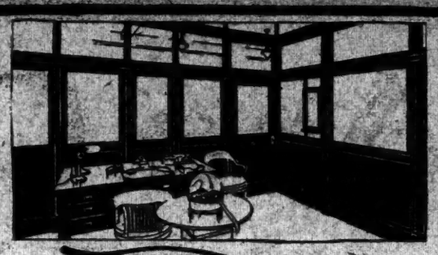
"To entitle the tenant to interpose an unreasonable rent defense, he must first deposit in court the rent last paid or agreed upon. If he has not done so on the return day, motion should be made to dismiss the case and insist upon such being done. If the Court refuses to do this, consult the United. It will take an appeal—if the court record is straight.

"It isn't safe for the average landlord to appear in certain courts without a lawyer, as certain Justices will ride rough shod over him. But when the question at issue is not important, and where a lawyer's fee of $10 or $50 is a consideration and the landlord has assumption and has nerve to insist upon a proper trial, it may be all right.

"All tenants' rent can be increased if they agree thereto, and whether there has been a previous court rent adjudication or not. But they can refuse to pay such agreed upon increased rents. If they have paid three months' rent at the increased rate, they have no unreasonable rent defense. If they have not paid such three months at the increased rent, they have an unreasonable rent defense. If there has been a previous unreasonable rent adjudication it is difficult for a landlord to get a rent increase, or for tenant to get a decreased rent unless changed conditions can be first shown, and the landlord should make a motion for tenant to first prove such changed conditions.

"On the day the increased rent becomes effective, make demands. Don't accept less, as such cancels increased rent notice. Serve summons and complaint for increased rent, and tenant must deposit the old rent for the first month, and which is paid over to landlord, and thereafter the tenant pays old rent direct to landlord. If latter is not done the lawyer's fault."

Mr. Brown said that the organization wanted to make test cases of the Roosevelt law bringing new tenants under the rent laws. He wanted a case where a new tenant living in the same borough was not dispossessed, but in 1922 voluntarily vacated and rented elsewhere and now refuses to pay the rent which he originally paid in the apartment. Also he wanted a case where a tenant signed in June, 1923, a United lease, paid one or two months' rent and refused to continue to pay such any more. He explained that the tenant must have voluntarily moved from another apartment in the same borough.



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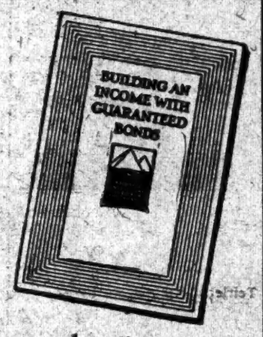

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Partial List of Stores Whose Buyers Will Be Here

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Dixie Mercantile Co., Oil City, La.
Dickson-Ives Co., Orlando, Fla.
The Dorothy Shop, 86 Belleville Ave., Newark, N. J.
Davis Bros., Lansing, Mich.
The Dannenberg Co., Macon, Ga.
Dupuis Freres Limitee, Montreal
B. F. Dewees, 1122-1124 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
The Deardorffs, 61-63 King St., St. Augustine, Fla.
The Barnheim-Cahen Main Street Co. 186-192 E. Main St., Columbus, Ohio.
The House of Burnett, Inc., Jamestown, N. Y.
E. B. Brown Co., Fall River, Mass.
The John H. Brewster Co., Derby, Conn.
Brintnall & Brintnall, Marshalltown, Iowa
The Balle-Brodersen Co., Denison, Iowa
Barnes-Woodin Co., Yakima, Wash.
Benjamin's, Salisbury, Md.
L. L. Berger, 500 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.
G. E. Blue, Lima, Ohio
The Boston, Inc., Hawkinsville, Ga
Block's Ladies' Outfitting Store, North Platte, Neb.
Blakeslee Co., Inc., Malden, Mass.
The Boston Store, Eau Claire, Wis.
Bonwit Lennon & Co., Baltimore, Md.
Harry Astmann, Northampton, Mass.
F. D. Abernethy, Burlington, Vt.
The Artscraft Shop, New Kensington, Pa.
Chas. L. Ansley, Americus, Ga.
The Anderson-Newcomb Co., Huntington, W. Va.
E. Frank & Co., Bowling Green, Mo.
Frances Shop, Springfield, Mass.
Grombach-Maloney Syndicate 303 4th Ave., New York City
Glover-Jones Co., Inc., Newnan, Ga.
Gold Mine Dry Goods Co., Seymour, Ind.
F. Goodman Dry Goods Co., Greenwood, Miss.
Gordum Pearson & Co., Gardner, Mass.
G. A. Guenther, 744 E. McMillan St., Cincinnati, Ohio
Joel Gurman & Co., 112-122 N. Eutaw St., Baltimore, Md.
H. Freedlander & Co., Wooster, Ohio
F. Freimuth (Dept. Store), 2-12 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.
Fulford Dry Goods Co., Okmulgee, Okla.
Nathan Frank's Sons, Ogdensburg, N. Y.
B. Forman Co., Clinton Ave. South, Rochester, N. Y.
Fishman's, Central & Laurel St., Cincinnati, Ohio
Farmers Produce Co., Chippewa Falls, Wis.
The Fashion Shop, 16 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala.
The Fashion, Newberry, S. C.
Farr's Mill Remnant Stores, Lawrence, Mass.
Farrnbacher Dry Goods Co., Ltd., Baton Rouge, La.
Fellner-Crow Co., East St. Louis, Ill.
Fichgall's, Inc., Sioux City, Iowa
Fine Bros., Hattiesburg, Miss.
Fleishmann's Big Store, Fayetteville, N. C.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.
Cain-Bernhoff, Corning, N. Y.
Caisse Fur Specialty Shop, Lowell, Mass.
The W. J. Calhoun Dry Goods Co., Ft. Scott, Kan.
Campbells' Pittsburgh, Pa.
Emery, Bird, Thayer Dry Goods Co., Kansas City, Mo.
P. Deisroth's Sons, Broad & Laurel Sts., Hazelton, Pa.
H. C. Capwell Co., Clay, Fourteenth & Fifteenth Sts., Oakland, Cal.
Carp & Co., Mt. Vernon, Ill.
Chamberlain Patten Co., Nashua, N. H.
The D. M. Christian Co., Owasso, Mich.
E. E. Clarkson Co., Burlington, Vt.
The P. P. Cobb Store, Fort Pierce, Fla.
Colonial Clothes Shop, Detroit, Mich.
Conrad & Co., Inc., 21-29 Winter St., Boston, Mass.
J. L. Coker & Co., Hartsville, S. C.
C. E. Cross Co., Ottumwa, Ia.
Cross Dry Goods Co., Lawrence, Mass.
Clarke & Co., Peoria, Ill.
Cut Rate Drug Co., Jackson, Ala.
The Emporium, San Francisco, Cal.
The Ellsworth Store, South Bend, Ind.
The Gamble-Desmond Co., New Haven, Conn.
M. T. Garvin & Co., Lancaster, Pa.
Gilchrist Co., Boston, Mass.
Gilmore Bros., Kalamazoo, Mich.
Hutzler Bros. Co., Baltimore, Md.
Wm. Hughes, Inc., Evansville, Ind.
The Hudson Co., Goshen, Ind.
C. F. Hovey Co., Boston, Mass.
Houghton & Simonds, Brattleboro, Vt.
The Howland Dry Goods Co., Bridgeport, Conn.
Jos. Horne Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Horowitz Bros., 672-674 Grand Ave., New Haven, Conn.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.
Hoenig, Swern & Co., Trenton, N. J.
Hill Bros. Dry Goods Co., Fond du Lac, Wis.
Herzberg-Loveman Dry Goods Co., Gadsden, Ala.
Herzberg's, Omaha, Neb.
R. F. Herndon & Co., Springfield, Ill.
H. Herpolsheimer Co., Lincoln, Neb.
The Henderson-Hoyt Co., Oshkosh, Wis.
Louis Heller's Dept. Store, Claremont, N. H.
The Heinz Store, Scranton, Pa.
Hart & Honston Store, Johnson City, Tenn.
Harrsfeld's, Kansas City, Mo.
C. F. Hawley, Millerton, N. Y.
S. Kann Sons Co., Washington, D. C.
Kann's, Inc., Bluefield, W. Va.
Kaufman & Mayer, Sapulpa, Okla.
Kaufman & Baer Co., 6th Ave. & Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
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Jackson Bros., Mt. Airy, N. C.
Jemas Brothers, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
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Jordan Marsh Co., Washington St., Boston, Mass.
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Harned & Von Maur, Davenport, Iowa
P. W. Martman & Co., Chillicothe, Mo.
The Harris & Mowry, Woonsocket, R. I.
E. G. Harrison Co., Barnesville, Ohio
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The Loewenberg Co., Little Rock, Ark.
The Little Shoppe, 1202 Chapline St., Wheeling, W. Va.
The Lesser Co., Anderson, S. C.
W. C. Leonard & Co., Saranac Lake, N. Y.
Leaky's, Inc., Parkersburg, W. Va.
The Lampton Co., Columbia, Miss.
Max Lazarus, Macon, Ga.
The Leader, Inc., Paris, Ky.
Leading Waist Stores, Cincinnati, Ohio
Leitzinger Bros., Clearfield, Pa.
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Nora L. McDonald, Taunton, Mass.
The McDonald Co., Cynthiana, Ky.
Mae Connells, Inc., Boston, Mass.
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McCall Dry Goods Store, McCall, S. C.
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T. C. Moose, Inc., 31 North Tyron St., Charlotte, N. C.
The Muller Co., Ltd., 625 Ryan St., Lake Charles, La.
The Murray Dept. Store, Punxsutawney, Pa.
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Miller & Paine, Lincoln, Neb.
Meigs & Co., Bridgeport, Conn.
Metro Bag Works, 65 Irving Place, N. Y.
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Jackson Maloney Co., Commerce, Tex.
Maison Renee, Inc., 16th & U Sts. N. W., Washington, D.C.
The Mally Co., Rochester, N. Y.
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The Lion Dry Goods Co., Summit, St. Clair, Adams Sts., Toledo, O.
A. W. Lugg & Co., Knoxville, Tioga Co., Pa.
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Charles Broadway Rouss, Inc., New York, N. Y.
Rowley W. Pegley, 1622 Columbia Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.
The Royal, Rockville, Conn.
J. A. Rudy & Sons, 329 Broadway, Paducah, Ky.
Rurode Dry Goods Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.
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The Uhler Phillips Co., Center & Prospect Sts., Marion, Ohio
The A. Polsky Co., Akron, Ohio
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ONE MILLION DRUG ADDICTS IN THE UNITED STATES —WHY IS THIS?

REVEALING THE BLAME

Commissioner of Correction Fred'k A. Wallis, former Immigration Commissioner at New York, in an address at Des Moines, Iowa, July 6, before the Christian Endeavor Society said:

"Prohibition of the poppy is the sure way to stamp out the narcotic evil.

"The per capita consumption of opium in Italy is one grain, in Germany, two grains; England, three grains; France, four grains, and the United States, thirty-six grains," he said.

"Furthermore, our consumption of this drug is ever on the increase. There must be a prohibition of the poppy, as well as of alcohol."

Why does the United States consume three and six-tenths times as much opium per capita as do Germany, Italy, England, and France all combined?

The answer is given in July Current History Magazine.

It is given by Clyde L. Eddy, Vice-President of the American Pharmaceutical Association.

Mr. Eddy contributes to July Current History an article showing that there are one million drug addicts in the United States.

He points out the totally misleading ideas regarding the use of drugs. He shows that it is a disease, not a vice. He proves that the narcotic habit is often the result of medical and surgical treatment. He puts his finger on the causes and he gives solemn facts of profound importance to layman, professional man, also to reformer and to victim.

On news stands 25 cents.

3 HURT IN WILD DASH OF RUNAWAY HORSE

Alderman and Iceman Catch Animal After Coach Driver and Two Policemen Fail.

EXCITEMENT ON PARK AV.

Hundreds Join in Chase Which Begins at Fifty-third and Ends at Fifty-ninth.

With an Alderman, an ice man and two patrolmen as the principals and a crowd which grew to more than 500 persons looking on, Park Avenue from Fifty-third to Fifty-ninth Streets became an unexpected arena yesterday afternoon for as thrilling a Wild West rodeo and "bulldogging" show as New York has seen for some time. A frightened horse of a funeral coach team, running wild, was responsible for the spectacle. Automobiles took the place of broncos, but in the end it was the time-honored lasso that did the trick. After it was all over the coach driver and the two patrolmen were in the hospital. The ice man and the Alderman threw the animal.

It all started on Fifty-third Street, just east of Third Avenue, where Joseph Cohn of 920 Prospect Avenue, the Bronx, was driving the funeral coach leisurely westward. Just before reaching Third Avenue one horse took fright at something and started running away, dragging its unwilling teammate with it.

The corner at Fifty-third Street and Third Avenue was crowded. Many persons had just descended from the elevated station there and were crossing the street as the coach thundered between the pillars. The crowd scattered, and none was struck, but many started in the chase after the swaying vehicle as it sped toward Lexington Avenue. At that point the coach almost came to grief in collision with a trolley car, but raced on while passengers of the car got out and joined the chase.

In front of 133 East Fifty-third Street Dr. Kenneth Taylor of 116 East Fifty-third Street had parked his car for a professional visit. The horses came too close. The wheels of the coach locked with those of the automobile and there was a crash as the coach overturned and hurled Cohn to the street, fracturing his breast bone and several ribs. He was taken to Flower Hospital in a serious condition.

The smash with the automobile broke the shafts and tore the harness from the horses. One terrorized animal dashed on, while the other trotted a few steps and halted. Just up the street was Frank Reilly of 242 East Fifty-second Street, delivering ice. As the runaway passed him he grabbed a rope from his wagon, leaped to the running board of a passing automobile and set out in pursuit.

The racing animal swung into Park Avenue and turned north. At Fifty-fourth Street Traffic Patrolman McCarthy boarded an automobile. At Fifty-sixth Patrolman Lahey, of the East Fifty-first Street Police Station, leaped to the step of another car. Somewhere along the route Alderman Jeremiah O'Leary had joined the chase in the automobile of Michael Shanahan of 161 Second Avenue. The animal pounded up the avenue with the four cars speeding after it.

At Fifty-eighth Street it turned, and as it got in front of the branch Public Library, just around the corner, McCarthy leaned out from the running board of his car and attempted to grasp the horse's mane. He was thrown heavily to the street and was badly cut and bruised about the legs, but he checked the horse enough for Lahey to catch up. The latter swung from his car to the horse's neck, but the animal tossed its head and Lahey fell to the pavement with a deep gash in his forehead where the horse had struck him with its teeth.

Reilly was next in line and, as he drew up alongside, he flung his arms about the animal's neck, slipped his noose over its head and swung on the rope. He was thrown to the ground, but held on. A moment behind Reilly was Alderman O'Leary and from somewhere behind, too, produced a rope. And he used it as if he had had many practice. On the first throw he caught the animal's hind legs. As he leaned his weight on his end of the rope, eager hands from the best sprinters of the pursuing crowd helped him to throw the panting horse.

Once on the ground the animal was bound and ice bags were placed on its head to quiet it until the arrival of inspectors from the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, who took it in charge. Automobiles took the two patrolmen to Flower Hospital.

AGREE ON MEXICAN DEBT.

Officials and Bankers Make Corrections in Deposit Call.

MEXICO CITY, July 9 (Associated Press).—Secretary de la Huerta, of the Treasury, announced last evening that he had received assurances from the New York bankers who drew up the call for the deposit of Mexican bonds that the corrections he had requested would be made and that the document would be published in acceptable form today.

The Mexican newspapers yesterday printed statements to the effect that vital differences existed between the calls prepared for publication in Mexico and in the United States. One of these differences is understood to have pertained to the number of directors of the National Railways during the negotiations for the payment of the bonds.

Minor corrections in the wording of the call for deposit of Mexican bonds under the debt funding agreement reached by officials of the Republic of Mexico and an international banking group, headed by Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., were made yesterday. According to Mr. Lamont, these corrections were of no significance and amounted to nothing more than the changing of a few phrases at the request of Mexican officials.

Deposit of bonds under terms of the call was reported yesterday as proceeding satisfactorily and no delay is anticipated in putting into effect the new funding plan, which will provide for the payment of $500,000,000 of principal and $200,000,000 of back interest.

LOVE NOTE SUIT DISMISSED.

Contract to Buy Back Letters Obtained by Duress, Court Says.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, July 9.—Finding that the contract was probably "obtained by duress," Justice Frank L. Young of the Supreme Court today dismissed the suit of Miss Elizabeth Thorne against William L. Saunders, Yonkers manufacturer, to enforce an agreement to pay her $25,000 in monthly instalments of $200 for the surrender of twenty-four of Saunders's letters written to her. Miss Thorne is a Smith graduate and had been a tutor for Saunders's children. She testified that he had been very attentive to her.

After the return of the letters he paid the instalments under the agreement for a year and then stopped. Miss Thorne sued to compel payment of $400, or two months' instalments.

Justice Young in his decision said:

"I am satisfied, upon uncontradicted testimony, that the contract or agreement which was the basis of this suit was not the free and voluntary contract of the defendant, but that such contract was obtained from him through fear of disclosure of his relations with the plaintiff, such relations being apparently mutual and free as between them. I think the contract was obtained by duress, and is therefore voidable."

VANDAL DAMAGES CHURCHES

Fire Started in One Edifice in Mount Vernon, Others Entered.

The Mount Vernon police believe they have a religious fanatic or a lunatic with an anti-religious mania to deal with in the person who has been damaging churches in that city.

A week ago fire was discovered in the vestry of the Roman Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart, in which vestments and altar cloths were burned. A few days later six poorboxes in the same church were broken open and robbed. Yesterday it was discovered that acts of vandalism were committed last night in the First Methodist Church on West Second Street, and St. Paul's Lutheran Church on South Seventh Avenue.

Nothing was stolen, but in both churches hymn books were torn and thrown about the auditorium and Sunday school rooms.

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Sports blouses of oxford, white or tan, and tan poplin. A practical, cool blouse for summer wear. $1

Girls' White Shoes

One strap buckle pump of white canvas with kid trimming. $5.95

Sports oxfords of fine white buckskin. Perforated wing tips, white rubber soles and flat heel. $9.75

Cross strap pump of white kidskin, medium box heel. New model suitable for afternoon or evening wear. $9.75

Sizes 2½ to 7.

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The three-quarter socks are plain with self or colored cuffs. The smaller socks are shown in many charming color combinations, both stripe and plaid tops. Not all sizes in every style. 6 pairs, $1

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Crepe de Chine Frocks
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A girlish adaptation of the popular two-piece frock. The full plaited skirt is attached to a soft silk bodice and a simple slip-on blouse completes the smart little costume. Fine, soft crepe de Chine in cocoa, navy blue and grey. Sizes 13, 15 and 17 years.

Girls' Muslin Lingerie

A smart, simple style in sheer, fine nainsook, trimmed with filet lace. The vests have tiny tucks across the front and lace trimmed tops and shoulder straps. Dainty filet butterflies are set in the bottoms of the step-in drawers to match the filet edges. Set of vest and drawers, $2.75

Sizes 14 and 16 years

Girls' Knit Union Suits

Sleeveless, tailored style with tight or loose knee. Of fine, soft cotton, well proportioned and carefully finished. Comfortable and practical for vacation wear. Sizes 3 to 12 years, price, 85c. 14 to 16 years, price, 95c

MRS. BUZZI UNMOVED BY DEATH SENTENCE

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

ing that he had given a pistol to Mrs. Buzzi and that she had confessed to him that she had used it to kill Schneider because of jealousy.

Sisters Spend Two Hours With Her.

The three sisters spent about two hours with Mrs. Buzzi before she was taken to the courtroom. Mrs. Dickie once was called out to the front of the Court House to soothe the feelings of her 2-year-old daughter, Ruth, whom she had left in a carriage on the sidewalk.

Mrs. Buzzi was brought into the courtroom about 11 o'clock by Deputy Sheriffs Paul Vornbaum and Joseph McCarthy, who walked at each side of her, while the matron, Catherine De Witt, brought up the rear. She had to wait 35 minutes before Justice O'Malley came out of his chambers, where it was said he was revising the sentence. A court attendant brought her in a glass of water and she smiled at him amiably. She had been silent up to that time, but the incident broke the calm and she began chatting and laughing with her attorney, James F. Donnelly, until Justice O'Malley appeared.

When the Justice came in Mr. Donnelly moved to set aside the verdict on the grounds that it was contrary to law and the evidence, that certain exceptions had been denied, and that the jury had been misdirected. Justice O'Malley denied the motion. Mr. Donnelly then asked for a suspension of judgment, which also was denied.

Following Mrs. Buzzi's statement and the pronouncement of sentence the Deputy Sheriffs turned her over immediately to Edward B. Beckwith, principal keeper at Auburn Prison, and Mrs. Beckwith, who accompanied him to New York to help look after Mrs. Buzzi. They went to Grand Central Station by automobile and took the 2:30 train for Syracuse. Mrs. Buzzi paying for the car and for Pullman accommodations on the train as the State does not provide for luxury or comforts for prisoners. A crowd of several hundred persons, mostly women, watched as Mrs. Buzzi was taken from the Court House, and the police had to open a path to her car. No one but her sisters and counsel saw her off at Grand Central.

Before Mrs. Buzzi arrived at Auburn last night Warden E. S. Jennings told a reporter for THE TIMES over the long-distance telephone that she would be put in a cell under guard as soon as she arrived.

"She will have a regular cell and will be under observation at all hours," said Warden Jennings. "We will establish a death watch as soon as she gets here. The law provides that, except by order of the Supreme Court, she may receive no visitors except legal counsel, her minister or priest and blood relatives.

In Solitary Confinement.

"She will be treated the same as any other woman prisoner, except that she will not be allowed to mingle with the others. She will be kept in a cell by herself, but she will have proper exercise and medical attention. Her food will be the same as that of the other prisoners."

Warden Jennings said that if she took an appeal she would remain at Auburn until the appeal was decided, unless it was one that required her appearance in court. In the latter case she would be taken to court and then back to Auburn, unless the Court ordered her taken to Sing Sing. In case of a commutation to life imprisonment she would remain at Auburn. Among the 104 women prisoners in the women's section at Auburn, Warden Jennings said, there are several women convicted of murder or manslaughter, and serving terms of life imprisonment. She is the only woman at Auburn who has been sentenced to the electric chair.

Mrs. Buzzi was convicted by a jury in the Bronx Supreme Court on June 27, after a trial lasting a week, during which she took the stand in her own defense and denied the murder, but made many damaging admissions on cross-examination. An appeal is mandatory in first degree murder cases, and it automatically stays the execution of the sentence. If the Court of Appeals affirms the conviction, it will have to set a new date for the execution. There are many cases ahead of Mrs. Buzzi's, and the Court of Appeals is not expected to act for some time.

If Mrs. Buzzi is executed she will be the third woman put to death at Sing Sing. In 1899 Mrs. Martha Place was executed for killing her step-daughter, Ida Place, in Brooklyn. In 1908 Mary Farmer of Watertown was put to death in the electric chair for killing two aged couples.

Mrs. Hattie Dixon, a negress, was sentenced to die in the electric chair three years ago and actually was confined in the death house at Sing Sing for a time, but her sentence was commuted by Governor Miller to life imprisonment and she was transferred to Auburn. Assistant District Attorney Albert Cohn of the Bronx, who prosecuted the Dixon woman, and who also prosecuted Mrs. Buzzi, did not oppose commutation for Mrs. Dixon. His superior, District Attorney Edward J. Glennon, and Justice Louis D. Gibbs, who sentenced the negress, agreed to life imprisonment. Eighteen of the twenty-four jurors who served in the two trials of Mrs. Dixon—the first jury disagreed—signed a petition for commutation.

FIRST ILLINOIS WOMAN SENTENCED TO DEATH

Chicago Jury Convicts Mrs. Nitti and Sweetheart of Murder of Her Husband.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Twelve jurors branded Isabelle Nitti, "husband killer," and established a precedent for Illinois this afternoon, by awarding the death penalty to the woman found guilty of the murder of Frank Nitti. The jury also returned a death verdict against Peter Crudelle, Mrs. Nitti's co-defendant and second husband.

The jury heeded Prosecutor Smith's closing argument to "forget that this defendant is a woman," but up to midnight no one had been found willing to tell Mrs. Nitti that she was the first woman in Illinois to have a hangman's noose made legally ready for her.

The woman was found guilty of slaying her husband, Frank Nitti, a truck farmer, at Stickney, Ill., by beating his brains out with a sledgehammer. Nitti disappeared a year ago. Six months later his body was found in a catch basin near the Desplaines River, skirting a cornfield on the Nitti farm.

The woman, who is the mother of several children, was convicted mainly on the testimony of her eldest son, Charles.

More than fifty women have been tried for murder in Cook County, but this is the first time in the county's history that a woman has been sentenced to death.

Why tailoring is like infant feeding

A great child specialist once said that every baby's stomach is an individualist.

A man's figure is quite as individual. Beyond a certain point you cannot standardize clothes any more than you can standardize modified milk.

D'Andrea Brothers make *Ready to Wear* clothes in standard sizes, but the standardization stops right there. We use precisely the same care in fitting our *Ready to Wear* clothes as we do in our *Made to Measure* department. There is the same conscientious attention to every last little detail.

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Ready to Wear, $75 Made to Measure, $125

D'Andrea Brothers Inc.
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Holds secret conversation—every advantage of a booth telephone, a scientific marvel and positive comfort in telephoning—Sanitary, made of glass and easily cleaned—sold on a 30 day Sanitary back guarantee.

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Ask your salesman for the "Whispering" Mouthpiece. If he is "out" of them, ask him to order you one or send $1.00 and we will send one promptly, postpaid.

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R. M. BLUM, Sales Manager

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The daily use of the Soap, with occasional touches of the Ointment, is very effective for keeping the hands soft and smooth. For red, rough or sore hands: On retiring bathe in hot water and Cuticura Soap, dry, and rub in Cuticura Ointment.

Samples Both Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 49B, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Liberal sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book.

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Salt Lake City

Within 30 minutes of Salt Lake City are 7 canyons—each different—each alluring and surpassingly beautiful. Here, in the heart of the Rockies, you will find the last of the REAL West, a labyrinth of canyons wild and rugged.

Each of these canyons has excellent motor roads, and in some regular auto transportation is maintained at a minimum cost.

In just a few minutes you have reached a spot where a carpet of velvet grass and wild flowers, shaded by giant pines and slender quaking aspens, invites you.

In the canyons surrounding Salt Lake City you will enjoy horseback riding to beauty spots inaccessible by motor, you will hike, dance at the resorts, and enjoy every sport. In Salt Lake City itself you will find every sport, every pastime, every amusement—golf, tennis, theaters, parks! Float in Great Salt Lake—7 times saltier than the ocean. Only a few hours away are famous Zion National Park, Bryce Canyon and Cedar Breaks.

The building of steel plants in Utah to utilize her immense iron ore, coal and limestone deposits means new factories, thousands of employes needed, new homes, more amusements—this means something to YOU.

Every big railroad to the west either reaches Salt Lake City directly or can route you via Salt Lake City—going or returning—without trouble or extra expense. Ask for the Salt Lake City 10-day stopover when you buy your ticket.

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SICK AND MAIMED SEEK CHURCH CURE

Score of Men and Women Attend St. Mark's Clinic, Expecting Miracles.

MANY HAVE TOOTHACHE

Physicians Dispel Idea That Faith Healing Will Be Practiced.

A score of men and women, and a 14-year-old boy sought cures for a dozen different ailments in the Episcopal Church of St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie, yesterday morning, where medicinal and spiritual advice was given for the alleviation of their sufferings.

Before the doors of the historical church were opened at 9 o'clock, a few persons already were on hand and although the first clinic was to have closed two hours later it remained open until long after 1 o'clock to care for all applicants.

The complaints ranged in seriousness from dumbness and locomotor ataxia to defective teeth and mild forms of neurasthenia. Some of the early arrivals had journeyed from New Jersey and Westchester communities, having read that the National Association for the Advancement of Scientific Healing had established the clinic at St. Mark's, where physicians and clergymen were to cooperate in bringing health and vigor to sick bodies and diseased minds.

Expect Miracles.

"I have tried everything and have seen any number of doctors," was the introductory statement of many. "Nothing seems to have helped."

"We're not performing miracles here," was the usual reply of Dr. Edward Spencer Cowles, nerve specialist, who directed the work of five physicians at the church.

The 14-year-old boy who was brought by his parents had never been able to talk. Doctors could no nothing for him. Some wanted treatment that any dentist could give and they were advised to go to a dental clinic. Another whose tonsils were slightly enlarged was also advised to go elsewhere. Still others, whose diagnoses showed nervousness, fear, and other psychic irregularities, were given prescriptions and told when to come again, and then sent to see the Rev. Edward Cosbey, associate rector.

Arriving at the church, the patients described their symptoms to young ladies in the vestibule and then seated themselves in the rear pews. The improvised clinic was held in a small room in the rear. Dr. Cowles's staff consisted of Drs. Lawrence Gatewood, nose and throat; Gonzales Espejo, internal medicine and brain surgery; Ameer Khan, pathology; and Ernest W. Goode, eyes. Dr. J. Victor Donnett, psychiatrist, will also aid.

Only Few Were Poor.

Yesterday's patients were about equally divided between men and women. Several were apparently poor, but the majority appeared to be in favorable circumstances. One was a negro. Commenting upon the class of patients, Dr. Crosby asserted: "Nervousness is a respecter of no persons or class; our work is open to all."

"At least a half dozen of the patients," declared Dr. Cowles, after he had completed the examinations, "were suffering from nothing but fear. This form of neurasthenia prevailed especially among the men. One said he would soon be paralyzed and another assured me he was going to die from stomach disease. He had been to see a number of physicians, he said, and they had given him no hope.

"It isn't only in mental cases, however, that the minister can aid us in our cures. Frequently, even in organic troubles, the patient loses heart and becomes morose, and it is then that a spiritual, heart-to-heart talk will be of great benefit.

"About 90 per cent of the people who believe they are suffering from serious diseases are actually obsessed with fear and little more. They fear they are going to have heart disease, cancer or consumption. It will be our task to get these distorted ideas out of their minds."

Dr. Cowles said he wanted to make clear that so-called "faith healing" will not be practiced at the clinic. Cooperation between the doctors and ministers is the purpose of the clinic, he said.

An important part of the clinical work is the Sunday night talk to patients, asserted Dr. Cosbey. The clinic is expected to be permanent at the church. Doctors will be in attendance each morning between 9 and 11 and one evening will be designated for those who cannot come in the at the regular clinic.

GREETING TO FRANCE SENT BY CALIFORNIA

Is Signed by Harding and Presented at Legion of Honor Palace Art Exhibit.

PARIS, July 9 (Associated Press).—The closing day of the exhibit at the Palace of the Legion of Honor of the art collection which is destined to form part of the permanent collection in the reproduction of the palace at San Francisco was marked by the presentation of a parchment bearing a message of friendship from California to France.

The message was signed by President Harding and most of the members of his Cabinet as well as by the Governor of California, the Mayor of San Francisco and many other prominent citizens of the State, including Major Gen. Hunter Liggett and Adolph Spreckels, principal donor of the California Legion of Honor Building. Hand-lettered and artistically bound in tooled leather, the message was presented by Mrs. Adolph de Bretteville Spreckels to a representative of Premier Poincaré, who will probably place it in some national museum for permanent exhibition.

The message, after briefly reviewing how America fought beside France to reinsure that liberty which Lafayette helped America establish in her infancy, says:

"Today on the soil of France the graves of 33,000 American soldiers silently testify that the Republic of the West remembered her debt. They also testify that America, in sacrificing part of her riches and the priceless blood of her children, wanted to affirm the principle that no group of tyrants could dream of oppressing the democracies to satisfy their unbridled desires for power and domination. * * *

"It is you who will guard the graves of our American soldiers. This sacred repository unites you to us in the same sentiment of friendship and love. May this friendship still increase in the reciprocal exchange of science, art and culture."

The last day of the exhibit was also marked by the attendance of Mme. Millerand, wife of the President; the Duchess de Vendome, sister of the King of the Belgians; Marquis de Chambrun, great-grandson of Lafayette; Comte de Chastaut, great-grandson of Rochambeau; American Ambassador Myron T. Herrick and numerous other notables.

B. Altman & Co.

The Sporting Goods Section of the Sixth Floor

has in stock complete assortments of

Golf Clubs

of the best American and British makes, including Hagen, Sarazen, Stewart and Nicolls models, priced as follows:

Drivers and Brassies, $3.25 to 15.00
Iron Clubs . . 3.25 to 6.00
Drivers, Brassies and Spoons with specially spliced bamboo shafts, finely balanced $11.50
Steel-shafted Wood and Iron Clubs at . . . . $6.25 to 8.00

Golf Bags

with or without hood top, and with rawhide or aluminum bottom:

Leather Bags . $9.00 to 54.00
Canvas Bags . 5.00 to 16.50

Tennis Racquets

in all the well-known makes

at . . . . 3.00 to 13.50
Steel Racquets . . . 9.25

Tennis Balls, Nets, etc., at very attractive prices

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

Macy's Macy's

Perhaps You're Planning a Trip Abroad—

and would like to know how to order luncheon in Spanish, or a new frock in the best Parisian. Or perhaps the idea of reading the great Russians in the original intrigues you. We suggest:—

WHAT YOU WANT TO SAY AND HOW TO SAY IT, IN SPANISH, ITALIAN, GERMAN AND FRENCH
W. J. Hernan 23c each

SPANISH IN A WEEK
Theodore S. Romero 68c

FRENCH WITHOUT A GRAMMAR
Edgard Leon $1.14

HUGO'S SIMPLIFIED PORTUGUESE, FRENCH, RUSSIAN, ITALIAN, GERMAN AND SPANISH $1.34 each

In our department of Foreign Books you will find foreign grammars, dictionaries, easy reading, classics and modern writers, all at our Lowest-in-the-City prices.

Book Department, Main Floor, 35th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
Herald Square New York

Macy's Macy's

Maison Bernard

UNDER NEW OWNERSHIP
22 East 57th Street
Between Fifth and Madison Avenues

Will Close Out

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY

at $29

Heretofore $58 to $110

64 Coats & Capes

Sports coats and capes in plaids and plain colors. Capes of silk and cloth, embroidered or plain. Coats of twill, novelty cloths, and combinations.

46 Gowns & Frocks

Of voile, hand embroidered. Sports frocks of Roshanara crepe, and novelty silks. Afternoon gowns of georgette, canton and flat crepes. Evening gowns of chiffon and lace.

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

July Selling of

Linens

Table Linens—Pure Irish linen damask in a number of attractive designs. Cloths, 2x2 yards, $4.95; 2 x 2½ yards, $6.25; 2 x 3 yards, $7.50. Napkins, 22 x 22 inches, dozen $6.75.

Towels—all pure linen, Russian weave, hemstitched, absorbent and durable, 18 x 34 inches, dozen $7.75.

Bath Towels—Turkish towels that are soft and absorbent, large size, dozen $4.50.

Bath Mats—large assortment of colors and designs, $1.25.

SECOND FLOOR

Special Purchase of

Lustre Yarn

18c a Ball

This is a two-fold yarn with a brilliant lustre and makes charming sweaters and scarves. In the following shades: apple blossom, forget-me-not, pumpkin, spray, sand, corn, tomato, silver, jade, orchid, rosemary, white, navy, and black. A summer sweater requires 7 to 9 balls. A scarf requires 7 balls. An instructor is in the Department from 9 to 5 each day and will gladly make helpful suggestions.

FIFTH FLOOR

Floor Lamp

$27.50

A very charming lamp for piano, reading chair or card table. Light in weight, so easy to move. Very decorative with its slender hand carved shaft of wood finished in antiqued gold and polychrome. The metallic parchment shade is 18 inches in diameter.

FIFTH FLOOR

Crinkled Dimity

Bedspreads

$1.75 and $2.65

We have just taken a large assortment of these small spreads from our regular stock and reduced them to these two low prices. These spreads are all white and the kind of quality that normally demands a higher price. 63 x 90 inches, $1.75; 81 x 99 inches, $2.65.

Annual July Sale of

Sheets and Cases

Splendid quality of muslin sheets and cases for every day, are marked at special July prices.

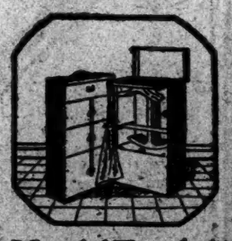
Sheets

54x90 in., $1.15 81x99 in., $1.75
63x99 in., 1.45 81x108 in., 1.85
72x99 in., 1.65 90x108 in., 1.95

Pillow Cases

42 x 36 in., 36c 50 x 36 in., 39c
54 x 36 in., 43c

SECOND FLOOR



A Mendel Trunk $55

Three sizes—full size, 12 hangers—three-quarter size, 10 hangers—steamer size, 7 hangers. All are equipped with a locking rod, shoe box, dust-proof swinging curtain and hat compartment. Lined with blue keratol.

SEVENTH FLOOR

CLEARANCES
Summer Furniture

This July clearance means that every set and separate piece of reed and fibre furniture and all painted breakfast room sets have been reduced for rapid clearance. And this in turn means an unusual opportunity for you to invest in the few extra chairs you need, a table for the veranda, a new set for the sun-room or a chaise longue for your bedroom. A few of the values are:

3 piece fibre set with spring cushions upholstered seat and back	$60.00
3 piece fibre set finished in fawn	85.00
5 piece grey reed set with cretonne cushions	135.00
3 piece blue reed set with spring cushions covered with cretonne	135.00
4 piece mulberry decorated reed set	150.00
6 piece breakfast room set in Empire blue and yellow	60.00

SIXTH FLOOR

Rush Rugs Reduced

An announcement that will attract many who are just getting settled for summer and find the need of a cool, practical rush rug or two for the living rooms and veranda. These rush rugs have just been radically reduced for this July clearance, so you have a choice of beautifully woven rugs from Japan and Holland in oval and oblong shapes and various-sized rugs made of 12 and 18 inch squares in contrasting colors.

Oval and Oblong Rush Rugs		Block Rush Rugs	
4½ x 7½ feet	$9.50	4½ x 7½ feet	$11.00
6 x 9 feet	14.50	6 x 9 feet	18.50
6 x 12 feet	18.50	7½ x 10½ feet	27.50
8 x 10 feet	22.50	9 x 12 feet	36.00
9 x 12 feet	26.50		

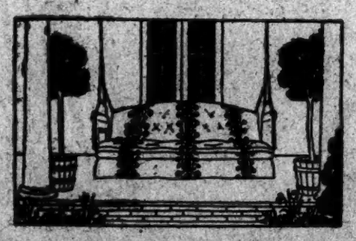
Oriental Rugs

Chinese Rugs — *9 x 12 feet $225*
Persian Rugs — *9 x 12 feet $235*

Two collections of Chinese and Persian rugs bought in a recent special purchase which enables us to offer them at prices much lower than usual.

If you are visiting New York and seeking a choice gift to take home, you should surely see these rugs, as such values are rarely to be found.

And those who will be needing Orientals this fall will be wise to select several now at these prices.



Swinging Couch Hammocks

$19.75

This assortment of swinging couch hammocks has just been marked to this new low price. They are upholstered in a heavy stencilled and striped canvas with comfortable tufted mattress and back, and they come in various colors. Equipped with hanging chains for porch ceilings.

FIFTH FLOOR

Guide Posts

For Motorists

The following items have been selected in the hope that they may make some lover of the road enjoy his week-end trip or vacation just a little bit more by cooking his own and sleeping out under the stars.

Motor Kit $15

A smart unmarked dusk case, lined. Equipped as follows:
Plated silverware, napkins and enamelware dishes for six.
Two large moisture proof lunch boxes.
A salad jar.
Salt and pepper.
There is also space for a one-quart thermos bottle.

SEVENTH FLOOR

Wardrobe Suitcase $35

Flat, strongly built to ride on the running board. Its deep tray with three hangers will stand erect when the case is open.

SEVENTH FLOOR

Duffle Bags

$6.50 to $13.50

Of waterproof duck, with chain and padlock, will protect the extra rugs and wraps in the car.

SEVENTH FLOOR

Steamer Rugs

$10 to $42.50

The touch of wool or cashmere so welcome after the sun goes down.

SEVENTH FLOOR

Sleeping Bags

$10 to $15

Soft, warm blanket bags for the nights between towns.

SECOND FLOOR

Electric Travelling Outfit $7.95

Curler, 3 pound Hot Point Iron, stand and cord fit into a cretonne covered case 4"x4"x8" which opens up into a sturdy pressing board for your collars and handkerchiefs.

Vacuum Bottles $1

"HotaKold" pint bottles, green enamelled case with aluminum cap and shoulder.

Camp Stools $1

You can easily carry 3 or 4 of these in the car, as they fold into small space.

SEVENTH FLOOR

"Ask Mr. Foster"

Whether you go to the mountains, shore or inland, the Foster Travel Bureau will gladly give you information about hotels and motor routes.

SEVENTH FLOOR

TIE-UP THREATENED IN GARMENT TRADE

Employers Refuse 1,000 in Spongers' Union 25% Increase in Wages Demanded.

500,000 WORKERS INVOLVED

Factions Meet Today—End of Negotiations Set for July 15—Busy Season Now.

On the disposition of the wage demands of a comparatively small group of workers rests the decision of continued employment or idleness for the more than half million workers in the men's and women's garment manufacturing industry in New York City, it was announced last night by Edward Fillmore, President of the Textile Finishers' Association. The association represents the employers whose firms handle the shrinking and examining of all woolens used in the manufacture of men's and women's garments.

The announcement was made after a meeting called by the association of the employers in the entire woolen shrinking and examining industry at the Hotel Pennsylvania yesterday. According to Mr. Fillmore, forty-one employers attended, representing 98 per cent. in this phase of the garment industry in New York and 90 per cent. of the whole country. It was decided to refuse the demand of the Cloth Examiners' and Spongers' Union, for a wage increase of from 25 to 30 per cent. and to refrain from any compromise offer involving a wage increase. The union, Mr. Fillmore declared, numbers about 1,000 workers. The time limit for the negotiations ends on July 15, according to Mr. Fillmore.

The woolen mills all over the country send their material to New York firms, who handle the shrinking and examining. When their work is done, the material is passed on to the manufacturers. None of these manufacturers, according to Mr. Fillmore, has more than one day's supply of material on hand.

The contract between the employers' association and the union, which was drawn two years ago, expired July 1. Under its terms, according to Mr. Fillmore, the workers averaged about $50 a week. At its expiration the union, represented by its President, Joseph Mezzacapo, and a committee, presented to a committee of employers, headed by Mr. Fillmore, a demand for an increase in the wage scale.

At a meeting a week ago between committees representing both factors the employers refused to grant the increase. The union refused to withdraw its demands. The time for negotiations was extended until July 15 and the meeting of the finishers' association yesterday was for the purpose of permitting the employers to arrive at a final decision on the union demands. A meeting will take place today between representatives of both factions at the employers' association headquarters, 1,133 Broadway, at which the decision of the employers will be made known to the union.

The manufacturing season is in full swing, Mr. Fillmore asserted. The manufacturing of men's and women's garments for the Fall is in progress, and a prolonged cessation would result in heavy losses to the garment industry. The employers are agreed, and have so informed the union, Mr. Fillmore says, that the wage increase demanded is economically impossible.

Attempts to get in touch with Mr. Mezzacapo, President of the union, last night, proved fruitless. It was said he was out of town.

TITLED EUROPEANS SHARE ESTATE HERE

Trust Fund of $1,000,000 Left by Mrs. Anna J. Watson to Be Divided.

An accounting suit filed in the Supreme Court yesterday shows that several titled persons will share in the principal of a trust fund estimated at more than $1,000,000, provided by the will of Mrs. Anna J. Watson, who died in 1878. Her will set aside the residue in trust for her husband, George H. Watson, who died recently at Groton, Conn., and directed that upon his death the principal was to be divided among her children and her heirs at law.

The suit filed yesterday is brought by the estate of George H. Watson as trustee against all the heirs, and names among others the children of Mrs. Watson's niece, Fannie M. Garner, now deceased, who was the wife of C. Oliver Iselin, including the Countess Colloredo-Mannsfeld of Vienna, who was Nora Iselin; C. Oliver Iselin Jr. and Adrian Iselin.

Other heirs of Mrs. Watson interested in the fund are Marcellita, the Marquise de Breteuil of Paris, a niece; Fanny, Lady Vernon, niece, who was adjudged incompetent some years ago and is now living at Pau, France; the Countess Judith de Moltke-Huitfeldt of Paris, a niece; the Princess Poniatowski, grandniece; Kitty L. Harriman, grandniece, and William Garner Lawrence, nephew, who is incompetent and lives at Pau.

The complaint asks that the accounts of the trustee be approved and that the court determine how much of a reserve fund established by Mr. Watson is to be drawn upon in settling the accounts. It is stated that Mr. Watson set aside the reserve fund for the purpose of meeting any losses due to the depreciation of securities held in the trust fund.

Because the majority of the defendants are abroad, Justice McCook signed an order to serve the papers on them by publication.

ROBBERS GET $10,000 SILK.

Take Choice of Stock in Fifth Avenue Shop, Also $200 in Cash.

A carefully planned robbery was carried out last Saturday afternoon when $10,000 worth of silks and $200 in cash were taken from the shop of Wetherbee & Co. 603 Fifth Avenue.

Practically the entire stock of the establishment was gone over and only the class of goods that could readily be disposed of was taken, the wrappings and all other marks of identification being removed. Silk in bales and silk hosiery made up the bulk of the loot.

The robbery was discovered that evening by a woman tenant of the building, who noticed three large bundles of silk in the vestibule of the trade and office entrance. She investigated and found a rear door ajar. After dragging in the three bundles and locking the outside door she roused other tenants of the building, who called the police.

In a few minutes the building was surrounded by police, while officers with drawn revolvers entered the shop, which was in darkness, all wires having been cut. None of the thieves was found. It is believed they broke into the place by forcing a trapdoor on the roof.

Leinster's Plea for Bail Rejected.

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LONDON, July 9.—The Duke of Leinster, who was convicted in Old Bailey last week for fraud, must remain in jail like any common criminal, although he is appealing the sentence. The Court of Appeals today refused his application for bail pending his appeal, which may not come up for some weeks. He is being detained while the Recorder in London considers the sentence, which will be announced at the next session.

STRIKERS STONE BROCKTON POLICE

Riot Follows Arrests of 105 Men and Women for Picketing Shoe Shops.

PRISONERS SING "AMERICA"

Fines of $10 Appealed — Walkout Ruled Breach of Contract Made by Older Union.

BROCKTON, Mass., July 9.—A mounted officer was knocked from his horse when strike sympathizers hurled a shower of stones and other missiles at police on duty late today, who were attempting to carry out orders to break up picketing of shoe factories in this city by strikers who walked out without the authorization of their union.

During the disturbance the police arrested fifteen pickets, four of whom were among the 105 men and women who were arrested on the picket lines this morning.

Every cell in the police station was filled and the prisoners, led by their leaders, sang "America."

The strike leader, Joseph E. Lacouture, was fined $10 in the District Court for loitering and by agreement of counsel each of the others arrested was given the same fine. Appeals were taken and all were released, Lacouture in $50 bonds and the others on their personal recognizance.

These developments were forecast when City Solicitor James E. Handrahan on Saturday ruled that the picketing was illegal because the workers in going on strike for increased wages and arbitration of disputes by a local board had violated a written agreement between the Brockton Shoe Manufacturers' Association and the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union. The city marshal announced that he would act on this ruling and the strikers at a meeting last night voted to disregard it.

The pickets were out in large numbers this morning, and the police force of about 100 men, together with special officers, immediately began making arrests. Mrs. Nellie McHugh, one of the strike leaders, and a number of other women were among those taken into custody.

Crowds gathered and made a noisy demonstration as the pickets were taken to the police station, and thence to the Court House. No demonstration followed the ending of the court proceedings.

The strike began the middle of May in Brockton and surrounding towns. All the factories are in operation, a number of the craft locals having refused to join in the strike and many new workers having been engaged.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, which has a wage demand pending, has a contract with the Manufacturers' Association which calls for arbitration of disputes by the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration. After the strike started the union revoked the charters of several participating locals, and the strikers formed a new independent union, known as the Brockton District Shoe Workers' Organization.

Brazil Won't Back Loan by a State.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—A report current that the State of Amazonas, Brazil, was endeavoring to float a foreign loan brought the statement from the Brazilian Embassy today that the Federal Government of Brazil did not think the financial situation in that State would allow it to assume new obligations and that it would not stand back of the proposed loan.

Sunburned?

DIOXOGEN will quickly ease the burning. A few applications of Dioxogen and water in equal parts, and you will be spared that sharp pain whenever the burned part is touched.

Dioxogen also helps the flesh to heal quickly and *prevents infection.*

Dioxogen

kills germs with Oxygen

Oildag Graphited Motor Oil

if your engine would *continue* its protective lubrication for a time even if the engine should run dry. Wherever moving parts bear, Oildag forms a nearly invisible "graphoid" surface, which is almost a part of the metal itself. This surface, by reducing friction, makes your engine run more smoothly, quietly and powerfully. Send for free booklet.

ACHESON OILDAG CO.
30 East 42nd St., New York
Price reduced to 30c per quart

Successful Advertising and Sales-Promotion Expert Open for Half-Time Connection

Excellent opportunity to get thoroughly seasoned sales, merchandising, advertising and distribution expert. This man has finest credentials, knows markets, is writer of powerful advertising copy and is experienced executive. Now open to half-day proposition with large or small company or retail store in New York. Address President, P 362 Times.

Arnold, Constable & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE at FORTIETH STREET

MEN—TODAY

The Vacation Sale of 15,000 Soft Collar-Attached Shirts

embracing everything a man could wish for in a collar-attached shirt in which quality and workmanship have NOT been subordinated to price.

2.25 *each, for 3.50 to 6.50 grades*

	Grade
1,200 white mercerized cotton pongee, white silk stripes	3.50
1,200 madras, white grounds, colored hair-line stripes	3.50
750 American "Irish poplin" weave, white and plain colors	3.50
900 highly mercerized poplins, woven narrow stripes	4.00
3,000 highly mercerized poplin, white, grey and plain colors	4.00
1,500 white summer madras, self stripes and figures	4.00
1,600 American silk-and-cotton Shantung, white, plain colors	4.50
1,500 "Ever-wear" golf shirtings, white, grey and tan	4.50
1,200 extra quality end-on-end two-tone oxford, 4 colors	4.50
120 David & John Anderson Scotch white oxford cloth	5.00
1,800 light-weight flannel, 15 light and medium stripe effects	5.00
240 English "Clydella" flannel, summer weight, plain white	6.50

None on sale before

Any shirt in this sale may be worn by the most particular of men. They were made for us, in one factory, from materials selected by us. No job lots here. No left-overs. Every shirt is new, first time on sale today.

Briefly—

Custom-like plain fronts (not center pleats, sign-manual of ready-made shirts).

* * *

New sleeve lengths—32½, 33½, 35—based upon sleeve requirements of 10,000 men.

* * *

Collar-bands stand straighter than those on any other collar-attached shirt.

* * *

Collars are of low or medium height.

* * *

Half the shirts have collars that button.

* * *

A third of the shirts have French cuffs; two-thirds single cuffs.

* * *

Plenty of choice in every size—14 to 17.

* * *

Best Sale We've Held

One Man In a Crowd

The man who stands out in a crowd is usually the one who stands out among men in business, socially and in all walks of life.

Such a man has personality. His clothes reflect character and good taste. Appearance counts with him. Generally he wears

Kuppenheimer

GOOD CLOTHES

$45 and $50

New, exclusive fabrics. Choice colorings. Distinctive styles. Single and double breasted models.

Brill Brothers

Broadway at 49th Street

279 Broadway 47 Cortlandt Street

Peerless

BUYERS of fine motor cars will be directly interested to know that our used car sales have more than kept pace with our record-breaking deliveries of the New Peerless, with the result that our stock of used cars has been very materially reduced. Six weeks ago we had two and one-half times as many used cars.

This places us in the unique and enviable position of being not only willing, but eager, to accept your present car as part payment on a New Peerless and thus aid in replenishing our used car stock.

The acquisition of a large number of used cars enables us to keep our Used Car Department working at its highest efficiency. Our taking your car in trade is not the serious problem which it must necessarily be with a company already carrying an overload of used cars.

Our readiness to trade in your car so that you may immediately enjoy the ownership of a New Peerless is only an additional incentive to you to investigate the merits of the New Peerless, which owners describe as the greatest value on the market today.

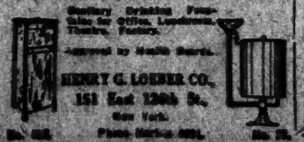
PEERLESS MOTOR CARS

Direct Factory Branch

1877 Broadway, at 62d Street.

Phone 8763 Columbus *Open Evenings*

Water Coolers and Filters



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BUSINESS STATISTICIAN

The Annalist, published Mondays by The New York Times Company, a magazine of finance, commerce and economics, is a time and money saver. Statistics are gathered by experts. Everything of financial and commercial importance is dealt with. Much of the information is clarified by charts.

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Exquisite quality. Write today for sample, enclose 5c.
Parfumerie ED. PINAUD
46 West 31st Ave., New York

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HUNTING DOWN THE RUM-RUNNER

The First Official Story of Prohibition and the Struggle to Enforce It

By ROY A. HAYNES, U. S. Prohibition Commissioner

With an Introduction by President Harding

THIS is the authentic account of all the adventures of bootlegging and the hazardous game of tracking it down; the complete narrative made public for the first time, so astonishing that it seems fantastic; written by the man who has been on the inside of the war on the rum traffic. Here are some of the chapters:

Millions in Bribe Offers.
Battles With the Moonshiners.
International Liquor Plots.
Tales of the "Double Cross."
The Record of Enforcement.

Running the Rum Blockade.
The Bootleggers' Murder List.
Smuggling in Bottled Death.
Violators in High Places.
The Future of Prohibition.

The story will appear serially for forty-three successive days, every Sunday and every weekday, in

The New York Times

Beginning Next Sunday, July 15

Order of your newsdealer today *The Times is always sold out early*

FEDERAL ROADS PUT AT 187,406 MILES

More Than 90% of People Will Live Within 10 Miles of One by State-Aid Plan.

SYSTEM LARGELY MAPPED

Practically Every City and Town of 5,000 Inhabitants or More Will Be Linked Up.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—So extensive will be the Federal aid granted to States for highways that more than 90 per cent. of the population of the United States will live within ten miles of a Federal aid road. In several States the population living within this distance of the nation-wide plan will be as high as 98 per cent., and in no State will the figure drop below 65 per cent.

The Bureau of Public Roads of the Department of Agriculture announced this afternoon that in thirty-four States the highways to be constructed with Federal aid have already been designated. With the fourteen other States the system is estimated at 187,406 miles.

Nearly every city of more than 5,000 population is now situated on the planned system, and the few that are not on it will connect with it over improved roads, so that the comprehensive plan will reach the whole country.

Following is the mileage of the system by States, estimates being given for the States whose systems are not yet approved:

Alabama	*3,958	Nevada	1,456
Arizona	1,406	New Hampshire	988
Arkansas	*5,037	New Jersey	983
California	4,467	New Mexico	3,256
Colorado	3,360	New York	4,498
Connecticut	835	North Carolina	3,816
Delaware	286	North Dakota	*4,853
Florida	1,856	Ohio	4,506
Georgia	*5,662	Oklahoma	*7,880
Idaho	2,772	Oregon	2,814
Illinois	*4,987	Pennsylvania	3,954
Indiana	3,967	Rhode Island	165
Iowa	7,154	South Carolina	*3,179
Kansas	6,423	South Dakota	*6,077
Kentucky	5,250	Tennessee	*4,564
Louisiana	*2,667	Texas	*11,655
Maine	1,693	Utah	1,499
Maryland	1,636	Vermont	1,043
Massachusetts	*1,290	Virginia	3,016
Michigan	4,982	Washington	2,867
Minnesota	6,401	West Virginia	1,901
Mississippi	*3,290	Wisconsin	*5,516
Missouri	7,040	Wyoming	3,234
Montana	4,497		
Nebraska	8,500	Total	187,406

*Mileage estimated, as system is not yet approved.

REFUSES TO DISMISS MORSE INDICTMENTS

Justice Stafford Rules That the Conspiracy Charges Must Go to the Jury.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The case of Charles W. Morse, his three sons and four others, who are charged with conspiracy to defraud the United States in connection with wartime ship construction and operation contracts, must go to the jury, Justice Stafford announced today in the District of Columbia Supreme Court, in overruling motions for a direct verdict of acquittal and for dismissal of the indictments, made last week after the Government had rested its case.

The defense then began the presentation of its case. Counsel plan to call as witnesses William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury; Charles M. Schwab, former Director General of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, and other men of national prominence, and hope to rest within a few weeks.

Justice Stafford, in a written opinion refusing to dismiss the indictments, said with reference to the first indictment, which charges a general conspiracy, that it would not be necessary that the means of carrying out the conspiracy should be unlawful in themselves. Consequently, he held that any number of the defendants, but not fewer than two, might be convicted, "provided the evidence shows them to have been parties to the general conspiracy charged, although ignorant of some of the means that were used and ignorant of any intention on the part of their co-conspirators to use them."

With respect to the second indictment, which charges a conspiracy to defraud the United States through fraudulent and false representations to the Emergency Fleet Corporation, sharper restrictions were drawn. Justice Stafford held that the jury could not find all of the defendants guilty if some made only one of the six alleged false statements specified in the indictment and others made one or more of the other statements.

"All of the defendants found guilty," he said, "must be found guilty of having conspired to commit an offense against the United States consisting in the use of the same misrepresentation."

In opening its case, the defense approached first the charge that the defendants delayed ship construction, offering several scores of photographs showing progress from time to time in the building of the shipyard at Alexandria, Va., and the construction of ships there. It also offered testimony to show that an offer of $3,500,000 had been received in 1918 for the steamships Huron, Minneapolis, Binghamton and St. Paul, which were listed as assets of the United Steamship Company, a Morse concern.

Through C. E. Nichol, Special Master under Federal Judge Waddill in the accounting suit between the Government and the Virginia Shipbuilding Corporation, now on trial, the defense sought to place in evidence a statement from the Fleet Corporation as to financial dealings with the Virginia corporation. The Government objected, but a ruling was deferred until a copy of the statement might be produced, as Mr. Nichol refused to permit the original to leave his possession.

CALL CANAL CONVENTION.

Board of Trade Seeks to Increase Volume of Business.

Announcement was made yesterday by the New York Board of Trade and Transportation that a State Barge Canal Convention would be called some time within the next two months for the purpose of discussing ways and means to increase the usefulness of the canal and the volume of its business. The convention will be held under the auspices of the New York State Barge Canal Conference, of which Frank S. Gardner, 41 Park Row, is Secretary. Shippers and manufacturers' organizations will be invited to send delegates.

Mr. Gardner said yesterday that while the canal last year carried a total of 3,973,434 tons of freight, it could have carried many times more if there had been boats to carry it.

CITY'S BUYER TAKES OFFICE

Commissioner Buckley Will Have Spending of $18,000,000 Yearly.

Commissioner Edward W. Buckley assumed charge yesterday of the recently created Department of Purchase, which takes the place of the old Board of Purchase. The new department, which will have an average expenditure of $18,000,000 a year, was created by the last Legislature.

The new Commissioner, who was appointed by Mayor Hylan two weeks ago, was welcomed to his desk by Commissioner Grover A. Whalen, former head of the Board of Purchase.

Commissioner Buckley's salary is $12,000 a year, fixed by the Board of Estimate. It is the highest salary paid a city Commissioner.

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A descriptive folder will be sent to executives upon request.

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SARAZEN'S 148 TOPS NATIONAL GOLF FIELD

Former Caddie Leads Espinosa by Three Strokes in Open Title Tourney at Inwood.

TRIPLE TIE FOR THIRD

Hutchison, Loeffler and Gallett Each Tally 152 in First Day's Qualifying Round.

CHICK EVANS SCORES 158

Chicagoan Is Only Amateur to Survive—Rallies Strongly in Afternoon Round.

CARD FOR INWOOD COURSE.

Hole	Out Yards	Par	Hole	In Yards	Par
1	343	4	10	395	4
2	371	4	11	491	5
3	362	5	12	198	3
4	530	5	13	430	4
5	519	5	14	497	5
6	177	3	15	173	3
7	223	3	16	425	4
8	418	4	17	405	4
9	360	4	18	425	4
Total	3,463	37	Total	3,169	35

Grand total—6,632 yards, Par 72.

Special to The New York Times.

INWOOD, L. I., July 9.—Playing as a champion should play and taking no chances of falling a victim to the twists of fortune such as overwhelmed him at Troon recently, little Gene Sarasen, former Westchester caddie, who now presides over the tee at Briarcliff Lodge up in Westchester County, led the field in the first day's qualifying round of the twenty-seventh National open championship at the Inwood Country Club here today.

When the scores of the ninety starters were all turned in along about sundown this afternoon, the little David of the golf links had outstripped them all, despite the fact that there were several notables competing against him for the honor. In the morning round, Sarasen negotiated the difficult and exacting Inwood lay-out, made still more difficult by the setting of the tees back to their utmost limits, in 73 strokes, one over par. In the afternoon, due largely to a misjudged chip shot at the third hole, Gene was two strokes more, giving him a total of 148 for the thirty-six hole test.

Just previous to starting out in the morning Sarasen, practicing putting with his stained implement, proved himself a good prophet by declaring with no unmistakable assurance that he would be close up to the top by the time the day was finished. "I'm all right when it isn't raining pitchforks or could enough for fur coats," said Gene, referring to his experiences in the British open, when he started out on his first test in the British classic under conditions that were utterly unfavorable.

After his first shot down the middle of the first fairway, those who followed him on his way around the wind-swept links overlooking the waters of Jamaica Bay realised that Sarasen knew whereof he spoke. For after that first ball went whistling down the fairway, splitting it in two, he was self-assurance itself. Every shot he hit with confidence. There was nothing slovenly about his work at any time. It was the painstaking work of the artist.

Espinosa Next to Sarasen.

Sarasen had practically no opposition for his place at the head of the column. Three shots, quite a margin, considering the calibre of the field, separated him from the rest of the pack. In second place, with a total of 151, came Abe Espinosa, a native of California, who for the last few years has given great promise of crashing through into stardom, but has always fallen short.

Directly back of Espinosa were bunched Jock Hutchison of Glen View, Chicago, who will cast his lot with the metropolitan district fraternity next year; Emil (Dutch) Loeffler of Oakmont, former Pennsylvania State open champion, and Francis Gallett of Port Washington, a graduate of the Carnoustie School in Scotland. All of them had 152 as a reward for their day's work.

Two strokes back of the trio came Billy Melhorn, formerly connected with the Shreveport Club but now located out St. Louis way, and William Creavy of Kansas City, another former New York caddie. They were followed by Leo Diegel, professional at the Friendship Club, Washington, D. C., with 153, and Fred Baroni of Montour Heights, Pittsburgh, and Jack Burke of the Town and Country Club, St. Paul, tied at 156.

Then came E. Williams of Peoria, Ill., with 157, followed by the only amateur to succeed in qualifying, Chick Evans, former open champion and twice holder of the amateur crown. Chick, after a disheartening morning round, which for a time threatened to throw him in the wreckage, passed a nerve-shaking test in the afternoon and tied his fellow-townsman, Lanky Bob MacDonald, former metropolitan open champion, with a score of 158.

Just inside the danger mark came Ben Parola of Sunnyfield and Fred Canausa of West Point, who had to do a 76 and 78, respectively, in the afternoon to give them a total of 159.

The list closed at 160 and there were just three who filled out the quota of eighteen. These fortunate ones were C. L. Booth of Putnam, Conn.; Joe Turnesa of Elmsford, N. Y., and James Wear of Rockaway, N. J.

The day was not without its disappointments, although among those who failed to make grade were few top-notchers. One of these left out was Wilfred Reid of Detroit, who was unable to do so well as his young nephew, Kenneth, son of Arthur Reid, the Ardsley pro. The youngster turned in a 79 in the afternoon round, giving him a 163 total. Wilfred, however, after starting out with an 81, gave up in the afternoon.

Another who was outside the limits was Charles Hall, the long-hitting Alabaman. Still another was Alex Campbell, the midget golfer, whose 84 in the afternoon dropped him with a thud.

Misses by One Stroke.

Harry O'Loughlin, the Plainfield (N. J.) pro who captured both the Metropolitan and New Jersey State open titles last year, missed the championship division by a stroke. After finishing the morning round with an 81, O'Loughlin had an excellent chance to make the grade until he struck the ninth hole. This is a par 4 hole, 360 yards in length. But Harry missed his drive and his ball lodged in the "devil's whiskers" that border the fairway. It took him three shots before he succeeded in extricating himself from his predicament and he wound up with an 8, four over par.

Pat O'Hara, former Richmond County pro, who won the North and South championship two years ago, was another who found the going too rough.

At the end of the morning round Gallett and Sarasen were tied for the lead, each registering 73's. Hutchison and Espinosa had 74; Loeffler, MacDonald and Melhorn, 75; Booth and Diegel, 76; Creavy, Baroni and John Edmundson of Llanerch, Pa., 77; Williams, Burke, E. Mullins of Ridgewood and Chick Fraser of California, 79, and Jack Beckett of Yountakah, Frank Bellwood of Cordova City and Campbell, 79.

The fact that there were only nineteen of the actual starting field under 80 during the morning round was convincing proof of the fact that hers at last was a course which was able to uphold itself against the attack of those par ravishers. And while the majority of players were making their struggle against par in the morning, the conditions were as nearly ideal as possible.

Along about the middle of the day the wind came up out of the southwest, giving the players something more than the ground conditions to battle with, it made more difficult the first five holes, especially the four holes stringing out after the first. It was a typical seaside course in the afternoon and one that called for rifle-like marksmanship.

There were three pairs that caught the eye of the gallery today. In the leading one was Sarasen, who played with Diegel. Then other two consisted of Fraser and Hutchison and the third was Evans and Burke.

Evans Furnishes Only Thrill.

It was Evans, however, who furnished the only thrill, for when he made his last putt on the home green at the conclusion of the morning round his score was 82, and grave doubts were expressed as to his ability to qualify, especially in view of the stiff wind that was causing all sorts of caprices when he started out.

It would have been nothing short of a debacle for Chick, for since time immemorial he has never failed to pass the test. He had been unable to get going in the morning, when his card showed ten 5s and one 7, the coming at the fourth hole. He had a 43 for his first nine holes and ragged play at the last three incoming holes made failure appear imminent.

In the afternoon Chick shook himself together and made few mistakes, his worst error coming at the tenth hole, where he took a 6 instead of the 4 called for by par. Two 3Bs on his second attempt left him well within the limits.

The golf display by Sarasen was not altogether faultless, but it was generally sound, and it showed that Gene possesses at least one shot that will make him a dangerous foe for those who have eyes on his crown. That is his chip shot from around the green. On several occasions, particularly in the afternoon, he saved himself the effort of much putting by sticking up his approaches either dead or almost dead to the hole.

Sarasen was one under par for the first nine holes in the morning round. He was near to birdie 3s on the first two holes, and hit the cup for a birdie 4 on the 322-yard third. A great approach to within five feet and the holing of the putt gave him a birdie 4 on the fourth, and he followed it with another birdie at the next, where he was just short of the green on his second and chipped up for another 4. He managed to get a good lie at the seventh where he used a spoon off the tee and went over the green into the wire-grass rough. His approach was perfect and he got his 5, which he followed by two 4s.

Sarasen had a rather lucky par 4 at the ninth when he overplayed the green on his second and practically missed his approach, but saw the ball stop within six inches of the hole. He was only twice over par the rest of the way, failing to get out of the rough at the eighteenth and taking three to get home at the eighteenth.

Great Shot by Diegel.

Diegel, his partner brought off a great shot at the home hole when, after getting into the water on his second, he peeled off his sweater and his tie, waded in and played the ball out to within ten feet of the hole, getting his 5.

Sarasen had only one really bad hole in the afternoon. That one was the third where, after being trapped, he was just short of the green on his third and then misjudged his chip which ran several feet past the hole.

Both he and Diegel had great approaches for their birdie 3's at the tenth hole in the afternoon round. Gene was off to the right of the fairway with a trap between him and the green. Diegel was only a few yards short.

The Washingtonian was the first to play and chipped up in within a foot, and Gene followed with an approach that almost holed out. Diegel, who was playing golf that was both erratic and brilliant, experienced plenty of trouble, enough at least to worry him, after the tenth. At the seventh he took three putts for a 5. He then topped a shot into the water at the short twelfth, played his next into a trap, but got out of a bad lie by a brilliant stroke, only to lose a 5 by missing a rather short putt. He had a 3 at the next hole, but finished the next five holes with three birdies and one par.

Hutchison, although scoring well, was struggling all through the morning. He said afterward that his 74 might just as well have been a 94, but, except for a 7 at the fourth in the afternoon, he was generally close to par figures.

Scores of those who qualified follow:

Gene Sarazen, Briarcliff Lodge	73	75	148
Abe Espinosa, California	74	77	151
Emil Loeffler, Oakmont	75	77	152
Francis Gallett, Port Washington	73	79	152
Jock Hutchison, Glen View	74	78	152
William Melhorn, North Hills	75	79	154
William Creavy, Kansas City	77	77	154
Leo Diegel, Washington, D. C.	76	79	155
Fred Baroni, Montour Heights	77	79	156
Jack Burke, St. Paul	73	83	156
E. Williams, Peoria	78	77	157
Charles Evans Jr., Edgewater	82	76	158
Bob MacDonald, Chicago	75	83	158
Ben Parola, Sunnyfield	83	76	159
Fred Canausa, West Point	81	78	159
C. L. Booth, Putnam	76	84	160
Joe Turnesa, Elmford	81	79	160
James West, Rockaway Hunt	80	80	160

DID NOT QUALIFY.

M. O'Loughlin, Plainfield	81	80	161
Jack Jolly, unattached	81	80	161
Alex Ednie, Jackson Heights	82	80	162
K. Reid, Ardsley	86	76	162
Ned McKenna, Transit Valley	80	82	162
J. W. Sawyer, Torresdale	77	85	162
Hugh Classby, unattached	80	82	162
Alex Campbell, Losantville	79	84	163
J. Edmundson, Llanerch	77	86	163
J. H. Ingalls, Elmsford	84	80	164
E. Mullins, Ridgewood	78	86	164
Jack Firth, Woodmere	82	82	164
Charles Hall, Birmingham	80	85	165
E. Gayer, Hillcrest, Cal.	85	80	165
George Thomson, Mount Vernon	80	85	165
Jack Beckett, Yountakah	79	87	166
Bayard Boba, Long Branch	82	84	166
Dan Goss, Essex	83	83	166
A. Nordone, unattached	84	82	166
Pat Petranck, Petersburg	88	83	166
Frank Sprogell, Memphis	88	80	168
H. Sanderson, Thornburg	84	86	170
John Cowran, Oakley, Mass.	90	80	170
Nick Demane, Sound View	85	85	170
William Anderson, Fresh Meadow	88	84	172
C. Anderson, Oak Park	84	88	172
W. Lunz, Mount Kisco	95	79	174
Jack Burgess, Lake Geneva	89	87	176
Frank Foyt, Engineers	89	88	177
James Thomson, Apawamis	91	86	177
Newton Mair, Hydewood	91	87	178
Ed. Myers, East Providence	88	91	179

WITHDREW.

H. Avery, Mountain Ridge; Charles Adams, Forest Hill; Archie Capper, Bonnie Briar; C. E. Claqus, unattached; J. Drucker, Belleclaire; Ferguson, Cameron, Garden City Country; Chick Fraser, Midwick, Cal.; T. H. Gray, Kittanning; Tom Hughes, Jacksonville; R. B. Hillis, Castle Shannon; F. D. Harned, Brooklyn Forest Park; James Hasbrouck, Woodmere; Charles Hilgendorf, unattached; W. H. Cox, Marine and Field; T. D. Longa, unattached; W. Loeffler, Pittsburgh; L. McBride, Pittsburgh; Willie McGuire, Hoosten; E. F. Milligan, unattached; W. Mackie, Ashtabula; C. E. Manning, Shreveport; A. E. Nelson, Norristown, Pa.; Pat O'Hara, unattached; Bob Perkins, Louisville; Larry Patton, Homestead; S. A. Rogers, Brooklyn; W. C. Ralph, West Albany; Wilfred Reid, Detroit; R. D. Sanford, Litchfield; E. Schulte, Elisabethtown; H. C. C. Tippett, Royal North Devon; R. Wyngate, Stockbridge.

Leading pairs scheduled to start tomorrow are:

Emmett French and Rudolph E. Knepper, 8:15 A. M. and 12:15 P. M.; Joe Kirkwood and Jess W. Sweetser, 9:10 A. M. and 1:50 P. M.; John Black and Francis Ouimet, 10:35 A. M. and 2:35 P. M.

ENGLISH ATHLETES NAMED FOR MEET

American Rhodes Scholars Are on Team to Face Yale-Harvard Combination.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 9.—Along with word of the safe arrival of the Harvard-Yale track team in London came a cablegram today designating the make-up of the Cambridge-Oxford combination for their international conflict with the Yankee collegians. Five of the English selections took part in the meet here two years ago, including Captain Henry Abrahams of Cambridge, who is entered in the 100 and 220-yard dashes and running broad jump; Capt. W. B. Milligan of Oxford, half miler; W. R. Seagrove, miler; R. D. Dickinson, high jumper, and A. L. Reese, shot putter. N. A. McInnis, selected for the two mile, was unable to compete two years ago after making the trip across.

Tevis Hare, the former Princeton hurdler entered in both hurdle events, and William Stevenson, also an ex-Princeton star and one time national amateur quarter mile champion, down for this distance, are Rhodes scholars at Oxford and Americans. Reese is the shot up, a Nebraskan, and Mitchener in the pole vault, from British Columbia, are also Rhodes scholars.

The Oxford Cambridge lineup for the meet follows:

100-Yards—H. M. Abrahams, Caius-Cambridge, and A. R. Alston, Clare-Cambridge.

220-Yard—H. M. Abrahams, Caius-Cambridge, and G. R. Renwick, New College-Oxford.

Quarter-Mile—W. E. Stevenson, Balliol-Oxford, and A. G. G. Marshall, Jesus-Cambridge.

Half-Mile—W. R. Milligan, University-Oxford, and D. G. A. Lowe, Pembroke-Cambridge.

One-Mile—W. R. Seagrove, Clare-Cambridge, and C. E. Davis, Christ's-Cambridge.

Two-Mile—N. A. McInnes, New College-Oxford, and T. R. Miller, Pembroke-Oxford.

High Jump—R. D. Dickinson, Oriel-Oxford, and D. A. M. Mitchell, University-Oxford.

Broad Jump—H. M. Abrahams, Caius-Cambridge, and F. D. Davitt, Corpus Christi-Cambridge.

Pole Jump—D. R. Michener, Hartford-Oxford, and A. Dickinson, Pembroke-Cambridge.

Shot Put—F. K. Brown, Exeter-Oxford, and A. L. Reese, Lincoln-Oxford.

High Hurdles—T. Hunn, University-Oxford, and R. Stanton, Queens-Oxford.

Low Hurdles—T. Hare, University-Oxford.

Big Chance for Millers.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 9.—Mal Douglas, captain-elect of the Yale track team, or John Watters, the Harvard freshman runner of the past season, have an opportunity to establish international track history this month when they face runners of Cambridge and Oxford at Wembley Stadium, near London, in the mile event of the three combined track meets were established way back in 1890, the mile run has always been won by Cambridge. Douglas, unless Coaches Mack and Martin decide to run the Yale captain-elect in the 2-mile, has an opportunity to upset tradition. He has twice been clocked around 4.22 this Spring.

Decided superiority has been shown by the Harvard-Yale combination in the 120-yard high hurdles and the running high jump, where they have a clean sweep of five firsts in as many meets, and in the 100, the hammer throw and running broad jump, where they have been victorious four out of five times. The hammer throw will not be held in this Summer's meet, but three new events have been added—the 220-yard dash, the 220-yard low hurdles and the pole vault. Jim Tolbert of Harvard won the shot put in 1921, the only time it was on the schedule, and it is intended again. At the start of the series of meets nine events were contested, and the present card calls for twelve.

Harvard has taken three firsts in the 100, Yale one, and Cambridge one. American runners should not make the mistake of underestimating the strength of Captain Henry Abrahams of Cambridge. The events of the meet may be programmed just evenly enough to allow him to do his sprints and broad jump and get away with at least two firsts. Abraham was next out but to Gerrish of Harvard in both the 100 and broad jump here two summers ago and has a fine opportunity to turn the tables this time. Bob Miller is the other English sprinter. The 220-yard runners for the American team are Sayre Norton and Bob Allen, unless there is a switch in the line-up when the boys reach England.

Harvard and Cambridge runners have won the 440 once each, Oxford once. Billie Stevenson, former Princeton captain, and once national amateur 440-yard champion, is the British star. He has registered 0:49 flat for the course. Chapman of Yale, who was runner-up to Rudd in his record-breaking race, is a more experienced and stronger runner now, and has an outside chance of disposing of the Rhodes scholar. Gage also has traveled under 50 seconds. Renwick of Oxford and possibly Abrahams may be Stevenson's team mate. The Cambridge captain has defeated the Princetonian when Cambridge and Oxford met last March, but the time was nothing to boast of.

Cambridge has won the mile twice, Oxford. Harvard and Yale once each. Tommie Campbell, the Yale captain, who is entered in the event again, took it here in 1921, shading Rudd, and in the same race, Captain Milligan's best was fourth place. Either Burke or Hillman, Yale's pair, is the second entry, and Milligan seems to have improved greatly but he can hardly hope for success in the mile as well.

Ted Gourdin's world's record broad jump of 25 feet 3 inches was made in the 1921 meet. Comins, like Abrahams, combines sprinting with the long leap. The Yale man cannot take Abrahams' ability too lightly, even though he has shown the better mark.

Final Day of Hard Work.

Willard and Firpo yesterday put in their final day of hard work. Willard already is down to weight and Firpo has stated that he has been ready for the past week. At his training quarters at the Columbus Sporting Club in Yonkers yesterday Willard did a little boxing, some bag punching, took a short run and called it a day. Today and tomorrow he will merely limber up. He said that he felt he was physically fit for the match and would engage in no more slugging matches, as he did not care at this late date to take any chances of injuring his hands.

Dundee at Long Branch, N. J., Trainer Jimmy De Forest was directing the work of Firpo. It was an effort for him to keep the big fellow from overworking, but he finally impressed upon him that it was necessary to let down at this stage in order to save all his strength for the big test against Willard. Firpo boxed five rounds, worked in the gymnasium for a half hour, took a short run, had a rubdown and called it a day.

Jack Kearns is directing Willard's training, said yesterday that the former champion never was in better condition in his life and that he had no reason to fear Firpo. De Forest, who helped to condition Dempsey for the Willard battle, said that in Firpo he had another great fighter who would hand Willard the same treatment at Boyle's Thirty Acres that Dempsey handed the big Kansan in Toledo.

A summary of the records of both Willard and Firpo shows the terrible punching power displayed by both men. Firpo has not been in the professional game very long, but in that time, according to the figures released at Promoter Rickard's office, Firpo has engaged in twenty-two battles and has registered nineteen knockouts. Willard has had thirty-four fights and is credited with nineteen knockouts.

Comparison of the Boxers.

In all of his battles to date Firpo has had the advantage of weight and strength. He never has faced a man physically his equal, but in Willard he will oppose a fighter rated one of the most powerful that ever entered a ring. Willard is big and strong and has demonstrated under fire that he can take punishment. He was floored by Dempsey seven times in one round but never quit. He continued to battle for two rounds more and only when he was unable to come out for the fourth round was the battle over.

Firpo has not been seen under a real test. Only once, and that against Brennan, did he have to extend himself. He proved then that he could take punishment and seemed to fight better when being punished. It remains for Firpo to be seen whether he can stand up and fight back after tasting Willard's best punches.

Firpo continues to be favored at odds of 3 to 5 us. Those who have been here in his work at Long Branch assert that he is much improved fighter over the one who was able to knock out Bill Brennan. In that fight all he had was a right hand, but Trainer DeForest has been working on his left ever since the Brennan battle and said yesterday that DeForest stated that when Firpo goes into this battle he will have two hands instead of one.

At 5 o'clock on Thursday night 40,000 general admission tickets at $1 and $2 will be placed on sale at the arena and on circus wagons at the Hudson tube stations at Summit Avenue and Grove Street. Reserved ticket sales will close at Madison Square Garden at 6 o'clock on Thursday evening.

Floyd Johnson and Jack McAuliffe 2d of Detroit will meet in the twelve-round semi-final. Two eight-round preliminaries and a six-rounder also are listed. In the first eight-round bout Young Bob Fitzsimmons will take on Tom Roper and in the other Tiny Jim Herman will engage Cliff Kramer. The six-round battle will present Charley Nashert against George West.

SEEKS BOUT BETWEEN GIBBONS AND TUNNEY

Johnston Would Stage Light Heavyweight Title Match at Yankee Stadium.

Negotiations are under way to bring together Tommy Gibbons and Gene Tunney, American light heavyweight champion, in a championship match at the Yankee Stadium the latter part of September, according to Jimmy Johnston, matchmaker of the Cromwell A. C., which holds the boxing rights at the Stadium. Johnston said that he talked with Eddie Kane, Gibbons's manager, over the long-distance telephone, in St. Paul yesterday, and that Kane said he was ready and willing to let Gibbons box in the East and that the Tunney match would be acceptable.

"I have not clinched the match between Gibbons and Tunney," Johnston said last night, "but Eddie Kane was talked over the telephone to me. The Cromwell A. C. has an excellent chance of staging the match. Kane told me that he was leaving for New York on Saturday and I expect to confer with him either next Monday or Tuesday. He told me that Gibbons wanted to take a rest of a few weeks before resuming training and that a date in September would be satisfactory. We have set aside Sept. 29 for this bout.

"I have talked with Billy Gibson, manager of Tunney, and he told me that he had no objection to Tunney facing Gibbons. Gibson said that Tunney was ready to fight Gibbons before Gibbons made such a great showing against Dempsey, and that that was the only reason why Tunney should avoid Gibbons now. I also expect to have a talk with Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, in a few days. The Cromwell A. C. is in line to stage the Dempsey-Wills battle."

DUNDEE AND CRIQUI TRAIN.

Titleholder and Challenger Continue Work for Bout.

Johnny Dundee yesterday continued active training for his championship match against Eugene Criqui, the new world's featherweight champion, at his camp at Orange, N. J. Criqui resumed his work at Manhasset, L. I., the same camp where Carpentier prepared for Dempsey, and where Criqui also got in condition for his battle against Johnny Kilbane.

"I am working harder for Criqui than I have worked in years," Dundee said yesterday in Orange, just after he finished a jog of eight miles. "This is the most important battle of my career and I have had more than 500. I have to win in order to force Jack Bernstein into the ring with me again."

Dundee yesterday boxed six rounds, performed other gymnasium work and was fresh after taking his run. Criqui engaged in only the lightest kind of work. He expects to be going through the complete training program next week.

Tickets for the Criqui-Dundee battle, which will be held at the Polo Grounds on the night of July 23, were placed on sale yesterday at 15 West Forty-fourth Street and 1,507 Broadway, and the demand for the pasteboards was very heavy.

TENDLER GOES TO DELANCO.

Contender for Lightweight Title Opens Jersey Camp.

Lew Tendler, the Philadelphia southpaw who will meet Benny Leonard for the world's lightweight championship at the Yankee Stadium on July 23, has opened his training quarters at Delanco, N. J., the same spot where he prepared for the battle against Leonard last year. Tendler has been doing his work at the Delanco training camp for all big bouts for the last four years.

Joe Fox of England, who has fought both Johnny Kilbane and Eugene Criqui, has been signed to appear in an eight-round preliminary to the Leonard and Tendler battle. He will oppose Babe Herman, the California featherweight. Fox fought Kilbane in a six-round battle in Philadelphia in 1919 and last year went twelve rounds against Criqui in France, before Criqui connected with his knockout punch. Jack Zivic, who made such a sensational showing against Charley White in Pittsburgh a short time ago, will appear in the ten-round semi-final. His opponent has not been selected.

KEARNS IS COMING EAST.

Says He Will Try to Arrange Dempsey-Wills Bout.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, July 9.—Negotiations for the next heavyweight championship battle between Jack Dempsey and probably Harry Wills, negro, will be opened with New York promoters within the next few days, Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, announced here as he prepared to leave for New York.

Four promoters are anxiously waiting the arrival here of Jack Kearns, manager of Jack Dempsey. They are Tex Rickard of Madison Square Garden, Jimmy Johnston of the Cromwell A. C., Tom O'Rourke of the Polo Grounds Athletic Club and Simon Flaherty of the Queensboro A. C. Johnston said yesterday that he already had discussed terms with Kearns for a Dempsey-Wills match at the Yankee Stadium on Labor Day and made it known that he had an appointment with Kearns here this week. Flaherty said that the officials of the Queensboro Club would hold a meeting tonight to complete their plans on the offer that they would submit to Kearns. O'Rourke also said he was in the field for the match. Rickard, however, said that he was more interested in a match between Dempsey and the winner of the Willard-Firpo battle and would not care to discuss a Dempsey-Wills match at this time, but that he always was in the market for important bouts.

Ogg Sets New Course Record Of 68 for Lido C. C. Links

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BEACH, L. I., July 9.—Willie Ogg, Worcester (Mass.) golf professional, who captured the Shawnee open championship two years ago, and one of the entrants in this year's national open championship, came over here today and broke the course record at the Lido Country Club. Ogg went out in 34 and came back in a like number of strokes for a 68, clipping two strokes off the previous record, held by the Long Island open champion, William Kleine of the Garden City Country Club. Ogg had two 2s on his card, sinking long putts at the third and thirteenth holes. His card follows:

Out	4	4	2	5	4	4	3	4	—34
In	4	4	4	2	4	3	5	4	—34—68

30,000 BOXING FANS SEE LEONARD WIN

Lightweight Champion Easily Outpoints Hart in 8-Round Bout in Philadelphia.

LYNCH DEFEATS WOLGAST

Bantamweight Titleholder Has Little Trouble in Defeating Quaker City Rival.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—Benny Leonard, lightweight champion of the world, tonight defeated Alex Hart, of Lorain, Ohio. In the opinion of the majority of sports writers at the ringside in an eight-round bout at the National League Baseball Park. Approximately 30,000 persons, the largest crowd that ever witnessed a boxing exhibition in this city, saw the match.

Leonard's weight was announced as 139 and that of Hart as 134 pounds.

There was not much action in the opening round, both men resorting to frequent clinches, in which Leonard had the advantage. In the second the champion drew blood from Hart's nose with a series of hard jolts. The Lorain boxer landed once or twice, but his blows appeared to lack steam.

Hart was wild in the third and his punches fell short. Leonard sent home many straight jabs in this round without a return, and in the next round his hard drives to the ribs forced Hart to hold a number of times.

The Westernier took the offensive in the fifth, but Leonard made him miss frequently, and, with stiff body blows, the champion soon had Hart holding. In the sixth the champion drove his opponent to the ropes, and with a hard left to the face again drew blood from Hart's nose. He also stung Hart with a series of body punches, which sent him to his corner at the end of the round somewhat weakened.

At the opening of the seventh Hart landed two or three light jabs to Leonard's body that did little harm. In return Leonard sent a number of stiff blows to the body.

Hart showed that he could stand punishment in the final round, for Leonard repeatedly hit him stinging blows on the jaw and over the heart, but without once sending him to the floor. At the end neither appeared to be any the worse for their encounter.

Lew Tendler, Philadelphia lightweight, who is scheduled to meet Leonard in New York July 23, was among the spectators at the ringside.

Joe Lynch, bantamweight champion, with superior ring generalship and cleaner punches, outpointed Bobby Wolgast, Philadelphia's sensational bantam, by a slight margin in the other feature bout.

Wolgast started off like a winner, but lost his speed in the later rounds, when the champion peppered him with stinging blows. It was a whirlwind battle from the first to the final clatter of the gong.

Nate Goldman of Philadelphia surprised Pinkey Mitchell of Milwaukee in the third bout. All the action in this contest was crowded into the fourth round, when Mitchell drove Goldman to the ropes and floored him with left to body and right to jaw. Goldman jumped up and dropped Mitchell just before the bell terminated the round. Goldman was entitled to the honors because of his aggressiveness. Mitchell weighed 139 pounds and Goldman 140.

Sporting his opponent a weight advantage of seven and a half pounds, Danny Kramer, 122½, of this city, punched his way to victory over Tommy Noble, formerly of England, but now of New York, who topped the scales at 130 pounds. Kramer had Noble measured for the apparent knockout in the first round, but was unable to deliver the finishing punch. Six of the eight rounds went to Kramer with one even.

In the opening bout Richie Mitchell, 130 pounds, of Milwaukee, easily beat Georgie Russell of this city, also 130 pounds, in eight rounds. Russell substituted for Joe Tipitts, who reported too ill to put on his gloves. Although Mitchell hit Russell repeatedly he was unable to drop the local lad.

SPALLA FAVORS ITALY FOR BOXING PURPOSES

Heavyweight Champion of Europe Says Bouts There Pay Well and Are Easy.

MILAN, Italy, July 9.—Erminio Spalla, the new heavyweight champion of Europe, would rather be a big frog in a small puddle than a small one in a large pond. It was for that reason that he returned to Italy to risk his pugilistic chances with his countrymen, thereby getting nearer fame and fortune, rather than to keep fighting an uphill fight to the top among the mass of American heavyweights.

"I make more money in Italy," Spalla said. "Also I am known here in America.

"I would get a thousand dollars over there for going in the ring with big men, and that had to last me for some time. Here, I make it right along and the battles are not so hard. I made a neat sum out of the Van der Veer fight and have bought an automobile.

"I would like to meet Dempsey as early as possible but right now I am ready to meet anybody. I would like a match with Siki or Beckett. Carpentier will have to fight Van der Veer before I will consent to meet him. I would like a chance at Firpo, too."

PRINCE OF WALES INVITED.

Cromwell A. C. Asks Him to Be Guest at Leonard-Tendler Bout.

An invitation to the Prince of Wales to attend the Benny Leonard-Lew Tendler championship bout was cabled yesterday by Jimmy Johnston, matchmaker of the Cromwell A. C. The message follows:

"On behalf of American sport lovers who admire your Royal Highness's sportsmanship, the Cromwell Athletic Club respectfully invites your attendance and that of your suite at the boxing match for the world's lightweight championship at the Yankee Stadium, July 23. Necessary reservations for your Royal Highness and suite will be made on the S. S. Leviathan, docking at New York July 20."

LEWIS DEFEATS DELMONT.

Floors Rival for Count of Nine in Bout at Broadway A. C.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., July 9.—Philly Lewis of Newark won all the way from Al Delmont, also of this city, in a ten-round bout at the Broad A. C. here tonight. Lewis floored Delmont for the count of nine in the fifth round.

Pal Reed of Boston shaded Sailor Darden in a ten-round bout.

Jack Russell outfought Bernie Bedou of France. Russell knocked Bedou down seven times but could not put him away.

Jackson to Box Callahan.

Willie Jackson, one time star lightweight, will celebrate his return to the ring after an absence of six months, when he faces Frankie Callahan, another one time lightweight headliner, in a twelve-round battle at the Freeport Auditorium on Friday night. Jackson began his promotions when he scored a one-round knockout over Johnny Dundee a few years ago. Three other six-round bouts and one four-round bout also are on the program.

Norfolk to Box Jamaica Kid.

Kid Norfolk, who holds the Tex Rickard belt, emblematic of the colored light heavyweight championship, has been matched to meet Jamaica Kid for the title and the belt in a twelve-round battle at the Commonwealth Sporting Club Saturday night.

DEERFIELD GUNNERS WIN NATIONAL TITLE

Ohio Clubs First and Second in Rifle Tourney—Regional Tryouts Set.

CALIFORNIAN IS LEADER

H. A. Rich of Pasadena Takes Individual Championship, Scoring 398 Out of Possible 400.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The Deerfield (Ohio) Gun Club was announced by the National Rifle Association today as 1923 winner of the small bore rifle championship of the United States, with a score of 1,947 out of a possible 2,000 points. The Hillsboro (Ohio) Rifle Club was runner-up with a score of 1,942, and the Remington Arms Club, Bridgeport, Conn., and George Washington University Rifle Club, Washington, D. C., tied for third place at 1,940.

H. A. Rich, Pasadena, California, received the individual championship at fifty yards with a score of 398 out of a possible 400; John D. Foland, Wilmington, Ohio, was second with the same score, but was outranked; A. W. Drake, Kings Mills, Ohio, T. K. Lee, Birmingham, Ala., and H. H. Jacobs, Dayton, Ohio, tied for third at 397, but ranked in the order named. Lee was last year's champion.

New efforts to make the American team, which will compete in the international rifle matches this year the best that can be selected from the more than 1,000,000 organized riflemen of the country, were disclosed by the War Department in announcing details of which regional tryouts for team membership will be held. The international rifle matches will take place at Camp Perry, Ohio, in September, and today's announcement said Wakefield, Mass.; Fort Niagara, N. Y.; Quantico, Va., and Annapolis, Md., Quantico, Va., and Fort Des Moines, Ia., would be shooting centres in the regional tryouts. Additional regional tryouts in the nine corps areas will be announced as soon as arrangements are perfected for employing the ranges selected.

A board headed by Colonel C. E. Stodter, Regular Army, Director of civilian marksmanship, and including Lieut.-Col. Frank Mahoney, Officers' Reserve Corps, First Vice President of the National Rifle Association, and Major L. W. T. Waller Jr., Marine Corps, will select the team members. Tryout conditions call for forty shots standing, thirty kneeling and ten prone, to be fired each day for three consecutive days at a range of 300 yards, with no restrictions on the type of rifle to be used.

EASTERN Y. C. FLEET FINDS LIGHT WINDS

Slow Voyage Made From North Haven to Burnt Coat Harbor—Rowing Races Today.

Special to The New York Times.

SWAN ISLAND, Me., July 9.—Light following winds, mostly from the westward, blew the Eastern Yacht Club fleet from North Haven today, in a rather slow but wholly enjoyable race to snug anchorage in Burnt Coat Harbor, nestled among the pine-clad ledges on the south side of the island. The air throughout the day was soft and very clear, and the numerous little dotted islands of the Eastern Penobscot shone like emeralds.

The fleet left North Haven early in the forenoon, and the racers gathered off the south side of the Babbidge Island. The cruising fleet scattered some going down to Isle Au Haute through Merchants' Row, while one or two tried cod fishing in a new cove called Squasters Gussie on the south side of Seal Island.

The schooner yachts were sent away at 10:10 A. M. with the Vagrant again in the lead, followed closely by the Avalon and Nina, who set the pace for the cruising fleet. Being only four starters, the [illegible] turned back from North Haven.

It was a [illegible] down the bay to Saddle Back Ledge, 15 miles due south, and the wind was very light from the westward. The yachts made good time, and by noon the entire fleet was around the beacon. Going out to the Isle Au Haute whistler the westerly breeze dropped, and for several hours the fleet lay becalmed, while the sea was as placid and serene as a proverbial mill pond.

Early in the afternoon a new breeze came in from the southeast, which brought in the spinnakers and sent up close-reaching jibs for the run a little north of east to the Swan's Island whistler. The fleet was favored by a strong flood tide up Jericho Bay and into Burnt Coat Harbor. Here the rowing races were held just before sunset. The fleet will leave tomorrow for Bar Harbor.

SIERRA WINS RACE ON HUDSON RIVER

Takes Prize for Annual Run to Poughkeepsie and Return for Midget Squadron.

C. B. Skoor's Sierra is the winner of the annual motorboat race to Poughkeepsie and return of the Midget Squadron of Jamaica Bay. The announcement was made by the Regatta Committee of the organization, made up of Richard

GIANTS COME BACK, TROUNCE REDS, 13-6

McGraw Shakes Up Batting Order and 16 Hits Result—Benton Driven to Cover.

NEHF WEAKENS IN SEVENTH

But Scott Comes to the Rescue and Checks Rally—Homers for Kelly and Frisch.

Great doings at the Polo Grounds yesterday. In the morning John McGraw shook his batting order upside down for the first time in more than a year, and following this cataclysmic event there was a delightful little massacre between the Giants and Reds in the afternoon, with the Reds being on the receiving or business end of the massacre and losing, 13 to 6.

In addition to this the Phillies beat the Pirates, which was manna from heaven or a bolt from the blue, depending on whether you live in New York or Pittsburgh. For the Phils to win any series was startling enough, but for them to win it from the pennant-chasing Pirates made it one of the outstanding events of the last few years in baseball.

So the Giants are beginning to see a rift in the clouds. And they must have been some clouds to make John McGraw do all the things to his batting order that he did yesterday. It was a major operation. Young was lifted to the lead-off position. Groh, Frisch and Meusel held fast, but the Stengel-Cunningham combination was next, with Kelly in his normal position of sixth, young Travis Jackson seventh and the pitcher and catcher coming last.

Observes that Jimmy O'Connell appears nowhere on the above roster. Stengel and Cunningham were bracketed in the centre field position, and Jimmy was merely No. 24 on the batting order. The supposition is that McGraw would have started Stengel if a right hander had pitched, and that means that the $75,000 beauty has been benched until he improves or the Giants regain their winning ways. Maybe he won't be back at all. Nobody knows.

But even without their new batting order the Giants probably could have squelched the Reds. Anybody could have beaten Rube Benton the way he pitched yesterday. Rube is the gentleman over whom Judge Landis, John Heydler, Ban Johnson, Garry Herrmann and sundry other big-wigs quarreled violently last Winter, but his work yesterday indicated that the official oratory was nearly a total waste.

Giants Show Powerful Attack.

There was a great deal of fury in the Giants' attack, not because they didn't like their old playmate, the Rube, but because the worm will turn and the Reds had been playing the town bully long enough. When the bully finally does get it, there is generally a lot of force, venom and vim put into the job, and every time the Giants swatted the Reds yesterday the fans went mad with delight, giving vent to a long-accumulated dislike for the pesky people from Cincinnati.

Two home runs, two triples and a flock of singles and double—totaling in all sixteen—showed how the Giants went about the work of revenge. Frankie Frisch hit one of the homers, a smash line drive that rolled to the fence in right centre. George Kelly hit the other and also one of the triples. Jackson had a triple, Cunningham a double and two singles. The pitchers didn't get any, and Heinie Groh suffered the ignominy of being the only Giant with less than two smackers to his credit.

In the first inning against Arthur Nehf with Rawlings and Young on bases, with two out Bohne singled, Rouah two-baggered and Duncan singled for two runs. Everybody groaned and cast their eyes pitiably to the heavens. But the Giants got going against Benton in the second and squeezed over three runs.

Kelly hit a safe fly to the right field corner and by fast sprinting and daring base work made third, sliding in ahead of Caveney's slightly woozy throw. Benton passed Jackson, and then Hank Gowdy hit a terrific liner to Daubert's right which Fonseca got and flung past Benton at the bag. When Hargrave daydreamed gently and didn't back up first, the pill kept on rolling and both Kelly and Jackson scored. Gowdy coming over a minute later on Neis's fly to Burns.

Benton slung a double to right centre with Hargrave on first in the fourth and tied the score, but only for the nonce. In the Giants' fifth Groh and Frisch singled to right and Frankie stole. Meusel batted one to right and the pair scored.

Inning by inning in every way Benton got groggier and groggier. In the sixth the Giants finished him. Jackson led off with a terrific triple off the left field boards. Gowdy fanned, but Nehf's out via Benton and Daubert scored Jackson. Young singled off Caveny, Groh walked and Frisch busted a line drive which flitted past and over Roush and netted one home run for the Swedonian Flash.

Rube Bressler pinch hit for Benton in the Reds' seventh and started much trouble for Nehf by singling to short. Burns walked and Daubert singled to Groh, filling the bases. When eBhne cracked a base hit past Frisch Bressler and Burns scored, and out went Nehf in favor of Jack Scott. Bohne went to second on the throw to third, and nobody was out.

Scott Comes to Rescue.

Scott saved the day, though. He coaxed the glowering Roush into rolling to Kelly while Daubert scored. But Scott threw Duncan out personally, and Groh was in front of Fonseca's grounder.

Cactus Keck, successor to Benton, was not so good that the Cincinnatians present tossed their hats into the air and gave three cheers. The first ball he projected plateward was smote with much feeling by Cunningham, and the resultant hit was a two-bagger to left. Shaken by the force of this reception Keck got into a frightful hole with Kelly, and at three and one gave George a cripple which the long one smashed into the general direction of the upper Bronx. The ball hit away out and up against the green board facing at the top of the left field stand—a real home run that Babe Ruth would have appreciated keenly.

A pinch hitter forced Keck to evacuate in the eighth, George Harper appearing at the plate and striking out with a great deal of emphasis and energy. So Will Harris, a lad from the Piedmont League, did the eighth-inning stint for Pat Moran, and was treated with no more respect than his predecessors. William walked Groh, and Meusel singled off his person. Cunningham singled to left, Groh scoring and Meusel tearing to third. On a double steal, Cunningham was snared between first and second, but the Reds forgot Meusel in the excitement and allowed Irish to hurry home from third, Cunningham finally being run to earth after the whole Cincinnati team had bayed at his heels.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Young,rf	5	1	2	3	0	Burns,rf	4	1	1	2	0
Groh,3b	3	3	1	3	3	Daubert,1b	5	1	1	7	1
Frisch,2b	4	2	2	2	3	Bohne,3b	5	1	2	1	2
Meusel,lf	5	1	2	1	0	Roush,cf	5	1	1	3	0
Cun'ham,cf	4	1	3	3	0	Duncan,lf	5	0	2	2	0
Kelly,1b	5	2	2	13	0	Fonseca,2b	5	0	1	3	5
Jackson,ss	5	2	2	0	2	Hargrave,c	2	1	0	3	1
Gowdy,c	4	1	2	2	0	Caveney,ss	4	0	1	3	2
Neis,p	2	0	0	0	2	Benton,p	2	0	1	0	2
Scott,p	1	0	0	0	1	aBressler	1	1	1	0	0
						Keck,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bHarper	1	0	0	0	0
						Harris,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	13	16	27	11	Total	39	6	11	24	13

a Batted for Benton in seventh.
b Batted for Keck in eighth.
Errors—New York 1 (Jackson); Cincinnati 2 (Fonseca, Caveney).

New York	0	3	0	0	2	4	2	2	0	0	—13
Cincinnati	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	—6

Two-base hits—Roush, Benton, Cunningham. Three-base hits—Kelly, Jackson. Home runs—Frisch, Kelly. Stolen bases—Frisch, Hargrave. Sacrifice—Neht. Double plays—Fonseca and Caveney; Bohne, Fonseca and Daubert. Left on bases—New York 5, Cincinnati 9. Bases on balls—Off Nehf 2, Scott 1, Benton 3, Harris 1. Struck out—By Nehf 1, Benton 1, Harris 1, Scott 1. Hits—Off Benton 11 in 4 innings, Keck 4 in 1, Harris 2 in 1, Nehf 9 in 6 (none out in seventh), Scott 3 in 3. Winning pitcher—Nehf. Losing pitcher—Benton. Umpires—Klem, O'Day and McCormick. Time of game—2:05.

INDIANS STOPPED BY RED SOX, 4 TO 1

Error by Sewell Contributes to Sherrod Smith's First Defeat of Season.

CLEVELAND, July 9.—Boston broke Cleveland's winning streak today, winning 4 to 1, although outbatted almost two to one by the Indians. Long hits by Burns and Harris, with an error by Sewell, helped the Red Sox. It was Sherrod Smith's first defeat of the season. Shano Collins will be out of the line-up several days due to being hit by a pitched ball yesterday.

The score:

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Fewster,ss	4	0	0	1	4	Jamieson,lf	3	1	0	2	0
Picinich,c	4	0	0	8	2	Summa,rf	3	0	1	4	0
Flagstead,rf	4	2	1	5	0	Speaker,cf	4	0	2	3	0
Burns,1b	4	1	1	8	0	Sewell,ss	4	0	2	2	4
Harris,lf	3	1	2	2	0	Steph'son,2b	4	0	1	4	0
Ritchie,cf	3	0	0	4	1	Lutzke,3b	3	0	0	1	1
McMillan,3b	4	0	1	0	1	Brower,1b	4	0	2	8	0
Shanks,2b	3	0	1	3	2	O'Neill,c	3	0	0	3	0
Piercy,p	2	0	0	0	4	Smith,p	3	0	1	0	4
						aMyatt	1	0	1	0	0
Total	32	4	6	27	15	bGardner	1	0	0	0	0
						cConnolly	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	34	1	10	27	9

a Batted for Lutzke in ninth.
b Batted for O'Neill in ninth.
c Batted for Smith in ninth.
Errors—Boston 1 (Fewster); Cleveland 1 (Sewell).

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	—4
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Two base hits—Burns, Summa, Brower. Home run—Harris. Sacrifice—Piercy. Double plays—Piercy, Picinich and Burns; Shanks, Fewster and Burns. Left on bases—Boston 7, Cleveland 7. Base on balls—Off Piercy, 2; Smith, 1. Struck out—By Piercy 2; Smith, 2. Wild Pitch—Piercy. Umpires—Connolly and Owens. Time of game—1:50.

NEWARK GETS EVEN BREAK.

Beats Syracuse in First Game, 6-5—Loses Second, 6-1.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 9.—Newark and Syracuse split even in today's double-header, the Bears winning the first encounter, 6 to 5, and the Stars the second, 6 to 1.

Fred Brainard's home run over the centre field fence in the seventh inning decided the issue in the opening, while Syracuse had little trouble winning the second game. Taggert's homer with one on featured.

The teams meet in another double-header tomorrow.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEWARK (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	SYRACUSE (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Eltman,lf	4	2	1	1	0	Silva,cf	4	1	2	2	0
Miller,2b	5	2	3	1	3	Gislason,2b	4	1	0	4	3
W'w'th,cf,rf	4	0	2	0	0	Holm,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Brainard,2b	4	1	2	2	3	Taggert,rf	4	1	2	0	1
Anderson,3b	4	0	0	1	0	Niebergall,c	1	0	0	1	0
Sheridan,ss	4	0	0	2	4	McKee,c	2	1	0	4	1
Wh'm'n,rf,cf	4	0	1	3	1	McCarty,1b	4	0	2	9	1
Devine,c	3	0	0	2	0	Makin,3b	4	0	1	0	3
Ellis,p	3	0	2	0	3	Keating,ss	3	1	1	5	2
						Parks,p	1	0	0	0	0
						aWeh'n,rf	1	0	0	0	0
						Rieves,p	0	0	0	0	0
						F'khouse,p	1	1	0	0	0
Total	35	6	11	27	16	Total	35	5	6	27	9

Errors—Newark 1 (Sheridan); Syracuse 2 (Niebergall, McKee).

Newark	2	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	—6
Syracuse	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	—5

Two base hits—Zitman, Miller, Keating, Makin. Three base hits—Silva, McCarty. Home runs—Brainard. Stolen bases—Brainard, Anderson. Sacrifice—Silva. Left on bases—Syracuse 7, Newark 6. Double plays—Keating and Gislason; Gislason and McCarty; Brainard and Miller; Gislason, Keating and McKee. Struck out—By Parks 1, Frankhouse 2. Bases on Balls—Off Ellis 4, Rievers 2, Frankhouse 2. Hits—Off Parks, 6 in 2 1-3 innings; Rieviers, 10 in 1; Frankhouse, 5 in 5 2-3. Hit by Pitcher—By Ellis 1 (Keating). Passed balls—Niebergall, McKee. Losing Pitcher—Frankhouse. Umpires—McDevitt and Geisel. Time of game—1:53.

SECOND GAME.

SYRACUSE (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Silva,cf	3	1	1	1	0	Zitman,lf	2	0	1	1	0
Gislason,2b	3	2	1	0	2	W'worth,lf	2	0	1	1	0
Taggert,rf	3	1	2	3	0	Miller,1b	4	0	0	8	0
McCarty,1b	3	1	2	7	1	Hoenig,rf	3	0	0	2	0
Niebergall,c	2	0	0	1	1	Anderson,3b	2	0	1	0	2
Peden,lf	3	0	0	3	0	Sheridan,ss	3	0	1	0	4
Keating,ss	3	0	0	1	3	Whitman,cf	3	0	0	0	0
Hill,p	3	1	2	1	0	Cressman,c	3	1	1	6	0
						Schlessler,p	3	0	1	0	2
Total	24	6	8	21	8	Total	28	1	6	18	8

Errors—Syracuse 1 (Miklin); Newark, 0.

Syracuse	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	—6
Newark	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Seven innings by agreement.
Two-base hits—Taggert, Silva. Three-base hit—McCarty. Home run—Taggert. Stolen base—Gislason. Sacrifices—McCarty, Niebergall. Left on bases—Syracuse 4, Newark 7. Bases on balls—Off Schlessler 2, Hill 1. Struck out—By Hill 1. Wild pitch—Hill. Umpires—Geisel and McDevitt. Time of game—1:00.

Caught at the Plate.

Two sparkling plays by Frisch saved the second inning, when Jackson fumbled on Hargrave and Caveney singled. Benton bunted to short and almost landed it safe, but Jackson recovered it and Frisch, covering second at top speed, took a force throw on Caveney.

Then Burns raised a nasty looking fly back of first, and the Flash, running and twisting sideways, made a beautiful recovery near the foul line. Lost his cap, too, of course.

Jackson's triple was a masterly blow which just missed getting into the left field stand at a distant point.

Pat Moran was around looking redder than ever, but he didn't do so much chirping on the coaching lines.

Benton, in his first appearance of the season at the P. G., was razzed some. What by some of the fans. Looks as if Rube didn't leave all tender memories behind him.

The riotous fun will continue today when the Pirates commence a five-game series. Large doings are promised.

McKechnie will start Cooper or Hamilton today, and Bentley, who blanked the Bucs at Pittsburgh, will be in the rival stall.

The Pirates, three and a half games behind, will have to win four out of five to gain first place.

CRIPPLED YANKEES TRIM BROWNS, 9-3

Score Five Runs in Fourth-Inning Rally and Capture the Series.

RUTH HITS 19TH HOMER

Smith Drives for the Circuit in Eighth—Hofmann Struck on Head by Pitched Ball.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—Although forced to use two substitutes in the outfield and a semi-cripple at short, the Yankees made it three out of four from the Browns this afternoon by winning the closing game of their series here. The score was 9 to 3, two of the Yankees' runs resulting from Ruth's nineteenth homer of the season.

In the continued absence of Witt, the regular centre fielder, Huggins used Elmer Smith in the lead-off position, and after the first inning he was forced to send Hendrick to Meusel's relief. Smith made three hits in four times at bat, one of them a homer in the eighth, and Hendrick not only played a brilliant game in the field, but batted in two runs with a single in the fourth.

Southpaw Pennock pitched for the Yanks, and held the Browns to six hits, five of which were made in the last three innings after the Yanks had amassed a commanding lead. Davis started on the mound for the Browns, but was driven to cover in the fourth innings, and Kolp, who followed him, was taken out at the close of the same inning.

Root pitched the next four innings and held the champions to one run and two hits, the former resulting from Smith's circuit drive. Pruett pitched the closing round and brought the Yankee bench warmers tumbling out of their dugout by hitting Hofmann in the head with a pitched ball. Hofmann was not hurt, however, and continued in the game.

Ruth Hits Homer.

Ruth sent the Yanks away to a two-run lead by parking a circuit wallop in the left field bleachers in the first. Elmer Smith led off with a base on balls and lingered on first while Dugan flied to Jacobson. Ruth then came to bat and on the count of two knocked a home run. Pipp drew a pass, but Meusel struck out and Ward's grounder to Gerber, for a force-out at second, retired the side.

Pennock also was wild at the start and paved the way to a hostile run by passing Tobin, the Brown lead-off man. Easell bunted to Pennock and the latter's fumble put runners on first and second with none out. Williams laid down a sacrifice bunt and Jacobson sent a sacrifice fly to Ruth, Tobin scoring after the catch. McManus drove a smashing liner down the third base line, but Dugan got in front of it and pulled it in for the third out.

The Yankees scored again in the third, Ruth was the first man up and singled down the right field line, advancing to third on Pipp's hit past Scheibeler. Hendrick, who had relieved Meusel in left, lifted an easy fly to Kenneth Williams, but Ward came through with a double to centre, Ruth scoring and Pipp going to third on the hit.

Davis filled the bases by hitting Scott, but Williams collared Hofmann's fly in short left field, and Pipp was doubled up trying to score.

Score Five in the Fourth.

The champions resumed their drive in the fourth and scored five runs while hammering Davis off the hill. Pennock led off with a grounder to McManus and was safe on the latter's boot. Smith singled to right and Dugan filled the bases by beating out a bunt toward third. Davis was taken out of the box, Kolp replacing him.

Kolp forced in a run by passing Ruth and another filtered through on Pipp's infield out. Hendrick singled to centre, scoring Dugan and Ruth. He completed the circuit on Scott's double to right after Kolp had fanned Ward. Hofmann's fly to Williams ended the inning.

Root succeeded Kolp on the mound in the fifth, and retired the side in order in three successive innings. In the seventh, Ward, Scott and Hofmann were quick and easy victims of his sharp-breaking curves.

With one out in the eighth, however, he tried to smash a fast one past Smith, but the batter scattered the spectators in the right-field bleachers with a homer. Dugan flied to Jacobson, but Ruth drew a pass, and sprinted around to third when Williams fumbled Pipp's grounder to Hendrick, retiring the latter. A high fly to deep centre field, but Jacobson was playing just right for him and robbed him of an extra base hit.

Collins batted for Root in the eighth, and hammered another homer into the bleachers, Hendrick and Ward in front. In the ninth the Browns collected another run on McManus's double to left and Gerber's single to right.

The score:

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Smith,rf	4	1	3	2	0	Tobin,rf	3	1	0	2	0
Dugan,3b	3	1	1	1	2	Easell,3b	3	0	0	1	2
Ruth,cf	3	2	2	4	0	Williams,lf	3	0	0	4	1
Pipp,1b	4	1	2	6	1	Jacobson,cf	3	0	1	0	0
Meusel,lf	1	0	0	0	0	McManus,2b	4	1	2	3	3
Hend'rick,lf	4	1	2	1	0	Gerber,ss	4	0	1	0	2
Ward,2b	3	0	1	3	3	Severeid,c	4	0	1	9	0
Scott,ss	4	0	1	1	4	Schl'bner,1b	4	0	0	3	0
Hofmann,c	4	0	0	6	0	Davis,p	1	0	0	0	0
Pennock,p	3	1	1	1	0	Kolp,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Root,p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	39	9	12	27	6	Pruett,p	0	0	0	0	0
						aCollins	1	1	1	0	0
						Total	31	3	6	27	5

a Batted for Root in eighth.
Errors—New York 1 (Pennock); St. Louis 2 (Williams, McManus).

New York	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	3	9	
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	

Two-base hits—Ward, Scott, McManus. Home runs—Ruth, Smith, Collins. Sacrifices—Easell, Williams, Jacobson. Double play—Williams and Severeid. Left on bases—New York 9, St. Louis 5. Bases on balls—Off Davis 2, Pennock 1, Kolp 1, Root 1. Struck out—By Davis 2, Pennock 1, Kolp 1, Root 4. Hits—Off Davis 3 in 3 innings, none out in fourth; Kol 2 in 1, Root 2 in 4, Pruett 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Davis (Scott), Pruett (Hofmann). Losing pitcher—Davis. Umpires—Dinneen and Hildebrand. Time of game—1:45.

WHITE SOX TAKE FINAL.

Even Series by Beating Senators by 8-1—Homer for Hooper.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Chicago evened the series with Washington today by taking the final game of the series 8 to 1. Kenneth Sedgwick, a recruit pitcher from the Virginia League, made his major league debut for the Senators. He pitched fine ball for five innings, but weakened in the sixth.

Hooper's home run with a man on base and Leverette's triple, one of the longest hits ever made in Comiskey Park, which scored two runs, were features. Eddie Collins, who has been out of the White Sox line-up because of an injured knee, resumed his position today.

The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper,rf	5	1	1	2	0	Leibold,cf	4	0	0	1	1
McClln'n,ss	5	0	2	2	5	Bluege,3b	2	0	1	2	3
Collins,2b	3	1	1	3	2	Goslin,lf	4	0	1	3	0
Mostil,cf	4	1	2	4	0	Rice,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Sheely,1b	2	0	0	12	2	Gharrity,1b	3	1	1	11	1
Falk,lf	2	1	1	1	0	Harris,2b	4	0	1	4	2
Kamm,3b	4	0	1	1	2	P'pingh,ss	4	0	1	1	4
Schalk,c	3	2	1	2	1	Ruel,c	4	0	1	4	1
Leverette,p	3	1	1	1	2	Sedgwick,p	1	0	0	0	0
						aEvans	1	0	1	0	0
Total	31	8	11	27	10	Total	33	1	7	*22	12

*Mostil out for interference.
a Batted for Sedgwick in ninth.
Errors—Chicago 1 (Leverette); Washington 0.

Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	3	1	0	—8
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two base hits—McClellan, Kamm. Three base hit—Leverette. Home run—Hooper. Stolen bases—Gharrity, Mostil, Peckinpaugh. Sacrifices—Falk, Bluege, Leverette. Double plays—Goslin, McClellan and Sheely; Sedgwick, Ruel and Gharrity. Left on bases—Washington 9, Chicago 8. Bases on balls—Off Leverette 1; Sedgwick 2. Struck out—By Leverette 5; Sedgwick 1. Passed ball—Ruel. Umpires—Moriarty and Holmes. Time of game—1:45.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 13, Cincinnati 6.
Brooklyn 5, St. Louis 3.
Philadelphia 4, Pittsburgh 1.
Chicago 4, Boston 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York 9, St. Louis 3.
Boston 4, Cleveland 1.
Philadelphia 6, Detroit 5.
Chicago 8, Washington 1.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	49	25	.662
Pittsburgh	44	27	.620
Cincinnati	42	29	.592
Brooklyn	38	34	.528
Chicago	40	36	.526
St. Louis	36	41	.468
Boston	22	50	.306
Philadelphia	22	51	.301

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	50	23	.685
Cleveland	39	36	.520
Philadelphia	37	36	.507
Chicago	35	35	.500
Detroit	35	38	.479
St Louis	34	39	.466
Washington	32	41	.438
Boston	27	41	.397

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh at New York
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.).
Chicago at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.).
St. Louis at Boston.
(Two games).
Cincinnati at Philadelphia
(Two games).

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Boston at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Washington at St. Louis.

HEYDLER PREDICTS A RECORD SEASON

Reports 300,000 Attendance Gain in National Over First Half of 1922.

Additional proof, if any was needed, that baseball attendances have been soaring skyward this season was furnished yesterday by President John A. Heydler, who in his report at the annual midseason meeting of the National League in this city disclosed that the gross paid attendances at all league games during the first half of the year was more than 300,000 in excess of that for the corresponding period last season.

This was in direct line with the recent statement by Ban Johnson of the American League, that attendances in the junior circuit had been 447,403 more than in the same period in 1922. As Johnson's report was on earlier games and was 100,000 greater than Mr. Heydler's figures, the assumption is that baseball's new prosperity has helped the American League more than its rival. This fact may be explained by the opening of the Yankee Stadium and the amazing jump of the Athletics, combined with the fact that in the National League the title is confined to the same leaders as last year—New York, Pittsburgh and Cincinnati.

President Heydler also told the magnates that all signs pointed to this being the National League's greatest season in attendance.

The midseason meeting was held in the league's main office at 8 West Fortieth Street and was brief. It was announced that the league's memorial to the late Captain John C. Anson, one of the great stars of all time, was nearing completion and would be ready for unveiling at Oak Woods, Chicago, early in September.

A resolution deploring the death of Umpire Paul Sentelle was passed and the magnates authorized Mr. Heydler to pay to Mr. Sentelle's widow his year's salary in full, besides paying all the expenses incident to the illness and funeral. The umpire, who joined the staff in the Spring of 1922, died in Cincinnati shortly after the beginning of this season.

Those present at the meeting were: New York, Secretary James J. Tierney; Pittsburgh, President Barney Dreyfuss; St. Louis, President Sam Breadon and Vice President Branch Rickey; Boston, Vice President Emil Fuchs; Brooklyn, President Charles H. Ebbets and Treasurer Stephen C. McKeever; Chicago, President William L. Veeck, and Philadelphia, President William F. Baker. Cincinnati was not represented.

CUBS DEFEAT BRAVES, 4-1.

Take Third Straight Game of the Series—Barnes Hit Hard.

BOSTON, July 9.—The Chicago Cubs took the third straight game of the series with the Boston Braves by a score of 4 to 1 today. Barnes was hit hard and his support was erratic.

Friberg's fielding and the batting of Hollocher, Grantham and O'Farrell featured.

The score:

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Statz,cf	4	1	1	3	0	Nixon,cf	3	0	1	4	1
Hollocher,ss	5	1	4	2	2	Powell,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Gran'ham,2b	5	1	2	4	5	South'th,rf	4	0	0	3	0
O'Farrell,c	3	0	2	2	1	McInnis,1b	3	1	2	11	1
Friberg,3b	3	0	0	7	1	Beckel,2b	3	0	1	2	2
Callaghan,lf	4	0	1	0	0	Wells,3b	3	1	0	0	1
Heathcote,rf	4	1	2	1	0	E. Smith,c	4	0	1	2	2
Elliott,1b	4	0	1	13	0	R. Smith,ss	2	0	0	2	4
Osborne,p	4	0	0	0	1	aBagwell	1	0	0	0	0
						Cohen,3b	0	0	0	0	0
						Ford,2b-ss	1	0	0	2	2
						Barnes,p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	39	4	15	27	10	Total	29	1	5	27	15

a Batted for R. Smith in the seventh.
Errors—Chicago 0, Boston 4 (McInnis, Felix, E. Smith, Barnes.)

Chicago	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	4	
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	

Two-base hits—Hollocher, Grantham. Three-base hit—O'Farrell. Stolen bases—Hollocher 2, Grantham 2, Heathcote. Double plays—Friberg, Grantham and Elliott. 2; Friberg and Elliott; Nixon, R. Smith and Ford; McInnis and E. Smith; Beckel, R. Smith and McInnis. Left on bases—Chicago 10, Boston 5. Bases on balls—Off Osborne 4, Barnes 2. Struck out—By Osborne 2, Barnes 2. Umpires—Quigley and Pfirman. Time of game—1:44.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES.

At Buffalo.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	1	0	—9	12	0
Baltimore	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	—5	7	2

Batteries—Werre and Urban; Parnham, Frank and Styles.

At Toronto.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	—4	6	0
Reading	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	—2	8	1

Batteries—Reynolds and Vincent; Emmann and Lynn.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Rochester	49	29	.628
Baltimore	50	30	.625
Reading	41	32	.516
Buffalo	39	37	.513
Toronto	40	39	.506
Newark	35	44	.443
Jersey City	33	47	.413
Syracuse	29	51	.363

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Jersey City at Rochester.
Newark at Syracuse.
Baltimore at Buffalo.
Reading at Toronto.

BASEBALL TODAY. HUBBELL FIELD. Chicago. 3:30 P. M.—Advt.

ROBINS BEAT CARDS BY RALLY IN SIXTH

Score Two Runs Off Sherdel, Capture Game by 5 to 3, and Even Up Series.

FOURNIER HITS HOME RUN

His Twelfth of Season Breaks Tie in Third Inning—Vance Allows Only Eight Hits.

Dazzy Vance outpitched Bill Sherdel, the St. Louis southpaw, in their duel at Ebbets Field yesterday afternoon, with the result that Brooklyn defeated the Cardinals by a score of 5 to 3 before a small but select Monday attendance. The victory enabled the Robins to wind up the series with an even break, each club having captured two games of the four played.

Both pitchers were inclined to be wild, bases on balls playing a part in much of the scoring, but when it came to effectiveness in preventing his opponents from engaging in any damaging hitting V

DEMOISELLE STAKES WON BY FLUVANNA

Admiral Grayson's Filly Leads Field of Ten Misses Home in Yonkers Feature.

BRAINSTORM IS A WINNER

Takes Tuckahoe Handicap, While Little Colt Is Victor in the Bryn Mawr.

A classy field of ten fillies went to the post in the $5,000 Demoiselle Stakes at the Empire City track yesterday afternoon, and Fluvanna, carrying the royal purple colors of the Salubria Stable of Admiral Cary T. Grayson, led them all the way over the course of five and a half furlongs. Fluvanna won with the greatest ease, finishing five lengths in front of James Butler's Cave Woman and winning $3,715 for her owner.

She ran the distance in 1:09 3-5, an even second more than the record for the track, but equaling the record for the race, which was established the first year it was run in 1906 by James R. Keene's Mélisande, carrying 124 pounds. Fluvanna carried top weight of 116 pounds, conceding seven pounds to Cave Woman and three pounds to G. D. Widener's Parasol, which finished third. It was Fluvanna's fourth victory in six starts.

There was a great deal of interest in the Demoiselle, which featured the card at the Yonkers track, and there was an unusually large Monday crowd on hand for the day's racing. Before the mlsses paraded there was an exodus to the paddock to look them over. Fluvanna was voted the beauty of the lot. She is a fine, upstanding chestnut filly with a few gray hairs in her coat on the flank and at the root of the tail. That her racing ability very nearl in as high as her beauty was reflected in the wagering, in which she was installed as favorite at 6 to 5. Cave Woman was quoted as high as 25 to 1, while Parasol closed at 13 to 5.

Fluvanna was easily the best in the race. She picked up her weight and quickly took command, opening up a decisive lead before they reached the turn. She was three lengths to the good in the stretch and she was never headed. Cave Woman was hard ridden to save the place by half a length from Parasol, which took the show money from James Butler's Variation by four lengths.

Fluvanna was a high-priced yearling, bringing $6,100 at the Saratoga sales last August. She was bred by Samuel Ross of Washington and is by the Broomstick horse Cudgel out of High Pass by Hillsdale, a grandson of Domino. Last year Admiral P. Grayson's Cresta was the winner of the Demoiselle, running the distance in 1:07 3-5 with 119 pounds up.

Tuckahoe Has Five Starters.

Only five went to the Tuckahoe Handicap at a mile and seventy yards, Little Colt and Forest Lore being scratched to run later in the Bryn Mawr Purse. Even with this small field Comic Song got away to a poor start and was pulled up in the stretch. Brainstorm, the odds-on favorite, was an easy winner, leading throughout the finishing post by three-quarters of a length. Marinelli had his hands full in trying to keep Rankin straight in the stretch run, as the chestnut gelding was bearing in and interfering with St. Lawrence, although no claim of foul was made.

At first time it looked as though Sande might win another race on The Peruvian. He got within a length of St. Lawrence, which was then in the lead, but the son of Hesperus faded in the stretch run and finished fifth. St. Lawrence had the early speed and showed a lot of improvement, making the pace all the way and staying well under Rankin's winning challenge. The two leaders were equal favorites, closing at 2 to 1, while the Peruvian was well played at a closed at 16 to 5.

The Lively Purse, a dash of five furlongs, and won Sandity by J. L. Holland's Sweepstakes, which led G. G. Smith's Captain Costigan by three lengths at the finish. Mrs. H. L. Miller's Tarn was third, being the favorite at 7 to 5. Fairy, by half a length for the short end of the purse.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-old maidens; the Debut Purse; $1,000; five and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Thorndale	114½	Sande	3-5	1nk
Jimson	112	Lang	13-5	2½
Jessie	112	McAtee	8-1	3½
Modest	112	E. Pater	15-1	4½
Shine	112	Ostillett	12-1	5½
Green Fire	112	Marinelli	11-1	6½
Lion Fire	112	E. Pater	12-1	7½
Parvenu	112	Barnes	8-1	8½
All In All	113½	Johnson	30-1	9½
Superstite	109	Stutts	30-1	10½
Bolerum	112	Bell	30-1	11½
Glowrain	114	Conley	30-1	12

Start bad; won ridden out; place driving. Thorndale, b. c., by Star Shoot—Maud D. L., owned by J. S. Madden and trained by F. M. Taylor.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; the Lively Purse; $1,000 added; about six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Sweepstakes	105	McAtee	18-5	1½
Captain Costigan	110	Taylor	8-1	2½
Tarn	107	E. Pater	15-4	3½
Fairy	121	Johnson	2-1	4½
Driftwood	103	Bell	30-1	5½
Carmen Fantasque	103	M. Pater	40-1	6½
Ch. of the Valley	107	Keller	10-1	7½
Oran	114	Woodstock	15-1	8½
Fame	107	E. Pater	10-1	9½
Water Girl	103	Burns	6-1	10½
Anna M.	107	Marinelli	30-1	11½
Lady Inez	107	Lang	8-1	12½
Don't Bother	99	Peasce	50-1	13½

Start fair; won ridden out; place driving. Rankin, ch. g., 3, by Olambala—Cariuya; owned by L. Liebing and trained by A. S. Woodliffe.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Tuckahoe Handicap; $1,200 added; one mile and seventy yards.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Brainstorm	108	Marinelli	4-5	1½
Sunsini	103	McAtee	8-1	2½
Mutiny	100	Callahan	12-1	3½
Polly Ann	103	Barnes	9-2	4½
Comic Song	106	Lang	4-1	5

Place and show—Brainstorm, 1-3, out; Sunsini, 7-5, 1-2; Mutiny, 3-1, 2-1.

Time—1:48.

Start good for all but Comic Song; won easily; place driving. Brainstorm, blk. g., 4, by Peter Pan—Bubble; owned by H. Watson and trained by J. Edwards.

FOURTH RACE.

For two-year-old fillies; the Demoiselle Stakes; guaranteed value $5,000; five and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Fluvanna	116	Mahin	6-5	1½
*Cave Woman	109	Callahan	25-1	2½
Parasol	116	L. Pater	13-5	3½
*Variation	109	Barnes	20-1	4½
Margin	112	McAtee	7-1	5½
Flying Fox	112	Marinelli	20-1	6½
Humorette	112	Sande	8-2	7½
Clarissa Anne	109	Stutts	25-1	8½
Miss Domino	112	Turner	10-1	9½
Priscilla Ruley	115	Johnson	20-1	10½

*Jamie Butler entry.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Fluvanna, ch. f., by Colonel—High Pass; owned by the Salubria Stable and trained by M. Hirsch.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; the Lively Purse; $1,000 added; about six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Sweepstakes	105	McAtee	18-5	1½
Captain Costigan	110	Taylor	8-1	2½
Tarn	107	E. Pater	15-4	3½
Fairy	121	Johnson	2-1	4½
Driftwood	103	Bell	30-1	5½
Carmen Fantasque	103	M. Pater	40-1	6½
Ch. of the Valley	107	Keller	10-1	7½
Oran	114	Woodstock	15-1	8½
Fame	107	E. Pater	10-1	9½
Water Girl	103	Burns	6-1	10½
Anna M.	107	Marinelli	30-1	11½
Lady Inez	107	Lang	8-1	12½
Don't Bother	99	Peasce	50-1	13½

Place and show—Sweepstakes, 7-5, 3-5; Captain Costigan, 9-1, 3-5; Tarn, 6-1, 3-1.

Time—1:10.

Start good; won handily; place driving. Sweepstakes, b. c., 3, by Sweep—Gold Tea; owned by J. L. Holland and trained by E. J. Hodgson.

SIXTH RACE.

For three-year-olds; the Bryn Mawr Purse; $1,200; one mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Little Colt	126	Sande	2-5	1½
Prince of Umbria	106	Lang	13-5	2½
The Gregorian	106	Barnes	15-1	3½
Forest Lore	106	Bell	15-1	4

Place and show—Little Colt, out, out; Prince of Umbria, 1-3, out; The Gregorian, out, 2-5

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 10, 1923.

POLITICAL MALNUTRITION.

A common remark about President HARDING'S travel-speeches has been that at least they are writing the Republican platform of 1924. Whether this is meant as praise or apology is not clear. No one has ever doubted that if Mr. HARDING is renominated he will be able to dictate the party declaration of principles. In the addresses made by him en route to Alaska he has touched upon many of the leading topics—foreign relations, the railroads, agriculture, conservation, enforcement of the prohibition law, and so on. It might be said that many of his deliverances read very like those of a platform, in the sense that they are benevolent but vague, full of indefinite promises, and calculated to please the greatest possible number. That there should be in them anything challenging, uncompromising and clear-cut was not to be expected, any more than we expect such things from a political platform. In a recent comment by Mr. LLOYD GEORGE on the "mere phrases" by which it has been sought in England to unite the Liberal Party, and to give it a fighting ground as against both Conservatives and Socialists, he declared with something of his old vivacity: "There is no more unnourishing and unappetizing dish than stale flapdoodle." As one who in his time has ladled out an immense deal of it, he ought to know.

The platforms adopted next year may be important, or they may prove to be wholly negligible. Everything will depend upon the men put forward to stand on them. Vigorous characters with strong intellectual grasp and an instinct for leadership can, as Presidential candidates, make their own platforms. At least they can make the public forget the banalities that were written for them. A weak nominee, on the contrary, drives people to scrutinize his party's professed creed. It is safe to say that in 1924 scant attention will be given to the old formulas, however sacred, that can be made to squint both ways. And in place of abstractions there will be a demand for concrete examples. It will not suffice a candidate to avow, for example, that he is in favor of "exact justice." Rude persons will insist that he explain precisely what he means by that. All the signs are that unaccustomed millions of voters are going to look to party leaders next year to be fed; and if they are again offered only the east wind as the staple of their diet, they will not hesitate to let it be known that they want something more filling.

GOVERNOR PREUS'S LONE HAND.

Singular and disquieting to friends of the Administration, humorous to worshippers of the Comic Spirit, is the political situation in Minnesota. She is to elect a United States Senator on July 16. There is a Democratic candidate who has no chance. Some Democrats proclaim their support of Governor PREUS, the Republican candidate. They want to save the remnants of the Democratic Party in the State from the Farmer-Labor connotation. Some Republicans are forming "progressive" associations to aid MAGNUS JOHNSON, the Farmer-Labor candidate, who piously calls himself the rubber stamp of Mr. LA FOLLETTE, a nominal Republican, too ill to help MAGNUS with his voice, but represented in Gopherdom by his son and a number of LA FOLLETTIAN Congressmen.

Of course, Senator LA FOLLETTE and his associates can't say anything mean enough about Mr. HARDING and his Administration. Even Governor PREUS doesn't deem it safe to say a good word for the President who carried Minnesota by 376,000 in 1920. Last year the Governor saw Senator KELLOGG go down before the radical storm and the wrath of the farmers. This year the farmers are still wrathful, and they are not deluded by the Emergency or the McCumber-Fordney tariff. Mr. HARDING told the Kansas farmers the other day that the 30 cents a bushel duty on wheat imports kept the American market for the American farmers. Yet Secretary WORK confessed in Spokane in a public speech that the Presidential party had heard very bitter complaints in Idaho from farmers "unable to sell the products of the soil at a profit."

The protective magic hasn't worked. Wheat has gone down. The price of everything the farmer has to buy has been put up by the blessed tariff. No wonder he is sore. The Northwest is no friend of orthodox high protection. Governor PREUS has been studying the tariff for nearly fifteen years. He satisfied himself that a low tariff is best for the Northwestern people. He was against the McCumber-Fordney Tariff bill because he didn't believe "it would help the farmer or any consumer." He admits that he is a heretic in regard to protection. Old KNUTE NELSON, whose secretary he used to be, was likewise no protection fanatic. Senator KELLOGG had to apologize for the tariff last Fall.

View the curious Minnesota Republican landscape o'er. The Old Guard has been warned to keep away. If Senator MOSES has been allowed to stay, it is because he knows enough to shut up; and will weep silently and not boohoo aloud over PREUS'S apostasy. The farm bloc, with its venerated CAPPER and GOODING, has been pounded in the head by the ruthless PREUS. Minnesota is palisaded off from the rest of the Republican Party. Observe what is sure to happen next Tuesday. If MAGNUS JOHNSON is elected, the Administration and the sacred tariff, both of which he has jabbed virulently, will have been beaten in Minnesota. If Governor PREUS is elected, they will also be beaten; for as a matter of safety he has either kept them out of the campaign altogether or, as in the case of the tariff, he has denied and damned a cardinal performance upon which Mr. HARDING prides himself and congratulates his party.

THE COAL COMMISSION'S REPORT.

The very membership of the United States Coal Commission justified the hope of a valuable report from it. This means telling the truth about the industry, pointing the way to steady production, a fair price and improved relations between the operators and the mine workers. There can be no dependable output of coal without a means of checking strikes and without legislation that would provide for the operation of the mines under Government supervision in a national emergency. There could not be a fair price to the consumer if the costs of mining, transportation and distribution were excessive; nor could there be industrial peace if the operators and miners were not square in their relations with each other. The commission has now made a preliminary report so impartial, explicit and helpful that it cannot fail to contribute to the stabilization of the anthracite industry and to influence Congress.

The commission holds that anthracite is a public utility because it is "a necessity for millions of our people." Therefore the "relatively small "number of individuals, estates and "companies" interested in production and transportation should not be allowed absolute control over it. The commission urges regulation such as governs the operation of national banks and railroad companies, including full reports of business done and capital employed. This important recommendation is made:

> The President of the United States should be authorized by act of Congress to declare that a national emergency exists whenever, through the failure of operators and miners in the anthracite industry to agree upon terms of employment, or for any other reason, there is a suspension of mining operations seriously interrupting the normal supply of anthracite fuel in interstate commerce, and to take over the operation of the mines and the transportation and distribution and marketing of the product.

This power has been claimed for the President as inherent in his office, and a declared purpose to exercise it has had a salutary effect; but legislation by Congress is to be preferred to an interpretation of the Constitution that may be opposed and challenged. As ground for intervention by the President under act of Congress the commission maintains:

> In the operation of coal mines, as in the operation of railroads, telephones, water companies or banks, the public interest must be respected and served. This requirement places limitations on the rights of owners of coal lands, operators, mine workers, carriers and dealers.

Showing that the coal companies withhold information of stocks on hand and cost of production and other details of their business, the commission says that "without continuous publicity" indefensible profits may be taken by "the concentrated control of the anthracite industry." Concerning cost of transportation by the railroads it is stated that "the item of "freight alone takes from 16 to 20 "cents of the consumer's dollar." "A re-examination of the reasonableness of anthracite freight rates" is advised. Cost of coal per ton produced by nine mine-owning railroad companies advanced from $2.23 in 1913 to $5.75 in 1923. The figures in the case of three independent companies were respectively $3.80 and $6.32. It is pointed out that "the in- "crease in mine costs for these twelve "companies was moderate until 1918, "when for three successive years "there was an annual jump of ap- "proximately a dollar." With publicity of methods of business and periodical accounting the temptation to make such advances would have been under restraint. It is reasonable that in ten years the retail and wholesale prices of coal doubled, but the criticism is made that while the prices of many other commodities have since declined the price of coal stays up.

Recommending changes in the organization of the Conciliation Board and condemning renewed agreements between operators and miners for want of flexibility and for making, as a rule, expiration in the anthracite and bituminous business synchronous, the commission "awaits with interest "whether the next agreement entered "into shall show a co-operative spirit, "a clear idea of partnership on the "part of all concerned in it and a "proper conception of the rights of "the American people." In the light of this strong report the operators and miners will have no excuse for bickering over wage terms and conditions of labor, nor will Congress be sustained by the people if it fails to enact regulative laws.

JUDGE DAY.

When President MCKINLEY made his old friend WILLIAM R. DAY Assistant Secretary of State, the latter was unknown outside of Ohio; a country lawyer who had been a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, a respectable but far from exalted tribunal. A peculiarly modest and quiet man, of sound judgment and well grounded in the principles of international law, his official conduct soon justified the appointment. His fitness for that and for his subsequent and greater honors was made clear, and there was no shadow of the partiality of friendship in Mr. MCKINLEY'S choice.

As Secretary of State, JOHN SHERMAN had been robbed by old age of much of that strong and penetrating intellect which made him illustrious in his long career. He was suspicious, irritable, hard to get along with. With tact, discretion and reticence Mr. DAY bore the chief burden of the office, and after he became Secretary in name as well as fact strove patiently and intelligently to prevent the Spanish-American War. Of his general intellectual and moral quality, a Democratic member of the Paris Commission, the then Senator GEORGE GRAY of Delaware, a colleague with him on it, bore expert witness:

> No State in this Union could have contributed to that function, or any other great diplomatic function of statecraft, a mind and a character more equipoised, settled, clear and strong than was contributed by Ohio when she sent that quiet, sensible, strong statesman, WILLIAM R. DAY, to Paris to conclude the treaty of peace. Always self-contained, never self-exploitative, always self-suppressed, yet firm and courageous in the performance of duty as he saw it, he has illustrated the very highest traits of American statesmanship and American character in the work that we brought home with us from the other side of the ocean.

President MCKINLEY made him a United States Circuit Judge. Mr. ROOSEVELT an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, where he served for some nineteen years, ably and impartially, resigning to become umpire of the Mixed Commission of War Claims of Germany and the United States. He had to give up that place last Spring on account of his health, always delicate. He was a great student, a great worker and a great friend of silence.

BOY SCOUT LEADERS NEEDED.

Each year of the Boy Scout movement brings new proof of its good influence in the development of American boyhood. The annual report of the Chief Scout Executive, which was submitted yesterday to the National Council of Boy Scouts of America, now holding its thirteenth annual session, points out that never before has there been evidence of so much strength, vitality and progress in the movement as during the last year, and that never has it met with such hearty approval. The increase in membership, amounting to 81,128 Scouts, has brought the total number up to 473,411. Only the difficulty of getting enough Scoutmasters who can measure up to the high standard of leadership required has prevented the increase from being much greater.

This is today one of the Boy Scouts' greatest problems. There are already over a hundred thousand Scout officials in the country, but the delays in finding the right kind of young men who can spare enough time to enable them to give a troop something more than a mere start are still many. College graduates and others are realising more and more the great service which they can render in the Boy Scout organization—a service which is, incidentally, of no small value to the leaders themselves, and which, if they live in a city or town, gives them frequent opportunities for pleasurable outings. But, to be most effective, Scout leaders should be able to "carry on" with their troops for a long enough time to become closely identified with them. This relationship, in turn, makes necessary a type of leadership that is the highest which the country can afford.

There is no doubt that when the problem of obtaining leaders to extend the membership in the Boy Scout organizations throughout the country will run into the millions. When first the movement started there was a tendency in certain quarters to look upon Scouting without much enthusiasm. Now, however, the members of Scout troops are the envy of their less fortunate friends and neighbors, and youngsters look forward with excitement to the day when they will be able to join. This is as it should be, for there is no movement which deserves more whole-hearted endorsement by young and old than the Boy Scouts—an endorsement which, in reality, is freely given by the young in their eagerness to join, and by the old in their generous contributions of time and money to making it a success.

LAUSANNE WINDS UP.

Reports do not state whether the Lausanne Conference came to an end with a rush on account of the heat, as is sometimes the case with the national conventions in Chicago. Diplomats, as a rule, are less anxious to get home than delegates—some, in fact, find it healthier to remain away for as long a time as possible. But whatever the cause, the Lausanne gathering, which had seemed to have every prospect of becoming a permanent institution, is suddenly winding up its affairs. In place of the perpetual discord which it promised and through which it lived, harmony came at last. "Peace, peace! Tell it to the whole world!" is the phrase attributed by the soberest of American news agencies to a Turkish delegate on his way to a champagne celebration. The inference is that Turkey won, and this is supported by most of the dispatches. European troops are to evacuate Turkish soil, and Turkey is to be free from all European fetters. Eastern Thrace, of which she had been deprived, is returned to her, and Turkey's debts—a sore subject ever since the end of the war—are not even mentioned in the settlement. Finally, the famous capitulations, upon which the United States has been as much concerned as Europe, have been abandoned.

Next to the ending of the war in the Near East, this matter of the capitulations is of greatest interest to the American people. When Secretary HUGHES originally announced that he would send "unofficial observers" to the Lausanne Conference, he named the maintenance of the capitulations as the first of the seven points in which America was interested. The American Government, to be sure, was not an active participant at the conference and took only an indirect part in the negotiations. But as there were a number of points at issue which concerned our own as well as European interests, Mr. HUGHES took pains to set forth our attitude about them.

We are now in the position of having to substitute for unofficial observing the natural diplomatic procedure of direct negotiations with Turkey. By a treaty antedating the war, Americans in Turkey were subject only to the jurisdiction of American consular courts and were thus given the same privileged positions as other foreigners in that country. The presumption is that by rejecting the capitulations at the Lausanne Conference Turkey repudiates her previous treaty conceding them. To such a unilateral termination of a treaty our State Department has been strongly opposed. What to do about it now may well be a puzzling question, for there is no reason why Turkey, having virtually achieved a diplomatic triumph over the European nations, should make especial concessions to America. This will seem all the more probable when it is realized that her dreams of enlisting American capital have been gently dissipated by the march of events, and she now sees nothing to gain from the United States by yielding to us privileges which have been denied to others.

THE DEVASTATION OF GERMANY.

Professor GUSTAV CASSEL of Sweden is an economist of high international reputation. He was one of the group of experts who gave the German Government advice last year on matters of currency and public finance—advice, it will be remembered, which the German Government took precious good care not to follow. In London a couple of weeks ago Professor CASSEL made an address before the School of Economics on the subject of "Devastation and Reconstruction in Europe." In the course of it he touched upon affairs in Germany, where, he said, immense losses have been suffered of which the world has taken slight notice. One statement of his was as follows:

> The destruction at present going on in Germany implies a forced reduction of the German population, by means of famine, in a proportion before which the world would stand horrified if it were in another land. The devastation there is very much greater than the devastation in France.

This is a case of at least misplaced emphasis. Doubtless there has been much suffering in Germany, due mainly to the reckless financial methods of the Government—methods which have been persisted in despite the warnings of Professor CASSEL himself. But if Germany is being economically and industrially ruined, her financial magnates and captains of industry and leading newspapers are not aware of it. They are still, as they have been for a long time past, dwelling enthusiastically upon the wonderful economic development certain to come in the immediate future for Germany. They point to the great works of internal improvement already under way, like the new canal crossing the centre of Germany, and especially the vast number of factories of every description which are in process of construction. The deliberate policy of the great German industrialists for at least two years past has been to avoid as far as possible the payment of taxes, to borrow right and left, and to exchange their paper marks for new buildings and stocks of raw materials. As a French critic of this scheme has remarked: "It enables Germany to be- "come at the same time a debtor with "less ready money on hand and a "competitor of the most formidable "sort."

Germany is not only placing herself in a position to work for high profits in the future; she is actually working today. Except for the voluntary idleness in the Ruhr, her rate of unemployment is very low, and, according to the official figures, fell steadily through April and May. Compared with what the German industrial chiefs consider their brilliant preparations for the conquest of world markets, the incidental and temporary misfortunes of the middle classes count for nothing in the minds of what may be called the new General Staff of Industry. If Professor CASSEL was simply maintaining an ingenious paradox, he may be forgiven; but in case his argument that Germany is more devastated than France was intended seriously, he will make people fear that his own reasoning power has been devastated.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Doctors and Clergy as Partners.

A "body and soul clinic," such as is to be established as part of the work done by the Episcopal Church of St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie, will be approved by a considerable element in the medical profession and not antagonized by the rest of it.

The plan, as outlined by Dr. COMBS, the assistant rector, does not differ in essentials from what Dr. WORCESTER did in Massachusetts several years ago, with results that were on the whole satisfactory. In the present case, however, it is the medical rather than the religious phase of the undertaking that will be emphasized, at least to the extent that the physician will have the decisive voice in the selection and treatment of cases, and the clergyman will be an auxiliary influence. This is as it should be in dealing with the sick, even those whose maladies are of the sort called "psychic," and, as Dr. COMBS says, "after all, it is not the Church or science that matters; it is the health of the patient." By that he meant, probably, that the health of the patient is what matters to everybody connected with a clinic the object of which is to restore health.

That the physician and the clergyman can and should co-operate more than they do is generally admitted; that they have not done so is due, no doubt, to what has been the tendency of both to claim more or less exclusive jurisdiction in the sickroom. Of late, however, and especially since the remarkable extension of psychological knowledge, the old antagonism has waned, and now even the atheistic or agnostic doctor is quite willing that what to him is merely the clergyman's power of suggestion should be exercised in conjunction with medical or surgical treatment.

This change would have come more rapidly had it not been for the existence of cults pretending to be religious that deny the existence of disease, and thus drive the doctor to make a like mistake of denying, or unduly depreciating, the influence of mind over the body.

A Likeness With a Difference.

Dr. COMBS'S description of how his part of the clinic's work will be done has a resemblance to the procedure followed by psychoanalysts. It is, in fact, the same thing in most respects, the chief difference being the proposed and intentional use of "suggestion," which is something which the psychoanalysts, at least in theory, sedulously avoid. They recognize the power of suggestion, but they disbelieve in the permanency of its effects and dread the establishment of a state of dependence by the patient on his physician. Therefore, they let the patient do most of the talking, assisted only by an occasional adroit question, while this apparently is to be reversed in the St. Mark's clinic. But there, too, fortunately, no more attempt will be made by the doctor to exclude the clergyman than by the clergyman to exclude the doctor, though of course the amicable co-operation of the two will depend a good deal on the possession of tact and wisdom by both of them.

People Will Be Careless.

According to reports made by the officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad, grade crossing accidents due to the attempts of automobilists to cross the tracks in front of rapidly approaching trains, in spite of all the preaching and exhorting against that practice, have been more numerous this year than last, and seem to be increasing rather than decreasing in number.

This may be the result, not of greater carelessness by the motor folk, but of the fact that there are more of them with each year that passes, and it is the inexperienced owners and drivers that are least skillful in judgment of speed and distance. That charitable explanation for the growth of these fatalities—every one of which comes in the category of avoidable—does not go far. And it is not certain that the man to whom the automobile is new shows less caution than those to whom driving a car is an old story. There are veteran drivers who are reckless as well as tyros who are ignorant.

What is certain is that nobody need be killed or injured on a grade crossing. There are simple measures known to everybody by which a safe passage over railway tracks may be assured at all times, and if people will not "stop, look and listen," they must continue to pay a dreadful penalty as long as grade crossings exist.

The New York police, who have been trying to teach people to heed the new highway parts of the automobile age, say that they have prodigious no effect estimated with adults, but that the children really are learning to take care of themselves better than in the past. They look both ways before crossing the street and they do more of their playing on the sidewalks. That is encouraging, and it is also comprehensible. If each generation didn't have more sense than its predecessor, what would become of our touching faith in "progress"?

A Guest and Yet a Critic.

When one reads what Professor ALBERT PARKER FITCH of Amherst has to say about the difference between some New Yorkers and the apartments they live in, one cannot help wondering just what his ideas are as to the relation between host and guest, and as to the restrictions which that relation imposes on the guest.

He declares that "when one is ushered into the fashionable homes here, with their repose and dignity of appointments, he always expects men of distinction and veritable gentlewomen to appear." Does one see them? No! "The actual occupants of these places are often so inferior to the environment related to them only by their purchasing power that he feels it indecent to stay to witness their unconscious humiliation."

But the people whose looks so offended the Professor at least did buy what so pleased him, instead of buying what men without distinction and women not gentle might be expected to like better. And whatever he saw in "fashionable homes" was seen on the invitation of men and women who must have had some appreciation of learned society, else why did they ask him to come?

FURS FOR SUMMER WEAR.

One Man and One Woman Give Views on Crusade Against It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The article in today's issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES by Christine Ladd-Franklin in regard to a crusade against Summer furs has interested me very much. I was extremely annoyed last night on the subway by a young woman who had a tremendous fur piece around her neck, which she insisted upon laying up against my arm. I asked her to move it and she told me I was queer. It is extremely annoying in the hot weather to travel daily on the subway and sit next to these fur pieces. The heat is bad enough, combined with the crowd, without that extra annoyance and I hope the crusade will bring good results.

J. MONTGOMERY.
Brooklyn, N. Y., July 7, 1923.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to say, referring to letter printed in today's TIMES signed by Christine Ladd-Franklin, that I wonder how, with so many vital issues in our great land today attracting one's attention, any one can find time or ambition to form an organization to combat the present fashion of Summer fur wearing by women. While they may or may not, according to one's individual opinion, appear ridiculous, surely in this land of the free we can wear what we please so long as the attention we attract does not block traffic, and is in keeping with our morality standards.

Organizations might just as well be formed to combat long-nosed ladies wearing large, drooping earrings, or stout gentlemen wearing derby hats; either of which, in my opinion, looks ridiculous. Anyhow, just try to stop the ladies wearing anything they please. Just try to do it!

ADA E. FURLONG.
New York, July 7, 1923.

Subway Germ Immunity.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Just when they are trying to get us to ride more in the "open air" and patronize the lines that one of your contributors has happily described as a "Hallowe'en nightmare," along comes the distinguished director of the research laboratories of the city's Department of Health and tells us the subways are an aid rather than a detriment to good health. They provide us, he says, with the opportunity to become germ-proof because we get so many germs we get used to them.

Dr. Parks does not tell us how many germs it takes to make one person germ-proof, but from now on no doubt the other travel lines will be deserted and the subways more jammed than ever, with everybody trying to get his quota of germs to insure he stays immune. As for me I shall remain neutral and ride downtown every morning like Cinderella in a pumpkin and ride home every evening gulping in as many varieties of germs as I can accommodate. I hope in this way to break even.

To meet the increased travel following Dr. Parks's announcement, why don't they use three subway tracks downtown in the morning rush hours and three tracks uptown in the evening rush hours? This would mean only local service uptown during the rush hours of the morning and only local service downtown during the rush hours of the evening. The only change necessary that I can see would be the installing of additional signal systems. Seriously, though, why couldn't this be done?

A. B.
New York, July 8, 1923.

Dr. Petrovich's Work.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In regard to the communication of the Serbian Legation at Washington, published in THE NEW YORK TIMES of June 30, I have to make the following declaration:

The investigation of all the work of the Montenegrin Central Relief Association (Rome, Italy) through its delegation to the United States, headed by myself, was made by C. A. Bannerman, Chief Special Agent of the Department of State (Room 416, Post Office, New York City), after special instructions from the State Department of Washington, D. C.

After thorough investigation of all the matter, Mr. Bannerman, in the name of the State Department, transmitted to us on April 28 the communication which was "verbatim" reproduced in THE TIMES of May 3.

After all this I have transmitted all my functions to his Excellency Jovan S. Plamenatz as President of the Montenegrin Central Relief Association, who has given me full approval for all my work, which he is now continuing in the same office, as President of this association.

DR. VLADIMIR PETROVICH.
New York City, June 30, 1923.

DROUGHT.

The hot fields glitter with the sullen heat;
The aspens wait on tip-toe, poised and still;
The granite ledges burn upon the hill;
Bird songs are hushed, the groves repeat
No echoes clear, the locusts in the wheat
Upon the day's bright edge lay with a will
Their rasping files, the drowsy meadow rill
Has sought the shadows of his wood retreat.

Then down the road the quiet dusk is stirred
By unseen footsteps lightly speeding by;
The aspens glimmer in their dance again;
The flaming hills with sudden dusk are blurred,
And peering from his maple shelter high,
A joyous robin chuckles at the rain!

ARTHUR WALLACE PEACH.

WAR AND PEACE.

Thoughts on the Bok Prize and the Way to World Adjustments.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Suggestions by correspondents in this morning's TIMES that Mr. Wilson should be the recipient of the Bok Award are indeed most commendable, and I venture to say that many clear and right thinking people would gladly endorse them. Our entry into the League of Nations as it is at present, or a newly formed and constituted League of Nations, is the only logical solution for world peace. Surely we must recognize and appreciate the basic object of the League's formation.

With France and Germany, Turkey and Greece, tearing each other's throats, with the international complications in which we ourselves are involved because of the Wheeler-Volstead-Bryan administration, with the chaotic condition of international trade resultant therefrom, surely it is about time we woke up to our responsibilities.

May I in conclusion quote Van Dyke in his "Essays of Application"?

"The ideal of American manhood, the ideal of American government, the ideal of American glory and influence—these three are the ancestral ideals that have been the strength and prosperity of America through the nineteenth century. Will they endure through the twentieth century?"

JERRY FITZGERALD.
New York, July 7, 1923.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We hear much these days about prizes for solving the peace problem, and queries innumerable as to why something isn't done, either by joining the League, World Court, or what not. Would not just a word from an authoritative source start something which would make all this proposed machinery quite superfluous?

For instance, Secretary Hughes could at one stroke, disillusion the present German leaders of the idea that in some mysterious way they are to be restored to power without having followed the age-old formula of "bringing forth fruits meet for repentance."

And with the German problem thus on its way to settlement, all the minor problems become almost self-solving.

Since Germany must be clearly told this sooner or later, why all this mysterious dodging and pussy-footing by the one nation which can in frankness and complete sincerity say just the needed word and be assured of a respectful hearing?

G. B. STUDLEY.
New York, July 7, 1923.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE NEW YORK TIMES of this date there is an article by a professional economist which is little short of humiliating to even so uninformed a person as the present writer. The gentleman does, in fact, suggest that the people of the United States resort to bribery in order to put an end to war for all time. He says in effect that we have so much money that we could, if we would, pay nations to observe unending peace, and that we, because of our wealth, should resort to this scheme, which means, of course, that we should lay ourselves open to blackmail—to blackmail of gargantuan proportions—for "all time." Not even Boss Tweed went further than this.

To my way of thinking there is only one way to "restore Europe to prosperity," and that way is this: Let the nations in Europe and elsewhere fight until, like the Kilkenny cats, there is nothing left for them to fight with. Let them go the limit of their wishes; let them starve; go cold; eat one another. Let them, in short, do whatever they please. If that course be pursued toward the fighters they presently will find themselves helpless, and so decide upon another course from that of begging America and slaughtering themselves. Then peace will be here, and not until then. A long time off? To be sure; years, not months. And meantime? Chaos; chaos such as prevailed during and for a period following the French Revolution. But we are a silly people, we Americans.

J. P.
New York, July 6, 1923.

CHECK ON THE STATES.

Supreme Court Urged to Annul Initiative and Referendum Laws.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Constitution of the United States from its beginning to its end does not sanction direct government in the making of laws. Our Federal Constitution is the acknowledged legal representation of republican institutions. If the makers of this instrument had chosen to suggest direct methods of legislation by the voters, they would have written their intent into the national bill of rights. Their interpretation of a republic was representative and not direct. Until the Constitution which they made is set aside it is the law of the land.

The Constitution clearly specifies that the United States shall guarantee to every State in the Union a republican form of government (Article IV., Section 4). The initiative and referendum are not republican forms of government under the conception of the Constitution and should be considered unconstitutional unless definitely glorified by a ratified Federal amendment to the Constitution, permitting the individual States to create direct forms of government if they so desire. If at this time an individual State has the initiative and referendum form of government in operation and passes radical laws, the Supreme Court should not only annul the laws, but the court should carry out the spirit of the Constitution and annul as well that part of the State Constitution which provides for direct legislation by the voters.

The colonies which became States ratified the United States Constitution and, therefore, voluntarily placed the responsibility of safeguarding republican institutions with the Federal Government itself, evidently foreseeing the possibility of a drift toward pure democracy springing from the States. Apparently the Federal Government has plunged into many forms of exasperating paternalism, but has been extremely derelict in its absolute constitutional obligations to the people of the various States who believe in republican institutions.

What this nation has needed, and particularly does need, is Federal enforcement of representative government.

J. R. LEWIS.
Holyoke, Mass., July 2, 1923.

Liberty Bell Associations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Sunday's issue you had an article concerning the Liberty bell in which you gave its history, paying particular attention to the fact that it was brought to Allentown, Pa., to be protected during the Revolutionary War.

It may be of interest to you to know that a resident of Greater New York is a descendant of the man who drove the wagon. John Jacob Mickley was my great-great-great-grandfather, my grandfather having married into the Mickley family. Our family have always considered that they should live up to the patriotism taught by these ancestors, and in every war in which the United States has been engaged all the male members of our family able to go have served their country.

CHARLES L. ABBEY.
Brooklyn, July 2, 1923.

BULGARIA'S CLAIMS.

Why She Asks the Allies to Give Her Western Thrace.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My absence from town is responsible for the delay in promptly answering M. Kaltchas's letter in THE TIMES of July 1, in which he censures my views on the Bulgarian outlet as expressed in the course of a letter published in your issue of June 29.

One is surprised to see that Greek gentleman taking advantage of a well-intentioned proposal in order to open a fire of criticism against not alone it, but against Bulgaria's past and present policy as well. I consider my letter quite clear as to what the moral obligations of the Allies, guaranteeing Bulgaria's free outlet, are, and that there is no further need of explanation to one who has had the kindness to read.

M. Kaltchas certainly thinks the readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES, and, as well, the American people, easily forget the past if, while attacking the war policy of his Bulgarian neighbor, he omits to explain the reasons for the Greek conduct of hostile neutrality toward the Allies up to near the end of the war, when Greece joined in openly on their side (June 29, 1917), after their victory was 100 per cent. assured by America's entry in their camp on April 6, 1917. Certainly Greece's keeping on the fence for more than three years did not help the Allies to shorten the war! Whatever the fault of the Bulgarians might have been, they fought openly and cleanly in a war that was against their liking as far as the Allies was concerned, the proofs of which are: The unanimous opposition of all Bulgarian parties (except Radoslavoff's) to Ferdinand's war policy in 1915, and the revolt which broke out in the ranks of the armed Bulgarian nation in September, 1918—thus bringing a speedy end to the war—when whole regiments after a predetermined plan threw down their arms and retreated in protest against their Government's continuation of the war; for the war had already turned, they thought, from one as originally waged against Balkan neighbors for the liberation of Macedonia to a war for the supremacy of the Germans in Bulgaria and in the world. But even the notorious ex-King Ferdinand of Coburg and Gotha never did anything like what the then Greek Government did on Dec. 2, 1916, by ordering a wholesale massacre of the allied mariners at Piraeus at a time when Greece was believed to observe a benevolent neutrality toward the Entente.

Your correspondent is probably not unaware that the present Bulgarian Government is composed of progressive people, behind whom stands the entire force of the constitutional bloc, the traditional pro-Entente body in Bulgaria, which formed the bulk of Ferdinand's opposition in 1915. Why, then, does he fear their pacific intentions and seem perturbed at the thought that the Allies might one day favorably consider Bulgaria's demarche on Western Thrace? No, he need not be alarmed, at least for the present, for M. Venizelos already has taken ingenious precautions to that effect by handing some of the northern part of Western, in addition to the whole of Eastern, Thrace, to the Turks, with the obvious consequence of causing a double block to "the guaranteed Aegean egress" to Bulgaria. Is this in harmony with Greece's good-will to help solve the problem, as declared by M. Kaltchas? And why fail to disclose the facts about the Serbo-Greek arrangement concerning Saloniki? It dates back as far as 1913 and was originally embodied in the secret treaty between Serbia and Greece of May, 1913, parceling out the spoils of the First Balkan War at a moment when their ally and principal fighter, Bulgaria, was still fighting at Tchataija, protecting them from the invasion of the Turks. Will not some day a more impartial posterity try to find out the origin of the many Balkan misfortunes in that ignoble act of history? To put it in the words of one of the Bulgarian delegates:

"The Serbian outlet at Saloniki was for many years in abeyance and only recently is said to have been settled satisfactorily for Serbia. This settlement was due not to Greek generosity but to the tight place in which Greece found herself after her defeat in Asia Minor and eviction from East Thrace, and in view of the Serbo-Bulgarian rapprochement. If Serbia, an ally and a friend of Greece, had to wait so long at Saloniki and got it only by pressure, what chance does Bulgaria stand to get her outlet on the Aegean from a hostile Greece?"

Very rightly your correspondent asks: "On what ground is the Bulgarian claim to Western Thrace based?" If he wishes to learn the truth he will know by a single glance at the map that it is the natural outlet of Bulgaria. This province is here by geography; by principles of economics still more. But the chief claim of Bulgaria is that the people in their majority belong to the Bulgarian race. Why didn't the Greek delegates accept a plebiscite after the European war, as the Bulgarians requested? Did not the census of the province taken by General Charpy's Administration in March, 1920, soon after the war, when one could scarcely suspect the Allies of favoring Bulgaria, disclose to the world the striking fact that the Bulgarians in Western Thrace outnumbered by 40 per cent. either of the other two races?

Since the occupation of that province by Greece those Bulgarian residents who would not change their nationality or were suspect have been subjected to endless persecution and deportation en masse. Dr. Nansen and the League of Nations have heard enough of how the unfortunate victims were forced to leave their homesteads in order to open space in this new Greek province, so that it "may absorb" Greece's "tremendous accretion of population" from other lands, as M. Kaltchas puts it.

Some few Jolos who accepted Hellenization bonuses remained. This was regarded as quite natural in the old days before the liberation of Bulgaria in 1878, when some of the well-to-do class, mostly residents of the towns, under the influence of intermarriage with Greek women or under the indefatigable propaganda of the only existing Greek school and church in Bulgaria, used to forget their ancestry and adopt a more fashionable culture. These Hellenized Bulgars always kept something in their name to remind them if not of their nation of rustics at least of their parentage.

D. MAMARTCHEFF,
Formerly of the Bulgarian Diplomatic Service.
New York, July 7, 1923.

Not the Earl of Balfour.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the special cable from London under the heading "Balfour Expects Our Aid," appearing in your issue of July 8, there is evidently a confusion of names. Arthur Balfour, J. P., of Sheffield, and not Earl Balfour, is President of the Association of British Chambers

WARREN M'CONIHE WEDS MISS FISK

New York Lawyer Married to Providence Girl at Her Home by Rev. C. E. Hathaway.

TO EUROPE ON HONEYMOON

Second Marriage for Bridegroom, the Son of the Late Democratic State Chairman.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 9.—Miss Celeste Capron Fisk, daughter of Mrs. Wilbur August Fisk and the late Mr. Fisk of Providence, and Warren McConihe, son of Mrs. Isaac Warren McConihe and the late Isaac McConihe of New York City and Troy, N. Y., were married quietly here today. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. George E. Hathaway at the home of the bride's mother, 315 Thayer Street. Only the immediate families of the bride and bridegroom were present.

The wedding was informal and characterized by simplicity throughout. The bride wore a simple traveling suit.

Following the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. McConihe left for New York. On Saturday they will sail for Europe, where they will spend the Summer. On their return they will live at the Plaza in New York, where Mr. McConihe has made his residence for the last two years.

Mrs. McConihe is a graduate of the Mary C. Wheeler School in this city. Mr. McConihe graduated from Trinity College, class of 1900, and since then has practiced law in New York City. He is a cousin of Whitney Warren, the architect, and his ancestors on both sides were signers of the Declaration of Independence.

This is Mr. McConihe's second marriage. His first wife was Miss Margaret S. Schneider, and they were divorced in March, 1923. She is now Mrs. Barrett Anderson of New York City.

The father of the bridegroom was formerly Mayor of Troy, N. Y., Congressman from that district, and Chairman of the Democratic State Committee. His grandfather, the late Joseph W. McConihe, was a prominent Troy textile manufacturer.

ALLISON DANZIG WEDS.

Tennis Writer Met His Bride, Miss Chapman, While at Camp Grant.

Allison Danzig and Miss Dorothy Charlotte Chapman, daughter of A. S. Chapman of 6,322 Winthrop Avenue, Chicago, were married yesterday in the Fourth Presbyterian Church, Chicago. They first met when Mr. Danzig was a Second Lieutenant at Camp Grant, Ill., during the war.

Mr. Danzig and his bride took the Twentieth Century for New York after the ceremony. Mr. Danzig is a graduate of Yale University, class of 1918, and is a member of the Sigma Delta Chi. He is at present on the sports staff of THE TIMES as tennis expert, and was formerly with The Chicago Tribune and The Brooklyn Eagle.

DELORME JURORS PROTEST.

They Ask Court to Speed Former Priest's Trial for Murder.

MONTREAL, July 9.—A protest from the jury against the slow progress of the trial of Adelard Delorme, former priest, for the murder of his half-brother Raoul, was voiced by Juror Jules Goyer when the case opened today. "We would ask that the case be conducted with all possible dispatch," the juryman said. "It is really discouraging that the case for the crown should be so long. We are losing time and money by being here. We've been at the task voluntarily, and we will do our duty to the end. But we would humbly pray that all efforts be extended to finish the case this week. This is the fourth week we have been here." The Court admonished the jurors to be patient and do their duty "like men, like Christians, to the last moment."

BUYS OCEAN LINER.

American Ship Company Takes Over King Alexander.

Announcement was made yesterday by R. E. M. Robinson, President of the American Ship and Commerce Corporation, which is a part of the United American Lines, that the steamship King Alexander, owned by the Byron Steamship Company, Ltd., of London, had been purchased by his company for the New York-Hamburg trade.

The King Alexander was built in 1908 at Hamburg for the Hamburg-American Line as the Cleveland and was operated by the White Star and later the Canadian Pacific lines as an emigrant ship between the Mobile before she was sold to the English firm and placed in the trade between the Near East and New York.

When it has been overhauled and reconditioned the vessel will be renamed the Cleveland and carry cabin and third class passengers between New York and Hamburg. She is a twin-screw vessel of 16,746 gross tonnage with an average speed of about fourteen knots.

MME. SEMBRICH GIVES A TEA

Miss Harriet Van Emden, a Pupil, Heard by Guests at Lake George.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE GEORGE, N. Y., July 9.—Mme. Marcella Sembrich gave a tea at her beautiful home at Bolton Landing, Lake George, this afternoon. A great many of her friends in that locality were present. Miss Harriet Van Emden, a pupil of Mme. Sembrich, who had a very successful career in Europe this past year, entertained the company with a programe of songs. Miss Van Emden is soon to sail to fill concert engagements in Holland, Belgium and England.

Howard University Fund Completed

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The campaign of Howard University, under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior, to raise $250,000 to make up a $666,000 endowment for its medical school, half of which was pledged by the General Education Board, has been a success, J. Stanley Durkee, President of the university, announced today, and an additional $15,000 has been contributed. Jesse Isidor Straus of New York gave the last $2,000 of the goal, and colored people all over the country pledged the additional $13,000.

Outing for East Side Mothers.

One hundred and fifty east side mothers and babies will be the guests today of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies on an outing at Rockaway Park Beach, where the Federation maintains the Convalescent Home for Jewish Children. Special trains will carry the excursionists to the Beach, where Miss G. Gratton, Superintendent of the Convalescent Home, will take charge of them. This is the first of a series of outings which the Federation will give women of the congested districts.

Refunds $230,000 to New Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 9.—Representing a refund to the State in connection with the former Highway Commission's purchase of land for the proposed Amboy Bridge approaches, the W. J. Donald Lumber Company of Perth Amboy today turned over to Attorney General McCran a check for $230,000.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. William Van Bron Findley and her children have arrived at the Plaza from Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, where Mr. Findley is attached to the American Embassy. Mrs. Findley will go to her home, Bel Air, in Lenox, in a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henri Hoguet, formerly of this city, who are now residing in Westfield, N. J., are being congratulated on the birth of a son, Thomas Anthony Hoguet, on July 8.

General Pershing, who will go to Peekskill today to review the Fifty-third Infantry Brigade, was the guest of honor at a dinner given last evening at the Ritz-Carlton Roof Garden by John C. Hughes. There were ten guests in the party.

Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont entertained at luncheon yesterday in the Japanese Garden at the Ritz for Mrs. Lewis Nixon.

Mr. and Mrs. Marcel Steinbrugge of 14 East Sixtieth Street will sail for Paris early in August.

Mrs. Morgan Belmont entertained at luncheon yesterday in the Italian Garden at the Ambassador.

Colonel Samuel J. Morris, U. S. A., of Washington, D. C., and Mrs. Morris, with their son, W. S. Morris, are at the Astor before sailing for Panama on Thursday.

Mrs. Eugene S. Reynald gave a luncheon yesterday at Pierre's, and among her guests were Miss Dorothy H. Howard, Mrs. John R. Drexel Jr., Mrs. George Peabody and Mrs. Louis Livingston.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Potter have come from Mount Kisco, N. Y., and are at the Lorraine for several days.

Mrs. Mason B. Starring gave a luncheon in the palm garden of the Plaza yesterday for a party of eight. Mr. and Mrs. Starring are dividing the Summer between the Plaza and the Sleepy Hollow Country Club.

Mrs. Alfred E. Schermerhorn gave a luncheon yesterday at Sherry's for Mrs. Henry Steers.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic H. Strawbridge have come from Philadelphia by motor and are at Briarcliff Lodge for the remainder of the week, when they will make a motor trip through New England.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. P. Thatcher of Stamford, Conn., are sailing today on the Mauretania to spend several weeks in England and on the Continent.

Newport.

Mme. Virginia Clement, mezzo soprano of La Scala Grand Opera Company, is visiting General and Mrs. J. Fred Pierson at their Summer home, Rose Lawn, on lower Bellevue Avenue. Mrs. Pierson was at home for the first time this season on Sunday afternoon, when Mme. Clement sang French operatic selections, German Lieder and English songs. She was accompanied by H. Frank Bonyan. Mrs. Irving Thompson Seaton of New York is also a guest of General and Mrs. Pierson. Mr. Seaton will arrive at the end of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Adams of Holyoke, Mass., Mrs. R. E. Roberts and son of Detroit and Mrs. A. N. Bird of Rockland, Maine, are at the New Cliffs.

Mrs. Joseph E. Widener gave a luncheon at Beachmound yesterday.

Miss Elizabeth Clendennin left last night for New York, but will return for the week-end.

Major C. H. Wells, U. S. M. C., and Mrs. Wells have arrived.

Mrs. Biddle Duke has concluded her brief Newport visit.

Lord and Lady Maidstone of England were the guests of honor last night at a large dinner party given by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Aldrey Lanchquis.

The Swedish Minister and Mme. Axel Wallenberg, who visited Mr. and Mrs. John Aspegren at Aspen Hall last Summer, have arrived from New York and are again guests of Mr. and Mrs. Aspegren, who are to entertain in their honor today at tea.

The games of the international college tennis tournament at the Casino on next Friday and Saturday will be played in the afternoon, beginning at 3 o'clock. All but a few of the boxes have been taken.

Milton J. Budlong and William B. Burden left for New York last evening.

Gilbert Willoughby Dixon is visiting his grandparents, Captain and Mrs. Hugh L. Willoughby.

Mrs. William S. Andrews is visiting in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy King have arrived for the Summer.

Bradford Norman Jr. and his guest, Walter Jones, hopped to New York yesterday morning on the regular Monday morning trip of the new air service. They were accompanied by Grover Loening, head of the line, who spent the week-end at Hill Top Inn. Carroll B. Winslow was also an air passenger to New York yesterday morning.

Former Governor Charles S. Whitman of New York and Mrs. Whitman have registered at the Casino for the season. Other registrants here yesterday were Oliver Perin and Paul Phelan.

Mrs. E. D. Buel of New York has taken Mrs. Katherine Halley's cottage, 58 Berkeley Avenue, for the season.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt 2d, is expected tomorrow at Quarterfoil.

Thompson McClintock and Lieut. Commander Thomas Moran, U. S. N., have registered at the Casino for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Tuckerman of Washington and Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Mitchell of New York are at the Muschinger-King.

The Berkshires.

Eighty Lenox Garden Club members and guests were entertained at Clovercroft, the Stockbridge villa of Mrs. Oscar Haslgl, this afternoon. Mrs. Henry McBurney and Mrs. Carl A. Dreier, gerardorff were at the tea tables, and the guests strolled through the Clovercroft gardens. An instructive address on "New England Forestry" was delivered by Professor Theodore Salisbury Woolsey of Yale, who is a guest of Dr. and Mrs. William Gilman Thompson.

Arrivals at the Red Lion Inn at Stockbridge include Joseph Clendenen and son, David L. Clendenen, of New York, who are looking for a house for the rest of the season; Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Colt Albro of New York, Mr. and Mrs. William T. F. Hollingsworth and the Misses Hollingsworth of Paris, Mrs. George S. Robbins and the Misses Robbins of Philadelphia.

Washington.

Mrs. T. De Witt Talmage, who is at the Willard for a short stay, was hostess at dinner last evening in compliment to Rear Admiral and Mrs. Edward W. Eberle, who have just arrived from the Pacific Coast. Admiral Eberle is about to take up his duties as Chief of Naval Operations, succeeding Admiral Robert E. Coontse, who becomes Commander in Chief of the United States Fleet.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest G. Walker were hosts at a small dance last evening at their new home in S Street for their son, Mannix Walker, and his guest, Curtis Thomas, a classmate at Harvard. Mr. and Mrs. Walker will leave later in the week for Atlantic City.

Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins is making a short visit to her daughter, Mrs. William F. Hitt, at the latter's Virginia estate, prior to returning by motor to Ventnor, N. J., where she has purchased a Summer home.

Mrs. Harold Walker and her young daughter, Miss Evelyn Walker, have joined the Washington colony at the Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs.

Mrs. John B. Cochran has gone to Bar Harbor to spend the Summer with her father, de Chez Fairfax Whiting, at his Summer home.

Major Clark H. Wells, U. S. M. C., has been transferred from Quantico to Newport, where Mrs. Wells has joined him for the Summer.

Captain Chester Wells, U. S. N., and Mrs. Wells have left their place at Chevy Chase to spend a month or six weeks at the White Sulphur Springs.

A subscription dance in aid of the National School of Music and Art will be given under fashionable patronage at the Montgomery Club Saturday night.

Major and Mrs. Harry Leonard have closed their K Street house for the Summer and gone to Colorado.

Mrs. B. H. Warder will close her apartment in a few days and join her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Garrett, at Mount Desert, Me.

South-motes.

Plans for the sale at the villa of Mr. and Mrs. Adrain F. Larkin, Friday afternoon, for the benefit of the Dug Out, the club for disabled soldiers in New York, are progressing rapidly and members of the colony as well as the permanent residents are interested. Some of those who are acting as patronesses include Mrs. Goodhue Livingston, Mrs. Delancey Kountze, Mrs. Alvin W. Krech, Mrs. Thomas Rogers, Mrs. George Leary, Mrs George Barton French, Mrs. James Larkin, Mrs. Henry B. Coe and Mrs. Joel Rathbone.

Nearly all the committees are now formed for the work of the street fair. Mrs. E. M. Horne, Chairman of the supper and tea room, with Mrs. James Donnison Sayre, Treasurer, will have on her committee Mrs. Harlan Bolton, Mrs. Duncan Stewart, Ellsworth, Mrs. George S. Patterson, Mrs. Joseph Clark and Miss Eleanor Lawrence. Mrs. Charles Walker will have charge of the waitresses.

Mrs. Robert Waller and Mrs. Marshall Dodge, Chairman of the novelty booth, will have Mrs. Stuart Walker as Treasurer.

Miss Esther Murphy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Francis Murphy, who has been with her parents at Little Orchard left Saturday for Europe, where she will be until September, and while abroad will visit her brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick T. Murphy.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Moyle came from New York Sunday and are guests of Jane Teller at the Teller cottage on Main Street for a week. Jane Teller will have charge of the Colonial Booth at the street fair, where she will spin at an old spinning wheel more than a hundred years old, and also will teach spinning and weaving to the young people of Southampton during the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Stuart Wing, who have leased the Fordham East Cottage in Hill Street, arrived the last of the week for the remainder of the season.

Dr. and Mrs. Walter B. James, who have been guests of Dr. and Mrs. Peter B. Wyckoff at their cottage in Dune Road since the middle of last week, left yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Appleton Curtis, who have taken the Platt cottage in Hill Street, will have as their guest Mrs. James C. Fargo, who will arrive from Europe early in the week.

Bernardo Olshansky returned the last of the week from a trip to the Pacific Coast and has joined Mrs. Olshansky at their cottage in Elm Street.

White Mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Gower of New York have arrived at the Mount Washington, Bretton Woods, to spend a week.

Dr. E. R. Campbell, who spent the Winter in Pasadena, Cal., will spend the season here accompanied by Mrs. Nawina Campbell and William Campbell.

Charles Cazgrain and Miss Charlotte Cazgrain of the Spruces, Whitefield motored to Polly's Place at Colebrook for luncheon yesterday, going on to the Canadian line at Beaver Falls.

Willis Boyd Allen of the Crawford is having splendid luck at trout fishing in Sago Lake.

The annual White Mountains tennis championship will be held under the auspices of the national association at Crawford Notch Lawn Tennis Club on July 23 and following days, open to all tennis players. Entries are coming in from all the principal White Mountain resorts.

Mrs. Daniel Karsner of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford H. Rice of Boston and Franklin Murphy of Newark, N. J., will spend the month at the Mount Washington Hotel.

Mrs. Franklin Gordon Dexter of Boston is spending the season in Whitefield at the Mountain View House.

Mrs. Elizabeth M. Pillsbury has gone to the Waumbek at Jefferson, following a Winter in New York, and other resorts for the rest of the Summer.

Dr. and Mrs. T. S. Brown of Brooklyn will spend the season at the Sinclair House, Bethlehem.

Mrs. Alonzo G. Sexton of the St. Regis, New York, will spend the Summer at the Mountain View House, Whitefield, where Mrs. Lawrence Hurlburt and Mrs. Henry Coffin have arrived from Brooklyn and Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Meeks from South Orange.

Mrs. Charles Hagen Kimball of New York gave a tea to twelve of her friends, guests at the Sunset Hill House, at Peckett on Sugar Hill. Mrs. Edwin W. Sinzelle and Countess De Montague of New York poured.

ASKS RAISE FOR CHAPLAINS.

Church Council Says They Are Paid Less Than Veterinarians.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Chaplains commissioned to look after the religious welfare of men in the army receive less consideration with respect to advancement and rank than veterinarians assigned to care for the welfare of horses and mules, the Federal Council of Churches declared today, in announcing that Congress would be asked to remove the "discrimination" against clergymen.

Medical, dental and veterinary officers, the General Committee on Army and Navy Chaplains of the Council pointed out, are required to serve only three years before they can reach the rank of Captain, and twelve years for the rank of Major, while a Chaplain must serve five and fourteen years, respectively. The chief of the Chaplains' Corps, the committee added, cannot rise above the rank of Colonel, whereas the head of the Medical and Dental Corps may become a Major General.

In addition to seeking removal of these discriminations it was announced, an effort will be made to have the number of Chaplains in the army increased to a ratio of one to every 800 officers and men.

NORTH DAKOTA GALE-SWEPT

Three Persons Killed and $1,500,000 Property Damage Done.

FARGO, N. D., July 9.—At least three persons were killed and damage estimated at $1,500,000 was done by terrific wind, hail and rainstorms which swept over the north central and northeastern part of North Dakota late Sunday, according to reports reaching here today.

ON MISSION TO HOLY LAND.

Dr. Boynton Will Study Crisis Facing Patriarchate.

The American Committee on Preservation of the Sacred Places in the Holy Land, the headquarters of which are at 105 East Twenty-second Street, announced yesterday that Dr. Charles Homer Boynton had started for Palestine to be the committee's representative there. Dr. Boynton, who spent his boyhood in Nazareth, was chosen because of his intimate knowledge of the Holy Land. He previously had served as a commissioner in Turkey and Armenia.

Dr. Boynton will study conditions of the places associated with the life of Christ, especially Bethlehem, Nazareth, the Mount of Olives, and the Holy Sepulchre in Jerusalem. He will work in co-operation with the Patriarch of Jerusalem, who is head of the Brotherhood of the Holy Sepulchre. It is this organization which takes care of and maintains these holy shrines.

Dr. Boynton also will confer with the Commission which the Government of Palestine has placed in charge of the affairs of the Patriarchate of Jerusalem, which is one of the five patriarchates of the Eastern Orthodox Church.

Dr. Boynton will investigate the financial crisis which confronts the Patriarchate as a result of the war and the revolution in Russia, and will report to the American Committee.

Dr. Charles F. Chandler Honored.

Dr. Charles F. Chandler, Professor Emeritus of Chemistry at Columbia University, and now a consulting chemist of the Chemical Foundation, has just been elected honorary member of the London Society of Chemical Industry, which he served as President in 1885-1900.

EX-JUSTICE W. R. DAY DIES AT MACKINAC

Former Secretary of State Succumbs at Summer Home From Lung Complications.

SKILLFUL DIPLOMAT WAS 74

He Resigned as Final Arbiter of the German War Claims in May Because of Failing Health.

MACKINAC ISLAND, Mich., July 9.—The body of former United States Supreme Court Justice William R. Day, who died here at 5:30 this morning, was taken late today to Canton, Ohio. William L. Day of Cleveland, Ohio, a son, accompanied the body.

The former Justice had been ill for about ten days and several days ago physicians gave up hope for his recovery. According to Dr. James Brogan, death was due to lung complications following an attack of pneumonia in Washington about three years ago.

Mr. Day's left lung was seriously affected and the right one slightly so, Dr. Brogan asserted that Mr. Day had been living "on his nerve" for the last few years, believing he must do his part in public affairs despite his advanced age. He was conscious until a few minutes before he died.

For more than forty years Mr. Day spent his Summers here.

CANTON, Ohio, July 9.—The telegram received by relatives here announcing the death of Mr. Day was sent by William L. Day of Cleveland, former United States Judge. Other surviving sons are Luther Day of Cleveland, Rufus Day of Washington, D. C., and Stephen Day of Chicago.

Justice Robert E. Day of the Ohio Supreme Court and David B. Day of Canton are brothers of the late jurist.

Following his resignation as final arbiter of the German war claims several months ago, Justice Day announced his intention of retiring from public life because of ill health. He left three weeks ago for his cottage at Mackinac. The body will be brought to Canton. Funeral arrangements have not been made.

WILLIAM R. DAY'S CAREER.

His Rise to Fame Due to Start Given Him by President McKinley.

William R. Day owed his first selection for an important public office to his friendship for President William McKinley, who so trusted and sought the strength and statesmanship of the modest Ohio judge that he lifted him from comparative obscurity to a position in which he directed the critical affairs of the State Department during the days preceding the war with Spain. His sudden elevation confounded Washington officialdom for time, until they came to know that in the slight, silent figure of Day, clothed with a dignified reticence and distinguished by amazing tact and ability, the President had found a man who could be relied upon in any emergency.

The manner which so puzzled Washington in those early days of 1898 remained with Justice Day until the end of his career. His private life was as simple as that of any man who has held high office in the Government. A keen student and lover of books, his time off the bench was usually spent reading or with his family, and his home was an unostentatious dwelling. The dignity that attached to his name was of the man and his high office.

Of a Long Line of Lawyers.

Ex-Justice Day was born on April 17, 1849, at Ravenna, Ohio. He came of a long line of lawyers. His father was Judge Luther Day of the Supreme Court, and on both sides of his family the men had been distinguished in the law. He studied at a local academy and at a preparatory school in the East and entered the University of Michigan, from which he was graduated in 1872. He was admitted to the bar soon after leaving college and began the practice of law with William A. Lynch and later Austin Lynch and David B. Day. The firm became known all over Ohio and Mr. Day was its mainstay in the courts. His skill was proverbial, for he often snatched victory from what seemed a hopeless defense.

In 1886 he was persuaded to become a candidate for Judge of Common Pleas, and was nominated by both Democrats and Republicans, but curiously, in view of his later distinction, he found the life of a Judge so distasteful that he resigned after two years to resume practice. Two years later President Harrison nominated him for the Circuit Court of Northern Ohio, but his health was so poor that he failed to take the place.

His friendship with President McKinley began when Mr. McKinley went to live in Canton, Ohio. He had been attorney for Stark County, and when he resumed private practice came into contact with Mr. Day in the courts. The two men developed a strong liking and admiration for each other, and when Mr. McKinley entered Congress Mr. Day became his legal, personal and political adviser. When Mr. McKinley was Governor of Ohio he again leaned heavily upon his friend, and it was felt when he became President that Mr. Day could have almost any post he wished. He declined the Attorney Generalship.

McKinley Calls for Day's Help.

It was not long, however, before President McKinley called upon Mr. Day to help him, on the plea of friendship as well as service to his country. John Sherman had been appointed Secretary of State, and on account of his age there was need for a strong Assistant Secretary. The President turned again to his friend Day.

H. H. Kohlsaat in his memoirs, "From McKinley to Harding," told of the way in which Mr. McKinley wrote to Mr. Day. Said Mr. Kohlsaat:

"I was with the President when a telegram was handed him. He said: 'It is from Judge Day, accepting the post of Assistant Secretary of State. He gives up $15,000 a year to take a $4,500 position. He would not do it if he did not love me.' Judge Day's acceptance was a great relief to McKinley."

But soon after assuming the office as Assistant he became in fact Secretary in everything but name and salary. He handled the many delicate affairs of the department with ability and with such tact as not to offend John Sherman. After Mr. Sherman's retirement in April, he became Secretary of State, and was later head of the commission which went to Paris to draw up the treaty of peace. He was from the first in favor of taking over the Philippines.

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

After he was succeeded by John Hay as Secretary of State Mr. Day returned to the law and was appointed by President McKinley United States Circuit Judge of the Sixth Judicial Circuit. He resigned that post to become an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in February, 1903. His great learning was early recognized by his associates and he was selected to deliver some of the most important decisions of the Supreme Court, including those in the United Shoe Machinery and the Southern Pacific-Central Pacific cases.

While still on the bench Justice Day was commissioned Umpire of the Mixed Claims Commission on Aug. 10, 1922, when Germany requested President Harding to name an American for that post as it was thought this action would not only show the respect of the German Government for high-class American citizenship, but would also expedite the work of the commission. He continued as Associate Justice until Nov. 14, when he retired, and resigned as Umpire of the commission on May 15, 1922, when it became evident that his health would not permit his continuing to carry on the duties of the position. He was succeeded by Judge Edward E. Parker of Texas, who has previously served as the American Commissioner.

Justice Day had never passed on a case brought before the commission at the time of his death, his function as Umpire being intended to be exercised only in cases of disagreement. At the time of his retirement no case had progressed to a point where his services were needed.

An Ardent Baseball Fan.

Justice Day's health was never good, and he was forced to leave Washington at one time for a year in the mountains. He was of slight physique, and never took part in any games or sports. But he made up for this lack by his unadulterated pleasure in watching big league baseball games. He never missed a game in Washington if he could help it, often hurrying from the bench to the ball park. When a world series was on he would receive bulletins on the bench, and after reading them would pass them on to some of his grave colleagues with comment on the way the game was going.

Justice Day was married to Mary Elizabeth Schaefer, member of an old Southern family, whose ancestors fought with Marion in the Revolution. She was known as a student, and spoke French and German as well as her own tongue, which made her of great assistance to her husband at the time he occupied the office of Secretary of State. They had four sons, William, Luther, Rufus and Stephen.

FARMER-LABOR RIVALS INSIST ON MAJORITIES

Leaders of New Federated Body and Old Party Each Claim Labor Support.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Press reports to the effect that a majority of the Farmer-Labor Party had refused to affiliate with the newly formed Federated Farmer-Labor Party, in convention here last week, "were unfair inasmuch as not a single farmer delegate remained with those swivel chair labor leaders," according to a letter received here from W. H. Green of Omaha, Vice Chairman of the Federated organization.

Jay G. Brown, National Secretary of the Farmer-Labor Party, denied the accusations and pointed out that the party's refusal to affiliate to represented the sentiment of the majority of delegates or such action would not have been taken.

"Reports saying a majority of the Farmer-Labor Party had refused to affiliate with the Federated organization was manifestly unfair inasmuch as not a single farmer delegate, even from Illinois, remained with those swivel chair labor leaders," Mr. Green's letter said.

"Over ninety per cent. of the entire convention remained in session three days while those representatives of the international labor leaders conducted a filibuster directed by influences outside Chicago."

The statement that not a single farmer delegates "remained with the swivel chair Labor leaders" is not true, if Mr. Green means by the "swivel chair Labor leaders" the regular organization of the Farmer-Labor Party, said Mr. Brown's statement.

"Mr. Green must have overlooked Ex-Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota, Chester C. Platt, State Manager of the Non-Partisan League of Wisconsin; Duncan McDonald, head of the Progressive Party, and various others.

"Mr. Green implies that a number of international unions are represented in the new organization. While it is true some of those who joined the Federated Farmer-Labor Party are international unions, none of the delegates who made up the new organization are representing international unions.

"As a matter of fact, the largest international union represented in the convention, the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, with a membership of 190,000, declined even to appoint representatives on the Executive Committee of the new organization."

TELLS OF $250,000 LEGACY.

But Lynn Citizens Ridicule Woman's Story of Reward for Harrison.

LOS ANGELES, July 9.—Mrs. Clara May Miller, saleswoman for one oil syndicate, has announced receipt of a letter from a Boston law firm telling her she had been left $250,000 in the will of Theodore G. Tebbetts, leather manufacturer of Lynn, Mass., whom she saved from drowning when he was a small boy.

About twenty-five years ago, Mrs. Miller said, she was a member of a party crossing the Bay of Fundy on a steamship. Tebbetts, then a precocious youngster, climbed on the railing and fell overboard. Mrs. Miller, then Miss Clara Beckwith, although fully dressed, jumped into the sea and rescued the boy after a hard struggle.

Young Tebbetts' father gave her $1000 to buy clothes to replace those ruined in saving his son, she said, and the Canadian authorities gave her a medal for heroism.

She said she expected to go to Boston soon, as the will is to be probated there within sixty days.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 9.—Assertions of Mrs. Clara May Miller in Los Angeles that she had been left $250,000 under the will of Theodore G. Tebbetts, who committed suicide in 1920, lost considerable weight here when it was learned this evening that Mr. Tebbetts's estate was settled almost two years ago and that he left far less than the sum mentioned.

The will was probated in September, 1921, and the estate was appraised at $40,000, all of which went to the widow, with the family home at 27 Baltimore Street, Lynn. Mrs. Tebbetts And her lawyers ridiculed the Los Angeles story tonight.

Tebbetts was the son of a wealthy Lynn shoe manufacturer. He shot himself to death in the bathroom of his home on July 24, 1920, after several years of ill health and despondency. At the time of his death he was 47 years old.

If Mrs. Miller is correct in her dates and the alleged rescue occurred twenty-five years ago, Tebbetts must have been a man of 32 years instead of a "precocious youngster" friends of the family in Lynn pointed out.

Aged Man Kills Himself.

In ill health and tired of life, John Fouss, 80 years old, of 537 East Seventy-first Street, committed suicide yesterday by inhaling gas through a tube in his home. His daughter, Mrs. Josephine Dixon of 522 East Seventy-first Street, called there yesterday morning and found his body. He had been despondent for some time.

JACQUES REICH DEAD.

Noted Portrait Etcher Dies in Dunraven (N. Y.) at 70 Years.

Jacques Reich, a noted portrait etcher, died suddenly on Sunday in Dunraven, N. Y. He was in his seventy-first year. Mr. Reich was born in Hungary and studied art in Budapest, Paris and at the National Academy of Design in New York and the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts in Philadelphia. He did most of the pen portraits for Scribner's Cyclopedia of Painters and Paintings and for Appleton's Cyclopedia of American Biography.

For a number of years he had been engaged in etching and publishing a series of etched portraits of famous Americans, beginning with Washington, Jefferson, Alexander Hamilton, Benjamin Franklin, Daniel Webster and others of the early period, and brought the series down to the present time. The portraits of Woodrow Wilson and James McNeil Whistler were completed in 1912. In addition to this notable series Mr. Reich had produced many private plates, among these being the portraits of Whitelaw Reid, E. H. Harriman, H. H. Rogers, John W. Mackay, Governor Winthrop, Mark Hanna and others.

Mr. Reich was a member of Kane Lodge, F. and A. M. He had his home and studio in New Dorp, Staten Island, and left a widow and three sons.

SECRETARY HUGHES'S TRIBUTE

His Work Marked by Sagacity, Profound Learning and Industry.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—News of the death of William Rufus Day, former Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court, spread sorrow throughout official Washington today. His friends had hoped a complete rest would restore his failing health, which had caused him to resign as umpire of the Mixed Claims Commission, which is now adjusting war claims against Germany.

In commenting upon the death of Justice Day, Secretary of State Hughes, who was associated with Justice Day on the Supreme Court bench, pointed out that he was signally honored by being chosen as umpire of the Mixed Claims Commission, Germany waiving her right to have a neutral selected for the place.

"I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of Mr. Justice Day," the Secretary's statement said.

"He was one of the finest men I have ever known. With sagacity, profound learning and untiring industry he was exceptionally qualified for the work of Justice of the Supreme Court, and it was a great loss to the bench when he retired. Before that event on the bench he had performed important service for the country and Secretary of State, and it is pleasant to remember that at the end of his judicial career he was signally honored by being chosen to act as umpire in the determination of the claims against Germany. No higher tribute could be paid to an American citizen than to select him for this important position."

PROVIDES FOR DOG'S GRAVE.

Will of Mrs. Mayer Leaves Sum for Care of Lot in Canine Cemetery.

Dan, a dog buried at the Hartsdale Canine Cemetery, was remembered by Mrs. Alice L. Mayer, whose will was filed for probate yesterday in Surrogate Court. The will, which leaves all of the estate to her husband, Isaac L. Mayer of 254 West Seventy-sixth Street, contains this clause:

"I give a sum sufficient in the judgment of my executor to take care of the little grave where my dog lies buried."

Dr. William J. Coogan.

Dr. William J. Coogan, a well known Brooklyn surgeon and on the staff of St. Mary's and the Coney Island Hospitals, died in St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Manhattan, on Sunday after an operation. Dr. Coogan was born in Kingston, N. Y., and was graduated from Holy Cross College and the Fordham Medical School. During the World War he was a Captain in the Medical Corps of the 107th Inf., A. E. F., and was twice cited for bravery. He lived at 832 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, and left a widow and two sons.

George B. Woodward.

George B. Woodward, Second Vice President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, died Sunday of heart disease at his home in Allenhurst, N. J., having returned from the Deal golf links owing to a pain in his shoulder. He started as a boy with the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, then became Secretary of the John Hancock, and joined the Metropolitan in 1891, again as Secretary. He was made Third Vice President in 1901 and Second in 1917. He was 70 years old.

Thomas O'Reilly Dies in a Bus.

Thomas O'Reilly of 8 Mount Morris Park West, senior member of the contracting firm of O'Reilly & Son, 16 East Forty-ninth Street, died suddenly yesterday morning of heart disease while seated inside a Fifth Avenue bus opposite the Pennsylvania Station. He had just returned from his country home at Avon, N. J. He was 69 years old.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES HENRY RORKE, a retired detective sergeant, for thirty-two years on the Brooklyn police force, died on Saturday at his home in Patchogue, L. I. He was 75 years old. Mr. Rorke was President of the Police Relief Association. He is survived by two sons, Dr. James F. Rorke, an officer in the U. S. Naval Reserves, and John J. Rorke, Superintendent of the Ybarra Steamship Company, and two daughters, Miss Loretta M. Rorke, secretary of the department of music of the Board of Education.

GEORGE W. MAY, in the real estate business in this city, died on Sunday at his residence, 1,350 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, at the age of 68 years. Mr. May was a member of the Hanover Club and was well known in the Eastern District of Brooklyn, which included the house which he later sold to Commissioner Enright.

HARRY THORNE, manager of Keith's Riverside Theatre, died in his office there yesterday afternoon of heart disease. He was a widower, 72 years old, and had lived at 58 West Ninety-sixth Street.

MRS. AMANDA FISKE, mother of Mayer Fiske of Mt. Vernon, died yesterday at her home in Mt. Vernon. She was the widow of Samuel Fiske and was born in Philadelphia in 1834, a descendant of Colonel Zebulon Butler, who commanded the Colonials at the Wyoming Massacre.

ADRIEN E. SUMNER, at one time Chicago manager of the Associated Press, recently an investment broker, died Sunday night at his home, 548 Fourth Street, Brooklyn. He was born in Bellevue, Ohio, a descendant of Increase Sumner, Orrice Governor of Massachusetts.

Miss HARRIET A. DICKERSON, Principal of Public School 30 for twenty years, died Sunday at her home, 307 Lenox Avenue, aged 58.

Dr. JAMES ORR KYLE of Rye, N. Y., a dentist, with offices at 100 West Forties Street, died suddenly Sunday in the Stamford Hospital of apoplexy a short time after a stroke suffered while at the wheel of his automobile in Stamford. Services will be held at 8 o'clock this evening at his late residence in Rye.

JAMES E. HAMMATT, formerly manager of the export department of the Standard Oil Company, with which he had been connected forty years, died Sunday at his residence, 359 Lewis Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 73. His wife and two daughters survive.

DANIEL R. SWEENEY, former Postmaster of Middletown, N. Y., died at his home there yesterday of heart disease, aged 58. He owned a bottling business.

Born.

ELISBERG—Dr. and Mrs. George J. Elisberg (nee Gertrude Slagar) announce the birth of a daughter, 875 Riverside Drive, July 8, 1923.

FELTMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Feltman (nee Edna Wolff) of Manila, Philippine Islands, announce the birth of a son, July 5. Mrs. Feltman is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sol Wolff of 1689 President St., Brooklyn.

Married.

DE GRAAF—BENNETT—Saturday, June 30, 1923, in New York City, Florence Greig Bennett to Jacobus C. de Graaf.

PAIGE—McKELVEY—On Saturday, June 23, 1923, at Stamford, Conn., Mrs. Alice McKelvey of Stamford, Conn., to Mr. Richard Francher Paige of Schenectady and New York, by the Rev. Alfred Grant Walton.

REACH—GRIMM—Josephine Grimm, 97 Cottage St., Jersey City Heights, N. J., to Alonzo Reach, Station Hospital, Camp Dix.

RICH—PRICE—Clarence H. Rich to Leonore Elliot Price on Monday, July 9, 1923, at the Collegiate Church, New York City.

Died.

ALTMANN—Metropolitan Company No. 89

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for insertion received to midnight. Bryant 3000.

LOST.

BLACK BAG, initialed J. J. L., containing clothes, lost from automobile between Evelyn, L. I., and Queensboro Bridge; liberal reward. Rector 0400.

BRIEF CASE—By hikers, Danbury. Return V. Robinson, 502 West 134th St.

CIGARETTE HOLDER, black, G. B. A. in diamonds, between E. 8th Av. and Netherland Hotel or at Pole Grenade, Sunday afternoon; reward. Apartment 10-B, 25 5th Av., forenoons.

HANDBAG—Lady's, containing lorgnette, glasses, keys, letter and sum of money. Return to Room 1015, Hotel Ambassador. Finder will receive liberal reward.

HANDBAG—Lady's, lost Sunday morning on Freeman St. Station, containing money and watch; suitable reward if finder returns to E. Epstein & Son, 502 7th Av.

HANDBAG—Did gentleman who obliged parties with ride to railroad depot at Washington, N. J., Monday morning, find lady's hand bag in limousine? F 102 Times.

KEYS—In taxicab, black leather case, containing 6 keys; reward. Plaza 1741. Camille Franklin.

PACKAGE, containing wearing apparel and spectacles, Saturday night in taxi; value to owner only; liberal reward. Endicott 2052.

PURSE, brown suede, tan lining, containing vanity set, bracelet, money; lost road between Long Beach and Rockville Centre. Communicate Ryan, 496 4th St., Brooklyn.

WRISTBAG—Lady's, containing train ticket and $10, taxi Sunday morning; finder may keep money, return bag. M. Biegel, 1,309 Prospect Av., New York.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN—Diamond, platinum; liberal reward. Mrs. Sam Hellman, 234 West Fulton St., Long Beach.

BROOCH, gold, shaped like wish bone; Saturday; reward. A. J., 14 West 12th.

MATCH CASE, gold, initialed F. W. K.; reward. Masten & Nichols, 49 Wall St.

MESH BAG and vanity, cash, gold; Saturday night, possibly taxi or theatre; reward. Plaza 8000.

NECKLACE—Pearl, vicinity of Burnside and Concourse; reward. Jewitt, 2,055 Grand Concourse.

SCARF PIN, gold-diamond circular design; July 7, between Forest Park golf links and Clinton Av., Jamaica; liberal reward. Noah, 96 Clinton Av., Jamaica.

WATCH and chain, diamonds; lost in L. I. depot of Penn. Station; very liberal reward. Call Watkins 3230.

WRIST WATCH, man's, silver, initials T. J. K. on watch and clasp; sentimental war value; reward. 3,844 Longacre.

$5,000 REWARD.

for return of pearl necklace lost July 2 in vicinity 54th Av. and 37th St. or Madison Av. and 79th St.; necklace contains 107 pearls and diamond clasp. Communicate Mr. J. A. Williams, 25 Beaver St. Broad 1233. No questions asked.

$100 REWARD.

Bracelet, pearl, four-strand diamond and platinum bar with bangles attached. Phone Vanderbilt 7100, Suite 1601.

Wearing Apparel.

BAG—Black, containing gents' wearing apparel; New York State Road. Fitzroy 5622.

FISHER SCARF—Lost in Checker taxi Friday; reward. Phone Watkins 1760.

FUR SCARF, two Skis Hudson Bay sable, Sunday evening, July 1, about 8 o'clock, between Reid's Drug Store, Columbus Av. and 106d St. and Broadway and 96th St.; very liberal reward. Phone Academy 114. Gunn.

HANDBAG, black, containing men's wearing apparel, lost from taxi between Cortlandt St. and Lackawanna R. R.; reward if returned Mr. Chapman. Phone Worth 1037.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

DOG, small grayish brown, July 1; reasonable reward. Audubon 1450, Apt. 46.

PEKINGESE PUPPY, name Lulu; reward. Brandino, 817 Neck Road. Coney Island 2813.

POMERANIAN, dark brown; reward $50 for information leading to return. Max Lowy, 2,053 Grand Concourse. Canal 1810.

FOUND.

FOUND—White fox poodle. Call Ed Bardet, 270 West 4th St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WILLIAM BAWDEN, Deceased.

The persons representing the devisees of William Bawden, deceased, late of 37, St. James Street, Weston-super-Mare, Somerset, England, watchmaker and jeweler, who died on the 19th day of September, 1894, are desirous of ascertaining the address of Miss Edith Bawden, formerly of 946 Main Street, Buffalo, New York. Will Miss Edith Bawden or any one able to give information as to her death, marriage or present whereabouts communicate with Messrs. Smiths, Ford, & MacFadyean, Solicitors, Grove Chambers, Weston-super-Mare, Somerset, England?

INFORMATION WANTED OF FLORRIE DECKER, adopted 35 years ago by a Mrs. Mott, living at Kings Highway, Coney Island; by her uncle, John Hunter, care Jacob Stamper, 235 East 89th St.

PAUL—COMMUNICATE AT ONCE; IMPORTANT. SISTER CARRIE.

SHOPPERS' COLUMN

Furs

Furs—Retail at Wholesale Prices.
4x-inch Latest Model HUDSON SEAL COAT $275
Remodelling and Repairing.
Expert Workmanship.
CHAS. HOROWITZ, 21 West 30th. Est. 1897

Furniture

QUALITY FURNITURE
DIRECT FROM FACTORY DISTRIBUTERS
Odd pieces for every nook and corner. Suites for every room and every home. Wicker furniture for porch and sun parlor. At prices you cannot duplicate elsewhere. Catalog J mailed on request.
WESTERN FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS
325 Lexington Avenue
Between 33d and 34th Sts.

Gowns

REBUILDER OF GOWNS
Creations made from your out-of-fashion frocks. Perfect workmanship. Prices reasonable.
ATALANTA HOMER, LTD.
17 West 46th St. Bryant 1441

Hats

All These Dainty Little Hand-Blocked
FRENCH FELT HATS ARE $5
each, in all the best colors, at
NAT BRENDER, 19 West 30th St.

Hosiery

LUCILLE
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4-ROOM apartment desired by young couple, elevator, between 96th and 100th Sts., west side; kitchen; convenient to subway. 000 Times.

Cost of improved advertisement $2.56

JERSEY OPENS DRIVE TO SHUT SWEATSHOPS

State and City Authorities to Co-operate in Crusade on Child Labor Evil.

WILL PUNISH OPERATORS

Inspectors Ordered to Conduct Rigid Investigation to Bring Violators to Justice.

TRENTON, N. J., July 9.—Announcement was made today that the State Department of Labor will begin a crusade against sweatshops, following discovery that sweatshops, particularly in Northern New Jersey, are being operated in violation of the State law. Inspectors will be assigned to discover sweatshops and to investigate homes converted for manufacturing enterprises.

"Children under age have been found working on goods," said Charles' A. Weeks, Deputy Commissioner of Labor. "My attention has been called to several cases where parents, living in Jersey City and Hoboken, have been working long hours in dingy, unsanitary rooms. Some children, hardly old enough to handle the work have been pressed into service."

Deputy Commissioner Weeks said his department has evidence of violations of industrial home work laws. He instructed inspectors to make a rigid investigation to help stamp out the sweatshop evil. The inspectors will pay particular attention to the manufacture of foodstuffs, dolls and children's clothing in homes. Where sanitary conditions in homes are not adequate, the inspectors are ordered to notify the State Department and local boards of health.

According to the survey, many manufacturers in New York City have been giving work to New Jersey sweatshops.

A conference of Newark officials, including Mayor F. L. Breidenbach, and representatives of the New Jersey Department of Labor was held yesterday afternoon in the Newark City Hall to discuss the sweatshop situation.

Mayor Breidenbach announced that the city Health Department will be placed in charge of the drive against sweatshops and will have the full cooperation of the City Commission. The Deputy Commissioner of Labor announced that five State inspectors will make a survey of Essex County under his direction. Represenatives of trade unions will aid State officials in the fight against sweatshop labor.

KEYES WILL RUN AGAIN.

New Hampshire Senator Denies His Wife Will Seek Office.

HAVERHILL, N. H., July 9.—Senator Henry W. Keyes definitely announced today his purpose of running for re-election in 1924.

At the same time the Senator denied published reports that his wife, Mrs. Frances Parkinson Keyes, an author, would be a candidate in his stead.

Admits Forged Check Charge.

Arthur R. Thraves of 100 Ridgedale Avenue, Madison, N. J., was held in $2,500 bail for the action of the Grand Jury when he pleaded guilty before Magistrate Moses R. Ryttenberg in Tombs Court yesterday, to passing a forged check for $1,436.15 on the Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company on June 8.

CASTLE-TREMAN BREAK NOT TO END FRIENDSHIP

Dancer's Lawyer Thus Explains Their Remaining Together Pending Divorce Proceedings.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, July 9.—The phenomenon of Irene Castle and her husband, Robert Treman, being together at the Hotel Normandie, Deauville, in spite of her divorce proceedings, was explained by Dudley Malone, her lawyer, today.

"They decided to break, and they want to break clean," Mr. Malone told the Tribune. "This is 1923, not the Victorian era. Why should they not be friends?"

In spite of reports, the couple are not occupying the same suite, but they walk together and dine together frequently.

Irene's divorce seems assured, as she claims three years' residence in Paris, and only six months is required. She will remain in Europe until Autumn.

ITALY HAS BIG SURPLUS.

Revenue 2,000,000,000 Lire Above Estimate—Death Duties Are Cut.

ROME, July 9.—The revenues from taxation for the fiscal year ended June 30 having surpassed the estimates by about 2,000,000,000 lire, Premier Mussolini has ttaken advantage of the surplus to suppress death duties among near relatives, which in Italy are heavier than in any other country.

He has also ordered a decrease in other death duties in connection with bequests to persons other than relatives.

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Quality

For three years we have been overburdened to get through with the work that our clients have handed us.

It has not been a question of coaxing in business, but a real problem to take care of what came in the door.

We early made up our minds that the quality of out work should not suffer under this pressure; that we would build up our examining forces as fast as we could build well but no faster. We have the largest law department today we ever have had and it is also the best.

We are an insurance company, but we wish to insure good titles—not bad ones. The unexpected troubles are enough without those that might come from carelessness or lack of knowledge.

Your titles are safer with us today than at any time in our history.

Title Guarantee & Trust Co.

Capital $10,000,000. Surplus $11,000,000.

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BE CAREFUL, MADAM

You who use Palmolive Soap have a serious purpose.

You quit common soaps because you wanted fine complexions, youthful skin. Now common soaps are made to imitate Palmolive, so that buyers will think that they get it.

Be careful. If you want Palmolive, look out for deceptions. Palmolive has become, by its clear results, the leading toilet soap of the world.

One user told another—the others told others. Thus millions of beauty lovers came to adopt this soap.

Not merely because of olive oil or palm oil. But because our experts gave those oils efficiency they never had before.

Now very cheap soaps are colored green and made in Palmolive shape. They are given like-sounding names.

Thus, careless people think they get Palmolive when they don't. Then complexions suffer. The desired results are lacking. And folks blame Palmolive for it.

Palmolive is based on an ideal blend of palm and olive oils. It has been perfected by many years of scientific study. The skin effects are unique. They have never been attained from any oils before.

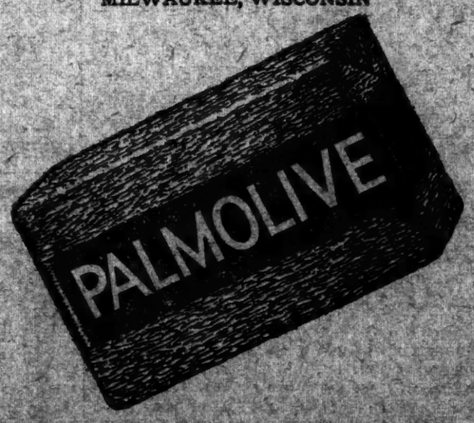
It is a quality soap—a 25-cent quality. But enormous production enables a 10-cent price.

If you want those virtues—and you do—the only way to get them is in real Palmolive Soap.

The way to get it is to watch the name and wrapper. Otherwise, you may get a soap which brings no like results.

THE PALMOLIVE COMPANY
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

Note carefully the name and wrapper



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AN entire floor has just been rented to Manning, Maxwell & Moore, adding still another great industrial name to the roster of Pershing Square tenants.

Only three floors left—to be rented as units—smaller office space if you need it—convenient, central, commutable—one minute from 4000 trains a day!

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Interboro Subway to Grand Central Station, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.
By Motor, 59th St. via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. (Northern Boulevard) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.

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Special Price
Lasts and Patterns exclusively our own design.
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Cotton Goods Wanted In A Hurry

There is a direct and almost certain way of quickly obtaining merchandise in an emergency. Wire an advertisement to The New York Times for insertion on the Business Page under "Buyers' Wants." A merchant in Fresno, California, telegraphed merchandise needs to The Times. He asked that replies be telegraphed to him. He placed his order by wire and the goods were on their way in a few hours and at trifling cost, saving him an expensive trip to New York.

The "Offerings to Buyers" columns enable a manufacturer to dispose of surplus stocks.

Rate for "Buyers' Wants" and "Offerings to Buyers"—15 cents a word.

BUSINESS PAGE
The New York Times

MINE OWNERS AGREE TO END 12-HOUR DAY

Workers' Demand Is Granted at Once in Anthracite Scale Conference.

WAGE INCREASE IS OPPOSED

Miners Reject Proposal to Work After Sept. 1 if No Agreement Is Reached.

ISSUES GO TO COMMITTEE

Operators Decline to Join in Request for Inquiry Into Charges Against Coal Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 9.—The anthracite operators replied to the eleven demands of the mine workers at the resumption of the joint scale conference at the Hotel Ambassador this afternoon by conceding two and assuring open-mindedness on the other nine. On wage increases the operators indicated firm resistance.

The two concessions were the abolition of the twelve-hour day, involving about 3,000 men, and the requirement that the umpire of the Anthracite Board of Conciliation render decisions within thirty days.

A joint pledge to continue mining after Sept. 1, when the present contract expires, even though renewal of the scale had not been agreed upon, was proposed by the operators. The miners rejected it on the ground it would be unnecessary if the conferees applied themselves to the task at hand.

The operators in return rejected a proposal of the miners that jointly they ask Attorney General Daugherty and John Hays Hammond, Chairman of the United States Coal Commission, to investigate allegations of George H. Cushing that Mr. Daugherty had "edited" the commission's anthracite report in the interest of the Harding Administration. The operators expressed satisfaction with the disclaimer of the charges voiced by Commissioners Neill and Marshall as published this morning in THE NEW YORK TIMES. They interpreted a joint request as implying reflection upon the integrity of the commission.

Issues Go to Sub-Committee.

The joint conference adjourned subject to the call of the Chair after voting to leave negotiation of remaining issues to a bipartisan sub-committee of eight, four from each side, the customary procedure. The sub-committee will hold its first session tomorrow morning when the operators will announce their four representatives. The miners' four members are John L. Lewis, President of the United Mine Workers of America, and the three Presidents of Districts 1, 7 and 9, William J. Brennan, Thomas Kennedy and Chris J. Golden, respectively.

Samuel D. Warriner, Chairman of the twenty-five operators, in introducing their formal reply to the miners' eleven demands, accented the public apprehension over what is to happen after Sept. 1.

"Under the circumstances," he proposed, "our first duty is to allay such apprehension and to pledge that there shall be no stoppage. Let us publicly announce that if the completion of negotiations should be delayed beyond Sept. 1 the mines will nevertheless be continuously operated, upon the understanding that the settlement when reached shall be retroactive to that date."

Mr. Warriner's suggestion was defeated after Chris J. Golden had said the miners had purposely protracted negotiations seven months in advance in order to quiet fears and to prevent the "runaway markets" and other disturbances to which Mr. Warriner alluded.

Ample Time for Agreement.

"We are here to relieve the public mind and to get a contract," said Mr. Golden. "We have ample time, if we apply ourselves to the work of negotiating a contract, to reach an agreement that will assure the public not only of a supply of coal, but of the price it will have to pay."

Mr. Warriner served notice that he would bring the matter up again in sub-committee.

Continuing, Mr. Warriner said: "I would emphasize our desire to co-operate with you in a full study of the whole conditions that may have developed into controversy and running sores, to the end that we may have harmony and cordiality as well as peace in our industry. We pledge ourselves to do that."

Increases in wages, however, Mr. Warriner deemed unjustified. He said he had looked in vain in the Coal Commission's report to find any refutation of his belief that present wages in the anthracite fields were adequate to meet present conditions." More than 40 per cent. of the mine workers, he said, had enjoyed full time in collieries furnishing 290 days' employment through the year. More than 80 per cent. of the men had been offered annual employment of 220 days.

The anthracite industry was not a "limited monopoly," as the Coal Commission had defined it, he said, because of the competition of producers of hard coal substitutes, such as bituminous coal, gas and fuel oil.

Nevertheless, Mr. Warriner indicated, this was not necessarily the last word in scale negotiation.

"While wages in our fields are wages of which we are rightfully proud," Mr. Warriner said, "we don't mean at all that our ideas are fixed. We are open to conviction and argument, but we can't refrain from giving you the benefit of our business training in the handling of this industry."

Mr. Warriner unequivocally endorsed the appeal of the men that the anthracite board of Conciliation be forced to speed up its machinery of adjustment.

To End Twelve-Hour Day.

"We grant that to you right away," he said. As to abolition of the twelve-hour day, he was equally acquiescent and said:

"We are entirely conscious that the idea that a man should be required to work a twelve-hour day is not deemed compatible with what we call our American standards. We feel elimination of this practice is dear to your hearts and that public feeling considers it out of date. In the coming sessions of the sub-committee we are ready to work out with you a plan of reorganization satisfactory to both sides by which this practice may be eliminated."

Brisk debate followed the introduction by Thomas Kennedy of the resolution that would have left the letter of acceptance make an issue of the "Cushing statements," which involved Attorney General Daugherty. Mr. Kennedy held that the statement could not go unchallenged without "leaving shadow of doubt" on the Coal Commission report.

Mr. Warriner had Secretary Hancock-Gormen read from THE NEW YORK TIMES the denials made by Commissioners Neill and Marshall.

"In face of such denials," Mr. Warriner said, "we would merely be asking them to deny again. We are not ready to do that. We thoroughly believe they can take care of themselves in this matter. We don't care to join with you in this because by implication the resolution would be an impeachment of the Coal Commission's integrity."

Denies Citizenship to Alien Conscientious Objectors

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 9.—To foreign born men who claimed exemption from serving in the American Army during the World War on the ground that they were conscientious objectors American citizenship is denied in a decision handed down by Federal Judge John M. Killits today.

"We are unable to see how any applicant who conscientiously objects to bearing arms in his country's defense can take the oath of citizenship without reservations, and we are unwilling to accept an oath that is subject to any reservation whatever," declared Judge Killits.

"Without any intention to reflect upon the quality of the profession of conscientious objectors, we feel that it is enough that the country must endure the native born of that persuasion whose citizenship is a birthright without extending the number by the favor of the naturalization laws," he concluded.

DEATH OF SCULPTOR TO BE INVESTIGATED

Widow Indicates to the French Court That the Alleged Faker of Statues Was "Silenced."

ACCUSE DEMOTTE OF FRAUD

Carnilion Testifies at the Inquiry That Antiquary Put Legs on the Parthenay Kings.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 9.—An official inquiry was ordered today by the Seine Court into the cause of the death of Sculptor Boutron who has been stated by witnesses in another judicial inquiry to have reconstructed in such a manner as to be called faked several statues of the Gothic period now in the Louvre here and in the Metropolitan in New York. This inquiry into the cause of Boutron's death, which occurred in 1921, has been begun at the instance of his widow, who declares she never believed that he committed suicide in the studio of M. Georges Joseph Demotte, but was shot in the head by another hand.

Mme. Boutron in a statement today to the Commission of Judicial Authorities said she never believed that her husband committed suicide and that many of his fellows in the studio shared her belief. On the day of his death he was working alone, but several neighbors heard the sound of his hammer and chisel going all morning. Just before midday these neighbors heard the sound of the shot and running into the studio found Boutron stretched out in front of the stone he was cutting, with the chisel on one side and the revolver on the other. There was blood splashed over his work and blood on the floor.

He was not dead at the time, but died in the hospital without recovering consciousness.

"Next day," said Mme. Boutron, "I went to the studio, which was rented in my husband's name though M. Demotte paid the rent. I was refused admittance and the same happened on other days when I went to claim what was due me of my husband's belongings and to take a look at his accounts. I was convinced then that his death was not suicide. I asked for an inquiry, but I was refused.

"Another sculptor who used to work in the same studio told me that soon before my husband's death he said to him:

"'I am rather worried. I am afraid they want to silence me.'

"This sculptor, who also worked at studios in the Rue Dutot with my husband, is now ready to give evidence in my behalf, as he also died mysteriously some weeks ago in the same studio. He was found dead at the foot of a ladder and it was believed that he had fallen and killed himself. This time I hope that the truth will be discovered, and I will not hesitate to demand the exhuming of my husband's body."

At the same time that Mme. Boutron was giving her statement M. Ameline, Minister of Justice, appointed a commission to examine allegations about the faking of statues in the Louvre, was hearing M. Cornilion, architect, who was one of the first to bring the complaint that all the Louvre statues were not genuine. In his statement M. Cornillon said he had known of the existence of the statues at the Notre Dame de la Couldre Church since 1904 and had visited the place many times. He had made careful inquiries then and later and was convinced that the legs of the Kings of Parthenay did not exist.

In 1910 he saw M. Demotte, he said, who told him he bought the Kings of Parthenay.

"These kings have interested me," said M. Cornillon in his statement today, "but it is a pity they have no legs."

He gave this as M. Demotte's reply:

"He smiled and said, 'You will see them; when there are none, one makes them.'

In 1912 or 1914, M. Cornillon continued, he visited M. Demotte's shop in the Rue De Berry and found the four Kings of Parthenay complete with legs, which he said were covered with an incrustation such as Boutron used to give his work by the use of oxide of zinc. M. Cornillon, according to his statement today, at once said to M. Demotte: "You are going a bit strong."

When he compared the posture of the legs to those of other statues Demotte, he said, replied: "I see you know what you are talking about."

"The state of preservation of the legs," M. Cornillon continued, "was remarkable when compared with the state of the busts and heads, and when I told M. Demotte that I never found any heads for the bad relief of the Annunciation to the Shepherds at Notre Dame de La Couldre he shrugged his shoulders."

BARS SCHENECTADY BUSES.

Justice Angell Restrains Jitneys During Trolley Strike.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 9.—Operators of jitney buses competing with the Schenectady Railway Company since May 17, during a strike on local traction lines, are restrained from further operation through an injunction granted today by Supreme Court Justice Edward M. Angell.

The order is made returnable Aug. 23 before Justice Angell at Special Term in Canton, N. Y.

Grant Increase to Tin Workers.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, July 9.—Sheet and tin workers working under the Amalgamated Association wage agreement received today a wage increase of 8 per cent. of the base rate, as the result of the bi-monthly examination of sheet sales, which showed the average selling price to be $3.60 a hundred pounds, against $3.40 in the preceding two months.

Making American Deserts Blossom—The fascinating story of how the deserts of America are becoming arable lands through irrigation is told in brilliant style in July Current History Magazine. It is a subject of vital interest and broad appeal. This is one of 39 equally important articles in that issue. On news stands 25 cents.—Adv.

4 POLICEMEN HELD IN ASSAULT CHARGES

Two Accused of Driving Man From Auto and Attacking Woman Companion.

ANOTHER CASE IS PENDING

Victim, Also a Woman, Cannot Leave Hospital — Cuvillier Breaks Into Verse.

Four policement, arraigned in courts in Long Island City yesterday on charges of assaulting citizens, were held under bail for examination. The examination of a fifth was adjourned because the woman he is accused of assaulting was still in a hospital.

Still another case of alleged police brutality was referred to District Attorney Edward D. Glennon of the Bronx by Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier. At the same time, Mr. Cuvillier gave out a statement accusing the police of inertia in Mullen-Gage law cases. In his letter to Mr. Glennon, the Assemblyman lapsed into verse to emphasize his assertion that "some men cannot appreciate power, and not only are they temporarily intoxicated but permanently drunk with power."

Authority intoxicates
And makes mere sots of cops;
The fumes of it
Invade the brain
And makes cops giddy, proud and vain.

Motorcycle Policemen Held.

Motorcycle Policemen Charles Mergi of 67 Ninth Avenue, Astoria, and Jacob Kehr of 857 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn, both attached to the Flushing Station, were held by County Judge Burt J. Humphrey on charges of assault. The arrest followed an investigation by Assistant District Attorney William B. Groat.

Mergi and Kehr are accused of attacking Alexander Hobart of 33 Holly Street, Flushing, and Mrs. Tessie Schlagler of 321 Eleventh Avenue, Astoria. According to Mr. Groat, Hobart and Mrs. Schlagler were riding in an automobile between Flushing and Bayside on June 23, when they were held up by the policemen. Hobart alleges that the policemen drove him from the car and then assaulted Mrs. Schlagler.

In the Long Island City police court before Magistrate Harry Miller, Patrolman William Clark, who is attached to the First Precinct, 125th Street, Manhattan, was arraigned on a charge of attacking William Fowler of 46 Woodside Avenue, Woodside. The assault is alleged to have occurred at Roosevelt Avenue and Eighth Street, Woodside on the night of June 24. Clark pleaded not guilty and was held in $1,000 bail for examination next Monday.

With Clark was arraigned Charles Schroeter of 8 Laurel Hill Boulevard, Blissville. Schroeter was arrested two weeks ago, charged with striking Fowler, but his case was adjourned until Clark returned from his vacation. Schroeter pleaded not guilty when first arraigned and again yesterday, and his case also was adjourned until next Monday. Fowler charges that the night of the assault Schroeter jumped from an automobile and struck him, knocking him to the ground, and that while he was on the ground Patrolman Clark beat him with a blackjack.

Patrolman Thomas Darcey of 184 Greenpoint Avenue, Long Island City, who is attached to the Fifth Precinct, Manhattan, and who was arrested last week on a charge of assaulting Mrs. Margaret Hornecki and her husband of 147 Pitt Street, Brooklyn, also appeared in court, but the examination was postponed for a week because the woman was not able to leave the hospital. The woman's husband was in court, but refused to make a statement, saying he would tell his story on the witness stand. Darcey has entered a plea of not guilty to this charge.

Beaten in Station, He Says.

The case which Mr. Cuvillier referred to Mr. Glennon concerned an alleged assault by a policeman upon James E. Carey of 1,341 Ellison Avenue, the Bronx, on June 23. Carey was arrested and, Mr. Cuvillier charges, was beaten in a police station. "At the Magistrate's Court," says Mr. Cuvillier's letter, "the charge of assault was changed to disorderly conduct and the Magistrate imposed a sentence of five days in the Bronx County jail. Carey did not plead guilty, but called witnesses to defend him or testify in his behalf.

"This is another case where his Honor the Mayor says that people should not pay any attention to isolated cases of police brutality. I guess Carey's life is just as sweet to him as that of his Honor the Mayor."

Here the verse followed.

"Why is it," asked Mr. Cuvillier in his statement, "that there has been 98 per cent. convictions in the United States courts of violation of the Volstead act and only 1 per cent. convictions under the Mullan-Gage Prohibition act? Remember that a majority, if not all, of the arrests made under the Volstead act were made by the federal enforcement agents, and those under the Mullan-Gage Prohibition act exclusively by the Police Department of the City of New York.

"That the fines collected by the Federal United States Government in one month amounted to the total fines collected by the State of New York for the violation of the Mullan-Gage Prohibition law in the whole year.

"Why were arrests at the rate of 1,000 per month by the police of citizens for alleged violation of the Mullan-Gage Prohibition law and only 1 per cent. convictions? Did the judicial machinery fall down, or did the police abstain from testifying or conveniently lose their memory for a consideration?

"His Honor speaks about the corner saloon with the brass rail and sawdust floor. The corner saloons are still in existence and will be when the Mayor's term of office expires if he is not removed before for inefficiency and neglect of duty and being wedded to the system of the Police Department.

The only difference between the corner saloon before prohibition is that the corner saloon formerly paid money to the Government to do business; now it only pays it to the police officer. Of course, his Honor the Mayor and his inefficient Police Commissioner Enright pay no attention to 'legislative bums and 'judicial parasites.'"

30,000 MAGYARS ASK ENTRY.

But Their Quota Here This Year Is Only 5,638.

BUDAPEST, July 9.—Thirty thousand Hungarians have applied for passports for the purpose of emigrating to the United States, although the Hungarian quota this year is fixed at 5,638. In granting the passports the Hungarian authorities give preference to those who applied in previous years and to husbands or wives wishing to join their families already in America.

There are also many applications for passports for Canada, Mexico and South American countries.

VIENNA WORKMEN RIOTING.

Thirty Policemen and Many Civilians Hurt in Street Fight.

VIENNA, July 9.—Thirty policemen and many civilians were injured in a street battle last night between groups of Nationalists returning from a mass meeting and crowds of workmen who surrounded them and showered them with stones.

The police used their revolvers in suppressing the disorders.

Germany Five Years a Republic—Thomas Mann, the eminent German author, in July Current History Magazine, carefully reviews the first five years of the German Republic and brilliantly analyzes the present situation. It is an authoritative presentation of particular interest to Americans. This is one of 39 equally important articles in that issue. On news stands 25 cents.—Adv.

Top Hat's Vogue Gets a London Setback; Society Wears Straws at Big Cricket Game

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 9.—A big stage in the struggle for supremacy which has been going on in London this season between the "topper," or tall silk hat, and other varieties of men's hats was reached today at Lord's cricket ground, where the annual match between Oxford and Cambridge Universities began.

During and immediately after the war the silk hat, which had previously been an indispensable part of a fashionable man's raiment at town functions, almost disappeared, but in the last two years strenuous efforts have been made to restore it to its pristine vogue. The battle this year has been waged with varying success. At the Derby the victory rested with the Trilbys and derbies, but at Ascot the topper scored heavily.

The Oxford-Cambridge cricket match was expected to furnish a decision, but a stroll around the ground failed to settle the point. In the members' stand toppers were almost the invariable wear, but in the varsity enclosure and other parts of the ground where society foregathered soft and straw hats were in a great majority.

The fact that the thermometer was well up in the eighties probably contributed to the toppers' setback. It will possibly score again later in the week when Eton and Harrow meet in the annual contest, for the true Etonian or Harrovian would be embarrassed to appear at Lord's except in a new silk hat.

COUZENS HITS BACK AT THE DRY LEAGUE

Michigan Senator Threatens to "Show Up" the Men Who Are Running It.

CALLS ITS CHARGES FALSE

Declares the League's Opposition May Induce Him to Seek Re-election Next Year.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, July 9.—"If the Anti-Saloon Leaguers elect to deal in personalities by going to the extent of charging me with being interested in the return of booze, I will go sled length in showing up the kind of men who are running the League," said Senator James Couzens in a statement issued today in reply to a statement Saturday, by W. B. Waltman, State Superintendent of the League, announcing that the organization would oppose Senator Couzens's re-election.

Mr. Couzens declares that the Anti-Saloon League statement is "far from the truth, dishonest and misleading," and characterizes the intimation that he is in favor of the return of booze as false. He asserts that he will put his "record in the interest of a clean and decent city and for law enforcement up against the records of the Kreages, the Lelands and others who are trying to tell the rest of us what we should drink." He also declares the League's statement has increased the likelihood that he will run for re-election.

"If they have anything on me let them come along with it," said the Senator.

Relative to the published statement issued by W. B. Waltman, Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, on which I am asked to comment, one would say that the sentiment hardly warrants the dignity of a reply because it is so far from the truth, so dishonest, and so misleading that it looks as though any controversy with them would only make matters worse.

Denies Abuse of League.

"It charges my statement on prohibition contains mostly abuse of the league, while my statement made no reference to such a league, because of my belief that when the league got rid of the saloon it had performed its function and is supposed to continue to regulate what the citizens of Michigan should eat, drink and wear. They appear to have started the abuse, but that's not here nor there.

"The fact is that the Anti-Saloon League organizing to defeat me does not worry me a it. While I have not exactly made up my mind to run next year, the attitude of the Anti-Saloon League has pushed me a long way toward an affirmative decision.

"The dishonesty of their statement which refers to my favoring 5 per cent. beer must be apparent to those who read the original statement, which said any percentage not to exceed 5 per cent. was satisfactory to me, but I believed that it should be considerably in excess of one-half of 1 per cent.

"When it comes to tearing down the pillars of cleaner and better communities, I am willing to put my record for being in favor of clean living and better communities against Kreage and other supporters of the Anti-Saloon League.

Ready to Compare Records.

"I am perfectly willing to put my record in the interests of a clean and decent city and for law enforcement up against the records of the Kreages, the Lelands and others who are trying to tell the rest of us what we should drink.

"Perhaps the men who run the league do not recognize that sometimes nations do things that they are sorry for, or do things that they would like to correct or amend. My judgment is that the United States, and perhaps Michigan, have reached that viewpoint. If they have not, I am in the wrong, but I am still a free citizen, not controlled by the Anti-Saloon League or any other league.

"Yes, the Anti-Saloon League is a powerful organization. It raises hundreds of millions of dollars to bulldoze Representatives and Senators in carrying out their will. The devil also has a big organization which I have had to combat locally for many years, and so this time, if I run, I will perhaps have both of these forces of evil endeavoring to beat me, so that they may place a tool of their own in the Senate."

PARAGUAY REBELS ADVANCE

Capture Town Near Asuncion and Threaten the Capital.

BUENOS AIRES, July 9 (Associated Press).—The Paraguayan revolutionists are reported to have advanced to within twenty-three kilometers (approximately fourteen miles) of Asuncion, the capital, and the Government authorities are preparing to repel a threatened attack on the city, calling for volunteers to reinforce the Federal troops.

The rebels, according to dispatches received here, have captured the town of Ycacarry, near Asuncion, cutting the railroad and continuing their advance.

DRY FLEET CATCHES LAUNCH AND A DORY

Only Fishing Tackle Found on One, but Wines and Liquors Are on the Other.

CREW SAW RUNNER ESCAPE

Describes Chase by Cutter Whose Shots Failed to Stop Craft—Padlock on Moulin Rouge.

A launch and a dory, captured by the Revenue Cutter Seminole, which with three other cutters and eight speed boats is endeavoring to enforce an armed blockade against rum runners, were brought into port yesterday, with members of their crews who described the escape of an alleged rum runner at which the Seminole fired several shots on Sunday evening, off Atlantic Highlands.

The captive craft were the 40-foot launch, Genevieve, and a 40-foot gray dory, bearing the number 4063. The launch also was designated by numerals, 4058.

The Genevieve, according to James Acton of Ambrose Court, Rockaway, and James Downey, 65 Boulevard, Rockaway, who were aboard the launch when it was seized, is the property of James Duffy of Bruce Place, Rockaway. They said that they were out on a fishing expedition and exhibited a collection of fishing tackle and other equipment as proof. Acton and Downey were not held by Customs Solicitor Edward Barnes, who said that the evidence was insufficient.

The launch carried no cargo. It was picked up by the Seminole, which reported that it had found the Genevieve lying alongside the French auxiliary schooner, Gerbervillier. The two men aboard the launch maintained that they had drawn up alongside the French vessel to make engine repairs after trouble developed on their fishing expedition.

Five cases of champagne and two cases of whisky were found aboard the dory, according to the report of the Seminole. On board the dory were two men who said they were William Bush and Harold Eldridge, both of Atlantic Highlands, N. J. They declared that they were not transporting liquor ashore, but were simply transferring cases from the Gerbevillier to another schooner, Thorndyke, anchored not far from the French schooner. The case of Bush and Eldridge will be referred to the United States Attorney by the customs authorities.

The four men and the two vessels were brought into port by the customs cutter Lexington. While waiting to be questioned by Solicitor Barnes, Bush, one of the men on the dory, was asked if he had heard the shots fired by the Seminole at the rum runner which escaped.

"I heard that the Seminole fired seventeen shots, or the President's salute, after a rum runner," said Bush, "but she was so speedy she got away."

Bush said it was reported in the liquor fleet outside the three-mile limit that when the rum runner was warned to stop one of the vessels displayed by semaphore, "Come and get us." It is understood that the crew of the Seminole knows the identity of the boat that escaped.

Assistant United States Attorney Sanford H. Cohen and United States Marshal William C. Hecht, armed with a recent order signed by Judge Learned Hand of the Federal Court, yesterday placed padlocks upon the doors of the Moulin Rouge, 58 Washington Place, adjudged a public nuisance after repeated violations of the Volstead act and the Eighteenth Amendment. The establishment will be closed for one year.

Twelve dry agents, headed by Arthur Van Tassel and Joseph Van Arman, raided the Tavern Restaurant at 154 West Forty-eighth Street at the dinner hour last night and confiscated thirteen half-barrels of beer. The agents said it was real beer, but William F. Lahiff, the proprietor, said it was only near beer. The contents of about 400 persons were interrupted while the agents made a search, which included walking up to tables and sniffing and tasting the contents of glasses. Frank J. Geraghty, the manager, was served with a summons to appear before United States Commissioner Hitchcock today.

Lahiff said the agents showed him a search warrant signed by United States Commissioner Hitchcock. He charged that the warrant gave the agents the right to search the restaurant only, but that they searched several bachelor apartments upstairs without a warrant. They broke into one room, but failed to find any liquor. In another room they confiscated six bottles of gin.

BEER IN FLOODS IN MOSCOW

Newly Opened Breweries Thrive, While Other Enterprises Fail.

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RIGA, July 9.—While shops are being closed daily in Moscow under the new economic policy, travelers report a sudden opening of many beer halls in that city, which is consuming tremendous quantities of beer from newly opened breweries. The most popular brand is "Moskowskoi" beer, which made Moscow famous.

TRAILING THE BOOTLEGGERS

By ROY A. HAYNES
United States Prohibition Commissioner

FOREWORD BY PRESIDENT HARDING

Complete authentic account of the Government's struggle to enforce prohibition. The dangers of rum-running and the hazardous game of tracking it down—true stories of adventure on land and sea more thrilling than fiction. The story will appear serially for forty-three successive days, daily and Sunday editions.

The New York Times
BEGINNING NEXT SUNDAY

Order from your newsdealer in advance

ANDERSON MAY ASK GRANDJURY HEARING

Attacks Prosecutor as Charges Are Presented in the Second Investigation.

TWO WITNESSES HEARD

Anti-Saloon League Superintendent Issues "Reply to District Attorney's Propaganda."

The Extraordinary Grand Jury yesterday began its new inquiry into charges that William H. Anderson, Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New York, had obtained $24,700 from the League several years ago on a fictitious bill for "confidential publicity promotion"; that he had extorted money from the financial agent of the League by compelling the agent to split commissions on contributions; that he had covered this transaction through third degree forgery.

When the Grand Jury adjourned for the day it was said that Chief Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora had called only two of the four witnesses subpoenaed in the case, and that the other two witnesses would be called when the investigation was resumed today. It also was learned that other witnesses will be called before the Grand Jury before the end of the week, but the prosecutor would not reveal their identity.

Shortly before it was announced that the Grand Jury had adjourned for the day, Mr. Anderson, who for several weeks has been stopping at the home of his parents in Carlinville, Ill., issued "a reply to the District Attorney's propaganda," in connection with the charges. The "reply" was made public at the headquarters of the Anti-Saloon League, 908 Broadway.

Fosdick Heads The List.

Mr. Anderson charged that five men, "aside from corrupt political influences within both parties and financial interests that make a business of politics," were "actively responsible for this new drive against me." He named Raymond B. Fosdick, financial representative of the Rockefellers; Henry L. Stoddard, editor of The Evening Mail, whom he described as "the dry nurse of the wet Young Theodore Roosevelt-for-Governor boom"; and O. Bertsall Phillips, William M. Potter and Robert G. Davey, former employes of the League.

Mr. Anderson stated that Mr. Fosdick "has cautiously, if not courageously, kept in the background, probably for one or more of the following reasons: (a) unwillingness to come out before the public openly in association with his pals or look at the newly aroused public ire over his base betrayal of confidence given him as Rockefeller representative; (c) desire to keep the Rockefeller money out of reach of a damage suit in the event of ultimate failure of the conspiracy to get rid of me by ruining me."

Mr. Phillips, who formerly was the financial representative of the league, and who charged that Mr. Anderson made him split commissions on subscriptions given him, was the subject of caustic criticism in the league superintendent's statement. Mr. Potter, who at one time was Mr. Anderson's most active assistant in the league's office, also was scathingly attacked, and Mr. Davey, "a preacher-lawyer or lawyer-preacher," said Mr. Anderson, was "ordered to resign" from his post of assistant to the superintendent in the fight for prohibition legislation in Albany.

Three "Vulnerable Birds."

Referring to the three former employes as "vulnerable birds," Mr. Anderson declared that they represented "revenge sought for a drastic house-cleaning on the part of the League after it had got wise to them."

"No person connected with the management of the Anti-Saloon League has made any complaint whatsoever," Mr. Anderson declared. "On the contrary, the Board of Directors, with full legal power, has officially certified to the public that I have received no money from the League that I was not entitled to, and that has not been legally voted me, and denounced this proceeding as utterly wrong.

"The Board of Trustees, directly representing the churches, has approved this action and attitude. Various denominational and ministerial bodies, including conferences of strong majority of the churches composing the constituency of the League, have already approved such action and declared that confidence in the League management. Not a single contributor to the League has complained to the point and made any complaint that can be gotten at."

It was understood that Mr. Anderson intends to follow this statement with a trip to this city before the end of the week to renew his fight against the charges that District Attorney Banton has again ordered presented to the Grand Jury. He was quoted as having declared in Carlinville that "I would rather be sent to prison on perjury than be a coward and run away."

League Officials Subpoenaed.

When Mr. Pecora entered the Grand Jury room in the forenoon to present the evidence against Mr. Anderson it was announced that Dr. George Caleb Moor, pastor of the Madison Avenue Baptist Church and Secretary of the League; Miss Maud M. Odell, assistant to Mr. Anderson in the League's headquarters; Miss Mary Hill, the League's head bookkeeper, and Mr. Phillips were present on subpoenaes. Mr. Pecora admitted that several other witnesses who had been examined by him, including Mr. Potter, would be called at the succeeding sessions.

It also said that he would present all the evidence in his possession within the week, but refused to express an opinion regarding the probable action of the body. Answering a report that Mr. Anderson had informed friends in this city that he would demand that he be permitted to go before the Grand Jury, Mr. Pecora intimated that there would be opposition to this, but that if the Grand Jury desired to hear his story, Mr. Anderson would be compelled to sign a waiver of immunity.

It also was reported that Dr. David James Burrell, President of the League, and other members of the Board of Directors, would demand that they be permitted to testify in the inquiry, but it was said at the District Attorney's office that no intimation had been received that such requests would be made by these League officials. Dr. Moor said that he had received no word from other officials of the League to that effect.

It was learned that before the proceedings began Dr. Moor asked Mr. Pecora if it would not suffice for Dr. Burrell to send a sworn statement for the jurors of the grand jurors. Mr. Pecora told him that such a statement could not be considered as legal and, as was, he would not consent.

It was understood that the nasty part of the Grand Jury proceeding was conveyed by the prosecutor to the reading of items from the minutes of the Directors of the League at the time the $24,700 was paid to the Superintendent on the presentation of his bill.

It was said that before the Grand Jury ends its inquiry statements about the transaction made by Mr. Anderson to Mr. Pecora last January, at a preliminary investigation which led to the first Grand Jury proceeding, also will be sent by Miss Marie O'Donnell and Mrs. Fiton, stenographers in the District Attorney's office.

Prices realized on Swift & Company sales of carcass beef in New York City for week ending Saturday, July 7, on shipments sold out, ranged from 11.00 cents to 19.00 cents per pound, and averaged 17.09 cents per pound.—Adv.

Triangle Se... Tokio Novelist And Another's Wife to Suicide

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TOKIO, July 9.—Takeo Arishima, one of the most popular novelists in Japan, and Akiko Hatano, leader of the Japanese woman's movement, a contributor to magazines and wife of the Secretary of the Japanese Underwriters' Association, were found dead yesterday in the novelist's villa.

They had killed themselves by hanging. The double suicide is a popular form of death in Japan when the tangled affairs of lovers seem to become hopeless.

The couple died a month ago. A caretaker who entered the villa yesterday discovered the bodies swinging from the ends of silk scarfs in the drawing room.

A letter to the woman's husband urged him to make no excuses "because we are only following fate."

HYLAN AGAIN SCORES ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

Declares It Should Stop Playing Politics and Help in Real Enforcement.

PROMISES HELP OF POLICE

Letter to General Counsel Advises Co-operation Instead of Writing Letters of Abuse.

Mayor John F. Hylan yesterday made public his reply to a letter he received from Orville S. Poland, general counsel of the Anti-Saloon League of New York, in which he promises that the police would continue to co-operate in prohibition enforcement. The Mayor warns Mr. Poland as he warned State Superintendent William B. Anderson, that he would be out of a job if prohibition actually were enforced, and advises him to take up the question of enforcement with members of his party "apparently in control of the Government at Washington." The Mayor's letter follows:

City of New York,
Office of the Mayor,
July 9, 1923.

Orville S. Poland, Esq.,
General Counsel
Anti-Saloon League of New York.
Westerville, Ohio.
Dear Sir:

Your letter of June 29th received. You sign yourself "General Counsel, Anti-Saloon League of New York." Evidently you are a lawyer. As such, you know that the Federal Prohibition Enforcement Agents should demonstrate to the country that they are honestly endeavoring to enforce the Volstead act. You also know that if they did honestly enforce the Volstead act you, as well as Anderson, would be out of a job.

If you and your organization would stop playing politics sufficiently long to co-operate with the Federal enforcement officers in the prevention of contraband liquors from coming in at the port of entry, it would not be necessary for you to write letters abusing those who are trying to live up to what you and I should honestly be done to carry out the policy that many of the contributors to the Anti-Saloon League are earnestly desirous of having carried out.

Why don't you, as your organization take the matter up seriously with the Federal authorities and ascertain the reason for the withdrawal or curtailment of enforcement officers? Instead of doing this, you spend your time talking about possible dimensions in Tammany and about matters of a political nature. This gives the impression that you are more pleased in noting possible rifts in a political party than you are in having a bona fide enforcement of laws upon the statute books.

I want you to understand that I am heartily in favor of law enforcement, and recognize the duty of every public official honestly to enforce the law. It must be conceded, however, that if the public officials do not sincerely enforce a Federal law, it is neither fair nor encouraging to local officers.

The police of this city have given and will continue to give hearty co-operation to the Federal enforcement officials. It should be borne in mind, however, that there are other infractions of the law to which the police must give attention as well as to those of the Volstead act.

"I have been informed that you are a Republican politician. If this be true, I would advise you to take up the matter of prohibition enforcement with your party leaders, who are apparently in control of the Government at Washington. Perhaps they may have a proper policing of the port of entry. Instead of pursuing such a sensible policy, you prefer to find fault with me, with Tammany, with Governor Smith, and, in fact, with everybody except those with whom you should find fault, namely, the federal authorities at Washington.

For many years a Committee of Fourteen has been in existence in New York City for the ostensible purpose of keeping down commercialized vice and gambling, and, no doubt, there have been well-intentioned contributors on its roster. Notwithstanding the existence of this self-appointed committee these evils continued until the advent of the present municipal Administration. I understand that when a person wanted to open a saloon he had to secure the approval of the Committee of Fourteen. As there was apparently little difficulty in securing such approval, the services of this committee were of doubtful value to say the least.

In 1918 I appointed a Police Commissioner and directed him to clean up commercialized vice and gambling in this city, pointing out that if the Police Department did its full duty there would be no need of securing any help from the Committee of Fourteen.

Commercialized vice and gambling have been suppressed in this city, and this has been done without the aid of the Committee of Fourteen. Similarly, if the Federal authorities will do their full duty at the port of entry and the co-operation of all local authorities is extended, there will be little need of you or Anderson or the Anti-Saloon League.

"Don't worry so much about New York. Keep on the trail of your Republican friends in authority at Washington and devote some of your time to counseling them to see to it that the Volstead act is properly enforced.

Yours truly,
"JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor."

DEBS AIDS ANTI-WAR MOVE.

Sends Message to Meeting Here Which Plans World-Wide Protest.

"The time has come in the high noon of our so-called civilization to put an end to the unspeakable savagery of war and its frightful destruction, as well as the disgrace it entails upon the age in which we live." This sentiment was expressed in a message from Eugene V. Debs, Socialist leader, to Bishop Paul Jones, Chairman of the International No More War Demonstration, 305 Fifth Avenue, yesterday. Mr. Debs expressed regret at his inability to attend the meeting, which plans a world-wide protest July 28 and 29, denouncing the outbreaking of war and changes in the United States Constitution depriving Congress of the power either to declare war or finance it, and abolishing the army and navy.

Warns Boy Not to Fire at Signals.

Andrew Tsiorcsak, 15, of 26 Garfield Street, Yonkers, was warned by City Judge Charles Boots of Yonkers to cease trying his marksmanship on signals and telegraph attachments of the Putnam Railroad System. Representatives of the railroad said the boy menaced the movement of trains by shooting at signal lamps and other equipment. The boy testified he fired only on signs reading "Beware of the cars."

PLAN DOUBLE SHIFTS OF SCHOOL BUILDERS

Contractors Asked for Bids Under New System in Order to Speed Work.

BRICKLAYERS STILL NEEDED

Seventeen Have Volunteered to Quit Speculative Jobs and Aid the Children.

OVERTIME AN INDUCEMENT

Under Proposed Schedule Workers Will Have Chance to Do Better Than $12 Day.

Double shifts working night and day may be employed to rush to completion the new school buildings and additions to old buildings which will be urgently needed when the Fall term opens. It is estimated that the contractors, in this way, could offset the unprecedented shortage of skilled workers, particularly of bricklayers.

The fact that the city is to consider the use of the double shifts was disclosed yesterday by William H. Gompert, Architect of the Board of Education. He explained that the city probably would have to pay the additional cost. "But it may be found practicable to do so," he explained. "Big business enterprises have found that it is cheaper in the long run to pay the extra costs incidental to rushing building construction, rather than suffer from lack of space and possibly additional expense due to inadequate facilities."

On the plans of two projected school buildings the contractors are to be

THREE LINERS SAIL WITH CABINS FILLED

President Willard of B. & O. and Family to Leave Today on Mauretania.

NOTABLES ON RESOLUTE

Dr. McGrath, Head of Bellevue Board, and Wife Off on European Tour.

Three liners sail today for European ports with well filled cabins for this period of the year, considering the fact that the tide of travel is near the turn. President Daniel Willard of the B. & O. Railroad, Mrs. Willard and Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Willard Jr. of Baltimore are booked on the Mauretania which leaves for Cherbourg and Southampton at 10 A. M. today.

Other prominent passengers will be Mr. and Mrs. George F. Harding of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Mallory, Robert W. Goelet, Miss Edith Maas, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Gimbel, Mr. and Mrs. H. Lobo and Miss Helen Lobo, Mrs. Townsend Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Plant, the Misses Amy and Mary Plant, Mrs. E. P. Swenson, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Coleman, George W. Moffatt, Harry Lichtenstein, Miss R. Lichtenstein, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Lyon, Miss Violet Wicken, Colonel John Phelan, Stephen Millett Jr., Charles Sherman Hoyt, William A. Walker Stewart, Mrs. J. Lee Finney, Mrs. J. E. W. Wheelock, Miss Ivy Shilling and the Misses Paula Leslie and Jane Hall, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Rawitzer.

Mr. and Mrs. John B. Lonergan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Donnelly, F. W. Litchfield, W. C. Young, Robert Tompkinson, M. J. Fraser, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Self. A. Ver Linden and the Misses H. F. and R. A. Ver Linden, D. F. Thayer, F. Spaulding, Dr. William H. Logan, Dr. James A. White, Dr. Truman W. Brophey, Mr. and Mrs. G. G. White, John M. Gilchrist, Mr. and Mrs. Lucius C. Barbour and Miss Alice Barbour, Dr. and Mrs. Francis A. Finnerty, Mrs. E. M. Reagan, Miss Natalie Finkelstein, Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Bostock.

New Yorkers Sail.

New Yorkers sailing on the Mauretania include Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Muir, Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Chilson, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Stern, Mr. and Miss C. B. McPherson, Miss Jane F. Hattaway, Dr. and Mrs. Israel Edinstein, Walter C. Levy, Henry G. Schotts, E. D. Gordon, Mrs. H. F. Toppe, Dr. I. Seth Hirsch, Mrs. Flora Mintzer, E. L. Carey, T. F. Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. J. Kurch, Dr. Fred E. Rutherland, M. Scott Maxwell, S. G. Edmonds, Dr. Frederick H. Sondun, Robert Appleton, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Earle, Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Gottesman.

William C. Courtney, James A. McMahon, Mr. and Mrs. Gourley Harvey, Mrs. K. S. Purmont, Charles Daly, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Barnum, the Misses A. G. and E. O. Brownell, John L. Simpson, Jules J. Picard, Dr. and Mrs. A. Stern, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Little, L. Solomon, L. H. Birmingham, F. B. Fisk, C. H. Coster, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Adams, Miss Marjorie Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Jefferson, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Matchette, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Whale, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest L. George H. Brown, Arthur Bachrach, Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Goldsmith, Mrs. B. J. Richold, Miss E. C. Bunce, Dr. S. O. K. Wilson, Captain and Mrs. Ernest E. Brandon, Mr. and Mrs. John M. P. Thacher, A. C. Trafton Morton Jr., Adler, Jean Lurie, Colonel Bernard A. Flood, Miss Rose Timbie, Paul Zuhike.

Sailing today for Hamburg via Cherbourg and Southampton on the Resolute of the United American liner are:

Commander C. C. Arnold, Secretary of the Allied Reparations Commission; Dr. John J. McGrath, President of the Board of Trustees of the Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, and Mrs. McGrath; Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Fyeatt, William H. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Gorge A. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. Pelham Harding, Mr. and Mrs. Christian Martin, Count Carl Hoick, Miss Primrose Caryll, Mr. and Mrs. George Ehret Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Martin Goodkind, Major Sidney Allen Friede, Dr. and Mrs. John G. Clark, Miss Catherine Clark, Mrs. Joseph Paterno and sons John and Joseph Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Shuford and family, Mrs. Benjamin Scudder, Mrs. Eugene T. Scudder, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Faris, Dr. K. S. Perry, Mr. and Mrs. Pedro Both, Dr. and Mrs. DeWitt Stetten and family, D. A. Tarnure, Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell Sylvester, Mr. and Mrs. Lionel Weil and daughters, Miss Rose Adler, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Hale, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Harris and daughter Hazel, Miss Gertrude Gray, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Jackson, Miss Veronica B. MacMillin, Miss Annie Nash and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Seal.

Dr. Carl E. Moehle, Mr. and Mrs. Otto E. Reimer, Mrs. H. S. Lockwood, Mr. and Mrs. William Charles Brown, Mr. and Mrs. John Williams Jr., Ralph Williams 3d., Mr. and Mrs. William H. Wilson, Gerson Dannenberg, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Hart, Mrs. Harriet T. Robertson and daughters, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. E. Schmidt, Mrs. Emily Young, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hollweg, C. O. Strutz, Dr. and Mrs. Harry C. Webb.

The President Fillmore Leaves.

The list of the United States liner President Fillmore, sailing today for Bremen via Cherbourg and Plymouth, include Mr., and Mrs. J. G. Cresor and seven children from Hazleton, Pa., and Mr. and Mrs. F. Dosenbach of New York and their five children.

Other passengers sailing on the President Fillmore are Dr. Max Carnot, Judge Oscar Lesser, Dr. and Mrs. A. W. Werner and daughter, the Baron von Leers, Frederick Arnold, Miss M. G. Bishop, Mrs. E. D. Bolton, Miss Helen D. Brown, Miss Martha Burnett, Mrs. J. Cohn, Miss M. Cossart, E. Croner, Miss I. von Bockum Dolffs, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Flaesch, C. H. Flemming, Mrs. L. G. Forest, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Fries and daughter Catharine, Mrs. Alice Gaffney, Miss H. Gerity, Mrs. Teresa B. Gloster, Albert P. Hasmaier, Mrs. G. Halarz, Mrs. M. Halpern, Mrs. C. Hampson, Miss Vera Gae Haydon, Miss H. Heinrich, Mrs. E. Kahn, Mrs. Marie Kimball, Miss Launay, Mrs. Barbara La Grange, George A. Lalpold, John Lyons, Edward Post, Miss Agnes Puryear, Mrs. L. Raphael, Mrs. F. Schaehber, H. W. Schenck, Jacob Shapiro, Elizabeth Sieber, the Rev. J. B. White and Mrs. Mary Willis.

Those from out of town include Miss Ida A. Atwood, Miss Ella Boyce, Mrs. J. Bradford, Miss Marie Cole, Miss S. Conley, Mr. and Mrs. Seymour Curtis, Miss Julia Downing, Miss L. A. Flagg, Miss Elizabeth Grossman, Miss Harmon, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Horovitz, the Misses Alice and Georgia Kerr, Miss B. Kiehle, the Misses Pio, Margaret, Annie and Dorothy Lawa, Miss R. Levegood, the Misses Mae and Helen Murry, Mr. and Mrs. Southworth, Miss Florence Tyrell, Miss Margaret Wakefield and Mr. and Mrs. Paul Baumgarten, Harry Neumeat, Mrs. F. A. Keep, Mr. and Mrs. Theron I. Crane, Mrs. Alma E. Sprecklels, Miss Alma Sprecklels, Mrs. Andrew Welch, Miss Florence Welch and Miss Maria Welch, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas C. F. Martin.

Among the first cabin passengers who arrived yesterday from Liverpool and Queenstown on the Cunarder Carmania was E. M. Hobbys, who retired three years ago as head of the first cabin department of the Cunard Line after spending half a century in its service. He remembers distinctly when the sidewheelers passed out and the single-screw steamships came into the Atlantic service. Mr. Hobbys, who is accompanied by Mrs. Hobbys, is going to take a trip to Niagara Falls before returning to England.

Others on the ship were George S. Post, William F. Nash, Isaac Leaird, J. Cranston Brown, A. E. Ball, Thomas McCarthy, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Strang, Arthur T. Tyler, H. D. Wooley, Miss Laura Hurd Woolsey, Roger H. Pemberton, A. W. Mackenzie, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Logan, Mr. and Mrs. David Keppel, Miss Mary Moped the Rev. W. Taylor Hindley, Percy James, Mrs. Northup Dean, Miss Lelie Dean, Miss Marjorie Dean, Miss Virginia Dean, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Ellis and Mr. and Mrs. William Hogan.

FATHER NAMED GUARDIAN.

Architect Appointed to Act For Daughter in Suit.

John V. Van Pelt, architect, and Chairman of the committee named by the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects to preserve the charm of old New York and impart beauty to buildings to be erected, was appointed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice McCook to act as guardian for his daughter, Betsy Van Pelt Vanderburgh, 20, of 604 Madison Avenue, in a suit for divorce from Walter Hildegarde Vanderburgh, artist and illustrator.

Mrs. Vanderburgh filed a similar action last year but the suit was discontinued because at examination previ-

WANTS TO GIVE CITY A VIENNESE STATUE

San Francisco Man Seeks Aid in Presenting Ernst Hegenbarth's 'Triumph' to New York.

A statue from the hand of Ernst Hegenbarth, President of the Künstlerhaus, the Metropolitan Museum of Vienna, is lying in a New York warehouse waiting to be presented to New house, the Metropolitan Museum of York or to San Francisco. Of Sarconi marble, "Die Siegerin" or "Triumph" represents in life size the figure of a woman on a pedestal, her foot on the veiled heads of the men she has captivated, her face alert for further conquest. The statue is reported to have received unusual approbation in Vienna from native and visiting connoisseurs. Its sculptor is the brother-in-law of Michael Heinisch, President of the Republic of Austria.

The statue is in care of Emmerich Karl Gradinger, chief sales manager of the Künstlerhaus, as well as editor and proprietor of World Market, an English newspaper in Vienna. He is en route to Washington, where he will conduct an exhibition at the Art Centre in September of Austrian paintings and sculpture, the collection totaling 800 pieces.

J. C. Berendsen, wealthy merchant and art lover of San Francisco, while in Vienna last Summer, was carried away by the beauty of Mr. Hegenbarth's work and entered into negotiations for purchasing the statue in the hope that other friends of Austrian art would join him in presenting this work to New York as a token of Austria's gratitude for America's aid in Red Cross and other charitable relief work since the war. Mr. Berendsen and Mr. Grafinger are interviewing members of the Art Commission to find out whether there is a desire for such a statue on Riverside Drive or elsewhere.

Mr. Berendsen was made an honorary member of the Künstlerhaus last year, and it was his daughter Anita who posed for "An Americas Girl," by the Austrian sculptor Hofner, which won the Staats prize in Vienna last year. Mr. Berendsen, at the Biltmore for the week, is desirous of a place to exhibit the statue temporarily and also of finding other friends of Austrian art to join with him in presenting the sculpture to the city.

If there is no response, Mr. Berendsen probably will present the statue to his own city, though he does not want it to leave the art centre of America. Since the negotiations were made just before th League of Nations stabilised Austrian finances, the price is remarkably low.

'BLIND' BEGGAR SEES IN SIOUX CITY NIGHTS

Corner Croesus, Caught in 'Bright Light' Raid, Pays $100 Fine From Big Roll.

Special to The New York Times.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, July 9.—"Blind in the daytime while he begged on the streets and sold lead pencils, but a gay Lothario at night, driving his high-priced motor car and frequenting the places where liquid refreshments and women were on the program," is the picture painted by the police of C. S. Hannum, who with his smoked eyeglasses has been a familiar figure on the streets here for years.

Arrested in a cabaret, he appeared in court immaculately dressed. The usual fine for such breach of conduct is $15, but in Hannum's case the court made it $100. Hannum took five twenties from a large roll and walked out a free man. On the witness stand Hannum admitted owning several rooming houses in Omaha from which he derived a substantial income.

CRIPPLE HAILED AS HERO.

Saves Life of Girl and Brings Two Bodies Ashore.

LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J., July 9.—Charles Benz, 20 years old, of Chestnut Point, Lake Hopatcong, a cripple for a number of years, was hailed as a hero today when he saved the life of a girl and brought two bodies from the bottom of Lake Hopatcong.

Three couples from Lodi, N. J., were thrown into the water about 100 yards from the shore when their canoe was overturned. All started to swim for shore, but two of them, Rose Oliver and Mary Giorgano fell behind. Frank Labarbara, on seeing that the other two were not keeping up, went to their assistance. One of the girls grabbed Labarbara around the head and dragged him to the bottom.

Benz, one of a hundred spectators, stripped off his coat and jumped into the water. He first saved the Giorgano girl and then went back for the other two. Diving, he brought their bodies to the surface and finally towed them ashore. Pulmotors were secured, but they proved unavailing.

TAX APPRAISER NAMED.

Emanuel Silberstein Heads Inheritance Department.

Emanuel I. Silberstein was sworn in yesterday as inheritance tax appraiser in the office of the State Tax Commission at 233 Broadway. He succeeds Edward W. Buckley, who resigned July 1 to head the city's new Department of Purchase.

Mr. Silberstein, who will receive $4,500 a year, was a Democratic Alderman from the Sixth District, and was a deputy under Attorney General Carmody and Jackson. He has defeated the candidate of Samuel S. Koenig, the Republican leader, in the latter's home district.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Nearly 1,500 persons are due to arrive this morning on the White Star liner Majestic from Southampton and Cherbourg, including 374 in the first, 497 in the second and 511 in the third class.

Among these are: P. A. S. Franklin, President of the International Mercantile Marine Company, Mrs. Franklin and their daughter. Ogden Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer, General W. W. Atterbury, Miss Elizabeth Atterbury, Cornelius Vanderbilt Whitney, Michael Knatchbull, Mme. Van Swinderen, Count Anton Sigray and Countess Sigray, the Rev. Cyril Emmet, George Mc-Cohan, Countess Mary Papenham, Colonel H. S. Sternberger, Mr. and Mrs. Arno de Fleurot and Frank Titus.

Miss Phyllis M. Byrne, Mr. and Mrs. H. Irving Hanson, H. Irving Hanson Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth R. Wells and Mr. and Mrs. Paul Baumgarten, Harry Neumeat, Mrs. F. A. Keep, Mr. and Mrs. Theron I. Crane, Mrs. Alma E. Sprecklels, Miss Alma Sprecklels, Mrs. Andrew Welch, Miss Florence Welch and Miss Maria Welch, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas C. F. Martin.

Among the first cabin passengers who arrived yesterday from Liverpool and Queenstown on the Cunarder Carmania was E. M. Hobbys, who retired three years ago as head of the first cabin department of the Cunard Line after spending half a century in its service. He remembers distinctly when the side-wheelers passed out and the single-screw steamships came into the Atlantic service. Mr. Hobbys, who is accompanied by Mrs. Hobbys, is going to take a trip to Niagara Falls before returning to England.

Others on the ship were George S. Post, William F. Nash, Isaac Leaird, J. Cranston Brown, A. E. Ball, Thomas McCarthy, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Strang, Arthur T. Tyler, H. D. Wooley, Miss Laura Hurd Woolsey, Roger H. Pemberton, A. W. Mackenzie, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Logan, Mr. and Mrs. David Keppel, Miss Mary Moped the Rev. W. Taylor Hindley, Percy James, Mrs. Northup Dean, Miss Lelie Dean, Miss Marjorie Dean, Miss Virginia Dean, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Ellis and Mr. and Mrs. William Hogan.

ROCKEFELLER FUND TO AID BOY SCOUTS

Gift of $100,000 From Laura Spelman Rockefeller Foundation Announced.

COUNCIL HEARS ROOSEVELT

Assistant Secretary of Navy Urges Youth Be Trained for Future Wars.

BEAR MOUNTAIN, N. Y., July 9.—A gift of $100,000 as a revolving fund to aid the work of Boys' Life, the monthly magazine of the Boy Scout organization, has been made by the Laura Spelman Rockefeller Foundation, James E. West, Chief Scout executive, announced today at the thirteenth annual meeting of the National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.

More than 240 delegates from many parts of the United States attended a camp fire meeting tonight and prepared to spend the rest of the night in tents. Theodore Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, who eulogized Scout ideas in a luncheon address, cancelled all his Washington engagements to spend the night under canvas.

Preparations were made to welcome a delegation of New York and New Jersey officials, headed by Governor Smith of New York, Governor Silzer of New Jersey and General Pershing, who, it is expected, will inspect the Palisades Interstate Park and visit the Boy Scout camp tomorrow.

Voicing a desire for the type of man in this country who never will declare war lightly but who nevertheless will face war rather than dishonor, former Colonel Roosevelt, in his luncheon address, urged that the country prepare itself for the war that must come with the kind of citizen bred by the Boy Scouts.

Mr. Roosevelt recalled his own boyhood before the days of scouting, when his late father, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, acted as "scout master" for the boys and took them on long hikes and instructed them in the principles of good sportsmanship. Such training, he declared, made for the finest type of soldier. He appealed for the active aid of every one in the scout movement and said that he had urged the American Legion to take an interest, as he believed that in that organization could be found the best type of scout master.

Colonel Roosevelt's Address.

"Every one of us in this country wishes peace," said Mr. Roosevelt, "especially such ones of us as have served and sacrificed in war. We know what war means, and for that very reason when we talk preparedness we talk it because we hope it will minimize wars. We are not hypocritical and we don't say that there will be no more wars. We wish that were true, but we know it is not. We do believe that in any wars we may have, this country will be just. For that reason, we want citizenship which will hold to the old advice of Polonius to his son:

"Beware
Of entrance to a quarrel, but being in,
Bear't that the opposed may beware of thee.

"We want men in this country who will never declare war lightly, who will use every legitimate endeavor to prevent war, but who, nevertheless, will face war rather than dishonor, and who, when they face war, will handle themselves as their forebears have handled themselves through five victorious righteous wars.

"That is the type of citizen the Boy Scouts breed. In peace or in war, the man who has been a Scout will score through 100 per cent. Therein lies the objective of the Scout movement. Camping, the great out-of-doors, sports are means, not the end. The end is character-building and citizenship.

"When we were all little, it was before the days of Scouting, but we had the principles that underly it in our family life. My father was our scout master. He took us on 'hikes' with him. We used to have point to point walks where we'd swim ponds, climb bluffs, get over, under or through anything that lay in our way. Then he would take us off camping together, as many as a dozen at a time, and we would spend the night on the end of some point jutting out into he Sound and sleep soundly to the rustle of surf on the beach. Strict discipline was always kept, and woe to a selfish, whiny boy.

Life Becoming Too Soft.

"This last century has been one primarily of material development. Invention piled upon invention has tended to make life softer. Men and women alike are having an infinitely easier existence than did their ancestors. This is good, but it is dangerous also. A soft body often predicates a soft soul. We must not lose perspective and fail to see the cleft because of the houses. Material comforts are pleasant adjuncts. They are not the main issue. Our ancestry came to this country not for material comforts but for a spiritual ideal. From the quiet countrysides of the Old World they sailed far across practically unchartered and untraveled ocean to a trackless wilderness. We must see that in this day and generation we do not lose the iron of spirit that tamed the wilderness and raised a countryside of farmer folk in one generation to warfare against one of the greatest nations of the world."

Golfers at Winter Garden Tonight.

Walter Hagen and Francis Ouimet will take the stage at the Winter Garden tonight, when "Golf Night" will be celebrated, in connection with the performance of "The Passing Show." More than 300 well-known golfers are expected to be present. "The Passing Show" contains a golf scene, and it will be in the course of this that Messrs. Hagen and Ouimet will give exhibitions of driving. There also will be other special golf features.

Still Work on Central Ticket Plan.

The Producing Managers' Association met again yesterday to consider details of the central ticket agency plan, but postponed further action to Thursday of this week. The committee handling the plan has not yet worked out all of the details.

Augustus Thomas, head of the Managers' Association, said last night that it is the balance of certainty that some variation of the central agency idea would be put into effect in the fall.

Bernhardt's Bric-a-Brac Are Sold.

PARIS, July 9.—Sarah Bernhardt's collection of bric-a-brac sold at auction today for 4,535 francs. This brings the total realized by the sale of her personal effects up to 977,260 francs.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

William Harris's first production of the season will be "In Love With Love," a comedy by Vincent Lawrence. The cast will include Lyn Fontanne, Henry Hull, Ralph Morgan, Robert Strange, Burton Churchill, Mary Ward Lee and Maryland Morse. The play will open here early in August, probably at the Fifth Theatre.

"Little Jesse James" will be the title of a musical comedy in which Nan Halperin will be seen this season. The authors are Harlan Thompson and Harry Archer, and Lawrence Weber the producer. In addition to Miss Halperin, the cast will include Alice Kearns, Mildred Richardson, Maurice Holland and James C. Carson.

"The Clean-Up," by Barry Conners, will be produced in Atlantic City on July 23 by William A. Brady. Hazel Dawn will head the cast.

"The Widow Shannon," a comedy by Lee D. Freeman, is being tried in stock by the Jessie Bonstelle Company in Detroit this week. The play is controlled by William A. Brady.

A fourth company of "Abie's Irish Rose" will open next week at the Garden Pier Theatre in Atlantic City. The play is now running in New York, Pittsburgh and Montreal.

WARD GRAND JURORS HEAR CODE MESSAGES

'Hap' and 'Tip-Top' Wires Reported Less Startling Than Had Been Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 9.—For two hours this morning the Extraordinary Grand Jury impanelled by order of Governor Smith to investigate the killing of Clarence E. Peters by Walter S. Ward, considered the "Hap" and the "Tip-Top" messages exchanged between Ralph Ward and his father, George S. Ward, President of the Ward Baking Company. It was reported, though not verified by the Attorney General, that the messages, when decoded, proved less startling than was expected.

Palmer F. Tubbs, New Rochelle Police Commissioner, and several other witnesses sat in an ante-room during the morning, but no witness was called before the Grand Jury, which adjourned for the day at noon. Tubbs, who figured prominently when the case was under investigation by the Grand Jury, which indicted Ward last year, probably will be questioned regarding the visits of race-track informers to the offices of the Ward Baking Company, where Tubbs was employed in a secretarial capacity.

Allen R. Campbell, of Rabenold & Scribner, counsel for Ward, was to have been a witness, and probably will be called when the hearings are resumed today. Neither Frederick E. Weeks, former District Attorney of Westchester County, nor George F. Werner, County Sheriff, have been subpoenaed to appear to explain in detail the investigation carried on by them last Summer. Assistant Attorney General Wilbur F. Chambers conducted the proceedings today.

SCENT ARMS PLOT IN CHINA.

American Officials in Shanghai Issue Warrant for Alleged Smuggler.

SHANGHAI, July 9 (Associated Press).—A warrant was issued here today for the arrest of Lawrence H. Kearney, charged with being the head of a plot for the wholesale smuggling of arms into China from Russia and Japanese sources.

Kearney, who was formerly head of the now defunct firm of Kearney & Co., produce importers, is believed to be somewhere in Chekiang Province. He recently returned from a trip to Gensan, Korea, where it is believed he made arrangements for further shipments of arms into China from the Anti-Bolshevist Russian refugee colony there.

The authorities allege that Kearney bought 160,000 Russian and Japanese rifles from the Russian refugee fleet that put in here last December. These refugees recently arrived at San Francisco from Manila. Officials here also charge that Kearney's former produce firm was used as a blind for widespread activities in munitions smuggling.

The warrant for Kearney's arrest, which was issued by the American authorities here, was sworn out under two treaties of 1844 and 1858, under the terms of which smugglers of war materials are tried before the consular courts.

The information was not laid on the authority of President Harding's proclamation against the smuggling of arms into China, since the rifles said to be involved are of Russian or Japanese origin and were not brought in from the United States.

ARMY FLIER ACCUSED.

Charged With Stealing Airplane by Commercial Aviator.

MINEOLA, L. I., July 9.—Charged with the theft of an airplane, Lieutenant Robert Burtt, an army aviator, stationed at Miller Field, S. I., whose home is at 522 West 112th Street, Manhattan, was today arraigned before Justice of the Peace Walter B. Jones. James Halstead of Mineola, the complainant, alleged that Burtt had stolen his airplane from Roosevelt Field yesterday. Burtt was paroled in the custody of Chief of Police William Phillips for a hearing next Monday after pleading not guilty.

According to Phillips, Burtt, who sometimes flew Halstead's plane without authority from the owner, yesterday took it and flew to Miller Field, near Port Jefferson, L. I. The aviator's excuse, according to Phillips, was that he had left his hat and coat there and needed them to go home. He had expected to bring the plane back to Roosevelt Field, but darkness came on and made the return impossible. When Halstead looked for the machine it was gone and he notified the police. Halstead is a commercial aviator.

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS HELD.

Three Accused of Robbing Homes in Suburbs of Camden.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMDEN, N. J., July 9.—Three high school graduates of the 1923 class, Byron Cobb Jr., son of an awning manufacturer and Harry Pine, both of Camden, and John Middleton of Collingswood, were arrested today by county detectives and admitted having robbed about twenty residences in the suburbs of Camden, according to the detectives. They are seventeen years old and the sons of prominent residents of the county.

Pine spoke on law enforcement at the recent graduating exercises at the Camden High School and has been planning for the ministry. After furnishing $1,500 bail, Middleton in his own automobile took a constable on the rounds of the alleged robberies. The robberies were all between 7 and 11 o'clock at night when the occupants of the houses were at the theatre.

FREED IN CRONKHITE DEATH

Pothier is Released at Providence by Appeals Court Mandate.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 9.—A mandate was received from the United States Court of Appeals here today for the release of Roland R. Pothier, of Central Falls, who has been in the Providence county jail for the past nine months awaiting action by the Federal authorities on his appeal from the Federal Court for the Rhode Island District, which refused his petition for a writ of habeas corpus and ordered his removal to the State of Washington for trial on a Federal indictment, charging him with the murder of Major Alexander P. Crosthwaite at Camp Lewis, Washington, in October, 1918.

Justice Brown immediately issued an order for Pothier's release and United States Marshal Rodman, accompanied by Pothier's counsel, Major Davis G. Arnold, his father and wife went to the jail to serve the necessary papers and early this afternoon Pothier was released.

MISSING GIRL HAD ELOPED.

Police Find Leslie Tolman Seeking Work in Fitchburg.

FITCHBURG, Mass., July 9.—Miss Leslie Tolman, missing Salem girl, was located in this city today. The police found her seeking employment here and notified her father, Dr. Harry Tolman Jr., who started for this city.

Miss Tolman, who disappeared from her grandmother's home at Duxbury last Friday, and whose father had expressed the opinion that she had gone away with gypsies, told the police she had eloped with Jacob Bull, a salesman, who formerly lived in Quincy. According to the police, she said the two went to Maine to be married but found that five days' notice was required. She decided then to come to this city and work until the expiration of the five days.

Through published photographs of the girl she was recognized in an office where she asked for work.

THE SCREEN

A Stage Derelict.

SUCCESS, with Brandon Tynan, Mary Astor, Naomi Childers, Dore Davidson, Lionel Adams, Stanley Ridges, Robert Lee Keiling, Billy Quirk, Helen Meaks, Gay Fauldston, Jean Woodford and others; adapted by Theodore A. Liebler Jr. and Adeline Leitzbach, directed by Ralph Ince; selections from "Valkyrie," "in the Capitol broadcasting studio," "Whispering Flowers," ballet feature, "The Ambient Dudey of Brittany," scenic film. At the Capitol.

Some of the reasons, other than the usual ones, for the superiority of the stage over the screen are obvious in the picturized version of "Success," which is being presented this week at the Capitol. It happens that this particular type of story, in which there is nothing very original, reveals the weaknesses of motion-picture directors more than most others. It is essentially a vehicle in which the actor should be given his head after a careful study of the part, nevertheless leading an actor to suggestions. The film would have been infinitely more appealing if suspense had not been snatched out of many of the sequences. The plot is not unlike Richard Harding Davis's "The Derelict," or even Du Maurier's "It concerns a successful actor who becomes an inebriate, and who after age has whitened his hair comes into his own.

Brandon Tynan, who plays Barry Carleton, is indubitably a capable actor, but it would have been a great deal more impressive if, after he has fallen through intemperance, he returns looking something like a dissipated individual instead of a sweet old man, in whose countenance there is not a vestige of the former strength.

In consequence, Carleton, who has scored an enviable success in "King Lear," learns from the manager, excellently played by Dore Davidson, that he is to have a contract and a percentage of the theatre receipts. He at once wants to marry Jane Randolph (Naomi Childers), but is warned by the manager that a matinee idol loses his prestige if his public knows that he has a wife. Thereupon, after saying the public must bow to him, Carleton tears up the contract.

Later the white-haired old man refuses to accept a small part in the production in which Gilbert Gordon (Stanley Hidges) is to play King Lear. Nevertheless, he consents to become Gordon's manager, Carleton does not know that Rose Randolph (Mary Astor) is his daughter. He brings her a tiny bunch of flowers on the opening night, and so much is made of this that it becomes bathos.

Miss Childers frequently seems to be a bit late for her cue, and she starts at the sight of her elderly husband apparently when the director told her to do so. Mary Astor does not appear to be imbued with enthusiasm for her role, and the director appears to have been intent on picturing the beauty of her countenance without any idea of instilling in her a desire to betray emotion, interest or surprise. Miss Astor therefore just looks charming.

All the time one is gazing at this picture one realizes that it could be a beautiful photoplay if done by a master in the art of direction. To accomplish this it would have been better to make the actual scenes longer and to have given more study to all the characters.

LONG TERMS FOR ROBBERS.

Three Who Held Up Bank Messengers Get Total of 45 Years.

Three of the four men who last January robbed messengers of the Municipal Bank of Brooklyn of $30,000 were sentenced yesterday by Judge Taylor in the County Court in Brooklyn. The fourth man was sent to prison for twenty years as a second offender three weeks ago. The men sentenced yesterday were:

Samuel Uricho of 322 East 101st Street, who got from ten to twenty years; Louis Spencer, East Hartford, Conn., seven to fifteen years, and Peter Amoruso, 342 East 101st Street, five to ten years.

Two men who pleaded guilty to holding up a cigar store were sentenced by Judge Thomas H. Noonan in the Bronx County Court yesterday. Frank Madden, 20, 96 East 126th Street, got from eight to sixteen years, and George Wagner, 20, 1,707 Pacific Avenue, who had a police record, got the full sixteen years.

They had held up the manager of a cigar store at 3,800 Broadway on May 27 and escaped in a taxicab with $29. Policeman John Morgner gave chase in a police automobile and forced them at Freeman Street and the Southern Boulevard.

BOLL WEEVIL FIGHT IN SUIT.

Attachment for $76,248 Against American Cotton Assn. Signed.

An attachment for $76,248 against the property of the American Cotton Association, a Delaware corporation, was signed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice McCook in a suit of Francis Morey of 16 West Eighty-first Street, on the assigned claim of the Milner Bureau of Atlanta, Ga., for services. The attachment was granted on the ground that the defendant is a foreign corporation.

The complaint alleges that the Milner Bureau was engaged last year to promote a campaign to raise $2,500,000 to fight the boll weevil. It is alleged that the bureau was to get its expenses and a percentage of the amount raised, and that the campaign was to be pushed actively from April 1, but that on March 5 the defendant, through its President, issued a statement denouncing a corporation organized by the Milner Bureau in Tennessee. As a result the complaint alleges that confidence in the campaign was overthrown and only $15,748 was collected.

ELLY NEY AT STADIUM.

Pianist Appears as the First Soloist Before Audience of 5,000.

Before an audience of 5,000, the fifth in as many days of perfect weather thus far, the Stadium concerts presented as their first soloist last evening Miss Elly Ney, wife of Conductor van Hoogstraten. The pianist was heard in open air with remarkable distinctness in Beethoven's "Emperor" concerto and Liszt's "Hungarian Fantasy."

The Philharmonic Orchestra began the evening with Tschaikovsky's "Romeo and Juliet," while between the solo numbers it added two waltzes for strings by Dvorak and the "Siegfried Idyl" of Wagner. The program for tonight will include a work of an American composer, Chadwick's "Jubilee Overture," and tomorrow the second symphony of Brahms.

MISSING PERSONS.

The following persons were reported to the police as missing yesterday:

WILLIAM HARDY, 41, 138 Third Avenue, Brooklyn; 6 A. M., June 16; height 6 feet 3 inches; weight 186 pounds; brown eyes, black hair, dark complexion; brown check suit, black shoes and stockings, brown soft hat.

JOSEPH CONGLIO, 12, 162 Franklin Street; 8 A. M., July 8; height 5 feet; weight 105 pounds; black eyes and hair, fair complexion; white shirt, gray trousers, brown shoes, black stockings, gray cap.

ALFRED MASBRONARRO, 13, 223 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn; 8 A. M., July 8; height 5 feet; weight 90 pounds; black eyes and hair, ruddy complexion; blue sweater, blue suit, tan shoes, black stockings, gray cap.

EDWARD SRODERICK, 14, 524 East 136th Street; 2 P. M., July 6; height 5 feet 9 inches; weight 115 pounds; blue eyes, blond hair, fair complexion; blue and white bathing suit initialed "E. S."

LUCY FANNELLI, 28, 160 Greenwich Street; 8 P. M., July 9; height 5 feet 5 inches; weight 135 pounds; gray eyes, black hair, fair complexion; brown coat, blue dress, black shoes.

CHARLES ANDERSWSON, 34, 769 Forty-first Street, Brooklyn; 8 A. M., July 5; height, 6 feet 2 inches; weight, 160 pounds; blue eyes, black hair, dark complexion; blue suit, white shirt, black shoes, brown stockings, blue hat.

PETER KURSOSKI, 37, 16 North Fifth Street; 8 A. M., July 5; height, 5 feet 8 inches; weight, 140 pounds; gray eyes, brown hair, medium complexion; gray trousers, blue shirt, tan shoes, brown stockings, brown cap.

ANTHONY LENT, 23, 246 East Thirty-ninth Street; 4 P. M., July 11; height, 5 feet 10 inches; weight, 170 pounds; brown eyes and hair, dark complexion; blue coat, khaki trousers and shirt, black shoes, brown stockings, brown cap.

MOTION PICTURES.

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A Paramount Picture

CRITERION B'WAY & 44th St. Twice Daily 2:30 & 8:30. Sun. MATS. 2 & 4:30. All Seats Reserved. Eve. Exc. Sat. & Sun., 50c to $1.10. Eve., $1.10 to $1.65

B. F. KEITH'S VAUDEVILLE BROADWAY AT 47ST. BEN TURPIN in 5-Reel Sennett comedy THE SHRIEK OF ARABY

RIALTO B'WAY, 42D STREET Jam Week Program centers around "CHILDREN OF JAZZ" Paramount Picture. Bernie "Cell." Lloyd Comedy, Classical Jazz, others.

LOEW'S STATE B'way at 45th St. Cont. 11:30 to 11:30 VIOLA DANA in "Her Fatal Millions" Dolly Kay; other acts

CAPITOL B'way, 51st St. "SUCCESS" with BRANDON TYNAN Capitol Grand Orchestra

PLAZA Mad

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

New Week Starts With Dull and Featureless Trading—New Low for the Mark.

Yesterday's markets were not particularly impressive. Their action suggested that they are in the doldrums and that it will require a new development of positive importance, either in our own business and financial situation or in the foreign situation, to again start them off one way or the other with sufficient force and decisiveness to at least make them interesting. Stocks, for instance, moved within a particularly narrow arc. There was some attempt to bid up this or that speculative vehicle but, when the futility of these morning efforts was fully realized, they were abandoned and stocks as a whole closed the day just about where they had started it. On their behalf it might be said, however, that no weakness in any direction was apparent and that the market as a whole ignored such over-Sunday developments as an increase in the tension in the Franco-British situation, criticism of the railroads in the Coal Commission's report and moderately higher rates for Stock Exchange money. About the same story could be told of the commodity markets, which fluctuated meaninglessly.

Reviewing the events of the past week, in the light of present inactive and drifting markets, their present action should occasion little surprise, although doubtless such surprise will be expressed in the financial district. It is generally the characteristic of markets which have rallied sharply after a decline to pause for a bit while an inquiry is made of the character of buying which has caused the rally, in the endeavor to ascertain whether or not it will be of sufficient strength and constancy to do more than stop the decline. Just at the moment the stock market might be called exclusively professional, a characteristic which likely accounts for its narrowness both in volume and movement.

The Government's crop report, issued after the close of the grain markets, could hardly be construed as a pessimistic document. It placed the condition of the wheat crop at 78.3 per cent., as compared with a ten-year average of 86.2 per cent., suggesting a yield of 821,000,000 bushels as compared with the 1922 out-turn of 862,000,000 bushels. For corn the condition was placed by the Governmental experts at 84.9 per cent. as compared with 85.2 per cent. for the last ten years. In view of the present market price of the grain crops, these figures are unusually interesting and important, if for no other reason than to suggest that there will possibly be a smaller out-turn and therefore, a smaller surplus to be sold, than has occurred in most recent years. Incidentally, the talk of Government pools for the aid of the wheat farmer, or a "stabilized price" for his crop, has almost disappeared from our financial districts. Some such expedient may eventually be tried, of course, but it is very unlikely that it is to be counted upon as a factor in the marketing of the crop now ripening in the fields.

The fantastic German Bank statement, showing an increase by one-third during the week, had only the lefthanded effect of bringing a fresh outburst of selling in this already ludicrous currency. The gain was more than four trillion marks, while at the same time, the statement showed a falling off of forty million marks in gold holdings, possibly an explanation of the continued futile experiment of trying to save the mark from itself. In all markets of the world the German exchange touched a new low point for all time yesterday, and in New York, the quotation declined to 3¾ ten-thousandths of a cent. This decline was considered entirely consistent with the flood of fresh water pumped into the German circulation, as shown by the Reichsbank's own statement. Other exchanges moved only moderately but with considerable irregularity, possibly because of the uncertainty and unsettlement of the problem of reparations.

On the Stock Exchange railroad shares had their first opportunity to reflect the fact that net operating income for the second consecutive month had exceeded the 6 per cent. figure, but like the industrial shares, they did little or nothing. Of course, these figures must be considered as so much "water over the wheel." Doubtless, stockholders are more interested in what the railroads will do in the way of Autumn traffic than they are in statistical histories of what happened in the Spring.

MONEY.

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1923.

Stock Exchange call money was firmer on increased demand, rate moving up to 6 per cent. from opening and renewal at 5 and interval of 5½. Time money, however, was dull, with important size trades at minimum; quotations continued unchanged at 5 per cent. bid, accommodation offered at 5¼. Commercial paper brokers say there seems to be accumulation of merchants' notes, and with paper moving freely expected ease in discount rate is not far off. Call loans against acceptances moved up ¼ to 4½ per cent but discount on bills continued without variation.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Friday's Last.
5	6	5	6	5½

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	5@5¼
4, 5 and 6 months	5@5¼
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	5@5¼
4, 5 and 6 months	5@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	5
Other names, 4 to 6 months	5¼@5½

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days	4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days	4½

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances	4½

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	4¼	4
60 days	4¼	4¼
90 days	4¼	4¼
Four months	4¼	4¼
Six months	4¼	4¼
Nonmember and private bankers, 60-90 days	4¼	4¼

London Market.

Money in London ¼ higher at 2¾ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 3½@3⅝ per cent; three months' bills unchanged at 3⅝@3¾ per cent.

Gold bullion 1d lower at 90s 4d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market equation of gold would represent a price of 106¼ at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 106¾ on July 5. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 140¾, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102¾, on Jan. 3. Last year's highest price was 126, on Jan. 3.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $411,000,000; balances, $23,000,000; Federal Reserve credit Balance, $82,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $400,000,000.

DENIES ANY REDUCTION IN D. & H. DIVIDEND RATE

Vice President Declares Rumor of Cut Was Trick to Drive Stock Down.

Vice President W. H. Williams of the Delaware & Hudson Company said yesterday that he expected the regular quarterly dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. on an annual basis to be declared by the Board of Directors at their regular meeting the later part of this month.

This statement was made as a result of the recent decline in the price of the Delaware & Hudson Company stock on the New York Stock Exchange, due, in his opinion, to "raids" and to current rumors that there would be a reduction in the dividend rate. These rumors, he said, were without foundation so far as he knew, and he pointed to the earnings of the road for the first five months of the year as proof of his statements.

In his opinion the origin of the decline in the price of the stock was in the liquidating of a block of less than 5,000 shares held in New York City. This amount, he pointed out, was sufficient to cause a slight decline in the price of a stock so closely held for investment purposes as that of the Delaware & Hudson.

While Mr. Williams declined to comment on the June earnings until they should have been published through the Interstate Commerce Commission, he said that they were favorable, and others in a position to know said that the earnings for the first half of the year would easily equal the 4¼ per cent., despite the fact that the road had suffered heavily during the early months of the year from heavy snow storms.

A stock decline of more than 10 points to 96 was registered in the eight days ending last Saturday. The stock opened at 97¾ yesterday morning and following the announcement by Vice President Williams closed at 100¾.

DAVISON CHEMICAL CO. REPORTS DROP IN GROSS

Total Earnings in 1922 Were $240,421—Deficit of $502,532 After All Charges.

The Davison Chemical Company, for 1922, reports gross income of $240,421, including the returns of the Davison Sulphur and Phosphate Company. This compares with $530,963 in the previous year. After payment of all expenses, interest and discount, reserves for depreciation and other accounts, there was reported a deficit of $502,532, against a deficit of $411,925 the year before. The balance sheet at the close of 1922 showed a profit and loss surplus of $1,198,060, against $1,804,336 the year before.

C. W. Miller, President, in his statement to stockholders, saids "Royal Dutch interests have closed contracts with us for silica gel process not only covering the first plant now under way for their New Orleans refinery, but also looking to its use in all their refineries throughout the world. New Orleans plant should be in operation in five or six months. Contracts with other large refineries are under negotiations.

RESTRAINT PLEA DENIED.

Tobacco Co. Stockholders Will Vote on Charter Change.

Vice Chancellor Bentley of Jersey City yesterday refused the plea of the five minority stockholders of the Porto Rican-American Tobacco Company, a $6,000,000 firm, with offices in Exchange Place, Jersey City, and in New York, to restrain a meeting of the stockholders to amend the charter in an effort to provide for issuance of non-par value stock.

The majority of the stockholders in pursuance of this decision will hold their meeting, and it is probable that they will set the precedent by issuing 100,000 shares of non-par stock. It is also considered likely that the minority stockholders will take their case to the Court of Errors and Appeals.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Irregularity Follows Firmness.

The stock market, following three consecutive days of upward price movements, started the new week with a firm tone. Initial prices in most instances were fractionally above Saturday's closing level. These gains were augmented in the early trading, and then irregularity developed as a result of a further sharp decline in Delaware & Hudson caused by uncertainty regarding the dividend. An official statement later dispelled all fears regarding the next payment and the market rallied. In the afternoon, however, the hardening of the call money rate and rumors that the Federal Reserve would advance its discount rate caused further selling of stocks. The net changes at the close gave the market a decidedly irregular appearance. The rumors regarding a probable change in the discount rate, according to bankers, are unfounded, and are merely based upon the action of the Bank of England Governors last week. Conservative bankers expect no change in the rate until the Fall. There was no uniformity in the price changes at the close. Some rails advanced while others declined, and the same was true of the industrials. Trading was light.

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Crops, Fall Trade and Markets.

The country's crops, the course of commodity prices and buying in the basic industries are being keenly watched in the financial district for indications as to the probable course of the stock market in the Autumn. Certain bankers in the financial district are not entirely pleased with the outlook in the agricultural districts. They call attention to the fact that Russia this year is expected to have a surplus of 100,000,000 bushels of wheat, and that Canada is shipping much wheat to countries which formerly depended almost entirely upon the United States. The proposed American valorization of wheat also is not considered optimistic. If there was a ready market, it is pointed out, such a scheme would not be necessary. On the other hand, advices received from Chicago by a prominent Stock Exchange house say that the situation is not so desperate as politicians and uninformed writers assert. While the picture is not as bright as it might be, it is not materially different from that of the last eighteen months. The situation with country banks is much improved, it is added, and the explanation is that the farmer has avoided the extravagant buying prevalent in the 1917-19 boom period.

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More About a German "Loan."

A rumor was started yesterday that a group of New York bankers was to leave soon for Germany to take up the problem of a German loan. This report was apparently predicated on the fact that two officers of the Guaranty Trust Company will leave next week for Europe, and this institution was mentioned as one of the leaders in the alleged "German loan deal." Inquiry at six important banking houses, including the one named in the report, suggested that a German loan is further away from the minds of American bankers, probably, than at any time since the armistice was signed. Before such a loan could be obtained, it was stated, Germany would have to show a willingness and an ability to pay, and security of the highest degree. Assurances also must be given by Germany and all her neighbors against an outbreak of hostilities. In fact, so many obstacles were advanced as necessary to be overcome before such a loan could be arranged that all consideration of such action at this time seems extremely premature. Until the reparations problem is solved and definitely out of the way, every banker interviewed declared, there can be no hope of an international loan.

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The Rediscount Rate.

Wall Street yesterday heard again in the same mysterious manner of previous reports that the Federal Reserve Bank was about to advance the rediscount rate. Although no one was specified as authority for the "statement," it was suggested that the United States would follow the lead of the Bank of England; that requirements made such an advance necessary and that action to that effect would be taken this week. Inquiry revealed that no such advance is expected immediately, if at all, and that if the prediction of a higher rate should come true no one would be more surprised than Wall Street bankers. As for the theory that this country would have to follow England's advance, it is stated that England has in this case followed the American lead. It is also pointed out that there is an abundance of money on hand and that reinvestors controlling millions of dollars have not, as yet bought the securities which it is expected eventually they will buy.

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The Realm of Dizzy Finance.

The German paper mark again skidded yesterday and all but reached a point where its infinitesmal value could not be reckoned. The quotation broke a full point since Saturday. At current quotations, one million paper marks are worth in American money $3.37, as against nearly $338,000 in pre-war days. While the still unsettled Ruhr problem may have exerted some influence on the quotation, the banking community generally regarded the grotesque weekly report of the Reichsbank as the prime factor. This statement showed an increase in circulation for the week of 1,200,000,000,000 marks.

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Firmness of Call Money.

The continued firmness of the call money rate caused considerable comment yesterday as to the reason, and some capital was made of the 6 per cent. charge by speculators for the decline. Inquiry at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated that considerable money was moving westward to meet farm needs, which might account in part for the relatively high rate. At other banks it was suggested that the call for redemption of $52,000,000 of bonds or more by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company had doubtless exerted an important influence. It was also stated that the flow back to the regular channels of money disbursed in connection with July 1 requirements had been slower than usual. That the situation was temporary was the opinion of bankers generally.

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Percentages vs. Dollars.

While the percentages announced by the American Railway Association for May and April of this year, are decidedly in favor of the later month—the exact figures being 6.33 per cent., against 5.50 per cent.—the railroad fraternity yesterday called attention to the fact that the actual earnings were more than $6,000,000 greater in May than in April. In other words they show that while May was getting credit for only 6.33 per cent. the earnings were really $89,000,000, against $83,107,000 in April. The difference is, of course, due to the fact that the percentages are figured on an annual basis in which, based on the experience of previous years, the allotment of May is much greater than that of April. If there is any significance in the decline in percentages, railroad men point out, it is in the fact that May earnings were not as much above normal as those for April.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Saturday.	Friday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
513,345	289,050	549,169	565,553	424,712

Year to Date.	Same Period 1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
135,296,429	141,441,744	96,275,144	128,598,086⅓	155,114,408

1922 High.	1922 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
19½	9½	100	Advance Rumely	10¼	10¾	10¼	10¾	+ 1	10	11½
14⅞	6½	600	Ajax Rubber	7⅞	7⅞	7	7⅛	-	7	7⅛
⅝	⅛	1,600	Alaska Gold Mines	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	-	⅛	⅜
1⅝	1	500	Alaska Juneau	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	-	1⅛	1⅜
80	62⅜	2,300	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	67⅞	68	66	66	- 1½	65¾	66
51¼	37⅝	1,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾	+ ⅛	40¾	40⅝
97½	90	100	Allis-Chalmers pf. (7)	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	+ ⅛	90	91
36⅞	10⅛	500	Am. Agricult. Chemical	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	-	12	13½
68⅝	29⅝	100	Am. Agricult. Chem. pf.	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	+ 2⅝	31½	33
40⅜	30	100	Am. Beet Sugar	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	+ 1⅛	31½	32
80	20½	800	Am. Bosch Magneto	31	31½	30	30¾	-	30	30¾
106	78⅞	20,700	Am. Can (5)	89	90¾	88½	88⅝	+ ⅛	88⅜	88⅝
115	106⅜	100	Am. Can pf. (7)	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	- ⅛	108	109⅝
189	154	500	Am. Car & Foundry (12)	156	156⅜	155¼	155¾	- ⅞	155¼	156¼
11	6⅜	100	Am. Chicle	10	10	10	10	- ⅛	9½	10¼
29⅜	4½	1,300	Am. Cotton Oil	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	-	4½	4¾
7⅝	4½	100	Am. Druggist Syndicate	4½	4½	4½	4½	-	4½	4¾
74⅞	35⅛	160	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	36	36	36	36	- ⅛	35½	40
111⅞	88⅛	500	Am. Ice (7)	92	92	91	91	+ ⅛	90½	91⅜
33⅞	17⅞	500	Am. International	19	19¼	18¾	19	+ ⅛	18	19
13⅝	10⅝	400	Am. La F. Fire Engine (1)	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	-	10⅜	11
38	17	200	Am. Linseed	20	20¾	20	20½	+ ⅛	20½	21
146⅜	120⅛	4,700	Am. Locomotive (10)	134⅜	135¼	134	134	+ ⅞	133⅝	134½
70⅞	64⅜	1,800	Am. Locomotive, new	67¼	67¾	67	67	-	66¾	67¼
55⅞	40¼	500	Am. Metal (3)	42	42¾	42	42¾	+ 2	42½	43⅜
88⅞	76	100	Am. Radiator (4)	81	81	81	81	+ ⅛	81½	82
9⅞	3⅞	200	Am. Safety Razor (25c)	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛	5½	5⅝
2,800	Am. Ship & Commerce	10⅜	11	10⅜	11	-	10½	11¼		
1,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref. (5) ex d.	54⅞	55	54¼	54⅜	+ ⅛	54¼	54⅝		
1,800	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	32⅝	33⅜	32⅝	33⅛	+ ⅛	33	33⅛		
1,200	Am. Sugar Refining	96	96¼	95¼	95¾	- ⅛	95¼	96		
100	Am. Sugar Refining pf. (7)	101	101	101	101	-	101	102		
3,000	Am. Telephone & Tel. (9)	121¼	122⅝	121¼	122⅜	+ ⅛	122	122⅛		
400	Am. Tobacco (12)	143⅛	143¾	142¼	142¼	- ⅞	142	143		
100	Am. Tobacco, Class B (12)	142	142	142	142	+ 1	141½	142¼		
100	Am. Tobacco pf. (8)	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	-	102	102½		
400	Am. Water Works & Elec.	35	35	35	35	+ 1	33½	35¼		
400	Am. W. Work & E. pfc.pf.(4)	57	57½	57	57	-	56⅝	57½		
1,400	Am. Woolen (7)	84⅛	84⅝	84	84	-	83½	83⅞		
300	Am. Woolen pf. (7)	100¾	101	100¾	100¾	-	100¾	101½		
200	Am. Wool. pf. rcts. f.pd.(7)	101¼	101⅜	101¼	101⅜	+ ⅛	101⅛	105
100	Am. Zinc, Lead & S.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	-	8½	9
2,500	Anaconda Copper (5)	39¾	40	39¾	40	-	39¾	40
100	Arnold Constable & Co.	14	14	14	14	+ ⅛	13½	15
1,500	Assoc. Dry Goods (4)	80¼	81⅛	80	81¼	+ ⅛	80½	81¾
12,900	Atch. Top. & Santa Fe (9)	99¼	99¼	98⅝	99	+ ⅛	98⅝	99¼
8,500	Atch. Top. & S. Fe pf. (5)	87⅞	87¾	87¼	87½	-	87⅜	88
400	Atlantic Coast Line (7)	113¾	114	113	113	- 1	113	113½
100	Atlantic Fruit	2	2	2	2	-	1⅞	2
200	Atlantic Fruit 1st pfd.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	-	1⅛	1¾
1,200	Atl. Gulf & West Indies	11	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛	10⅝	11
300	Atlantic Refining (4)	106	109	107	107	- 2	103	107
300	Atlas Powder, new	64	64½	64	64½	+ ⅛	64½	64¾
600	Austin Nichols	19	19	18	18	- 1	17	18
12,900	Baldwin Loco. (7)	119¼	120¾	118¾	119¾	+ ⅝	118¾	119¼
8,500	Baltimore & Ohio	46⅝	46⅝	45¾	46⅛	+ ⅛	45¾	46⅜
100	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	57½	57½	57½	57½	+ ⅛	56¾	57½
700	Beech Nut Packing (2.40)	59⅝	61	59¾	61	- 2	60¾	60¾
7,000	Bethlehem Steel (5)	45⅞	46¾	44⅞	45¾	-	45¾	46¼
100	Bethlehem Stl. cum. pf.(7)	87½	87½	87½	87½	-	87	88¾
100	Booth Fisheries	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	- ⅛	4	5
200	British Emp. Steel 2d pf.	19	19	19	19	-	17	19
100	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	107⅜	+ ⅛	107	107½
2,000	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	12	12	12	12	-	11¾	12
500	Burns Brothers (10)	123	123	122¼	122¼	- 1	121½	122
600	Burns Bros., Class B (2)	25¾	26	25¾	25¾	-	25¾	26½
300	Butte Copper & Zinc (50c)	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	- ⅛	6¾	6¾
100	Butte & Superior (2)	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	-	19¾	20¾
500	Caddo Central O. & R.	3	3	3	3	-	3	3¼
16,200	California Pet. (1⅜)	21¾	22⅝	21⅜	21⅝	+ ⅛	21½	22
100	California Pet. pf. (7)	98¾	99¼	98¾	98¾	+ 1⅛	98½	99
900	Callahan Zinc-Lead	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	-	5⅝	5⅝
100	Calumet & Arizona (4)	49	49	49	49	-	47½	50
2,000	Canadian Pacific (10)	144¾	146⅜	145¼	145½	- 1⅛	145	146
400	Case (J. I.) Plow	1½	1½	1	1	-	1	1
1,000	Central Leather Co.	20¾	20¾	20¼	20¼	+ ⅛	20	20¼
300	Central Leather Co. pf.	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	-	82½	83¾
100	Cent. R. of N. J. (12)	184¾	184¾	184¾	184¾	+ 5¾	180	185
600	Cerro de Pasco Cop. (1)	39¾	39¾	39	39	-	38¾	39½
1,300	Chandler Motor (6)	51	52	51	51	- ⅛	50	51
300	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	60¼	60¼	59½	59½	- ⅛	59¾	60
100	Ches. & Ohio pf. (6)	97½	97½	97½	97½	+ 1½	97	98½
200	Chicago & Alton	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	-	2½	2¾
100	Chicago & Alton pf.	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	-	4¼	4¾
600	Chicago & Eastern Ill.	28	28½	26	26	+ 1	26	26¾
400	Chicago & Eastern Ill. pf.	49	49	48¾	49	+ 1	48¼	49
100	Chicago Great Western	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	- ⅛	4¼	4½
3,100	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	19¼	19¾	19	19	-	18½	19⅜
2,900	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	32¾	33	32¼	32¼	+ ⅛	32	32⅝
1,900	Chicago & Northwest.	71	71¾	70¾	71	-	70¾	71¼
200	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific.	24¼	24¾	24¼	24½	-	24	24½
200	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (7)	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	+ ⅛	80	81½
100	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (7)	71¾	72	71¾	71¾	-	71½	72½
100	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf. (7)	98	98	98	98	+ 2½	95	99
2,800	Chile Copper (2½)	25¾	26¼	25¼	25¼	- ⅜	25½	25⅝
1,500	Chino Copper	16	16¼	15¾	15¾	- ⅛	15¾	16
100	Cluett, Peabody (5)	61	61	61	61	+ 1	61	62
200	Coca-Cola (7)	77¼	77¾	77¼	77¼	+ ⅛	77	77½
300	Colorado Fuel & Iron	28	28	28	28	-	27½	28
200	Colorado Southern (3)	28	28	28	28	-	27¾	29½
200	Col. Gas & El. old (7.50)	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	-	95	96
1,400	Columbia Gas & El. (2.60)	82	83	81¾	82	- ⅜	81¾	82¼
2,500	Columbia Graphophone	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	-	⅞	1
100	Columbian Carbon (4)	46½	46⅝	46½	46⅝	-	46	46⅞
400	Commercial Solvents A.	25½	28	25½	28	-	28	30
100	Commercial Solvents B.	21	21	21	21	+ 2	23	33
1,000	Comput. Tab. Record. (6)	70¾	72¼	70¾	72¼	+ 1½	72	73
2,800	Consolidated Gas (5)	60¾	60¾	59¾	59¾	- ⅜	59½	60
600	Consolidated Textile	7½	7½	7½	7½	-	7½	8
7,200	Continental Can (3)	45	46¾	45	46¾	+ 1½	46	46¼
200	Continental Motors	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	-	7⅜	7⅝
12,300	Corn Products Ref. (7½)	120	121	117⅝	118⅛	- 1⅝	118	119½
10,500	Cosden Oil (4)	40	40¼	39¾	39¾	-	39¾	39½
2,300	Crucible Steel (6)	94½	95⅝	94	94¾	- ⅛	94	95
1,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	11¼	11⅜	11¼	11¼	+ ⅛	11	11⅜
900	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	42	42	42	42	-	41¼	43
2,500	Cuban American Sugar	27¾	27¾	26¾	26¾	- ⅛	26¾	27
300	Cuban Dominican Sugar	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	-	4⅝	4¾
100	Cuyamel Fruit (1)	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾	- ⅛	55	56¾
6,000	Davison Chemical	34⅛	34⅝	32¾	32¾	- 2⅜	32¾	32½
200	De Beers Mines	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	-	22⅜	23½
17,200	Delaware & Hudson (9)	97⅝	100⅞	95	100¼	+ 4⅝	100	100⅞
100	Detroit Edison Co. (8)	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	-	102	102⅞
700	Dome Mines (4)	35¾	36¼	35¾	35¾	-	39¾	40
200	Douglas-Pectin (1)	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	-	13½	13⅞
2,700	Du Pont de Nemours (6)	115¾	118¾	114¾	116	+ ¾	115¾	116¼
100	Du Pont de Nem. deb. (6)	85	85	85	85	+ 1	83	85
100	Eastman Kodak (17½)	104½	104½	104½	104½	+ ½	104	105
400	Elec. Storage Bat. (1¾)	56	56	55¾	55¾	- ⅛	54	56
200	Endicott-Johnson (5)	87	87¼	87	87	-	86	87½
100	End.-Johnson pf. (7)	114¾	114¾	114¾	114¾	-	114	115
1,200	Erie	11⅝	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	-	11⅝	11⅞
800	Erie 1st pf.	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	+ ⅛	18¾	18½
3,100	Fam. Players-Lasky (8)	72¾	74	72¾	73¾	+ 1	72¾	72¾
100	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf. (7)	38	38	38	38	+ 2	37	38½
200	Fid.-Phenix Fire Ins. (9)	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾	- ⅜	109	113
100	Fifth Avenue Bus (6&c)	5½	5½	5½	5½	-	5	5½
800	Fisk Rubber	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	-	8	8½
800	Fleischmann Co. (2)	42	42⅜	42	42⅜	+ ⅛	42	42⅜
600	Foundation Co. (6)	67	68	67	68	+ 1	66	68
1,300	Freeport-Texas	11	11	10⅝	10⅝	-	10⅝	10⅞
2,000	Gen. Asph. Tank Car (3)	45¾	45¾	44⅞	44⅞	+ ⅛	44	45
400	General Asphalt	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾	-	28¾	29¾
200	General Electric (6)	176	176	175¼	176¾	+ ¾	174	175¾
7,100	General Motors (1.20)	13⅜	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝	+ ⅛	13⅜	13⅝
100	Gen. Motors deb. ex d.(6)	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	+ ⅛	80¾	80¾
200	Gimbel Brothers	41¼	41¾	41¼	41¼	-	42	44
1,600	Goodrich (B. F.)	23	23¾	23	23¾	+ ⅛	23	23¾
400	Goodyear T. & Rubber pf	46	46	44	46	+ 1	43	50
300	Granby Consol	17⅛	18	17¼	17¾	+ 1	17⅛	18
1,400	Great Northern pf. (5)	67	67	67	66½	-	66	66⅝
800	Do ctfs. for ore prop. (2)	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	-	26¾	26¾
100	Greene-Cananea Copper	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	-	17⅝	21
200	Guantanamo Sugar	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	-

Exempt from Federal Income Taxes

$100,000
Huntington, N. Y., 4½s
(School Dist.)
Price to Yield 4.20%

$25,000
Eastwood, N. Y., 4½s
Price to Yield 4.25%—4.30%

$40,000
Hidalgo County, Texas, 6s
Warrants
Price to Yield 5%

Send for Circular T-8

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

Consolidated Gas Co. System

Northern Union Gas Company
1st 5s, due Nov. 1, 1927

ASSETS: Conservative value of property covered by this first mortgage is equivalent to about $7,000 for each $1,000 bond outstanding.

EARNINGS: For 1922, interest on these bonds was earned more than 5 times over.

Price 93½
To Yield 6.70%

Detailed description on request

Wm. Carnegie Ewen
Investment Securities
2 Wall Street New York
Telephone Rector 3273-4

Odd Lots

Trading in Odd Lots of listed securities offers diversification and safety to both the large and small investor.

We have prepared an interesting booklet which explains the many advantages offered by Odd Lot Trading on the New York Stock Exchange.

Copy furnished on request.

Ask for T-203

100 Share Lots

Curb Securities Bought or Sold For Cash

John Muir & Co.
Members {New York Stock Exchange, New York Curb Exchange, N.Y. Coffee & Sugar Exchange}
61 Broadway New York

TEN REASONS
why we recommend
Electric Bond & Share Co.
6% Cumulative Preferred Stock
as a premier investment

are given in our circular which we will be glad to send to investors upon request.

All of the Company's Common Stock, which is now outstanding to an amount of $20,000,000, is owned by the

General Electric Co.

and has regularly paid dividends of not less than 8% per annum since 1909.

L. F. Rothschild & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway New York

Railroad and Equipment BONDS

GRAHAM, PARSONS & CO.
PHILADELPHIA 420 Chestnut St. NEW YORK 30 Pine St.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1923.

	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
Day's sales:					
U. S. Government bonds	$2,360,250	$3,512,400	$7,284,000	$6,256,950	$7,003,900
Other domestic bonds	5,779,000	5,779,500	2,619,000	2,087,000	2,339,000
Foreign bonds	980,000	4,479,000	881,500	914,000	421,500
Total all bonds	$7,619,250	$13,770,900	$10,784,500	$9,257,950	$9,764,400
Year to date:					
U. S. Government bonds	$453,356,200	$1,030,489,355	$1,006,557,680	$1,624,467,500	$1,241,185,100
Other domestic bonds	897,808,100	1,041,308,700	442,485,200	304,466,500	295,129,489
Foreign bonds	271,900,400	345,755,800	160,036,700	160,228,300	176,045,000
Total all bonds	$1,622,654,760	$2,417,554,855	$1,609,079,580	$2,089,162,300	$1,712,359,589

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range since Date of Issue High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range, 1923 High.	Low.	Sales	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
102.1	Oct. 19,'22	98.1	June 8,'23	101.30	100.12	225	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	100.13	100.13	100.12	100.12	..	100.12	100.13	3.97
101.30	Oct. 19,'22	98.6	July 11,'23	101.28	100.10	..	Liberty 3½s, registered	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
101.16	July 22,'22	98.08	May 19,'23	98.30	97.3	5	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	98.15	98.15	98.10	98.10	+.4	98.7	98.11	4.11
101.10	July 24,'22	98.22	May 19,'23	98.31	97.4	..	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
100.30	July 24,'22	97.12	May 19,'23	98.23	96.12	..	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-42	..	..	..	..	..	98.6	98.11	4.18
100.18	July 14,'22	97.12	May 21,'23	98.10	96.16	4	Lib. 2d cv. 4s, 1927-42	98.9	98.9	98.9	98.9	+.10	97.10	98.10	..
102.00	July 18,'23	99.00	June 7,'23	100.00	97.8	..	Lib. 1st 4½s, 1932-47	..	..	..	..	..	98.10	98.15	4.36
101.26	July 18,'23	98.6	May 21,'23	98.22	96.11	65	Lib. 1st cv. 4½s, 1932-47	98.11	98.15	98.11	98.11	..	98.10	98.15	4.36
101.10	July 24,'23	98.6	July 10,'23	98.30	..	..	Lib. 1st cv. 4½s, 1932-47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
101.00	July 24,'23	98.00	July 10,'23	98.30	..	..	Lib. 2d cv. 4½s, 1927-42	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
101.00	July 23,'23	98.12	May 22,'23	98.30	96.24	488	Lib. 2d cv. 4½s, 1927-42	98.31	98.31	98.30	98.30	+.5	98.30	98.31	4.36
100.22	July 21,'23	98.08	May 21,'23	98.31	96.24	1	Lib. 3d cv. 4½s, 1928	98.31	98.31	98.30	98.30	+.5	98.30	98.31	4.36
101.00	July 20,'23	98.30	Dec. 19,'22	98.30	1.30½		Liberty 4¼s, 1933-38	98.10	98.10	98.10	98.10	+.4	98.34	98.35	4.36
100.27	July 20,'23	98.14	May 19,'23	98.30	97.17	3	Lib. 1st 4½s, reg.	98.10	98.30	98.10	98.30	+.5	..	..	..
101.27	July 27,'23	98.00	May 20,'23	98.6	96.27	654	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	98.12	98.12	98.11	98.11	+.4	98.11	98.12	4.10
101.04	July 25,'23	98.12	May 19,'23	98.30	96.26	21	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg.	98.10	98.13	98.10	98.11	+.4	..	..	..
100.4	Oct. 19,'22	98.1	Mar. 27,'23	100.1	99.1	66	Treasury 4½s, 1947-52	99.30	99.30	99.30	99.30	+.5	99.34	99.35	4.27
100.06	Feb. 14,'15	98.30	Apr. 25,'23	100.00	98.20		Treasury 4¼s, reg.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Beginning March 31, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1923 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s, 1945 ... Aust. Govt. 4½s, 1945 ... Belgian 6s, 1925 ... Bordeaux (City of) 5s, 1934 ... Brazil 8s, 1941 ... Canada 5s, 1926 ... Chilean 8s, 1941 ... Chinese Ry 5s, 1951 ... City of Berne 5s, 1945 ... City of Bord'x 6s, 1934 ... City of Copenhagen 5½s, 1948 ... Am Smelt & Ref 1st 6s, 1947 ... Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929 ... Am Wat Wks & Elec col 5s, 1934 ... Am Wr Pap 7s, 1939 ... Ans Mg 1st s f 6½, Ser A, 1950, temp ctfs ... Ann Arb 1st 4s, 1995 ... Ash Land Cl 1st 5s, 1925 ... Atl Gulf & W I SS Col 5s, 1959 ... Aust Govt 5½s, 1945 ... Bklyn Edison Gen 5s, Ser A, 1949 ... Bklyn Un El 1st 5s, 1950 ... Bklyn Un Gas conv 7s, 1952 ... Bush Term Co 1st 4s, 1952 ... Canadian Nor 7s, 1940 ... Canadian Pac deb 4s ... Cent Leather 5s, 1925 ... Cent Pacific 1st 4s, 1949 ... Chic & Alton cv 5s, 1960 ... Chic Rock Isl & Pac cv 4½s, 1960 ... Chic Un Sta 1st 4½s, Ser A, 1963 ... Chile Copper 5s, 1947 ... Colo Fuel & Iron 5s, 1943 ... Colo Indust 5s, 1934 ... Colo & So 4½s, 1980 ... Colo & So cv 4s, 1946 ... Colo & So gen 4½s, 1935 ... Col & Tol 1st 4s, 1955 ... Cuba Nor Ry 5½s, 1942 ... Cuba RR 1st 5s, 1952 ... Cuba Cane Sug 7s, 1930 ... Cuba Cane Sug cv 7s, 1944 ... Cuba Cane Sug cv 8s, 1944 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1931 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1942 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1946 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1947 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1948 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1949 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1950 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1951 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1952 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1953 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1954 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1955 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1956 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1957 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1958 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1959 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1960 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1961 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1962 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1963 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1964 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1965 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1966 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1967 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1968 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1969 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1970 ... Cuba Cane Sug 8s, 1971 ... 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Continued on Page Twenty-Five.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

Ajax Rubber s f 8s, 1928 ... Ala Mid 5s, 1928 ... Ash Land Cl 1st 5s, 1925 ... Ash Wks Cn cv 6s, 1925 ... Atl Gulf & W I SS Col 5s, 1959 ... Am Cot Oil 5s, 1931 ... Am Hide & Lea 6s, 1951 ... Am Smelt & Ref 1st 6s, 1947 ... Am Sug Ref temp 6s, 1937 ... Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929 ... Am Wat Wks & Elec col 5s, 1934 ... Am Wr Pap 7s, 1939 ... Ans Mg 1st s f 6½, Ser A, 1950, temp ctfs ... Armour & Co 4½s, 1939 ... Ash Land 1st 4s, 1995 ... Atl Gulf & W I SS Col 5s, 1959 ... Aust Govt 5½s, 1945 ... Bklyn Edison Gen 5s, Ser A, 1949 ... Bklyn Un El 1st 5s, 1950 ... Bklyn Un Gas conv 7s, 1952 ... Bush Term Co 1st 4s, 1952 ... Canadian Nor 7s, 1940 ... Canadian Pac deb 4s ... Cent Leather 5s, 1925 ... Cent Pacific 1st 4s, 1949 ... Chic & Alton cv 5s, 1960 ... Chic Rock Isl & Pac cv 4½s, 1960 ... Chic Un Sta 1st 4½s, Ser A, 1963 ... Chile Copper 5s, 1947 ... Colo Fuel & Iron 5s, 1943 ... Colo Indust 5s, 1934 ... Colo & So 4½s, 1980 ... Colo & So cv 4s, 1946 ... Colo & So gen 4½s, 1935 ... 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NEW ISSUE

$1,050,000

Ramsey County, Minnesota

(City of St. Paul, County Seat)

4¼% Coupon Bonds

Dated August 1, 1923 — Due serially August 1, as below

Principal and semi-annual interest (February 1 and August 1) payable in New York City. Coupon bonds with privilege of registration as to principal only. Denomination of $1,000 except $50,000 in $500 pieces.

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes and Tax Exempt in Minnesota

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
(As officially reported)

Actual Value of Taxable Property (estimated), 1922	$489,760,766
Assessed Valuation of Taxable Property, 1922	238,063,461
Total Bonded Debt, including this issue	2,503,763
Sinking Fund	99,800
NET BONDED DEBT	$ 2,403,963

Net Bonded Debt About 1% of Assessed Valuation

Population, 1920 Census 244,544

RAMSEY COUNTY, incorporated in 1849, includes the City of St. Paul, which is the County Seat, and also the capital of Minnesota.

THESE BONDS are a direct obligation of the entire County. The principal and interest are payable from an unlimited ad valorem tax on all the taxable property therein. $1,000,000 are issued for the construction of roads and bridges, and $50,000 for a bathing beach.

MATURITIES AND PRICES

Amount	Due	Price	Yield	Amount	Due	Price	Yield
$41,000	1924	100.15	4.60%	$50,000	1934	103.03	4.40%
42,500	1925	100.28	4.60	52,000	1935	103.24	4.40
45,000	1926	100.42	4.60	54,000	1936	103.44	4.40
46,500	1927	100.54	4.60	56,000	1937	103.63	4.40
49,000	1928	100.66	4.60	59,000	1938	103.81	4.40
40,000	1929	101.30	4.50	62,000	1939	103.99	4.40
42,000	1930	101.43	4.50	64,000	1940	104.16	4.40
43,000	1931	101.66	4.50	67,000	1941	104.32	4.40
45,000	1932	101.83	4.50	71,000	1942	104.48	4.40
47,000	1933	102.81	4.40	74,000	1943	104.62	4.40

Accrued interest to date of delivery to be added to above prices.

Estabrook & Co.
New York

Hannahs, Ballin & Lee
New York

The Northern Trust Co.
Chicago

The Minnesota Loan & Trust Co.
Minneapolis

Exempt from Normal Federal Income Taxation

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company

(Subsidiary of American Telephone and Telegraph Company)

7% Cumulative Preferred Stock

Preferred as to Assets and Dividends over Common Stock

Redeemable as a whole or in part at $105 per share and accrued dividend up to and including April 1, 1925, and thereafter up to and including April 1, 1930, at $110, and thereafter at $115. Additional Preferred Stock can be issued only with the approval and authorization of the Public Service Commission of Missouri.

PAR VALUE $100

Business:

Incorporated in Missouri in 1882, the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company is one of the large constituent companies making up the Bell Telephone System in the United States. It directly owns and operates the properties of the Bell Telephone System throughout the States of Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Oklahoma, substantially all of Texas and a small part of Illinois. As of May 31, 1923, the Company operated 743,313 telephone stations.

Earnings:

For the year 1922, the net income of the Company was nearly five times the dividend requirements of the total amount of Preferred Stock now outstanding, and for the three years 1920 to 1922 inclusive, averaged approximately 3¼ times such dividend requirements.

Reserves and Surplus:

For the five years ended December 31, 1922, additions to reserves and surplus amounting to more than $15,000,000 were invested in extensions to plant, preserving and increasing the shareholders' equity in the property. The properties of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company have been well maintained and are in excellent physical and operating condition.

Price at the Market

Yielding about 6.85%

Because of the excellent management and satisfactory earnings of this property, and because of the essential nature of telephone service, we consider this stock very attractive, and recommend it for investment.

William R. Compton Company
Investment Bonds
14 Wall Street, New York
St. Louis, Cincinnati — Chicago, New Orleans

The above information and statistics are not guaranteed, but have been obtained from sources which we believe to be accurate.

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Bank & Trust Company Stocks
CLINTON GILBERT
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SUGAR SECURITIES

Caracas Sugar
Central Aguirre Sugar
Fajardo Sugar
Federal Sugar Refining
National Sugar Ref'ng.
New Niquero Sugar
Savannah Sugar Ref'ng.
Savannah Sugar Pfd.
Sug. Est. of Oriente Pfd.

We are prepared to supplement quotations with all information at our disposal.

FARR & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
133 Front St. (Cor. Pine)
Telephone John 6428

Free from all Federal Income Taxes

New Issues:

$60,000
Portsmouth, Ohio
5% Water Works Extension Bonds
Due Serially Nov. 1, 1925-1944
Maturities 1925-33 to yield 4.80%
Maturities 1934-44 to yield 4.75%

$30,000
Portsmouth, Ohio
5% City School District Bonds
Due Serially Dec. 1, 1925-1943
Maturities 1925-28 to yield 4.80%
Maturities 1929-43 to yield 4.70%

Portsmouth, with an official estimated population of 41,623, is County Seat of Scioto County.

Both issues are General Obligation Bonds, approved by Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, Attorneys, Cleveland, Ohio.

Descriptive circulars sent upon request.

Prudden & Company
115 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 5037

5½% Plus Guaranteed Safety

Another series of brokerage failures will cause many investors to seek safety rather than speculative possibilities which seldom materialize.

Your money will grow faster eventually when invested in Home Title Guaranteed First Mortgage or Certificates.

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Proc. & Gam. Com. & Pfds.
Sherwin, Wms. Com. & Pfd.
Southwestern Bell Tel. Pfd.
Ohio Bell Tel. Pfd.
F'stone T. & R. of Cap. 7s, '37

United Securities Dept.

OTIS & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
11 Wall St. Telephone: 9000 Whitehall

Howe, Snow & Bertles
Incorporated
120 Broadway Tel. Rector 6620
"Current Bond List"
Sent on Request
Grand Rapids Detroit

Investment Bonds

Stacy & Braun
14 Wall St. New York

LOAN TO GERMANY NOT CONTEMPLATED

Bankers Going Abroad Deny Report That Consideration Is Given Such Move.

REPARATIONS TANGLE A BAR

When Financial Aid Is Offered European Underwriters Will Take a Share.

The fact that a number of New York bankers have either visited Europe this Summer or are about to leave for Europe gave rise yesterday to a report that consideration is being given to a German Government loan. Inquiry at a number of offices, however, brought forth strong denials of this report, and it was said that no consideration could be given to such a loan until the reparations problem had been solved.

Charles H. Sabin, Chairman of the Guaranty Trust Company, and Francis H. Sisson, Vice President of the same institution, will sail next week for Europe and this fact, according to the report which was heard in Wall Street yesterday, was linked up with the rumor that they would sound out the possibilities for such a loan, acting in behalf of a group of New York bankers. It was suggested that the recent departure of Otto H. Kahn, one of the senior partners of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., was also in connection with a contemplated German loan.

Mr. Sabin yesterday said he would go to Paris and had no intention of visiting Germany, at least in respect to a prospective loan. He branded the report as extremely premature and said he as an individual had not even considered it at this time. A great deal of work, he said, remains to be done before a German loan could become attractive, and until the reparations problem is out of the way there is no likelihood of American bankers considering such a proposition. While in Europe, he said, he would visit some of the foreign branches of the Guaranty Trust Company and would mix a little sight-seeing in with business.

Mr. Sisson said he would visit England and intended to study the European situation in so doing although his trip, he said, was entirely of a vacational nature and was not to be construed as a business trip in any respect.

At the time of Mr. Kahn's departure, he explained that his trip was one of the regular European travels that he enjoys each year and, although not asked specifically if he were to consider the possibility of a German loan, suggested that such a loan now seemed out of the question.

Replies of a similar tenor were made by officers of J. P. Morgan & Co. and the National City Bank. J. P. Morgan and Thomas W. Lamont, following the successful flotation of the Austrian loan, said their attitude toward a German loan was unchanged from that expressed by Mr. Morgan following a conference of bankers in Paris more than a year ago. At that time Mr. Morgan said Germany would have to undergo a thorough process of rehabilitation before she would be in a position to justify a loan and that the reparations problem would naturally have to be disposed of before such a development could take place. Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Bank, asserted yesterday that the institution which he represents had not even given the problem study, owing to the fact that so much remains to be done by Germany before she can hope to induce the world to advance money for her reconstruction.

When a loan to Germany does come through, as bankers insist that it will in the course of time, it will be in proportions approaching if not exceeding a billion dollars and will be handled by underwriters representing probably every country in Europe and also the United States. Bankers are watching developments in the Ruhr closely and following a settlement of that enterprise which it is expected will be coupled with a solution also of the entire reparations problem the next step in world reconstruction will be through a German loan.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Alum. Co., Am.	7	Nov., 1926	105¾	106¼	5.95
Alum. Co., Am.	7	Oct., 1933	105⅞	106¼	6.20
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep. 2, 1924	91	93	...
Am. Sum. Tob.	7½	June, 1925	96	96	8.60
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	100¼	100⅜	4.65
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	101¾	102¼	5.58
Anac. Cop. Co.	6	Jan., 1929	100½	101¼	5.60
Anac. Cop. Co.	6	Feb., 1953	96½	96¾	6.28
Anac. Cop. Co.	7	Feb., 1933	99¾	100	7.10
Angio-American Oil Co., Ltd.	7¼	Apr., 1925	102	102¾	5.93
Armour & Co.	5½	Jan., 1943	85	86	7.25
B. & O. R. R.	6	Apr., 1926	100¼	100¾	5.40
Bell Tel., Can.	7	Apr., 1925	102	102¾	5.76
Bell Tel., Pa.		Jan., 1948	97	97¼	5.25
Beth. Steel	6	Aug., 1940	98	98¼	6.06
Braden Cop. M.	8	Feb., 1931	93¼	95	6.25
Can. Nor. Ry.	5½	Dec., 1924	100	100¼	5.20
Cent. Agency	6	Feb., 1927	97½	98¾	6.40
Central Leather 1st lien	5	Apr., 1925	98¼	99¾	5.80
Empire G. & E. (Emp. Coke)	7	May, 1925	98¾	99¾	7.10
Federal Sugar	6	May, 1953	90¾	99¾	6.55
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	100¾	100¾	5.25
K. C. Term.	6	Nov. 15, '23	100¾	100¾	4.90
Ken. Cop. Co.	7	Feb., 1930	102½	103	6.25
Natl. Leather	8	Nov. 15, '25	98	100	8.00
Sears, R. & Co.	5	Oct. 15, '23	102¾	103¾	4.00
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	100¾	100¾	6.80
Sinc. C. Oil		Feb. 15, '26	96¼	97¼	7.72
Sloss-Sh. S. & I.	6	Aug. 15, '29	96¾	97¼	6.50
Solvay Co.	5	Oct., 1927	104¾	105	6.65
St. Paul U. & D.	5½	Dec. 15, '23	100¼	100¾	4.37
Swift & Co.	5	Oct., 1933	91	91½	6.15
S. O. of N. Y.	6½	May, 1933	106	106	5.70
Surf Oil	6	June, 1925	100	100¾	5.85
U. S. Rubber	5	Jan., 1947	85¼	85¾	6.14
Vacuum Oil	8	Apr., 1926	105¾	106¼	6.25
Westinghouse El. Mfg.	7	May, 1931	107	107¾	5.85

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
America	230	238	Fifth Av.	1200	...
Amer. Exch.	244	250	Fifth	235	245
Bank of U. S.	160	170	First	190	...
Battery	190	195	Garfield	260	270
Bowery	180	...	Gotham	182	189
Bryant Park	160	170	Greenwich	290	310
Bway Cent.	120	140	Hanover	675	...
Bronx Boro.	175	...	Harriman	335	345
Bronx Nat.	130	150	Imp. & Trad.	750	...
Butchers & D.	130	140	Manhat. Co.	142	147
Chase	340	345	Mech. & Met.	325	330
Chatham & P.	252	257	Mutual	320	...
Chelsea Ex.	80	90	Nat. Amer.	135	145
Chemical	530	540	New Neth.	132	...
City	245	250	Pacific	370	...
Coal & Iron	214	...	Park	415	422
Colonial	315	...	Public	290	295
Columbia	290	...	Seaboard	350	...
Commerce	230	232	5th Av. Bank	95	95
Con. Wealth	256	260	Standard	170	185
Continental	135	...	State	310	...
Corn Exch.	427	432	23d Ward	205	...
Cosmopolitan	105	120	Wash. Hts.	205	...
East River	300	...	Yorkville	600	...

Trust and Surety Companies.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alliance	97	101	Kings County	800	...
Amer. Surety	94	96	Lawyers Mtg.	150	160
Bk. N. Y. & T.	465	475	Lawyers Title	180	190
Bankers	254	259	M'f'acturers	270	...
Band & Mtg.	265	275	Metropolitan	294	300
Brooklyn	470	...	Nat. Surety	156	161
Cent. Union	460	470	New York	339	345
Commercial	115	...	N. Y. T. & M.	188	190
Empire	300	315	People's	405	...
Equitable	187	190	Realty Assoc.	160	170
Farm. L. & T.	522	...	Title Guar.	355	365
Fidelity Intl.	198	202	Unit. States	1200	1230
Fulton	305	...	U. S. Mtg.	208	...
Guaranty	250	255	West. T. & T.	210	...
Hudson	205	...	Westchester	195	...
Irving-Col.	315	320			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yester-day.	Fri-day.
	Bid. Asked.	Bid.
4½s, December, 1971	104⅝ 105⅛	104⅝
4½s, June, 1965	104⅛ 105⅛	104⅛
4½s, July, 1967	104⅛ 105⅛	104⅛
4½s, March, 1963	104⅛ 105⅛	104⅛
4½s, May, 1957	104⅛ 105	104⅛
4½s, November, 1957	104⅛ 105	104⅛
4½s, March, 1960-30	103 104¾	103
4½s, April, 1960	103 104¾	103
4½s, March, 1964	100¼ 100⅝	100¼
4½s, March, 1962	100¼ 100⅝	100¼
4½s, September, 1957	100¼ 100⅝	100¼
4s, November, 1963	98¼ 98¾	98¼
4s, November, 1956	98 98	98
4s, May, 1959	98¼ 98⅝	98¼
3½s, May, 1954	89¾ 87⅞	89¾
3½s, November, 1954	89¼ 87½	89⅛

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s, 1940-1946	4.60	4.40
4½s, 1933-1963	4.55	4.35
4s, 1933-1959	4.65	4.45

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

German Marks Decline to Record Low Point — London and Continentals Strong.

Aside from the break in the German mark to another record low point for all time at 5% ten-thousandths of a cent, or at the value of 296,300 marks for the dollar, other European exchanges after an irregular start firmed up on large size supporting orders and registered substantial gains over Saturday's final rates at the close. The decline in marks was attributable, of course, to the heavy offerings of Berlin remittances which followed publication of the statement of the Reichsbank showing the enormous increase in circulation of more than four trillion marks, with a decline, too, in gold holdings approximating 40,000,000 marks.

The start of London and the Continent was unsteady, some rates showing slight advances and others small recessions from previous closing, but the turn which came at midday brought sterling up to $4.56⅝, an advance of ¼ cent; French francs went to 5.90 cents from 5.80; Italian improved 6⅝ points to 4.22, with Holland, Spanish, Belgian and Swiss bills reporting recovery. Scandinavians, alone, were weak, with reactions in Norway, Denmark and Sweden.

Far Eastern improved on higher silver prices, with slight losses in the South Americans. The Canadian dollar touched a new low at 97.31 cents, after having been down in early trading as low as a discount of 3 per cent.

Foreign Exchange.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1923.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Saturday's Final.
LONDON	$4.56⅝	$4.56⅛	$4.56⅜	$4.56⅛
PARIS	5.90	5.80	5.80	5.80
ROME	4.26	4.21¼	4.26	4.21¼
AMSTERDAM	39.16	39.13	39.15	39.11
BERLIN	.0003⅝	.0003⅜	.0003⅜	.0004⅜
MADRID	14.35	14.33	14.38	14.36
STOCKHOLM	26.44	26.37	26.37	26.42

Closing Rates.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

EUROPE.

	Monday.	Saturday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅝ per sovereign.				
Demand	4.56⅜	4.56⅛	4.56⅝	4.43⅞
Cables	4.56⅝	4.56⅜	4.56⅞	4.44⅛
Com., 60 days	4.55⅛	4.54⅝	4.55⅛	4.41⅝
Com., 90 days	4.51¼	4.51⅜	4.53⅜	4.40⅝
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.89	5.80	5.90½	7.89½
Cables	5.89½	5.80½	5.91	7.90
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.26	4.21¼	4.33⅛	4.44⅛
Cables	4.26⅛	4.22	4.34	4.45
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	4.86⅛	4.79½	5.01	7.59
Cables	4.80	4.80	5.01⅛	7.59⅛
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0003⅝	.0004⅜	.0005⅝	.19⅝
Cables	.0003⅞	.0004⅜	.0005⅝	.19⅝
AUSTRIA—Par 20.8 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014¼	.0014¼	.0014¼	.0045
Cables	.0014⅜	.0014¼	.0014¼	.0045
CZECHOSLOVAKIA — Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	3.02¼	3.03	3.03⅜	2.95
Cables	3.02⅝	3.03	3.03⅝	2.95
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	17.52	17.53	17.53	21.55
Cables	17.55	17.55	17.55	21.60
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.76	2.76	2.75½	2.17
Cables	2.76	2.76	2.75½	2.18
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	3.20	3.20	3.10	3.20
Cables	3.23	3.23	3.13	3.25
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.13	39.11	39.06	38.75
Cables	39.17	39.15	39.10	38.90
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0115¼	.0115¼	.0115	.08
Cables	.0115⅝	.0115¼	.0115	.08⅛
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	.0115¼	.0117	.0115	.08⅝
Cables	.0115⅝	.0117	.0115	.09⅛
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	14.17	14.22	14.32	16.42
Cables	14.20	14.25	14.35	16.47
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0007	.0008¾	.0009	.02
Cables	.0007	.0008¾	.0009	.02
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.50¾	.50¼	.53¾	.56¼
Cables	.50¾	.50½	.50¾	.56¼
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	14.38	14.36	14.18	15.59
Cables	14.40	14.38	14.20	15.61
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	26.37	26.42	26.37	25.82
Cables	26.40	26.45	26.40	25.87
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	17.09	17.05	17.44	19.13
Cables	17.23	17.07	17.46	19.18
FAR EAST.				
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong:				
Demand	52.63	52.13	52.375	58.125
Cables	52.75	52.25	52.50	58.375
Peking:				
Demand	73.625	73.375	73.75	82.00
Shanghai:				
Demand	71.13	70.13	70.375	78.125
Cables	71.25	70.25	70.50	78.375
INDIA—Calcutta: cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	30.68	30.63	30.68	38.81
Cables	30.80	30.75	30.80	39.06
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.25	49.25	49.25	50.00
Cables	49.50	49.50	49.50	50.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.875	39.125	39.00	38.625
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	46.68	45.78	46.81	47.625
Cables	46.80	46.90	46.96	47.875
SOUTH AMERICA.				
ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	34.30	34.40	35.25	36.00
Cables	34.40	34.50	35.35	36.05
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	10.40	10.50	10.80	12.75
Cables	10.45	10.55	10.95	12.80
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	12.70	12.75	13.05	12.97
Cables	12.75	12.80	13.10	13.00
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Checks	4.25	4.25	4.30	4.04
Cables	4.26	4.26	4.31	4.07
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	81.30	81.30	81.96	81.78
Cables	81.65	81.65	82.31	81.97
CANADA.				
MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	97.11	97.33	97.62	98.8

RUSSIAN CURRENCY.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:
Par, 51.40 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.07⅜	.15⅛
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.02	.02⅛

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

Arg. (unlisted)	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (recission)	5	Sep., 1945	75⅝	76⅜
Belgian Prom.	4	1926	85	87
Belgian (restor'n)	5	1920	44	46
Bergen	5	Sep., 1945	43	45
Brazil	4	1889	37⅛	38¼
Brazil	4½	1883	45⅛	45⅞
Brazil	5	1895	46	48
Brandi	4	1911	37	39
British Victory	5	Sep., 1919	93⅝	93⅞
British Fund	4	Mar., 1960	83	86
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., 1927	97	100
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1947-42	97	100
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1929	92	95
Brit. Exchequer	5¾	1929	98	99
Canada	5	1967	99¼	100¼
Canada	5¼	Nov., 1963	102¼	102¾
Chile 1st	5	1911	75	77
City of Pelotas	6	1911	85½	87½
Colombia	6	1918	99¼	99¾
Costa Rica	5	1911	85	88
Cuba	5	1923	94	97
French Gov. Vic.	5	Jan., 1961	42	44
French Loan	4	1917	35	37
French Loan	6	1920	51	53
French Loan	5	May., 1959	51	53
Ital. War Loan	5		35	37
Mtge R. R.	6	1960	51	53
Paris-Orl. R. R.	6	1956	51	53
Russ. External	5½	Dec., 1921	9	10¼
Do (Nat City Bank cfts)			9	10¼
Russ. External	6½	Dec., 1919	9	10¼
Do (Nat City Bank cfts)			9	10¼
Russ. ruble bonds	5½	Feb., 1920	4	15
Russ. rentes of 1894	4		3	6
Russ. Ry. certs.	6		6½	7½
Sweden	6	June, 1939	104¼	104⅝
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	99¾	100¼
Uruguay	5	1919	67	70

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ½d up at 31¾d per ounce; New York price ⅜c higher at 63⅝c.

Range for 1923:	Highest.	Lowest.
London	31½d Apr. 20	30¼d Feb. 2
New York	63⅝c Mar. 27	62⅝c July 2
Range for 1922:		
London	37¾d May 22	30¼d Dec. 15
New York	72⅛c May 22	60⅝c Dec. 15

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	58.54	58.00	58.15	— .07
25 industrials	106.17	102.21	105.32	— .14
50 stocks	80.95	80.10	80.23	— .11

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
July 7	80.46	79.75	80.34	+ .72
July 6	79.90	79.23	79.62	+ .70
July 5	79.18	77.82	78.92	+ .19
July 4	Holiday.			
July 3	80.01	78.43	78.73	— .35
July 2	79.70	78.00	79.58	+1.00

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

July.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1923.	80.46	July 9	77.82	July 5	80.23
1923.	84.50	July 31	70.80	July 5	83.87
1921.	65.60	July 7	61.54	July 15	63.76
1920.	86.06	July 9	73.17	July 27	79.34
1919.	93.56	July 17	86.19	July 1	88.83

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1923.	92.52	Mar. 6	77.82	July 5	80.23
†1922.	82.17	July 7	66.21	Jan. 10	80.63
Full Years.					
1922.	92.06	Oct. 18	66.21	Jan. 10	86.58
1921.	73.13	May 6	58.35	June 21	68.50
1920.	94.07	Apr. 8	67.20	Dec. 22	67.90
1919.	98.47	Oct. 31	80.73	Jan. 31	80.62
1918.	90.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	78.39

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	76.29	+.15	—1.57	—4.27

DAILY RANGE OF DOMESTIC BONDS.

July 7	76.14	+.08	July 2	76.02	—.12
July 6	76.06	+.11	June 30	76.14	+.03
July 5	75.95	—.23	June 29	76.12	+.00
July 4	Holiday.		June 28	76.03	—.15
July 3	76.18	+.16	June 27	76.18	—.39

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1923.	79.40	Feb. 14	75.95	July 5	76.29
†1922.	80.58	May 2	66.21	Jan. 10	80.56
Full Years.					
1922.	82.54	Aug. 22	75.01	Jan. 3	79.12
1921.	76.31	Nov. 29	61.56	June 20	75.27
1920.	78.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	68.66
1919.	79.05	June 2	71.06	Dec. 7	72.00
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Week.	Month.
10 Govt. issues	99.78	+.02	+.06	—1.21

DAILY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

July 7	99.74	+.08	June 30	99.70	—.20
July 6	99.66	+.02	June 29	99.90	+.06
July 5	99.64	—.22	June 28	99.82	—.00
July 4	Holiday.		June 27	99.73	—.43
July 3	99.86	+.24	June 26	100.16	—.06

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1923.	101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 30	99.76

*To date.
†To corresponding date last year.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Trading Dull at London—Sterling Again Moves Against Paris.

LONDON, July 9.—Trading was dull and prices were irregular on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, ⅛ lower at 56⅝; British 5 per cent. war loan, ⅛ lower at 99⅝; 4½ per cent. war loan, ¼ lower at 97¼.

Rand Mines, 2⅝; De Beers Mining, 13⅛, both unchanged.

PARIS, July 9.—Prices moved irregularly on the Bourse today. Three per cent rentes, 25 centimes higher at 56 francs 10 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, 30 centimes lower at 74 francs 70 centimes.

Exchange on London, 65 centimes higher at 78 francs 95 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 17 francs 28 centimes, against 17 francs 5½ centimes Friday.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a Percentage Basis.)

Name—	Maturity	Rate	Bid	Asked
Atl Coast Line	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Do	1924-36	6½	5.50	5.30
Balt & Ohio	1924-33	4½,5	5.65	5.30
Do	1924-35	5	5.85	5.40
Bethlehem Steel	1924-30	7	5.75	5.10
Boston & Albany	1923-27	4½	5.50	5.35
Buf, Roch & P.	1923-38	4½,5,6	5.50	5.20
Canadian Nor.	1923-29	6	5.30	5.50
Canadian Pac.	1923-32	4½,6	5.50	5.35
Cent. R. R. N. J.	1924-35	6	5.90	5.30
Ches & Ohio	1923-38	5,5½,6½	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-25	6	5.75	5.45
Chi, Bur & Q.	1924-35	6	5.60	5.30
Chi, Mil & St P.	1924-38	5,5½	5.95	5.60
Do	1924-35	6	6.25	5.70
Chi & N W	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-38	5,6½	5.90	5.55
Chi, R. I. & P.	1923-28	4½,5	5.65	5.35
Do	1924-35	6	5.80	5.45
Chi, St. P. M. & O.	1924-31	7	5.80	5.25
C., G., C. & St. L.	1924-29	5	5.50	5.35
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Colo. & Southern	1924-25	6	5.75	5.45
Del. & Hud.	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Erie R.R.	1923-38	4½,5,6	6.30	5.75
Great Nor. Ry.	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Hocking Valley	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
Illinois Central	1923-38	4½,5,5½	5.50	5.20
Do	1924-35	5½,6,7	5.50	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Kansas City So.	1924-35	6	5.75	5.45
Long Island	1922-33	5,6	5.85	5.50
Louisv. & Nash.	1924-37	4½,6½	5.65	5.25
Do	1924-37	6	5.85	5.35
Michigan Cent.	1923-42	5,6	5.65	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
M. St. P. & S. S. M.	1923-38	4½,5	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-35	6,6½,7	5.85	5.50
Mo., Kans. & Tex.	1924-35	6	5.90	5.50
Mo. Pac.	1924-35	6	6.90	5.50
Do	1924-30	6½	5.80	5.40
Nat. Steel Car L.	1923-28	6	7.00	6.00
N. Y. Central	1923-37	4½,5	5.50	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-35	7	6.55	5.30
N. Y. N. H. & H.	1923-35	4½,5,6,7	7.00	6.00
Norfolk & W	1924-32	4½	5.85	5.00
Northern Pacific	1924-37	4½,7	5.90	5.23
Pacific Fruit Ex.	1925-35	7	5.50	5.25
Penna R.R.	1924-36	5	5.35	5.15
Do	1924-35	6	5.85	5.35
Pere Marquette	1924-35	6	5.80	5.45
Pitts' & L. E.	1923-40	5½	5.80	5.35
Reading Co.	1923-33	4½,5,6	5.80	5.05
Seaboard Air L.	1923-37	4½,5,5½,6	6.35	5.80
So. Pacific	1923-38	4½	5.85	5.10
Do	1924-35	6	6.00	5.80
Do	1924-35	7	6.00	5.35
So. Railway	1923-37	4½,5,5½	5.55	5.30
Do	1924-35	6	5.75	5.45

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DIVIDEND AWAITED FROM HUDSON TUBES

Company's Directors Expected to Declare Initial Payment at Meeting on Thursday.

PLAN 5% DISBURSEMENT

Holders of Preferred to Reap Benefit—Gross Revenue Up $6,673,268 in Six Years.

The first dividends on the stock of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company, which operates the first successful route under the Hudson River, will be declared at the regular meeting of Directors on Thursday, if present plans materialize.

The plans call for payment of a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum on the preferred stock, totaling $3,242,151. They will not affect the $39,994,890 of common stock outstanding, on which no dividend is being considered at present.

The road was never a financial success so far as stockholders were concerned. At no time since consolidation of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company and the New York & New Jersey Railroad Company into the Hudson & Manhattan Company in December, 1906, have stockholders received a dividend. Only on April 1 last was the final accumulation on the 5 per cent. accumulated bonds met for 1922.

But the road which helped to develop New Jersey is now getting its return, for increased traffic has resulted in a steady advance in gross revenue from $3,822,578 in 1916 to $7,495,846 in 1922. Under President Oren Root a corresponding increase has been made in net earnings. The increase is shown in the earnings for the first five months of this year, the railroad reporting a balance of $500,902, compared with $271,-096 in the same period of 1922.

The tunnels under the Hudson were constructed when William G. McAdoo was in charge of the road. Owing to the cost of construction—approximately $3,500,000 a mile—railroad circles regarded the fare allowed at that time as insufficient for the road to earn dividends on its stock.

The company operates 20.028 miles of railroad, principally under the Hudson, besides owning and operating the Hudson Terminal Building.

WILL INCREASE STOCK.

West Penn Company Stockholders Approve Reorganization.

Stockholders of the West Penn Company have approved the proposal to increase the capital stock from $10,000 shares of a par value of $100 to 1,000,000 shares, divided into 500,000 shares of common without par value and 500,000 shares of preferred with a par value of $100. The preferred shares will be divided into two classes, with 80,547 shares 6 per cent. cumulative and 419,453 shares 7 per cent cumulative. The present 6 per cent. cumulative may be exchanged for the new 7 per cent. and any 6 per cent. stock acquired by the company may also be converted into 7 per cent. issue and distributed by the company.

The reorganization plan enlarges the corporate powers and purposes of the company and increases its authorized capital stock to $50,000,000 of par value preferred and 500,000 shares of no par value common. Holders of the outstanding 6 per cent. cumulative preferred have the right from Aug. 15 to Nov. 1 to exchange their stock, par for par, for the new 7 per cent. cumulative preferred.

Liggett Issues New Stock.

The Louis K. Liggett Company, a subsidiary of the United Drug Company, has issued 10,000 shares of 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of $100 a share par value, according to advices received in Wall Street from Boston, and has called for redemption 500 shares of 6 per cent. preferred stock of the same par value.

Dill Now Chalmers Treasurer.

R. Dill has been elected Treasurer of the Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company, to succeed the late Henry Woodland. Mr. Dill was formerly Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer, D. A. Stewart has been appointed Assistant Treasurer and J. A. Keogh Assistant Secretary.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1945 M. & S.	81¼	81½
Argentine 7s, 1927 F. & A.	102	102¼
Austrian Gov 7s, 1943 J. & D.	91¼	91½
Belgium 6s, 1925 J. & J.	95½	95¾
Belgium 7½s, 1945 J. & D.	100	100¼
Belgium 8s, 1941 F. & A.	100	100½
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952 J. D.	82	83
Can. Steamship 7s, 1943 M. & N.	92¼	94
City of Bergen 8s, 1945 M. & N.	106¾	106¾
City of Berne 8s, 1945 M. & N.	106¾	106¾
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934 M. & N.	77½	78
City of Gt. Prague 7½s, '56 M. & N.	74½	75½
City of P. Alegre 8s, 1961 J. & D.	94	96
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941 J. & D.	96	96¼
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, '50 A. & O.	99¾	100
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926 A. & O.	100¼	100⅝
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929 F. & A.	101¼	102
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931 A. & O.	99⅞	100⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952 J. & J.	95¾	95¾
Holland-Am. Line 6s, '47 M. & N.	84½	85
Rep. of Col. 6½s, 1927 A. & O.	90¼	90⅝
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1941 M. & N.	94	94½
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926 A. & D.	101	101¼
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946 F. & A.	101¼	101½
Rep. of Chile 5s, 1926 M. & N.	101	102
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952 A. & O.	92¾	93¼
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1951 J. & D.	44½	45¼
City of Christiania 8s, '45 A. & O.	109½	109½
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944 J. & J.	89½	90
City of Montevideo 7s, '52 M. & N.	86	87
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, '51 A. & O.	92	92¼
Rep. of Bol. s. f. 8s, '47 M. & N.	87¼	87¾
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944 J. & D.	100	103
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949 F. & A.	90¼	91½
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949 F. & A.	82	83½
Rep. of Cuba 5½s, 1953 J. & J.	89¾	89¾
Denmark 8s, 1945 A. & O.	108¾	109¼
Denmark 6s, 1942 J. & J.	96	96¼
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A '46 F. & A.	107	107¾
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B '46 F. & A.	107	107¾
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947 J. & J.	95½	96¾
Dutch East Indies 4s, 1962 M. & S.	90¼	90¾
Dutch East Indies 5½s, '53 M. & S.	90¾	90¾
Fran. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42 J. & J.	89	89½
French Gov. 7½s, 1941 J. & D.	92¾	92¾
French Gov. 8s, 1945 F. & A.	96¾	96¾
Italy 6½s, 1925 M. & S.	96½	96⅝
Japanese 4s, 1931 J. & J.	79¾	80¼
Japanese 4½s, 1925 F. & A.	92¾	93
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser. '25 J. & J.	81½	81¾
Oriental Dev. 6s, 1953 M. & S.	91¾	92
Jurgens U. M. W. 6s, '47 J. & J.	78	78½
City of Lyons 6s, 1934 M. & N.	77¾	78
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934 M. & N.	77¾	78
City of Bolsanos 6s, 1936 M. & N.	78	81
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954 J. & D.	35¾	36
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945 Q. Jan.	54	54½
Mex. Irrigation 4½s, '43 M. & N.	35¼	35½
Kingdom of Neth. 6s, 1972 M. & S.	100¼	100¾
King. of Norway 6s, 1940 A. & O.	111	111¼
King. of Norway 4s, 1963 A. & O.	97	97¼
King. of S., C. & S. 8s, '62 M. & N.	66	66¼
Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958 J. & J.	73½	73¾
Paulista Ry. 7s, 1942 A. & S.	94	94¾
State of Queensl'd 8s, 1947 F. & A.	100¾	101
State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941 A. & O.	106¼	107
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946 A. & O.	94¾	95¼
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946 A. & O.	95¼	96
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1947 A. & O.	92¾	93¼
Dom. Rep. 5s, 1958 F. & A.	97	98
Dom. Rep. 6½s, 1942 M. & S.	97	98
State of Sao Paulo 8s, '36 J. & J.	98	98½
City of San Paulo 8s, '52 M. & N.	97	98¾
Dept. of the Seine 7s, '42 J. & J.	85	85½
Kingd. of Sweden 6s, 1939 J. & D.	104¾	104¾
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940 J. & J.	115¾	116
City of Tokio 5s M. & S.	76	76
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946 F. & A.	103¼	104
City of Zurich 8s, 1945 A. & O.	110	111¼
Un. K. 5½s, 1929 F. & A.	111¼	111¾
Un. K. 5½s, 1937 F. & A.	103¾	103¾
U. S. S. Copen. 6s, 1947 J. & J.	87¾	88¾

U. S. GOVERNMENT PREWAR BONDS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r. 1930-1936	104¾	104¾
2s, c. 1930-1936	104¾	104¾
3s, r. 1946	94½	94¾
3s, c. 1946	94½	94¾
4s, r. 1925-1936	..	..
4s, c. 1925-1936	..	..
Pan 2s, r. 1936	..	..
Pan 2s, c. 1936	..	..
Pan 2s, r. 1938	..	..
Pan 2s, c. 1938	..	..
Pan 3s, r. 1961	94	94⅜
Pan 3s, c. 1961	95	97
P I 4s, '34	91	93
P I 4s, '36	91	93
P I 4s, '38	91	93
Dist of Col 3-65s	98¼	99½

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	70½	74
Ad Rumely pf.	23	26
Air Red.	59⅛	62¾
Alb & Sus.	170	..
All Am Cr.	99¾	101
Alle & W.	36	..
A C & D pf.	107¼	108½
Amal S Int pf.	96	..
Am Bk N.	72½	77½
Do pf.	50½	53
Am B Sug pf.	65	70
Am B S & Fdy	70	71
Do pf.	102	104
Am C & F pf.	122½	126
Am Chain, A	21	21½
Am Chicle pf.	43	45
Am Coal	64	..
Am Cot Oil pf.	14¾	15½
Am Exp	94	100
Am H & L pf.	7	7¼
Am Ice pf.	79	80
Am La P pf.	..	94
Am Lin pf.	40	42½
Am Lo pf.	118	118
Am Metal pf.	107¼	112
Am R pf.	117	125
Am Roll M pf.	97¾	98½
Am S & R pf.	94½	97
Am Snuff.	128	131½
Do pf.	99	99
Am Sti Fdy pf.	98	101
Am S Tob.	17	19½
Do pf.	50	49
Am T & C.	44	46
Am W W & E pf.	86⅜	90¾
Am Whl pf.	91	93
Am Wr Fa.	..	..
Do pf.	13	14½
Am Z pf.	31½	35
Ann Arbor.	..	20
Do pf.	23½	31
Art. Metal.	15⅞	17
Assets R.	¾	⅞
Assoc D G 1st pf.	94	94½
Do 2d pf.	89½	90
Assoc Off.	104½	109
A, B & A.	13	13½
A, O & W pf.	3	3¼
Atl R pf.	115	117
Atlas P'tr.	160	165
Do pf.	83	93
Atlas T.	11½	13
Aus M pf.	30	35½
Auto K H.	19½	20
Auto Sales.	2¾	3½
Do pf.	11	13
Bald L pf.	111	113¾
B & A pf.	90	94
Bar Leath.	36	40
Do pf.	92	95
Barnsdall, Class A.	13	14
Do Cl B.	10	10½
Baton M.	¾	⅞
Bayuk Bros	81	82
Do 1st pf	93	97½
Beech Cr R	42½	46
B'nut pf.	105	..
Blumenthal 1st pf.	92	..
Beth S 8% pf.	101	102¼
Booth Fish 1st pf.	80	83
Brit Si Sti.	6	7¼
Do 1st pf	62¼	65
B R T stk.	..	⅝
B Un Gas.	16⅜	16⅝
Brown Shoe	48	51
Do pf.	91	97½
Bruns Ter.	1	1½
B R & P.	60¾	65
Do pf.	89	..
Burr & S.	100	..
Burns Bros pf.	98	104
Do pr pf.	116	121
Bush Ter.	..	..
Do pf.	90	93½
Bush Ter Bldg pf.	90	..
But'k Co.	13½	15
C C & C.	70	..
Do pf.	40	..
Cal Pack.	77½	78½
Cal & Hec.	42¾	42¾
Can So.	50	52
C'pen H G.	5½	..
Case (J I) pf.	70	73
Cent S M.	30	31
Do pf.	92	93
Chalmers	25	30
Do 1st pf.	90	95
Do 2d pf.	70	..
Chi Gt W pf.	16¾	17¼
Chi Pn T.	73	79
Chi St P.	..	..
Do pf.	34	42
C C, C & St L.	79	88
Do pf.	90	..
C & Pitts.	57	..
Do spec.	87	..
Chic-P pf.	101	114½
Coca-Cola pf.	98	94½
Col F & I pf.	..	105
C & S 1st pf.	45	58
Do 2d pf.	45	53
Col Gr pf.	3	5¼
Conley T F	13¼	14
Con Cigar.	23	22
Do pf.	67	70
Cons Dist.	⅛	⅛
Cont C pf.	106¼	108¼
Cont Ins.	90½	95
Corn P R pf.	118	117
Cosden pf.	93	97½
Cres Carp.	25¼	30
Crut S pf.	88	88
Cuba R R pf.	73¼	79
C-Am. Sug pf.	92	95
Cuban D S pf.	34	36
D P Lt.	50	..
Do pf.	62½	..
D & Co pf.	50	54
D, L & W.	113½	114
Det & M.	25	..
Det U Ry.	65	..
D & R 1st pf.	80	92
Dug Lt 1st pf.	102	103
D, S S & A.	2	3½
Do pf.	4½	5
Dur Rub'y.	8	10
Do pf.	..	81½
E Kod pf.	108½	..
Elk H Coal	13½	14½
Do pf.	80	85
Em Frant.	2	3
Do pf.	10	22
Erie 1st pr.	12½	14
Erie 2d pr.	12½	..
Erie & P.	62½	..
Exch B'ldg.	22	24
Fam P pf.	90	96½
Fairbanks.	2	4
F M & S.	8	10
Fisher Bdy.	142½	150
F B, O. pf.	95	97
Gardner M.	5½	9
G T Car pf.	95½	98
Gen A pf.	63½	65
Gen Bak'g.	72	81
Do pf.	105	..
Gen Cigar.	51½	55
Do pf.	106	108½
Do 4 pf.	103½	107
Gen El pf.	11	11½
Gen M pf, as div.	78	82
Do 7% d, as div.	95¾	97
Gimbel Bros pf.	97	99
Glidden Co.	7¾	7¾
Goldwyn P.	3¾	4¼
Do new.	15	16
G'drich pf.	81	82
G T & R pf.	93	95
Gray & D.	7	8½
Gt W Sug pf.	103	105
Guan Sug pf.	..	95
G, M & N.	12½	15
Do pf.	50½	53
G S S 1st pf.	100	104
Hack Wat.	17¾	..
Hav E Ry & Light.	34	..
Do pf.	65	..
Helme W.	46	52
Hendee M.	15⅜	15
Homestake	63	64¾
Hyd S pf.	11	13½
Ill C pf.	109	111
Do 1.	71	75
Indian Ref.	5	5¼
Indian Ref.	5¾	6
Ind O & G.	5⅝	6⅝
Int. Agric. pf.	100	106
Int Agric.	2¾	3¾
Int H pf.	110	112
Int N pf.	70	75
Int Pa pf.	110	115
Do pf. sta.	63	65
Int Salt.	77	80½
Int Shoe.	124¾	65
Do pf.	115¾	119¾
Iowa Cent.	2	4
J & L pf.	107¼	108
K O P & Lt 1st pf.	93¾	99
Kan C So pf.	80½	82
Kayser (J) 1st pf.	94	98¼
Kelly Sp 7% pf.	76	80
8% pf.	85	90
Kelsey Wh.	35	36
Do pf.	100	104
K & D M.	3½	4
Do pf.	15	..
Kinney R.	56¾	100
Kresge (S S).	214	220
Do pf.	108½	..
Kress (S H).	110	160
Do pf.	106	..
Lee Rub.	78	80
L P & W otfs.	83¾	88
Do pf otfs.	74	78
Liggett & M.	182	200
Do pf.	182	190
Loft, Inc.	7	7½
L-W Bisc.	37¾	40
Do 1st pf.	101	120
Do 2d pf.	70	117
Lorill'd Co.	151	155
Do pf.	109	113
Mack Trks pf.	89½	93
Do M pf.	78	83
McKay Cos.	105	110
Do pf.	65	67
Macy	80	90
Do pf.	109	113¾
Mal'son pf.	70	85
Man El S.	45	48
Man B'ch.	1	2¾
Man Biler.	36	41¾
Man Shirt pf.	110	116¾
Manila G.	86	90
Manati Sug pf.	70	80
Mkt St Ry.	9½	11
Do pr pf.	43	53
Do 1st pf.	25	35
Do 2d pf.	21	26
Martin B.	7	8
M Dep Sts pf.	118	120
Met Ed pf.	92	97
Mex Pet.	162	200½
Do pf.	99	105
Mich Cent.	345	350
M. St. P & S M.	60¼	63
Do pf.	93	95
Do 1.	86	86
Mont Pow pf.	109	..
Mor & Ess.	74½	77
Mull Body.	14	16
Do pf.	..	104½
Nash Mots.	54	55
Do Cl A.	97½	98¼
N O & St L.	113¾	118
Nat Acme.	16	17½
Nat C & S.	46½	50
Nat Dep S pf.	93¼	98
Nat C & C.	¾	⅛
Nat Em pf.	92	96
Nat Ld pf.	107	109½
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	6	7½
Do 2d pf.	2½	5½
N'pt N & E pf.	42	50¼
N Y Air B.	79	86
N Y Can.	28	29
Do pf.	93	96
N Y Dock pf.	45	46
N Y G & E pf.	73	77
St L ctfs.	70	76½
Do w i.	75	..
Do 1st pf ctfs.	92	..
Do 2d pf ctfs.	91	93
N Y Dock.	16⅝	19
Do pf.	40¼	43
N Y L & W pf.	96	..
N Y Shipb.	8	10
N P Power pf.	105¾	109
Norf So.	84	102
Norf & W.	105	108
Do pf.	75	77
Nova S S.	19¼	20
Nunnally.	8	9¼
O, B & H.	3⅞	4½
Ont Min.	2	2½
Orph Circ pf.	89	92
Otis Elev.	117¼	118
Do pf.	98	101
Owens Bot pf.	107	110
Pac Coast.	8	10
Do 1st pf	20	..
Do 2d pf.	9	15
P T & Tel.	90	100
Do pf.	93¼	95
Pack M. C pf.	91½	93
P P & R.	2	2¾
Do pf.	15	25
Pa. Rd.	75	103
Pa C & C.	34½	35¾
Penney pf.	100¾	105
Peo G. Chi.	87¾	88
Peo & Ed.	9	11
Pere M pf.	..	68
Petit-Mull.	30¼	..
P Morris.	12¾	13
Phillips-J.	80	84
Do pf.	99	99¼
Pk Bos'n.	32	40
Do pf.	81	94
P, C, C & St L.	90	..
Pitts Coal.	58	60
P, Ft W & C.	128	131
Do pf.	136	..
Pitts & st.	95	100
P & W Va pf.	85½	89
Postum Cer.	47½	48
Do pf.	106¾	114
Pr St Car pf.	32	90
P & R pf.	43	44
P S, N J. 7% pf.	98	100¾
Do 6% pf.	100¼	101
Pure Oil 6% pf.	88	93
R R Sec. I C stk ctfs.	68	70
Ry Sti Spr pf.	114½	115
Rand M.	29¼	30¾
R T S pf.	..	..
R W & O pf.	33	38
Rdg 1st pf.	46	47¾
Do 2d pf.	47	47¾
Rem T 1st pf.	70	100
Do 1st pf. Ser S.	..	95
Do 2d pf.	85¼	93¼
Reis & B.	105	..
Rep I & S pf.	86¾	90
Rexn Tob.	100	..
R Reis.	12	15
Do 1st pf	68	72
Rossia Ins.	88	91
St Jos Ld.	17	17½
Schulte R S pf.	112	..
Santa C S.	2	2¼
Savage A.	20	22
Seab A L pf.	9¼	9¼
Sears-R pf.	103	108¾
Seneca C.	7	7¾
Shat-Artz.	5¾	6¼
Shell Trans	32¾	33¼
Shell U Oil pf.	99	99¾
Sim'ns Co.	27¼	27½
Do pf.	99	100
S-S F & I pf.	72	82
So P R R.	40¼	42
Do pf.	98	101
Spalding 1st pf.	100½	..
Spicer Mfg pf.	86	90
Stand Mill.	70	80
Do pf.	..	93
Stern Bros pf.	108	110
Studeb Co pf.	113	115¾
Sup Steel.	24	29
Do 1st pf	97¼	101
Swift Co of Can.	14	15
T F L Tr.	278	310
Third Av.	10	10¼
T St L & W pf.	57	62
Tran & W.	32¾	34
T C R T pf.	82	..
Und Type.	164	177
Do pf.	112	..
U B & E.	62	65
Un T Car pf.	107	108¼
U City Sta.	175	205
Do pf.	104	114
U Dyew'd.	40	60
Do pf.	80	92
Un Fruit.	103	105
U Rys Inv.	10	10¼
U S C I P pf.	67¼	70
U S Envp.	5¾	6¾
U S Ind A pf.	92¾	100
U S Sm pf.	41¾	43¼
U S Tob pf.	105¾	107
Van R 1st pf.	86¾	90
Va C & Coke pf.	82	..
Do pf.	77	80
Vulcan Det.	7	10
Do pf.	67	70
Wab pf. B.	17	18¼
Webster & H pf.	13¼	14
W F Exp pf.	25	28
West Fa.	39	42
West U T.	102¼	106
W E & M 1st pf.	72	72
W & L E pf.	13¾	16¾
Whe Cent.	27	29
Wor Pump.	86	95
Do pf A	83	93
Do pf B	80	88

Ohio Bonds

Exempt from Federal Income Tax including Surtax
Eligible to secure Postal Savings Bank Deposits

$111,000
Lucas County, Ohio
Road Improvement 6's
Population (1920 Census) - 275,721

Due $6,000	September,	1925	$17,000	September,	1929
7,000	"	1926	17,000	"	1930
17,000	"	1927	15,000	"	1931
15,000	"	1928	17,000	"	1932

At Prices to Yield 4.80%

$108,000
Greene County, Ohio
Road Improvement 5½'s
Population (1920 Census) - 31,221
Due $6,000 September, 1924/32 $6,000 March, 1924/32
At Prices to Yield 4.80%

$34,000
Hardin County, Ohio
Road Improvement 5½'s
Population (1920 Census) - 29,167
Due $3,000 September, 1924/25 $4,000 September, 1926/32
At Prices to Yield 4.80%

$50,916.67
Williams County, Ohio
Road Improvement 5½'s
Population (1920 Census) - 24,627
Due $5,916.67 September, 1924 $5,000 September, 1925/33
At Prices to Yield 4.80%

Sidney Spitzer & Company
111 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 3052-3053
Toledo Columbus Chicago

State and Municipal Bonds

(Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes)

$12,000	City of Malden, Mass.	4¼%	1924-27 4.00%
25,000	City of Boston, Mass.	4	1935 4.15
125,000	Passaic County, N. J.	4½	1927-36 4.25
200,000	State of West Virginia	4	1930-46 4.25
200,000	State of West Virginia	4½	1929-41 4.35-30
200,000	City of Los Angeles, Cal.	4¼	1947-51 4.30
125,000	City of Omaha, Neb.	4½	1943 4.30
400,000	City of Englewood, N. J.	4¾	1925-60 4.40-30
75,000	Town of Kearny, N. J.	4½	1925-31 4.40
750,000	City of Akron, O.	4¾	1926-52 4.60-40
40,000	Town of Boonton, N. J.	5	1925-51 4.50
225,000	Township of Teaneck, N.J.	5	1924-43 4.60
22,000	Boro. of South River, N.J.	5	1929-36 4.60
70,000	City of Akron, O.	5	1925-28 4.60
500,000	City of San Diego, Cal.	5	1928-58 4.70-60
500,000	City of Norfolk, Va.	5	1952 4.60
15,000	City of Lorain, O.	5½	1925 4.60
40,000	City of Tulsa, Okla.	5½	1934-46 4.80
33,000	Boro. of Fairview, N. J.	6	1928-27 4.80
250,000	City of Miami, Fla.	5	1937-47 5.00
1,000,000	State of North Carolina	5	1924 100.50
11,000	Town of Mebane, N. C.	6	1927-39 5.20

Upon request we shall be pleased to send descriptive circulars of any of the above issues

B. J. Van Ingen & Co.
Municipal Bonds
46 Cedar Street, New York — Shawmut Bank Bldg., Boston

A Service
TO BANKS, BROKERS AND DEALERS IN
LISTED AND UNLISTED
Foreign Government Bonds

We specialize in all foreign government bonds listed on the New York, London and Paris Stock Exchanges.

THE FACILITIES OF OUR ORGANIZATION ARE OFFERED FOR THE EXECUTION OF YOUR ORDERS IN THESE SECURITIES.

Cowen & Co.
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
30 Broad St., New York — Telephone Broad 4300

New Issue

$876,000
City of San Diego, Cal.
5% Bonds

Dated July 1, 1923 — Due serially July 1 as below
Coupon bonds in $1,000 denominations, with privilege of registration. Principal and semi-annual interest (January and July 1) payable at the National City Bank in New York.

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes
Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, Connecticut and other States

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation	$108,000,000
Total Bonded Debt (including these issues)	11,722,599
Less Water Debt	8,014,658
Net Debt	3,707,941

Ratio of Net Debt to Assessed Valuation about 3 1/16%
Population, 1920 Census - 74,683

These bonds are direct and general obligations of the City of San Diego, issued for Street Improvement, Park, Water Main and Municipal Pier purposes, and are payable from an unlimited ad valorem tax upon all the taxable property.

Legal Opinion of John C. Thomson, Esq., New York City

MATURITIES

$29,000	annually	July 1,	1925	to 1928	inclusive
26,000	"	"	1929	to 1933	"
25,000	"	"	1934	to 1937	"
20,000	"	"	1938	to 1963	"

PRICES

1925-1933	maturities	to yield	4.70%
1934-1939	"	"	4.65%
1940-1963	"	"	4.60%

Having sold over two-thirds of these bonds, we offer the remaining maturities subject to their prior sale

Hamilton A. Gill & Co. **B. J. Van Ingen & Co.**
R. W. Pressprich & Co.

The above information and statistics are not guaranteed, but have been obtained from sources we believe to be reliable.

$1,734,000
State of Alabama
Public Road, Highway and Bridge Series "B"
**4

$3.37 TODAY BUYS A MILLION MARKS

Value in Prewar Years Was $238,000—Further Drop Seems Likely.

BUYERS LOSE BILLIONS

Financial Times of Montreal Figures That the Loss May Reach $7,000,000,000.

Keeping pace with the German mark is one of the hardest jobs that foreign exchange dealers have to contend with, according to their reports, which indicate that the process is becoming even more difficult owing to the fact that the mark seems to gain momentum the further down it goes. To furnish some idea of the shrinkage of the mark in point of value a number of compilations have been worked out. One of the latest of these, published by The Financial Times of Montreal, presents a Canadian view of the exchange debacle.

According to these figures, which are based on units of 1,000,000 paper marks, the shrinkage of the mark from the prewar period to June 30 last carried the value of 1,000,000 marks as expressed in terms of dollars from $238,000 to $6. Since then the mark has eased still further down, and based on the closing quotations for the week just ended 1,000,000 paper marks were worth $4.37, and yesterday's dealings went still lower, to $3.37 for 1,000,000 marks.

All during this evaporation process, the Canadian journal points out, many deluded buyers of marks have been waiting for the recovery that they had expected would take place. When marks were priced at 6 cents each, or 1,000,000 marks for $60,000, many millions of dollars' worth were purchased by Americans and Canadians in the hope that the price would go back to the prewar level. When the quotation for marks dropped to 4 cents still more purchases were made in the hope that the mark quotation would "rally" and that the buyers could get out of the transaction at an even break if not at an actual profit.

But no rally of consequence has taken place during all the months, and none is regarded as in prospect now owing to the rapid multiplication of paper marks by the German Government, increases in circulation per week now exceeding the total outstanding bills only a year or so ago. The last hope for a rally developed in March of this year, when the German Reichsbank endeavored to "peg" the price. After holding the value of 1,000,000 marks at $47 the number of offerings so far exceeded the gold resources of the Reichsbank that it had to give up the costly experiment, and since that time—since April 15, when the peg was actually removed—the mark has shrunk to less than one-tenth its value of less than three months ago.

The following table, prepared by The Financial Times, presents a review of the precipitate drop in mark values by months from July 1, 1919, to June 30, 1923:

(Quoted in dollars per million marks.)

	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.
Jan. 1	.....	$20,000	$18,600	$5,300	$137
Feb. 1	.....	10,300	18,100	4,800	33
Mar. 1	.....	10,100	16,100	4,375	44
Apr. 1	.....	14,400	16,000	3,375	47
May 1	.....	17,500	15,300	3,550	13
June 1	.....	25,800	15,900	3,662	13
July 1	.....	26,600	19,425	2,962	6
Aug. 1	60,000	23,300	12,450	1,575	..
Sep. 1	47,500	20,300	11,700	850	..
Oct. 1	44,000	16,300	8,175	562	..
Nov. 1	32,800	12,700	5,550	225	..
Dec. 1	26,300	14,400	5,100	131	..

At par of exchange—$238,000.
At end of last week—$4.37.
At close of yesterday—$3.37.

The above table indicates that on three occasions during the period the mark endeavored to "come back." Each of these rallies was of short duration, each succeeding one being of smaller dimensions than the previous. In the first two rallies, which took place in 1920 and in 1921, the advance in value was due principally to speculative buying, presumably done by Americans who anticipated a return of the mark to its par value. How much money was lost in these speculative outbursts can never be learned, but estimates range from a comparatively moderate figure of $2,500,000,000 to as high as $7,000,000,000.

"The moral is not hard to draw," says The Financial Times. "When the mark was selling around 1 cent, or $10,000 as the value of 1,000,000 marks, certain firms that were specializing in foreign exchange were advertising in glowing terms of the great 'bargains' to be had by purchasing the mark or a bond that was likely to go back to its normal value within a reasonable period and net the investor over twenty-two times his original outlay in profits. Those who bought these so-called 'bargains' are finding now that the paper they hold is not worth one thousandth part of what they paid for it."

New Haven Extends Efficiency Bonus.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 9.—The production and bonus basis of pay which had been in effect at the eastern end of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad system has been extended to the Cedar Hill yards, it was announced today. Under the plan the employes are guaranteed their stated hourly rate as a basic wage. Efficiency above 66.7 per cent. is considered as worthy of extra compensation and bonus payments beginning at this point are increased with increased efficiency.

Auto Lamp Left Out of List.

To the list of automobile headlight devices approved by the conference of Motor Vehicle Commissioners and adopted by New Jersey should be added the Benzer Type A head lamp. The list, as adopted and published in THE NEW YORK TIMES last Sunday, included all of the other approved devices, the complete number with two reflectors and the single motor cycle lamps being twenty-six.

22,162 Cars in June, Willys Record.

The Willys-Overland Company produced 22,162 Willys-Knight and Overland cars in June, a new high record. The company now employs 15,000 men.

NICKEL PLATE ROAD OFFERS NEW STOCK

Available to Holders of Deposit Certificates in Lines of Van Sweringer System.

The new stock of the consolidated system of Van Sweringen roads, known as the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, is now available, and holders of certificates of deposit issued by banking institutions upon the deposit of stocks of the companies entering the merged system may obtain the new stock upon presentation of these certificates.

The certificates are to be presented at the Trust Department of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, to the Union Trust Company of Cleveland or the Commercial Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago. With this transaction completed the final technicality and last step in the merging of the Van Sweringen roads, exclusive of the Chesapeake & Ohio, will be complete. The roads composing the new company, known popularly as the Nickel Plate System, are the old New York, Chicago & St. Louis, the Toledo, St. Louis & Western and the Lake Erie & Western.

The following announcement to holders of deposit certificates was yesterday issued here by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York:

"The books for the transfer of the certificates of deposit closed Saturday, July 7, and the dividend of 3 per cent. will be paid on said certificates as of record July 7, on the basis of the proportionate amount of stock of the new company to be retained, said dividend being payable on July 16.

"Certificates of deposit should be surrendered to the Trust Department of the Guaranty Trust Company, properly endorsed and witnessed, with signatures guaranteed, and if new stock is to be issued in a name other than that in which the certificate of deposit stands, the requisite Federal and New York State transfer tax stamps, based on the amount of new stock to be issued, should be affixed to the certificate of deposit.

"If an exchange results in the issuance of fractional shares of stock of the new consolidated company, stockholders, after receiving their new securities, may even up their holdings either by purchasing a fractional amount of new stock or by selling the resulting fractions to the Guaranty Company of New York, which has agreed to purchase or sell such fractions."

LIGHTING FINANCING PLAN.

Cleveland Company Calls for Redemption of $4,000,000 Stock.

The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, a subsidiary of the North American Company, has called for redemption on Sept. 1 all its $4,000,000 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock at 110 and accrued dividends.

A special meeting of the stockholders will be held Aug. 7 to act on the proposal to issue $10,000,000 of 6 per cent. cumulative preferred. Holders of the outstanding 8 per cent. preferred will have the opportunity of retaining their investment by exchanging the 8 per cent. preferred for the new 6 per cent. stock.

The company, it is announced, will expend about $12,000,000 on improvements in 1923.

Seneca Copper Offers Bonds.

Notice has been mailed to the stockholders of the Seneca Copper Company in connection with the offering of $500,000 new bonds of the amount recently authorized by stockholders. The bonds will be offered at 90. Subscription rights will be carried by stock of record July 10, and the rights will expire on Aug. 15. A cash payment of 10 per cent. must accompany each subscription. The bonds which carry interest at the rate of 7 per cent. annually are convertible into capital stock at $15 a share and are redeemable at 110 and interest. The rights entitles each holder of fifty shares of stock or major fraction of that holding to subscribe for $100 in bonds.

Would Float $12,000,000 Issue.

The Public Service Elecertic Company, a subsidiary of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey, has applied to the New Jersey Public Utilities Commission for approval of an issue of $12,000,000 electric company capital stock. The proceeds are intended to cover the cost of plant extensions already made or authorized and include additions to power houses, new generating equipment and added transmission and distribution facilities. The stock, if approved, will be issued to the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey.

Named to World Power Conference.

Calvert Townley, assistant to the President of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, has been made a member of the Executive Committee of the American Committee of the World Power Conference, which is to meet in London in 1924 to discuss international power problems.

Explain Gain by Cuban Bonds.

The three-point advance of Republic of Cuba 5 per cent. bonds of 1904, which yesterday reached par, was explained in banking circles as due to buying for the sinking fund in connection with operations of the current fiscal year. It was said to have no other significance.

Standard Gas Income Grows.

The Standard Gas and Electric Company has reported a gross income of $39,026,494 for the twelve months ended May 31, against $35,644,252 for the twelve months ended May 31, 1922.

Spot Copper Hits New Low Level.

Spot copper dropped to a new low record for the year on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday. It was quoted at 14¾ cents a pound, a reduction of ⅛ cent from Saturday's price.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Chase National Bank has been appointed registrar of 625,000 shares of no par stock of the American Motor Body Corporation.

Kenneth Read has become associated with Redmond & Co.

P. F. Cusick & Co. have prepared a list of municipal bonds eligible for savings banks and trust fund investment and yielding from 4 to 4.60 per cent.

SUGAR PRICES DROP; THREE CUTS IN DAY

Federal Company Leads in Reductions, Which Result in a Low of 8.75.

FUTURES ALSO DECLINE

Visible Supply in This Country Larger Than on Same Date Last Year.

The refined and raw sugar markets experienced another sharp setback yesterday. Prices of both products were reduced. A veritable price war appears to have developed among the larger refiners.

The Federal Sugar Refining Company announced three successive reductions in prices yesterday, amounting in the aggregate to one-half cent a pound in the price of the refined products. Several of the other larger companies announced two reductions during the day, but still quoted a shade above Federal's price. On the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange, futures dropped from 7 to 13 points and ended the day only slightly above the low levels.

The initiative in the price cutting was taken by the Federal. During the morning the company announced two reductions, first from 9.25 to 9.15, and then from 9.15 to 9 cents a pound. In the afternoon the price was sliced another quarter of a cent a pound to 8.75. Most of the other large local refiners met the first two reductions. The companies which are quoting 9 cents includes the American Sugar Refining Company, National Sugar, Warner Sugar, Arbuckle Bros. and the Boston-Revere Sugar Refining Company.

The price cut war started with the circulation of figures in the trade which showed that the visible supply of sugar in this country is larger than it was on the same date last year. Stocks at present are said to aggregate 284,130 tons at refining ports in this country, against 277,150 tons last year. In addition, refiners are credited with holding approximately 100,000 tons at consignment points.

For some time reports have been circulated by conservative interests in the trade that sugar prices would end the year at lower levels, just as it did in 1920 after the product had risen during the year to around 23 cents a pound wholesale.

ORGANIZE BOND COMPANY.

New Firm Will Finance and Share In Enterprises.

Bond and Share Corp. Reorganized.

Offices of the newly organized General Bond and Share Corporation of which George B. Caldwell, President of Caldwell, Mosser & Willaman, is President, were opened yesterday at 100 Broadway. The new company will engage in work of financing, engineering, production, distribution and other branches of the manufacturing and mercantile business.

George B. Caldwell is President of the corporation; S. P. Woodward, Vice President; Howard Wilcox, Vice President, and H. T. Campbell, Treasurer. The Directors are John Markel, George B. Caldwell, A. J. Morris, H. W. Jervey, Vere Brown, P. M. Hall, S. P. Woodward and Howard Wilcox.

Short-Term Government Obligations

Following are the prices paid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year.	F.C. Bid.	Asc. Yield.	Approx.
March	1924	4½	100⅛	100⅛ 4.17
March	1926	4½	100⅛	100⅛ 4.60
March	1925	4½	100⅛	100⅛ 4.54
March	1927	4½	100⅛	100⅛ 4.61
June	1924	3¾	101⅛	101⅛ 4.22
June	1925	4½	99⅝	100⅛ 4.49
September	1924	5½	101⅛	101⅛ 4.30
September	1926	4½	98⅛	99⅛ 4.56
September	1923	3½	99⅛	100⅛ 3.53
September	1923	4½	100⅛	100⅛ 4.04
December	1923	4½	99⅛	99⅛ 4.48
December	1923	4	99⅛	100⅛ 3.91
December	1927	4½	99⅛	100⅛ 4.49

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

COMSTOCK.		SAN FRANCISCO.	
Andes	.05	Harmill	.04
Best & Belcher	.08	Hasbrouck	.02
Chollar	.06	Marne	.04
Concordia	.04	Mayra	.03
Con. Virginia	.09	Operator	.04
Gould & Curry	.05	Silver King	.04
Hale & Norcross	.15	Smuggler	.03
Justice	.15	Sutherland	.03
Mexican	.20	Zone	.02
Ophir	.11	GOLDFIELD.	
Potosi	.06	Booth	.02
Savage	.06	Consolidated	.06
Sierra Nevada	.04	Development	.07
Union	.18	Florence	.47
Utah	.02	Grandma	.02
TONOPAH.		Jumbo Extension	.04
Belmont	.70	Kewanaa	.03
Cash Boy	.03	Lone Star	.02
Halifax	.35	Red Hill	.02
Midway	.04	Silver Pick	.03
Monarch	.02	Spearhead	.17
North Star	.02	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.05	Boundary Mtn.	.15
Tonopah Extension	1.70	Cash Entry	.02
Tonopah '76	.06	Manhattan Cons.	.03
West End	.70	Nellie	.10
DIVIDE.		Round Mountain	.37
Aladdin	.02	Simon	.25
Annex	.04	United American	.06
Belcher Extension	.03	White Caps	.06
Divide Tonopah	.47		

COLORADO SPRINGS.	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cremon	2½	3½	Mary McK.	1½	2½
Elkton	1	3	Portland	39	41
El Paso	28	30	Pt. Gold M.	13	15
Empire Lee	2¼	5	Vindicator	4	7
Golden C.	103	104½	Rose Nicol	2¾	3½
Granite	...	5			

GERMAN PAPER MONEY UP FOUR TRILLION

Last Weekly Increase Surpasses All Records—Total Paper Currency Now Over 17 Trillion.

BERLIN, July 9.—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany as of June 30 shows the following changes, in marks:

Total coin and bullion	Increased	389,050,000
Gold	decreased	40,000,000
Treasury and loan association notes	Increased	480,904,321,000
Notes of other banks	decreased	463,793,000
Bills of exchange and checks	Increased	1,000,415,930,000
Discount & Treasury bills	Increased	440,029,463,000
Advances	Increased	85,906,481,000
Investments	Increased	108,596,000
Other assets	Increased	256,837,794,000
Note in circulation	Increased	4,190,322,709,000
Deposits	Increased	2,558,285,079,000
Other liabilities	Increased	827,461,554,000

Total gold holdings, 716,912,000 marks, whereof 140,032,000 is deposited abroad.

The total gold holdings of 716,912,000 marks compare with 756,912,000 on June 23, with 756,913,000 on June 15, with 756,914,000 on June 7, with 1,008,859,000 in the same week last year and with 1,091,563,000 in 1921.

The 140,032,000 marks of the Reichsbank's gold reserve deposited with foreign banks compares with 576,880,000 on June 23, with 576,881,000 on June 15, with 150,032,000 on June 7, and with 60,032,000 prior to March.

Total reserve of coin and bullion, including token money recently coined, was 19,902,712,000 marks, as compared with 19,548,062,000 on June 23, with 17,551,125,000 on June 15, with 15,819,215,000 on June 7, and with 1,074,241,000 in the first week of March, before the inclusion of token money on a large scale had begun.

The following table gives the total of German note circulation over a period of weeks, figures in thousands of marks:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
June 30	17,291,027,879	169,211,792	75,321,095
June 23	13,091,705,109	167,890,233	75,321,005
June 15	10,906,058,328	153,963,718	71,883,943
June 7	9,309,832,113	159,533,329	72,145,780
May 31	8,563,716,000	150,567,620	71,836,866
May 23	7,586,812,940	142,756,767	69,724,433
May 15	7,112,749,346	141,522,034	70,984,179
May 7	6,723,069,525	141,062,962	71,114,577
Apr. 30	6,545,951,325	139,068,498	70,539,763
Apr. 23	6,006,019,788	131,216,200	68,897,100
Apr. 15	5,837,961,907	132,662,054	68,736,188
Apr. 7	5,634,109,982	130,455,690	69,235,230
Mar. 29	5,517,916,651	12,599,793	63,382,183
Mar. 23	4,855,684,881	121,738,812	67,484,755
Mar. 15	4,272,511,423	120,738,812	67,484,750
Mar. 7	3,871,256,168	120,518,607	67,907,628

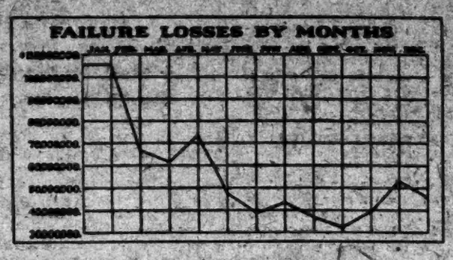
On July 31, 1914, at the outbreak of the war, the note circulation was 2,000,422,000 marks; in the week of the armistice on Nov. 7, 1918, it was 10,952,260,000.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Light	21	22½
Adirondack Power & Light pf	24½	25½
American Gas & Electric	31⅛	33½
American Gas & Electric pf	40	41½
American Light & Traction	111	113
American Light & Traction pf	90	92
American Power & Light	149	153
American Power & Light pf	80	82
American Public Utilities	...	35
American Public Utilities pf	50	...
Appalachian Power	29½	31
Appalachian Power, new, pf	80	82
Arkansas Light & Power	25	30
Carolina Power & Light	67	70
Cities Service	126	128
Cities Service pf	65½	65⅝
Cities Service pf. B	6	6½
Cities Service Bankers' shares	13⅝	14⅛
Colorado Power	16⅝	17⅛
Columbus Elec. & Power	106	...
Columbus Elec. & Power 1st pf	106	...
Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf	92	93
Commonwealth Power Corp. pf	84	86
Commonwealth Pow., Ry. & L.	24	26
Consumers Power pf	85	88
Connecticut Power pf	94	...
Eastern Texas Electric	108	111
Eastern Texas Electric pf	81	84
El Paso Electric	122	126
Electric Bond & Share	96⅝	97⅛
Federal Light & Traction	87	89½
Federal Light & Traction pf	67	70
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	84	88
General Gas & Elec. pf A	98	100
Galveston-Houston Electric	5	10
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	...	48
Lehigh Power Sec.	18	18⅛
Mississippi River Power	19	21
Mississippi River Power pf	80	83
National Power & Light	48½	50
National Power & Light pf	70	82
Northern Ohio Electric	9	11
Northern Ohio Electric pf	24	27
Northern Ontario L. & P.	15	18
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf	83	86
Northern States Power	92	96
Northern States Power pf	92	96½
Northern Texas Electric	70	74
Northern Texas Electric pf	71	74
Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf	88	92
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	87½	89
Pennsylvania Edison pf	98	102
Puget Sound Power & Light	47	50
Puget Sound & Light 6% pf	79	82
Republic Railway & Light	11	14
Republic Railway & Light pf	37½	41
Southern California Edison	103	103
Southern California Edison pf	114	117
Standard Gas & Electric	25½	26½
Standard Gas & Electric pf	46½	47½
Tampa Electric Power	137	140
Tennessee Electric Power 7% pf	83	87
Tennessee Electric Power 6% pf	68	73
Tennessee Electric Power	11	13
Tennessee Electric Power 2d pf	42	45½
United Light & Railway	135	145
United Light & Railway pf	80	82
Western Power	26	27½
Western Power pf	77	79½

BONDS.

Adirondack P. & L. 6s, 1950	97½	99
Am. Gas & Elec. 6s, 2014	91½	93
Am. Power & Light 6s, 2016	90	91½
Appalachian Pow 1st 5s, 1941	86	87½
Cities Service deb B	107	...
Cities Service deb C	80½	...
Cities Service deb D	88½	90½
City Light & Trac. 5s, 1932	69	71
Columbus Elec. & Pow. 6s, 1947	99	102
Col. Power 1st 5s, 1953	86½	88½
Connecticut Power 5s, 1953	93	97
Cont. Cities L., P. & T. 5s, 1943	67	70
East Texas Elec. 5s, 1942	88	...
El Paso Electric 5s, 1932	90	93
Galveston-Houston 5s, 1954	81	84
General Gas & Elec 7s, 1952	92	93
Houston Electric 1st 5s, 1925	97	99
Lehigh Power Sec. 6s, 1927	91½	93
Mississippi River Power 5s, 1951	91½	92½
Mississippi River Power 6s, 1926	100	102
Nebraska Power 1st 5s, 1947	89	90½
N. News & Hp. Ry., G. & E. 5s, '44	76	79
Northern States Power 6s, 1926	99	100
Northern Texas Elec 5s, 1940	82	85
Puget Sound P. & L. 7½s, 1941	103	105
Savannah Elec & P 7½s, 1941	103	105½
Seattle Electric 5s, 1929	96	98
So. California Edison 5s, 1989	95½	97
So. California Edison 6s, 1944	100⅜	100⅝
Standard Gas & Elec. 6s, 1935	85	89
Standard Gas & Elec. 6s, 1926	97½	98½
Tampa Electric 6s, 1933	92	93
Utah Light & Traction 5s, 1934	104	107
Western States G. & C. 5s, 1941	89½	...



What Month Do Most of *Your* Customers Fail?

In this interesting chart, which shows the failure losses of the United States for a typical year, January is highest, and September lowest. But the following year just the reverse might be true. And the year after that still a different result. In fact, such is the actual history of commercial failures.

It proves that the only *certain* thing about failures and bad debt losses is their *uncertainty!* Change chance to certainty—protect your resources absolutely against the unknown and unexpected (any month, any year), by American Credit Insurance!

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SHERMAN

Production yardsticks that cheat stockholders

A FALSE measure for production is as indefensible as a scant yardstick in a store. Yet many executives who would scorn a dishonest merchant are unwittingly cheating their stockholders.

When production is "normal"—when it equals that of your competitors—you face your bankers and directors with a feeling of satisfaction. But actual statistics show that "normal" production frequently means a loss of ten to twenty-five per cent on your payroll investment.

When production is increasing, you are tempted to indulge in self-congratulation. But "increased" production is proof of previous payroll losses, and is no assurance that serious loss does not still persist.

The only accurate yardstick for your production is the complete capacity of satisfied employees. The only sound measure for profits is 100 per cent return on every payroll dollar. This can be had with profit to both employer and employee.

An interesting booklet, "Stopping Payroll Losses," will be sent to industrial executives gratis, on request. Please address Dept. L 12.

"The Viewpoint of the Employee is the Most Neglected Asset in Industry."

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REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES. REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

The New York Trust Company

100 Broadway
40th St. & Madison Ave. 57th St. & Fifth Ave.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION
At the close of business, June 30, 1923

RESOURCES

Cash on Hand and in Banks	$33,021,514.78
Exchanges for Clearing House	26,214,486.79
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	26,764,494.02
Other Bonds and Securities	12,773,904.54
Loans and Bills Purchased	99,770,213.24
Bonds and Mortgages	808,347.56
Customers' Liability under Acceptances and Letters of Credit	13,978,652.48
Accrued Interest Receivable and Other Resources	2,511,789.70
	$215,843,403.11

LIABILITIES

Capital	$10,000,000.00
Surplus	10,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	7,764,386.33
Reserve for Taxes, etc.	771,340.28
Accrued Interest and Accounts Payable	439,459.63
Acceptances and Letters of Credit	13,978,907.48
Outstanding Certified and Treasurer's Checks	8,768,884.16
Deposits	164,120,425.23
	$215,843,403.11

Commercial Trust Company of New Jersey

Main Office { Opposite Pennsylvania R.R. Ferries / Exchange Place Station, Hudson Tubes } Jersey City

THE BANKING, TRUST AND SAFE DEPOSIT FACILITIES OF THIS COMPANY, BECAUSE OF ITS LOCATION, ARE MOST ACCESSIBLE FOR THOSE DESIRING TO TRANSACT THEIR BUSINESS IN NEW JERSEY

Member Northern New Jersey Clearing House

SANDERSON & PORTER

ENGINEERS

PUBLIC UTILITIES & INDUSTRIALS
EXAMINATIONS REPORTS VALUATIONS
CHICAGO NEW YORK SAN FRANCISCO

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business July 6:

Receipts.	This Month.	Corresp. Period Last Year.	Fisc. Yr. 1923.	Corresp. Period Fisc. Yr. 1922.
Customs	$6,131,228.00	$5,958,175.34	$6,131,228.00	$5,958,175.34
Internal rev.—income and profits tax	2,240,968.43	3,723,882.10	2,252,882.43	3,723,882.10
Misc. internal revenue	22,543,639.61	21,575,608.58	22,543,639.61	21,575,608.58
Misc. receipts, proceeds Govt.-owned securities, foreign obligations:				
Principal	$88,500.00	406,800.00	$88,500.00	406,800.00
Interest	202,747.47	223,084.56	202,747.47	223,084.56
Railroad securities	1,852,723.93	3,815,789.34	1,852,723.93	3,815,789.34
All others	247,096.97	.....	247,096.97	.....
Trust fund rcts. (reappropriated for investment	309,822.54	.....	309,822.54	.....
Proceeds sale of surplus property	1,063,471.04	.....	1,063,475.04	.....
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	309,189.57	276,361.64	309,189.57	276,361.64
Rcts. from misc. sources credited direct to appropriations	4,471,301.44	903,202.86	4,471,301.44	903,202.86
Other miscellaneous	3,313,268.77	4,683,209.26	3,313,268.77	4,683,209.26
Total ordinary	$44,449,065.76	$41,163,005.10	$44,449,065.76	$41,163,005.10
Excess of ord. rcts. over total exp. chargeable against ord. rcts	$46,492.85	.....	$46,492.85	.....
Excess of total expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts	.....	749,017.56	.....	749,017.56
Total ordinary expts.	$43,472,172.41	$40,413,987.54	$43,472,172.41	$40,413,987.54

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS. REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

The CONTINENTAL and COMMERCIAL BANKS

CHICAGO

Statements of Condition June 30, 1923

CONTINENTAL and COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK of CHICAGO

Resources

Time Loans	$157,482,068.32	
Demand Loans	77,942,452.42	
Acceptances	138,337.29	
Bonds, Securities, etc.	17,580,683.00	$253,143,541.03
U. S. Bonds and Treasury Notes		42,604,698.49
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank		1,200,000.00
Bank Premises (Equity)		7,400,000.00
Customers' Liability on Letters of Credit		4,607,115.18
Customers' Liability on Acceptances (as per Contra)		4,023,004.92
Overdrafts		24,543.18
Cash and Due from Banks		108,244,023.09
		$421,246,925.89

Liabilities

Capital		$ 25,000,000.00
Surplus		15,000,000.00
Undivided Profits		5,041,630.82
Reserved for Taxes		1,318,336.65
Circulation		50,000.00
Bills Payable with Federal Reserve Bank		5,500,000.00
Liability on Letters of Credit		5,464,906.63
Liability on Acceptances		4,211,136.85
Deposits { Individual	$214,565,229.49	
Deposits { Banks	145,095,685.45	359,660,914.94
		$421,246,925.89

CONTINENTAL and COMMERCIAL TRUST and SAVINGS BANK

Resources

Time Loans		$21,218,859.77
Demand Loans	$14,573,033.61	
*Bonds and Securities	50,022,474.33	
Cash and Due from Banks	34,603,223.79	99,198,731.73
		$120,417,591.50

*Adjusted to cost or market price, whichever is lower.

Liabilities

Capital		$ 5,000,000.00
Surplus		5,000,000.00
Undivided Profits		4,251,329.29
Unearned Interest		85,824.22
Reserved for Taxes, Interest and Dividends	1,680,382.62	$16,017,536.13
Demand Deposits	27,656,996.41	
Time Deposits	53,075,478.34	
Special Deposits	23,667,580.62	104,400,055.37
		$120,417,591.50

Total Deposits - - - $464,060,970
Total Resources - - - 541,664,517
Invested Capital, over - 55,000,000

Report of the Condition of

The Fifth Avenue Bank of New York

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1923.

RESOURCES

Specie		$136,286.08
Other currency authorized by the Laws of the United States		501,267.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$406,286.90	
Other cash items	568,841.35	
		1,007,128.25
Due from The Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		2,519,060.88
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		776,649.89
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$5,937,083.02	
Private securities	104,400.00	
		6,042,083.02
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		4,900.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		9,374,295.74
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		7,018,823.02
Overdrafts		21,309.44
Real estate, viz.:		
Bank buildings		552,686.60
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		84,714.84
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		60,594.80
Total		$28,187,409.81

LIABILITIES

Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$2,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	439,135.56	
		2,439,135.56
Deposits:		
Preferred as follows:		
Due from New York State Savings Banks	$133,721.29	
Due New York State Savings and Loan Associations, Credit Unions and Land Bank	24,054.90	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	479,078.85	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	20,240,021.07	
Demand certificates of deposit	18,512.23	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	241,685.46	
Certified checks	146,196.53	
Unpaid dividends	130,006.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	58,951.10	
Total deposits		21,406,816.19
Bills payable, viz.:		
Secured by obligations of United States, including certificates of indebtedness sold with agreement to repurchase		5,200,000.00
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		84,714.84
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes and contingencies	$343,277.74	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date due on fiduciary accounts in Trust Department	948.27	
Estimated unearned discounts	120,388.19	
		464,769.20
Total		$28,187,409.81

DIVIDENDS.

The International Nickel Co.

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. on the Preferred Stock has been declared this day payable August 1, 1923, to the Preferred stockholders of record at the close of business July 19, 1923.

JAMES L. ASHLEY,
New York, July 9, 1923. Secy. & Treas.

DIVIDENDS.

SAVANNAH SUGAR REFINING CORPORATION.

Preferred Stock Dividend No. 15.

The Directors of Savannah Sugar Refining Corporation have declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the preferred stock of that Company, payable August 1, 1923, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on July 19, 1923. Checks will be mailed.

W. S. PARDONNER,
Savannah, Ga., July 5, 1923. Treasurer.

WE WISH TO BUY

100 United Bakeries Com.
100 United Bakeries Pfd.
100 Clinchfield Coal Corp.
50 D. P. Robinson Pfd.
50 National Gasket
100 Swan & Finch
50 Virginia Coal & Iron.

WE WISH TO SELL

100 St. Louis Coke & Iron Com.
25 Bowman Corporation Com.
5M Lucey Manufacturing 8s
40 Hotels Statler Pfd.
50 Chattanooga Coke & Gas.
15 Biltmore Hotel Pfd.
100 United Hotels Com.
5M Mt. Royal Debenture 8s.

Dawson, Lyon & Co.
50 Pine St., Phone John. 4811 New York

WE WILL BUY

100 Bucyrus Com. & Pfd.
100 Lord & Taylor (all iss.)
100 Pitts. Bess. & Lake Erie
20 E. R. Squibbs Pfd.
100 U. S. Finish. Cm. & Pf.
100 Un. Dyewood Cm. & Pf.
25 United Bakeries Pfd.

WE WILL SELL

100 Central Aguirre Sugar
50 Fairbanks Morse
100 Ice Service Com. & Pfd.
100 J. I. Case Th. Mh. Pfd.
100 Piggly Wiggly Class A
100 Santa Cecilia Sug. Pfd.
100 U. S. Distributing

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Amer. Gas & Electric
Central States Elec.
Republic Rwy. & Light
United Gas & Elec. Corp.

Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7725

Adams Express 4s, 1947
Omaha & C. B. St. Ry. 5s, 1928
Newport Co. 7s, 1932
Whittaker Paper 7s, 1942
Knox Hat 7s, 1929
Western Pacific 6s, 1930
McCall Corp. Pfd.

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ALABAMA ISSUE FOR ROADS OFFERED

Unsold Part of $1,734,000 Bonds Tendered by Well, Roth & Irving Company.

$876,000 SAN DIEGO ISSUE

$1,050,000 Ramsey County, Minnesota, Bonds Proffered by Group of Bankers.

An unsold part of $1,734,000 Alabama road, highway and bridge bonds, Series E, due 1943 to 1948, is being offered by the Well, Roth & Irving Company. The bonds bear 4½ per cent. interest and are priced to yield 4.40 per cent.

An offering of $1,050,000 Ramsey County, Minn., 4½ per cent. coupon bonds is being made by Estabrook & Co., Hazenahs, Ballin & Lee, the Northern Trust Company of Chicago and the Minnesota Loan & Trust Company of Minneapolis at prices to yield 4.40 to 4.60 per cent. They are due from 1924 to 1943.

An issue of $876,000 San Diego, Cal., 5 per cent. bonds, due from 1923 to 1963, is being offered by Hamilton A. Gill & Co., B. J. Van Ingen & Co. and R. W. Pressprich & Co. at prices to yield from 4.60 to 4.70 per cent.

Three bond issues are being offered by Sidney Spitzer & Co. as follows: $168,000 Greene County, Ohio, road improvement 5½s, due 1924 to 1932, to yield 4.80 per cent.; $34,000 Hardin County, Ohio, road improvement 5½s, due 1924 to 1932, to yield 4.80 per cent., and $50,916 Williams County, Ohio, road improvement 6½s, due 1924 to 1933, to yield 4.80 per cent.

A new issue of $100,000 Charleston, S. C., school bonds is being offered by the Hanchett Bond Company. These are due in 1943, bear 4½ per cent. coupon and are priced to yield 4.62 per cent.

Pruden & Co. are offering two new issues of Portsmouth, Ohio, bonds. One consists of $80,000 5 per cent. water works extension bonds, due 1925 to 1942 and priced to yield 4.77 to 4.80 per cent. and the other consists of $30,000 5 per cent. school bonds, due 1925 to 1943 and priced to yield 4.70 to 4.80 per cent.

A block of 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company is being offered by William R. Compton Company to yield 6.88 per cent. This company operates and owns properties in Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas.

Three million dollars' worth of first and refunding 6 per cent. gold bonds of the Northern States Power Company have been sold to the Harris Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago, the Guaranty Company of New York, Bonbright & Co. and H. M. Byllesby & Co., according to an announcement made in Chicago yesterday by the Harris Bank.

Price of Gasoline Reduced.

The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey yesterday announced reductions of from 1 cent to 1½ cents in the export prices of the different grades of naphtha.

13,048,128 OWN AUTOS.

Registrations July 1 Show Gain of 2,440,000 Cars Over 1922.

Motor cars and trucks registered in the United States on July 1 totaled 13,048,128, according to a survey just completed by Automotive Industries. This was a gain of 2,440,000 over July 1, 1922, an increase of about 23 per cent. Registrations have already passed the December, 1922, high mark by 689,751, thus indicating that the final 1923 figures will show another gain of 1,000,000 or more.

Every State had more vehicles registered than on July 1 a year ago, while thirty-seved States have already eclipsed the final 1922 total.

There is now one motor vehicle for every 8.5 persons in the United States. High percentages of increases are shown in many Southern States, particularly West Virginia, Kentucky, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Florida. California shows the densest automobile population with one vehicle for every 4.09 persons.

Ohio had the greatest actual increase over last July with a gain of 215,000, while West Virginia had the greatest percentage gain with 4.06 per cent.

FIGHT VERA CRUZ AGRARIANS

Property Owners Combine to Prevent Seizure of Their Lands.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 9.—Property owners in the State of Vera Cruz have formed an association against the local agrarian boards. The association follows the idea started in the States of Jalisco and Zacatecas. The property owners intend to pool their financial resources to fight the attempt on the part of the Agrarian Commission to take over lands.

Several prominent lawyers have been retained by the three State associations, and similar associations are likely to spring up in all States where agricultural lands are or may be threatened.

Weeks Heads Maracaibo Oil.

John L. Weeks was elected President of the Maracaibo Oil Exploration Corporation at a meeting of the Board of Directors yesterday. He succeeds William Wallace Mein, who resigned. Mr. Weeks entered the affairs of the company last January when he was elected Chairman of the Executive Committee in which office he will continue. He is a member of the New York Stock Exchange firm of Lulu, Banks & Weeks and is also President of the Pennock Oil Company.

Rubber Sheets Slightly Higher.

Crude smoked rubber sheets were quoted one-quarter of a cent a pound higher in the local market for spot delivery yesterday. The price is now 23¼ cents a pound, while futures covering deliveries from October to December are quoted around 27¼ cents a pound.

Two Insurance Firms Cut Maiens.

The Continental Insurance Company and the Fidelity-Phoenix Fire Insurance Company yesterday announced that dividends of $3 per share, or 12 per cent. had been declared on the stocks of both companies, each of $25 par, payable tomorrow.

COTTON PRICES OFF 20 TO 34 POINTS

Brokers' Selling Orders and Easier Stock Market Cause Sag in Recovery.

Though demand for July contracts advanced that month to 27¾ cents, or a cent and three-quarters from the low levels of last week, cotton prices ruled generally easier yesterday. Several stations received rain, though it was not heavy or general throughout the State, and reliable reports from various sections of the belt indicate excellent crop progress. As the season has reached the stage of increasing views as to production, speculative buying is limited. Compared with previous activity this year, volume of business remains small, leaving only transactions of a routine or professional nature. Prices lost 20 to 34 points.

The combination of a lower Liverpool market and generally favorable weather over Sunday caused considerable selling pressure in early trading. After starting at 27 cents July worked below 26¾ cents, while new crops found contracts for sale from local and Southern sources. Moderate buying at 23½ cents for October and 23 cents for December absorbed contracts, but when New Orleans declined below 22¾ cents for October various lines of cotton came on the local market. This carried October to 23.40, or 70 points from best figure of Friday. With a decidely firmer stock market and no evidence of any change in the July position, room traders began to furnish support. This halted the decline and started a slow rally that finally wiped out all early loss. While there were no large lots of July traded in, a quantity of small orders made a substantial total, considering July is a spot month. A prevailing belief that plans are under way to ship out cotton from the local stock imparted strength to the July position and advanced the premium over October. At one time during the day July sold more than 400 points above the October position. Actual volume of business in the various months proved light.

Five points scattered over Texas reported more than .50 of an inch of rain, but that State is now at a stage where more moisture will be necessary to prevent a shading of the crop condition existing. Taking the belt as a whole, most sections where condition have been unsatisfactory are now improving steadily, some reports indicating a radical change for the better. But Texas is standing still, which fact turns attention to development in that section. Rain now and another good rain in August would secure a large yield for that State. The fact is that much depends upon weather the coming few weeks tends to restrict outside interest, the majority waiting for more definite information regarding prospects for production this year. Sections of South Carolina reported the boll weevil as less menacing than last year, while sections further South indicated the reverse. Trading proved highly professional throughout.

After advancing to 27¾ cents, July broke 40 points the last hour under execution of a selling order in the hands of one broker. This, combined with an easier stock market, depressed later months so that most of the day's recovery disappeared in final trading. Distant months came under pressure near the close, making the loss in March 34 points, compared with 22 points on October.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev.
July	27.00	27.35	26.70	26.80@26.84	27.09
Oct.	24.55	23.78	23.39	23.61@23.63	23.73
Dec.	23.45	23.48	23.08	23.08@23.07	23.20
Jan.	22.75	22.95	22.65	22.72	22.90
March	22.72	22.88	22.37	22.46@22.48	22.99
May		22.51	22.46	22.56	22.90

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 60 points decline, 27.65c for middling upland. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 27.75c, 15 points decline; New Orleans, 27.63c, unchanged; Savannah, 27c, 40 points decline; Augusta, 27.62c, 12 points decline; Memphis, 27.50c, unchanged; Houston, 27.50c, 25 points decline; Little Rock, 27.75c, 25 points decline.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	8,773	6,827	7,018
Exports	3,833	20,000	17,929
Exports season	4,656,008	4,661,008	5,000,536
N. Y. stocks	81,932	84,483	180,766
Ports stocks	776,008	785,250	911,344
N. Y. arrivals	619	853	804

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 11 points decline, 15.51d for middling; sales, 5,000 bales, American 2,000; imports, 7,000 bales, American 3,000. Futures opened quiet, 2 points advance to 10 points decline; closed quiet but steady, 8 to 23 points decline. Prices—July, 14.81d; October, 15.07d; December, 13.59d; January, 12.41d; March, 12.29d. Manchester—Yarns dull, cloths quiet.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil Co.	14¾	15¼	15
Atlantic Refining Co.	106	107	106
Do pf	115	117	115
Buckeye Pipe Line Co.	54	56	55
Chesebr'gh Mfg. Co., Cons.	220	230	230
Do pf	109	113	109
Continental Oil Co.	32	32¼	32½
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	50	60	60
Cumb. Pipe Line Co., Inc.	98	102	98
Eureka Pipe Line Co.	104	106	103
Galena-Sig. Oil Co., pf. old	111	113	111
Do pf. new	104	106	106
Do pf.	91	93	93
Humble Oil & Refining Co.	234½	235	234½
Illinois Pipe Line Co.	150	162	150
Imperial Oil, Ltd.	93	94	94½
Indiana Pipe Line Co.	83	86	86
International Petroleum Co.	25¾	25¾	25¾
Magnolia Petroleum	127	130	130
National Transit Co.	23½	23¾	23¾
New York Transit Co.	140	155	95
Northern Pipe Line Co.	90	100	90
Ohio Oil Co.	58¾	59	58¾
Penn. Mex. Fuel	12	16	12
Prairie Oil & Gas.	180	183	180
Prairie Pipe Line Co.	98	100	97
Solar Refining Co.	170	180	175
Southern Pipe Line Co.	95	97	94
South Penn Oil Co.	120	122	120
Southwest Pa. Pipe Lines	87	91	90
Standard Oil Co. (Cal.)	51¾	52	51¾
Standard Oil Co. (Ind.)	59¾	60¾	59¾
Standard Oil Co. (Kan.)	40	41¾	40
Standard Oil Co. (Ken.)	265	275	265
Standard Oil Co. (Neb.)	210	215	205
Standard Oil Co. (N. J.)	32¾	33	32¾
Do pf	114½	115	114½
Standard Oil Co. (N. Y.)	27¾	27¾	27
Standard Oil Co. (Ohio)	270	280	277
Standard Oil Co. (Ohio) pf	117	119	117
Swan & Finch Co.	18	20	20
Tidewater Oil Co.	97	100	98
Union Tank Car Co.	93	96	96
Do pf	108	109½	107
Vacuum Oil Co.	265	270	265
Washington Oil Co.	14	15	14

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.
Amalgamated Leather	57	60	57
Do pf	62	65	62
American Type Founders	73	80	78
Do pf	96	102	97
Archer, Daniels, Midland	19	20	20
Do pf	77	80	82
Babcock & Wilcox	103	104	101
E. W. Bliss	19	21	18
Borden	114	115	114
Campbell Soup pf	105½	107½	105½
Celluloid Corp.	90	99	95
Do pf	104	111	102
Chalmers Co.	110	115	110
Do pf	99	101	99
Congoleum Co.	97	100	97
Do pf	97	100	97
Continental Can	107	108	107
Do pf	116	117	116
Gillette Safety Razor	205	210	205
Hercules	102	103	102
Do pf	109	111	109
Ingersoll-Rand	122	123	122
Do pf	99	101	99
Int. Agricultural	44	46	44
Do pf	90	92	90
Int. Combustion Eng.	20	21	20
Do pf	77	80	77
Int. Harvester	107	108	107
Do pf	109	111	109
Kelly-Springfield	61	63	61
Do pf	97	100	97
Kelsey Wheel	14	15	14
Do pf	65	70	65
McGall	17	18	17
Do pf	81	83	81
Mullins Body	11	12	11
Munsingwear, Inc.	70	75	70
New Jersey Zinc	120	122	120
Niles-Bement-Pond	93	94	93
Do pf	99	101	99
Nova Scotia Steel	77	80	77
Royal Baking Powder	122	125	122
Do pf	99	101	99
Safety Car Heat & Ltg.	50	52	50
Sheriff Mfg. Co. new	101	102	101
Simms Mfg. Co. new	15	16	15½
Standard Screw Co.	157	165	157
United Bakeries Corp.	27½	30	27½
Do pf	90	95	90
Vivian Gum	1	1½	1
Yale & Towne	44	46	46

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.
Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 9.—Fifty-six new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,860,000, were chartered today. They include:

Grisweld Apartments, Troy; $20,000; G. S. Bond, Jr., H. Brewster, J. C. Behan Jr. (Attorneys, Peck & Behan, Troy.)

Massachusetts Realty Corp., Buffalo; $10,000; H. W. Paprocki, F. H. Butsbors, F. C. Taylor. (Attorney, P. Y. Cook, Albany.)

William Shilling, Manhattan; produce dramas, &c.; $10,000; E. D. Hayward, L. T. McManus, E. Scott. (Attorney, G. Link Dry, New York City.)

Washington Building, Buffalo; realty; $100,000; W. L. and M. F. Holling, E. A. McCormick. (Attorneys, Jacobson & McCormick, Buffalo.)

Haas Holding Co., South Ozone Park; realty; $5,000; I. Codlick, H. and A. Dickstein. (Attorney, B. Kirschstein, 280 Broadway.)

New Eagle Roofing and Sheet Metal Corp., Manhattan; $5,000; W. Gutfelcher, L. B. Marx. (Attorney, S. Cohen, 38 Park Row.)

Sturgeon Point Land Corp., Buffalo, $100,000; C. Sturgeon, Jr., C. Rice. (Attorney, H. Warner, Buffalo.)

Manlo Holding Corporation, Mount Vernon; motors and engines, $5,000; M. M. and W. Scotione. (Attorney, M. Scotione, Mount Vernon.)

Madison Street Dry Goods Store, Manhattan, $15,000; A. and S. Angelopoulis, R. Horwitz. (Attorney, D. Pappy, 220 Broadway.)

Philmac Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Scobie, S. S. and P. H. Siegel. (Attorney, M. Siegel, 280 5th Av.)

Vermillion Realty Co., Long Island City, $200,000; H. Bridgeman, N. F. Russell, M. Baldwin. (Attorneys, Reed, Dougherty & Hoyt, 15 William St.)

Greenberg Bros. Construction Co., Manhattan, $5,000; L. and P. Greenberg, A. D. Kinsler. (Attorneys, Seinfeld & Leiman, 299 Broadway.)

Broad Holding Corp., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $10,000; H. and P. Cohen, D. V. Arthur. (Attorneys, Saperston, McNaughton & Saperston, Buffalo.)

Magazzi & Sutton Corp., Manhattan, fruits and vegetables, $25,000; A. Ragazzi, J. M. and I. Britton. (Attorney, C. Firestone, 299 Broadway.)

Obermeyer Construction Co., Bronx, $5,000; C. Obermeyer, E. Schamock, L. Scheichtman. (Attorney, J. P. M. Weiss & Co., 150 West Chester St.)

Lynbrook Highlands Realty Corp., Queens, $10,000; G. J. and M. E. Fisher Brown. (Attorney, Wm. Fay, Rockaway.)

Silver Lake Homes, Middletown, $50,000; L. D. and W. C. Bull, A. L. Smith. (Attorneys, Wiggins & Buttenheim, Middletown.)

Realty Associates, Queens, realty, $200,000; J. and H. L. Jamieson, A. Rogers. (Attorneys, McKenzie & McKenzie, Rockaway Beach.)

A. Brooks, Bronx; moving van, $6,000; J. Gillio, W. E. Prusansky, S. E. Birnbaum. (Attorneys, Trencher & Birnbaum, 303 Fifth Av.)

Rauchwerger Bus Co., Queens; auto buses, $10,000; J. and F. H. Rauchwerger, M. Spitzer. (Attorney, G. R. Simpson, 61 Park Row.)

Tural Film Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Almasy, E. Slaski, L. Mary. (Attorney, S. Streit, 175 Fifth Av.)

Centaco Importing Corp., Manhattan, goods, wares and merchandise, $5,000; S. Schonewitz, A. Dubinbaum, A. Krinsky. (Attorney, H. B. Beadle, 110 West 40th St.)

Novelty House Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. and L. Cohn, J. J. DeMore. (Attorney, S. Rabkowitz, 149 Broadway.)

Rezmare Mfg. Co., Manhattan, realty and construction, $1,000; E. Fenster, J. Caine, N. Yaron. (Attorney, E. Fenster, 1,185 Broadway.)

Manhattan Cash Register Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. and W. S. Gordon, J. H. Mayer. (Attorney, M. V. Rosenberg, 220 Broadway.)

Bunker Hill Construction Co., Brooklyn, $20,000; N. Aaronson, E. Barkan, M. Locke. (Attorney, M. Saphir, 261 Stone Av., Brooklyn.)

Joseph V. Mayer, Manhattan, Diamonds, 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 shares no par value; active capital, $100,000; J. V. and J. H. Mayer. (Attorney, J. J. Valk, 25 Park Row.)

Rauwit Realty Corp., Manhattan, $15,000; E. Whitby, C. Leit, A. Herman. (Attorneys, Leitz & Seligson, 271 Broadway.)

Lincoln Oil Co., Brooklyn, $40,000; T. Goodfellow, E. Sergio, W. W. Wilson. (Attorney, D. W. Wilson, 154 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

Rockland Woodworking Co., Manhattan, $60,000; O. H. Davies, J. H. Wright, R. H. Bullas. (Attorney, T. R. Fay, Millville.)

Wilson, Gaschaldi & Co., Manhattan, contracting and building, $150,000; W. Wilson, A. Gaschaldi, A. C. Christiansen; F. Walstrot. (Attorneys, Strasbourger & Pegram, 523 5th Av.)

Crescent Garter Co., Manhattan, $100,000; L. and R. Rubenstein. (Attorney, H. S. Chapin, 267 Broadway.)

Golden Shoe Stores Corp., Manhattan; 500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 500 common stock, no par value; $50,000; J. D. and M. D. Cowan, A. Brown. (Attorney, S. S. Brahs, 220 Broadway.)

Premier Homes Co., Jamaica, $5,000; M. H. and R. Frankel. (Attorney, P. F. Fyrk, Jamaica.)

F. & S. Class Building Corp., Brooklyn, $25,000; L. and R. Finfer, H. Olsen. (Attorneys, Kramer & Kindelsh, 1,133 Broadway.)

Ladies' Garment Pleating Co., Manhattan, $15,000; M. Silverstein, W. Brunmar, S. Finkelstein. (Attorney, V. Deutsch, 299 Broadway.)

Adams Publicity Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; N. J. Cohen, E. Sunderoff, H. L. Schecter. (Attorney, H. E. Lauber, 31 Chambers St.)

Rockwell-Jackson Co., Manhattan, $500,000; P. Fischer, W. F. Schmidt. (Attorney, J. S. Doherty, 31 Nassau St.)

Trueffeld Shoe Co., Binghamton, $75,000; F. H. and J. B. Truitt, E. J. Rosenfeld. (Attorney, R. W. Meeker, Binghamton.)

Flower Homes Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; H. Moscovitch, P. Titone, S. Alperine. (Attorney, I. M. Sackin, 152 West 42d St.)

Savoy Ladies' Apparel Store, Manhattan, $10,000; G. M. Katz, A. and Goldstein, C. Bernfeld. (Attorney, B. Tullman, 1,299 Broadway.)

Martin-Hirt Corp., Buffalo, engineering, $25,000; M. E. Hirt, E. J. and M. Martin. (Attorney, G. O. Smith, Buffalo.)

Tyrrell-Waite, Dunkirk, automobiles, $30,000; R. R. Tyrrell, C. W. Waite, E. H. Ganey. (Attorneys, Mott & Ottawa, Jamestown.)

Howard Finance Co., Brooklyn, realty, $25,000; W. and F. Lopathi, I. Robrin. (Attorney, B. E. Stolper, 160 Nassau St.)

Scheldon & Mark Investing Co., Manhattan, realty, $5,000; B. Scheldon, C. A. Mark, H. Aronson. (Attorneys, H. L. and M. Cohen, 220 Broadway.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Bernaise Restaurant, Manhattan, to issue 500 shares common stock, no par value.

Henry B. J. Mewes & Co., Manhattan, $15,000 to $65,000.

Seneca Copper Corp., Manhattan, to issue 400,000 shares common stock, no par value.

Rec Motor Car Co. of New York, Manhattan, $2,000 to $500,000.

Van Loon & Dannis, Manhattan, $5,000 to $20,000.

Volton Battery Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $10,000.

North Avenue Bank of New Rochelle, New Rochelle, $100,000 to $150,000.

Plymouth Drug Stores, Bronx, $5,000 to $50,000.

350 Stone Avenue Corp., Brooklyn, $50,000 to $300,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Samuel Krohn Co., Manhattan, $30,000 to $20,000.

Tanger-Ryman Shirt Co., Manhattan, $100,000 $25,000.

DESIGNATIONS.

Stampler Corp., Del., $300,000. (Rep., G. G. Meyl, 110 West 42d St.)

Dajon Electric Corp., Del., 5,000 shares common stock, $100,000. (Rep., E. T. Affleck, Poughkeepsie.)

American Industrial & Bond Corp., Del., 1,000 shares common stock, $100 each; 5,000 Class B common, no par value. (Rep., A. L. Miller, 61 Wall St.)

NAME CHANGES.

Kreindel & Deul, Manhattan, to Kreindel & Co.

Jewish Sheltering Home of Rochester, N. Y., to Jewish Children's Home of Rochester, N. Y.

Ford West Bronx Service Corp., Bronx, to West Bronx Service Corp.

Benjamin & Benjamin, Brooklyn, to Schwartz & Benjamin.

Deveson-Burks Livery and Sales Stables, White Plains, to Richard Burks.

Buffalo News Realty Corp., Buffalo, to Lake Front Realty Corp.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Broadway-Isham Building Corp., Manhattan.

Greater New York Taxi League Co. (Operative Industries), Manhattan.

Hopemount Building Corp., Manhattan.

Berlinger Bros., Manhattan.

Pierre Lumber, Manhattan.

Eastern Furniture Sales Co., Watertown.

Blank Realty Corp., Queens.

Bell Tailoring Co., Buffalo.

Delaware Charters.
Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, July 9.—Charters filed today:

Community Retail Corp. of Glendale, Wilmington; $1,000,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Philadelphia Derrick and Salvage Corp., $500,000; Clinton E. Roe, Whitestone, N. Y.; Chas. P. Krauer, Far Rockaway, N. Y.; J. Fox Lilly, Brooklyn. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

General Auto Supply Co., Wilmington, $200,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Catholic Advocate Association (Western), New York, motion picture films, $200,000. (Registrar and Transfer Co.)

Lake Hall Land Co., $200,000; C. A. Hall, Norman W. Hall, Merville, Pa.; L. A. Reichardt, Schuylkill Haven, Pa. (Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.)

Georgia Harvesting and Implement Co., manufacture, $150,000; L. Almad Sr., E. L. Almad Jr., C. G. Brown, Social Circle, Ga. (American Guaranty and Trust Implement Co.)

Gas & Oil and Development Corp., Wilmington, promotion, $250,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

United American Terminals, wharfage, freighting, $100,000; Eugene C. Tyler, New York; Alden W. Hibbard, Orange, N. J.; William T. Dunn, Long Island City. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

King-Cole Chevrolet, manufacture, $100,000; George Brown, Wilmington, Del. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Boyd Rideaire Co., real estate and insurance agency, $25,000; Charles Thomas, Milton (R. D.), Del.; Frank Martine, Pittsburgh. (Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.)

R. E. Miller & Co., Dover, builders, $25,000. (C. T. Corporation Co.)

Lake Hill Fishing Club, operate hatcheries, $15,000; G. A. Lesher, Pottsville, Pa.; L. A. Reichardt, Schuylkill Haven, Pa. (Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

International Accounting Machine Co., New York, $12,350,000 to $21,350,000.

Maddox, Marshall & Co., West, $2,000 to $150,000.

Parry Lumber to sell., New York, $50,000 to $75,000.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1923.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
100 Arch Dan M	23¾	23	23
100 Atlantic Gr. 1st pf	75	75	75
800 Atwt's Kit	3	2¾	2¾
To. 1st pf	80¼	80¼	80¼
400 Bridgeport M	14¾	14¾	14¾
200 Brit Am Tob			
Co coupon	22	22	22
200 Brit-Int B	15¾	15¾	15¾
1,500 Buddy Bude	1¾	1¾	1¾
10 Celluloid Co	63	63	63
200 Cent Cas, 1st	15¾	15¾	15¾
300 Chesbr Con			
Mfg Co, A	40	40	40
200 Chi Nipple A	4¾	4¾	4¾
200 Do B	4¾	4¾	4¾
10 Consol Ice pf	21	21	21
800 Cuba Co	32	30¾	30
100 Curtiss Aero			
Corp of del	8	8	8
1,000 Dubilier Con	5¾	5¾	5¾
100 Durant M Inc	8¾	8¾	8¾
100 Eaton Axle &			
Spring	26¾	26¾	26¾
870 Gillette S R pf	24¼	24¼	24¼
100 Glen Alden C	27	27	27
1,800 G'dyear TAR	11¼	11	11¼

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
40 Buckeye P L	55	54	55
40 Eureka P L	83	83	83
100 Gal-Sig Oil, old	60¼	60	60¼
25 Illinois P L	150	150	
250 Imp Oil Can, xr	93	94¾	93¾
200 Indiana P L	85¼	85¼	85¼
200 Do pf	93	93	93
2,300 Inter Pet	15¾	15¾	15¾
110 Magnolia	130	130	128
10 N T Transit	102	102	102
20 North P L	102	102	103

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
400 Bar'ton, Al	10¾	10¾	10¾
1,000 Big4&OAG	14c	14c	14c
400 Carib Synd	4¾	4¾	4¾
500 Cities Serv	13¾	13¾	13¾
500 Do pf	65¾	64¾	65
200 Do bfrs stp	13¾	13¾	13¾
4,000 Creole Synd	2¾	2¾	2¾
4,000 Eagle Pet	4c	4c	4c
200 Federal	80c	80c	80c
900 Glen Rock	77c	77c	80c
1,100 Gilf O of Pa	84	82	82½
2,000 Globe Ref	10c	10c	10c
400 Interstate R	97c	97c	97c
4,000 Key Ranger	11c	11c	11c
1,200 Maracaibo O	2?	19¾	19¾
100 Mex Eagle	80c	80c	80c
100 Mex Panuco	65c	65c	65c
1,400 Mount Prod	15¾	15¾	15¾
5,700 Mutual Tel	9¾	9¼	9¼

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
200 Alaska-BGM	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000 AmCornMAL	4c	4c	4c
12,000 Atlas Globe	20c	18c	20c
1,000 Beaver Cons	30c	30c	30c
71,000 Belcher Ext	4c	4c	4c
1,000 Belcher Con	4c	4c	4c
5,000 BlissEnv'pe	1c	1c	1c
200 Boston & Mont	1	1	1
2,000 Bullion Beck	3c	3c	3c
1,000 Caledonia	1c	1c	1c
1,000 Chief Con	3c	3c	3c
1,000 Comstock Tun	50c	50c	50c
700 Con Cop, n	3¾	3¼	3¾
2,000 Cortez Silver	67c	65c	65c
500 Cres Cons G	2¼	2¼	2¼
200 Hasmo M A	1	1	1
Co, pf w i	93	93	93
200 Inca Con Cop	1¾	1¾	1¾
100 Ind Fin Am	1	1	1
600 Keystone Sel	3	3	3
100 Lustrat Ph A	13	13	13
100 Midvale	14	14	14
100 Nat Sup Del	55¼	55¼	55¼
100 Nat Sup Del pf	105¼	105¼	105¼
100 Nat Tin pf	10	10	10
1,000 Radio Corp	5¾	5¾	5¾
400 Do pf	25¾	25¾	25¾
1,200 Reserve Oil	2¾	2¾	2¾
200 Swift Int	15	15	15
100 Tob Prod Ex	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,000 Tonopah Ex	1¾	1¾	1¾
300 U S La & Sm	1¾	1¾	1¾
600 Do pf	2¼	2¼	2¼
100 Vanadium	27	27	27

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
100 Ohio Oil	55

RAILROAD TO RETIRE $52,000,000 ISSUE

Canadian Pacific Calls for Redemption of Certificates Dated March 2, 1914.

SPECIAL FUND COLLECTED

Sale of Land and Investments Nets $61,688,561 to Meet This Operation.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has called for redemption of all outstanding note certificates of its $52,000,000 issue of 6 per cent. securities dated March 2, 1914, and the entire amount will be paid off through the Bank of Montreal at offices of that bank in New York, Montreal and London. The note certificates are due on March 2, 1924, but the company will save a half year's interest through taking advantage of a clause in the issue which permits it to call the notes for redemption at par on sixty days' notice prior to maturity.

Funds for this operation have been built up through the sale of land by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, proceeds of which have gone into a special investment fund. As of Dec. 31, 1921, this fund, according to the company's report, had $60,155,819, and during 1922 there was added an additional $1,732,742. The combined total of $61,888,561 will be more than sufficient to provide for the redemption payments. Through the retirement of these notes the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will reduce its annual fixed charges by $3,120,000.

The company's reports do not state how much of the total issue of bonds outstanding is held in the United States, but a report in banking quarters indicated that the total would be in the neighborhood of $20,000,000. At the offices of the Bank of Montreal it was said that sufficient money was available to take care of all the bonds in this country, and the Montreal and London facilities are also reported ready to take care of the large disbursement necessary in Canada and England.

The entire operation will be handled without recourse to a new bond or note issue of any kind to raise money.

WHEAT UNAFFECTED BY FEDERAL REPORT

July Goes Down, December Up, While Corn Scores a Good Gain in Day's Bidding.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 9.—The Government crop report on grains was about as the pit expected. The return on Winter wheat was so near the private estimates as to attract little attention. Farm reserves are somewhat less than expected. The indicated crop of corn was slightly in excess of expectations, while the increase of less than 1,000,000 acres reflected a decrease in the South larger than the trade had looked for.

According to the best posted people, damage reports will commence to come from the American Northwest inside of three or four days with favorable weather for its development. Rust is now being found in the Canadian Northwest, and it was noticeable that houses with Northwestern connections were good buyers of futures here during the day, while Winnipeg showed relatively more strength than Chicago.

Closing trades here were ½ cent lower to ¼ cent higher, the former on July, which finished ¼ cent under September, against ½ cent over Saturday. Local traders generally evened up for the Government report before the close.

While country offerings are as yet light, the movement is increasing with the four leading interior Southwestern markets receiving 458 cars. Export demand was slow, with sales of 200,000.

Corn closed ⅝@⅞ cents higher, the latter on July, which showed increased congestion and carried the deferred deliveries up with it. Short covering was rather general toward the last.

With the exception of a few dry weather report strom parts of Nebraska, there were no unfavorable crop comments. Basis on spot was ¼@½ cent better, with white showing the most strength.

Country offerings were light and movement to terminals smaller, as farmers generally are now too busy with harvest to haul grain.

Oats were ⅛@⅜ cent higher, and rye unchanged to ⅛ cent higher. Trade in both grains was light. Harvesting of early oats is under way as far North as the Fort Dodge, (Iowa) territory, while cutting of rye is on in Southern Minnesota.

A decrease of 746,000 bushels in the visible supply of wheat made the total 15,567,000 bushels, against 16,313,000 the previous week and 16,879,000 last year. Corn decreased 199,000 bushels and is 3,167,000, against 2,366,000 bushels the previous week and 42,400,000 bushels the

Primary points received 886,000 bushels of wheat for the day; week ago, 948,000; last year, 1,401,000. Shipments were 727,000 bushels; week ago, 516,000; last year, 363,000.

Corn receipts were 688,000 bushels; week ago, 905,000; last year 1,275,000, and shipments, 491,000 bushels; week ago, 518,000; last year, 1,261,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	$1.04	$1.03¾	1.03¾	$1.04	$1.11¾
Sept.	1.02⅝	1.02⅜	1.03¼	1.03⅝	1.11¼
Dec.	1.06¼	1.05¾	1.06¼	1.06⅝	1.12¼

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.82	.81	.83	.80⅝	.61
Sept.	.77	.75⅝	.76⅞	.75⅝	.63¾
Dec.	.63¾	.62⅜	.63⅝	.65	.65¼

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.35⅝	.35⅛	.35⅜	.35	.34¼
Sept.	.35½	.35	.35½	.35¼	.36⅝
Dec.	.37¼	.36⅞	.37⅛	.37	.39⅝

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.69⅝	.64¾	.65⅝	.65	.83¾
Sept.	.67⅝	.67¼	.67⅝	.67¼	.81⅛
Dec.	.70⅝	.70⅛	.70⅝	.70¼	....

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	11.10	10.97	10.97	11.15	10.62
Sept.	11.30	11.17	11.17	11.35	10.85
Oct.	11.35	11.27	11.27	11.40	....
Ribs—					
July	....	....	....	....	10.57
Sept.	9.57	9.52	9.52	9.53	10.32

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (July 7): 5,123 packages. Early receipts light, market firm on high grades; Danish markets higher. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 39½@39c; extras, 92 score, 38c; firsts, 35½@37½c; seconds, 34½@35c; lower grades, 32@34c; centralized cars, 90 score, 37@37½c; 89 score, 36½@36½c; (88 score), 35½@36c; (85 to 87 score), 34½@35c; unsalted, higher than extras, 40½@41c; extras (92 score), 39½@40c; firsts, 38½@39c; seconds, 36½@37½c; Danish casks, duty paid, salted, 39@39½c; unsalted, 40½@41c; State dairy tubs, finest, 37@37½c; good to prime, 36½@36¾c; common to fair, 33@36c; ladles, current make, extras, 34@34½c; firsts, 33@33½c; seconds, 31c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 31c; No. 2, 30c; lower grades, 29@30c.

EGGS—Receipts (July 7): 11,967 cases. Market steady; offers generally ample. Fresh gathered, extra fancy, closely selected, 39@43c; fancy, 42@43c; choice to fancy Western hennery whites, average, mixed colors, 40@41c; extra firsts, 37@39c; firsts, 36@36½c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 39@43c; nearby white, under grades, 36@38c; mediums, 31@34c; nearby whites, pullets, No. 1, 30@33c; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 39½@40c; extra firsts, 39½@39¾c; firsts, 38@38c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 36@37c; New Jersey, Pennsylvania and nearby browns, extra fancy, light yolks, 39@40c; other nearby and nearby Western browns, extra firsts, 38@39c.

BIG COPPER CONSUMPTION.

Its Use in Developing Electric Energy in California.

One of the world's largest consumers of copper is the Southern California Edison Company of Los Angeles. The company now has 26,094,000 pounds of copper in service on its system. It is engaged in the largest hydroelectric development project in the world, involving an expenditure of $375,000,000, or $15,000,000 more than the cost of the Panama Canal. On its 600,000-volt transmission lines there are 8,888,000 pounds of copper and on its 30,000-volt lines there are 740,000 pounds of copper. It is estimated that the purchase of copper for 1923 was 6,000,000 pounds.

The Southern California Edison Company's project has attracted world-wide attention on account of its magnitude and the pioneering difficulties, for much of the work lies in the high Sierra Mountains above the snow line. At present, its construction project in the Big Creek-San Joaquin River district in the northern part of Fresno County, California, stretches over an active front of seventy miles in the Sierra Mountains, and is employing more than 5,000 men. Its completion in about 1932 will bring into service 1,407,000 horsepower of electric energy.

The company recently completed and tied in the first commercially operated 220,000-volt transmission line in the world, which will transmit energy from its extreme points, namely its four generating plants on Big River and the San Joaquin to Los Angeles, a distance of 240 miles. In March it began the construction of the largest hydroelectric powerhouse west of Niagara Falls, which, upon completion about Oct. 1, will deliver about 100,000 horsepower of electric energy. The company also plans to make an addition of 25,000 horsepower to its first plant on the Big Creek-San Joaquin River project, which will make a total of new power available this year of 125,000 horsepower; or, in other words, will give the company a total of 500,000 horsepower of water and steam generating capacity.

In the Big Creek-San Joaquin River project there are now built or in course of construction four gigantic hydroelectric powerhouses, but preliminary work is being done on ten or eleven more which the company will develop from time to time as the demand for electricity increases. This will make about fifteen powerhouses on its Big Creek-San Joaquin River project upon completion of the work, about 1932. The company already has in service twenty-one hydroelectric powerhouses situated in the San Bernardino Mountains on the Kern River, and in the heart of the San Joaquin Valley.

All activities for the ensuing eight or nine years will be directed to development of all of the available horsepower from the San Joaquin River, and with the completion of the project it will have about thirty-five monster hydroelectric powerhouses, which will deliver power to about 300 cities and towns and to the increasing agricultural communities in the ten counties of Southern and Central California served by the company. This is an area about the size of the combined areas of New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New Jersey and Delaware, and the population is said to be increasing more rapidly than in any other section of the world.

As these generating plants bring in from 50,000 to 75,000 horsepower of new electricity a year, the necessity of building and extending the distribution system of the company throughout the district it serves requires the continuous building of distribution lines for which copper is used almost exclusively, and it is apparent therefore that for many years to come the Southern California Edison Company will continue to be one of the largest copper consumers for electrical purposes in the world.

VIRGINIA RICH IN TIMBER.

Existing Stand is Estimated at 30,000,000,000 Board Feet.

Virginia's existing stand of timber suitable for saw-timber is estimated by the State Forester as being in the neighborhood of thirty-billion board feet. This is worth somewhere between $6 and $10 per thousand board feet on the stump, as it stands in the woods, he estimates, making a total value for saw-timber alone of between $180,000,000 and $300,000,000. That is for 1923 basis, the Forester declares, on which to attempt to estimate the amount or value of the additional material too small for saw-timber but suitable for cordwood and other uses.

"The forests of Virginia," says a statement issued by the Forester, "constitute a natural resource of tremendous value to the people of the State. The entire State is naturally a wooded country, almost its entire surface having been covered with magnificent stands of timber at the time of its first settlement by white men. It is one of the oldest lumbering States of the Union, logs having been shipped since early Colonial times, and with the industrial development of the nation large quantities of lumber, &c., began to be shipped to the large consuming centres of the Northeast, which has continued as an important business to the present day.

"The forests have also provided the settlers with building material, firewood, &c., besides being the basis for large local industries using pulpwood, extract wood, excelsior wood, vehicle stock, and many other forest products. The forests have, however, maintained themselves surprisingly well under the circumstances. They have grown again after cutting, except where prevented or hindered by forest fires, and have sprung up again, sooner or later, when cleared land has been 'turned out.' Exact figures are lacking, but it is estimated that about 14,000,000 acres could be classed as forest—that is, they bear a stand of trees that are useful now or through growth will become useful.

"The character of the stands varies between wide limits, from the virgin forests, in which no cutting has ever been done, to stands which have been cut over one or more times and repeatedly burned. The few remaining stands of virgin timber occur principally in rather inaccessible localities, particularly in the mountains. They probably occupy much less than 5 per cent. of the total forest area. There is a somewhat larger area which has been 'culled,' only the better trees being removed.

"Of the total stand of saw-timber, it is estimated that about 43 per cent. consists of the so-called softwoods or evergreens, the remaining 57 per cent. consisting of the so-called hardwoods or deciduous trees. The Southern yellow pines are estimated to comprise about 40 per cent. of the total stand. There are also comparatively very small amounts of other softwoods, such as hemlock, cypress, red cedar, white pine, white cedar or juniper, balsam fir and spruce.

"Of the total stand, the various oaks are estimated to comprise about 30 per cent. The true white oak is probably about as abundant as all the others combined, the latter consisting principally of Northern red oak and chestnut oak, with also some black, scarlet, Southern red, pine and other oaks. The other more abundant hardwoods are chestnut, yellow poplar, maple (both hard and soft), hickory and red gum. There are comparatively small amounts of black gum and other gums, beech, basswood, ash locust, sycamore, birch, walnut, cucumber, buckeye, elm, willow, cottonwood and cherry."

Iowa Southern Utilities Report.

For the twelve months ended May 31 the gross earnings of the Iowa Southern Utilities Company were $960,938, operating expenses, $583,210, and net earnings, $377,728.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	*Close.	Close.	*Prev. Year.
Spot	....	....	....	....	10.40	10.30
July	....	....	....	....	10.40	10.30
Aug.	1,300	10.55	10.52	10.50	10.50	10.05
Sept.	2,800	10.40	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.01
Oct.	1,500	9.50	9.46	9.47	9.47	9.56
Nov.	1,100	9.04	8.99	8.99	8.99	9.70
Dec.	200	8.50	8.50	8.52	8.52	8.81
Jan.	1,100	8.55	8.50	8.53	8.53	8.56
Feb.	....	....	....	....	....	8.57
Total sales, 8,000.						

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	Close.	*Prev. Year.
July	8.40	8.10	8.40	8.39	9.69
Sept.	7.50	7.28	7.50	7.44	9.53
Dec.	6.90	6.83	6.86	7.00	9.43
March	6.82	6.80	6.80	6.96	9.46
May	6.84	6.77	6.80	6.95	....

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	Close.	*Prev. Year.
July	3.53	3.18	3.20	3.30	3.30
Sept.	3.56	3.07	3.15	3.43	3.42
Dec.	4.76	4.00	4.57	4.80	3.42
March	3.60	3.50	3.55	3.91	3.42
May	....	....	3.76	3.94	3.47

*Closing bid.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Cash Grains Move Up Sharply, While Sugar, Cotton, Lard and Copper Decline.

Cash grains were strong in yesterday's dealings, wheat, corn and oats moving up sharply from Saturday's levels, although there was an opposite movement in flour, which dropped to a new low point for the year. Heaviness also was found in sugar, lard, cotton and copper, the latter reacting to 14¾ cents, a new low for the year. Dairy products, other provisions and metals were firm.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Monday, a week before and a year ago:

	July 9, 1923.	July 2, 1923.	July 10, 1922.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.57⅜	$1.25⅛	$1.28⅛
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.04¼	.99¼	.80
Oats, No. 2 white	.53	.54	.47
Flour, Minn., patent	6.00	6.40	8.25
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.11	.11⅛	.10⅛
Sugar, granulated	.00	.06¾	.06⅛
Butter, cr., 92 score	.38	.37½	.37
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per dozen	.24½@.25½	.23	.26⅛
Lard, Mid. W.	11.50	11.30	11.25
Pork, mess	36.00	36.00	30.00
Beef, family	17.50	17.50	17.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2 X, Phila.	30.25	31.50	28.75
Steel billets, Pitts.	42.50	42.50	35.00
Lead	6.35	6.85	5.75
Copper	14.37½	14.62½	13.75
Tin	38.87½	37.50	31.87½
TEXTILES:			
Cotton mid. upland	.27.55	27.85	22.10
Printcloths	.06⅞	.06⅝	.06⅛

Range of prices of year to date.

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.54	Feb. 15	$1.27⅛	June 20
Corn	1.05	June 22	.80	Jan. 3
Oats	.57½	Feb. 13	.52	Jan. 3
Flour	7.60	Jan. 2	6.00	July 9
Coffee	.13⅝	Feb. 15	.11	July 6
Sugar	.10¾	Apr. 25	.06	Jan. 27
Butter	.54	Jan. 11	.37½	July 2
Eggs	.48	Jan. 2	.22½	June 23
Lard	13.10	Mar. 16	11.15	May 11
Pork	28.50	Jan. 2	26.00	June 8
Beef	22.00	Apr. 18	17.50	Jan. 26
Iron	33.75	Apr. 7	29.00	Jan. 2
Steel	45.00	Mar. 16	36.50	Jan. 2
Lead	8.75	Mar. 5	6.25	July 9
Copper	17.25	Mar. 19	14.37½	July 9
Tin	61.50	Mar. 15	37.37½	July 5
Cotton	31.30	Mar. 17	25.30	May 11
Printcloths	.06¾	Mar. 3	.06⅜	June 28

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Office of
THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, TRUSTEE.
Pittsburgh, Pa., July 10th, 1923.

Notice to Holders of
HOSTETTER-CONNELLSVILLE COKE COMPANY PURCHASE MONEY BONDS.

The Hostetter-Connellsville Coke Company having requested the undersigned as Trustee to pay and redeem eighty (80) of its Purchase Money Bonds, dated February 1, 1892, out of money available therefor in the Sinking Fund, pursuant to the provisions of its Trust Agreement with the undersigned as Trustee, dated February 1, 1892, under which said bonds were issued, The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee, hereby gives notice that at the request of the Hostetter-Connellsville Coke Company the Trustee will on August 1, 1923, redeem bonds bearing numbers as follows:

1414, 1415, 1416, 1417, 1418, 1419, 1420, 1421, 1422, 1423, 1424, 1425, 1426, 1427, 1428, 1429, 1430, 1431, 1432, 1433, 1434, 1435, 1436, 1437, 1438, 1439, 1440, 1441, 1442, 1443, 1444, 1445, 1446, 1447, 1448, 1449, 1450, 1451, 1453, 1454, 1455, 1457, 1458, 1459, 1460, 1461, 1462, 1464, 1465, 1470, 1471, 1472, 1473, 1474, 1475, 1476, 1477, 1478, 1479, 1480, 1481, 1482, 1483, 1484, 1485, 1486, 1487, 1488, 1489, 1490, 1491, 1492, 1493, 1494, 1495, 1496, 1497, 1498, 1499, 1500.

Said bonds will on August 1, 1923, become due and payable at par and accrued interest thereon to said date.

The holders of said bonds are hereby notified to present same to the undersigned for payment with all unmatured coupons thereto belonging, on August 1, 1923.

The usual certificates required under the Internal Revenue Tax Act must accompany the bonds.

Interest on said bonds will cease on August 1, 1923.

THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, TRUSTEE.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST Mortgage of 5 Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Central New York Gas and Electric Company:

Notice is hereby given that Philadelphia Trust Company, Trustee under the Mortgage of Deed of Trust of the Central New York Gas and Electric Company, dated March 15, 1911, securing the First Mortgage 5 per cent Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the said Company, has the sum of $10,326.18 to be applied to the purposes of the Sinking Fund under the provisions of Article Third, Section K, of said Mortgage, and that sealed proposals for bonds of said Philadelphia Trust Company, Broad and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, up to 3 o'clock P. M., on August 7, 1923, for the sale to said Trustee, at the lowest prices not exceeding 105 per cent of the par value thereof, with accrued interest, at which said bonds shall be offered for delivery on August 14, 1923, of a sufficient number of the said bonds to exhaust the said sum of $10,326.18. All proposals should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals to the Sinking Fund of Central New York Gas and Electric Company," and should designate the denominations of bonds.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals.

PHILADELPHIA TRUST COMPANY,
By JOHN C. WALLACE, Treasurer.
Dated Philadelphia, July 10, 1923.

To the Holders of 5% Collateral Trust Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of THE SYRACUSE LIGHT & POWER CO. DUE JULY 1, 1954.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as successor to the Trust Company of America, Trustee under the Deed of Trust of The Syracuse Light & Power Company, dated April 10, 1907, hereby invites proposals for the sale to it of so many bonds secured thereby as will exhaust the sum of One Hundred and Three Thousand Two Hundred and Sixteen Dollars and Seventy-nine Cents ($103,216.79), in accordance with the Sinking Fund provisions of the said deed of Trust.

Sealed proposals will be opened at the office of the undersigned, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve o'clock noon on July 16, 1923, and should be endorsed "Proposals to the Sinking Fund of The Syracuse Light & Power Company." Proposals should be addressed to the Trust Department.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals.

Proposals of bidders unknown to the Trustee must be accompanied by satisfactory references.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice-President.
Dated, New York, N. Y., July 6, 1923.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE GENERAL GAS & ELECTRIC CO. 5% 10-Year Gold Bonds, due January 1, 1925.

Notice is hereby given, as provided in Section 3 of Article V of the Indenture dated January 1, 1918, securing the above bonds, that offers will be received until 12 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, July 11, 1923, at the office of the undersigned, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, for the sale to it on said date, of sufficient bonds at not exceeding par and accrued interest to exhaust the sum of Fourteen Thousand Six Hundred One Dollars and Fifty-nine Cents ($14,601.59). Accepted bonds should be delivered Thursday, July 19, 1923.

Offers should be sealed and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT. The right is reserved to reject any or all offers in whole or in part.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
By WILLIAM C. POTTER, President.
Dated July 2, 1923.

NEW ORLEANS PUBLIC SERVICE, INC. General Lien Four and One-Half Per Cent. Gold Bonds, Due July 1, 1935.

The undersigned, as Trustee under the Indenture of the New Orleans Public Service Inc., dated October 1, 1922, given to secure the bonds described above, hereby gives notice that it will receive sealed proposals up to 2 P. M., on August 9, 1923, at its principal office, No. 100 Broadway, New York City, for the sale to it, for account of the Sinking Fund established under Article Sixth of said mortgage, of bonds of the above described issue sufficient substantially to exhaust $100,000 at the lowest price offered, not exceeding 105% of the principal amount of said bonds and accrued interest.

The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all tenders in whole or in part, on account of the Sinking Fund.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By A. C. Downing, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary.
Dated, New York, July 10, 1923.

UNION OIL COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA First Lien 5% Twenty Year Sinking Fund Bonds

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, Trustee under the Union Oil Company of California First Lien Trust Indenture dated January 2nd, 1911, invites tenders of Bonds issued thereunder for sale to the Sinking Fund in accordance with provisions of Article 4, Section 8, of said Trust Indenture, of a sufficient amount to exhaust the sum of $9,287.75. Sealed tenders must be presented to the undersigned Trustee at its Trust Department, on or before Tuesday, July 17th, 1923, at twelve (12) o'clock noon. The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice-President.
July 3rd, 1923.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1923:

RESOURCES.

Specie		$24,332.26
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		539,454.30
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$56,685.97	
Other cash items	7,115.28	
		72,801.25
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		1,131,074.31
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less offsets		1,929,650.45
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		812,373.29
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	83,333,237.52	
Private securities	2,330,855.16	
		5,672,905.68
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		986,791.23
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		10,349,914.96
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		3,746,336.24
Overdrafts		4,477.74
Bonds and mortgages owned		2,465,631.63
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		475,712.50
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		129,364.15
Total		$26,094,010.89

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$2,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$550,000.00	
Undivided profits	589,236.02	
		1,139,236.02
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$867,681.69	
Due New York State savings and loan associations, credit unions and land bank		
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	897.40	
Deposits by the State of New York	491,491.89	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	210,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	16,337.29	
Deposits otherwise preferred, if any	329,496.92	
Net preferred as follows:	1,337,750.00	
Deposits subject to check	16,774,977.22	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	1,857,083.01	
Demand certificates of deposit	3,010.88	
Other certificates of deposit	47,859.00	
Deposits with drawable only on presentation of passbooks	1,898,319.77	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	97,378.72	
Certified checks	124,565.15	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	744,124.34	
		24,294,334.38
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		475,712.50
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserve for taxes, expenses, &c.	$74,785.98	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	18,049.65	
Estimated unearned discounts	31,290.88	
		114,125.40
Total		$26,094,010.89

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

CONSOLIDATED GAS, ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY OF BALTIMORE

First Refunding Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds (Series "A," Series "C," Series "D" and Series "E").

Series "A," Thirty-Year 6% First Refunding Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Series "C," 7% First Refunding Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Series "D," 6½% First Refunding Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Series "E," 5½% First Refunding Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

The undersigned Trustee hereby invites sealed written proposals to be received by the undersigned Trustee at its Corporate Trust Department, No. 15 Wall Street, New York N. Y. on or before 3 o'clock P. M., August 1, 1923 for the sale of bonds, of the above issue, of any one or more of the above series, to the undersigned Trustee for the Sinking Fund. Proposals should state the amount and price of bonds offered of each series which amount may, however, be stated as all or any of a specified amount or as any amount within specified limits. The prices at which any bonds are offered should be stated in dollars (or percentage of principal amount) plus accrued interest and should not exceed the following prices of the respective Series: Series "A" 110% Series "C" 102% Series "D" 110% Series "E" 101½%. On or before August 2, 1923, the undersigned Trustee will mail notices of acceptance of any proposals to the addresses stated in such proposals.

Dated at New York City, July 3, 1923
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee
By H. F. WILSON JR.,
Vice President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Notice of Shareholders' Meeting
THE BATTERY PARK NATIONAL BANK,
2 Broadway,
New York City, New York.
June 12, 1923.

To the Shareholders of
The Battery Park National Bank:

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the shareholders of The Battery Park National Bank will be held at its banking rooms, at 2 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, New York, on July 16, 1923, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon of that day to consider and vote upon proposals for the liquidation of said bank as a national banking association to take effect at a future date; to reincorporate the said bank as a State bank under the laws of the State of New York; to authorize its directors to execute a certificate of organization as a New York State Bank as required by the Banking Law of the State of New York, under the name of The Battery Park Bank or such other name as shall be deemed advisable and satisfactory to the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York; to take and to authorize its board of directors to take all such other and further action as may be necessary or expedient to cause the liquidation of said The Battery Park National Bank as a national banking association to become effective, its corporate existence as a New York State Bank to begin, and the assignment and transfer of all the property, assets, good will, rights, privileges, and franchises of The Battery Park National Bank to such State bank pertaining to the merger of such State bank with The Bank of America, a banking corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
A. B. DE LIMA, President.
A. H. MERRY, Cashier and Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

136th DIVIDEND DECLARED
The Home Insurance Company
NEW YORK
59 Maiden Lane

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of NINE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable to stockholders of record June 30, 1923, or their legal representatives, on demand.

C. L. FINER, Vice-Pres.
New York, July 9, 1923.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Baltimore, Md., June 27, 1923.

The Board of Directors this day declared for the six months ending June 30, 1923, from the net earnings of the Company, a dividend of Two (2) per cent on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable September 1, 1923, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on July 14, 1923.

The Transfer Books will not close.

C. W. WOOLFORD, Secretary.

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY

Regular Quarterly Dividend of 1½% on the Capital Stock of the Company has been declared, payable September 1st to stockholders of record at 3 P. M. August 1st, 1923.

A. E. Peters, Secretary.
Highland Park, Michigan, July 1, 1923.

SAVINGS BANKS. | SAVINGS BANKS.

THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION
644-646 BROADWAY, Corner Bleecker Street, New York

QUARTERLY INTEREST RATE
JULY 1, 1923—4 PER CENT
PER ANNUM.

PAYABLE ON ALL SUMS FROM $1 TO $5,000 ON OR AFTER JULY 16, 1923
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1ST, 1923.

$1 OPENS AN ACCOUNT

JANUARY 1st APRIL 1st | DIVIDENDS ARE DECLARED AND CREDITED QUARTERLY | JULY 1st OCTOBER 1st

Send for Circular: Banking by Mail

INCORPORATED 1848
UNION SQUARE SAVINGS BANK
20 Union Square, Cor. 15th St.
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND
Credited July 1st, 1923, at the rate of
4%
per annum on accounts of $5 to $5,000 payable on or after July 16, 1923
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10th WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1st.
BANKING BY MAIL.
Hours: Mondays 10 to 7. Saturdays 10 to 13; other days 10 to 3, holidays excepted

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK
Has declared a Quarterly Dividend at the rate of 4% Per Annum Payable on and after July 16th, 1923
Deposits made on or before July 13th will draw interest from July 1st, 1923
Bank open Week Days: MONDAYS, 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. SATURDAYS, 9 A. M. to 13 Noon. OTHER DAYS, 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
CHARLES ROSE, President. GEORGE T. CONNETT, Sec'y and Treas.
206-212 West 34th Street

Assets Exceed $108,000,000
DRY DOCK SAVINGS INSTITUTION
341 & 343 Bowery, Cor. 3d St., N. Y.
THE Trustees have declared a dividend for the three months ending June 30, 1923, on all deposits entitled thereto under the By-Laws, at the rate of FOUR per cent. per annum, payable on and after July 16, 1923.
Deposits made on or before July 19, will be entitled to interest from July 1, 1923.
ANDREW MILLS, President.
ANDREW MILLS, JR., First Vice Pres.
FREDERICK SHERWOOD, Treasurer.
SAMUEL WEBSTER, Secretary.
Interest Credited and Paid Quarterly.

Central Savings Bank
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK
CORNER 4TH AVE. AND 14TH ST.
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND
Interest at the rate of
FOUR (4) PER CENTUM
per annum will be credited depositors for the three months ended June 30, 1923, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-laws, not exceeding Five Thousand ($5,000) Dollars, and will be payable on and after July 10, 1923.
Deposits made on or before July 10, 1923, will draw interest from July 1, 1923.
HUBERT CILLIS, President.
A. KOPPEL, 2d Vice-Pres. and Treas.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK
40th Street and 6th Avenue
An interest dividend (180th consecutive) has been declared at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum, credited July 1, 1923, and payable on and after Thursday July 19, 1923, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws from $5 to $5,000.
Money deposited on or before July 10, 1923, draws interest from July 1.
Interest Now Credited Quarterly
ALEX P. W. KINNAN, President.
EDMUND P. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer.
FRANK F. HAZARD, Secretary.

Citizens Savings Bank
Corner Bowery and Canal St.
The Trustees have declared a Quarterly Dividend at the rate of
Four Per Cent
per annum for three months ending June 30, 1923, payable on and after July 16, 1923, on all amounts of $5 up to $5,000, entitled thereto under the By-Laws and Rules of the Bank.
Money deposited on or before July 13th will draw interest from July 1st
Change of Banking Hours
Beginning July 2, 1923.
Open 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Saturdays 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.
Also on Monday Evenings, 5 P. M. to 8 P. M.

Dollar Savings Bank
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
Third Avenue and 147th St.
Interest credited July 1st, at the rate of
Four Per Cent.
per annum, on accounts from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before July 12th draw interest from July 1st.
BRIAN G. HUGHES, President
HOWELL T. MANSON, Controller
JOSEPH B. HARE, Treasurer
HARRY P. REGAL, Secretary

IRVING SAVINGS BANK
115 CHAMBERS ST., NEW YORK
Deposits made NOW and to July 13th inclusive will draw interest FROM July 1st.
Double Your Savings—It Can Be Done.
This Bank has paid interest to Depositors every year for 73 years
You Can Bank by Mail!

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS. | SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

Incorporated 1890 | Resources $1,200,000
The Railroad Building and Lo

Wholesale Only

A WONDERFUL GROUP OF SENSATIONAL VALUES!

FUR TRIMMED

BRYTONIA SALTONA

50 inch COATS

TO RETAIL AT

$25.00

Trimmed with MANCHURIAN WOLF GENUINE CARACUL MOUFFLON and other leading furs.

Full Lined.

JUST ONE OF MANY VALUES!

PARIS MONTREAL LONDON

The BRODY-SHUNT Co.

WORLD'S LARGEST PILE FABRIC COAT M'F'R'S.

134-142 W.37th St. NEW YORK CITY

WE DO NOT SELL THE JOBBER.

Wholesale Only

1000 Dresses

Plain and Striped Broadcloth
Polka Dot and
Striped Crepe de Chines
Genuine Shantungs
Organdies
for Misses, Ladies and
Stylish Stouts
French Voiles
for the Flapper

Priced to make your

July Sales

A Quick Turnover

Herman Landes
31 East 31 St.

modes & gowns

Wholesale Only

The Cleverest, Newest Styles in

COATS
SUITS WRAPS

for STOUT Women

are ready for you. Workmanship and fashions are superfine, but the prices are among the lowly. You'll like these and so will your customers. Call TODAY.

Simon, Goodman & Lipshitz
305 7th AVE. Cor. 31st St.
New York City

Wholesale Only

ANNETTA DRESSES

Reduced for Your July Sales

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
VOILES
LINENS
GINGHAMS

470 Seventh Avenue
Near 36th St., New York

LADIES—MISSES—JUNIOR
COATS & SUITS

Wholesale Only

IF FAST TURNOVER APPEALS TO YOU, SEE OUR GREAT FALL LINE.

Goldstein & Falk.
144-152 WEST 37th STREET

Wholesale Only

Closing Out Stock

Cotton Dresses

Leading materials, latest styles. Good workmanship, all colors.

WAY BELOW COST

ISAAC IPP
129 West 29th St.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neil Co.: Miss S. L. Konrad, ready-to-wear; F. Tobin, basement ready-to-wear; 21 West 20th (E. M. Seet-ready-to-wear).

AKRON, Ohio—Federman's Dept. Store; S. F. Rattel, dresses; Pennsylvania.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Spiegel & Weisger, N. Spiegel, Fall cloth dresses; 181 West 22d (Rhoda & Dorothea).

ALBANY, N. Y.—Troy Underwear Co.; F. Goodman, underwear; 225 B'way.

ALEXANDRIA, La.—Simon Bros., Ltd.; H. Silbert, ready-to-wear; 332 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Mose Bros.; Miss M. Seidler, Miss N. Tramaine, patterns; 229 5th Av. (F. Allen Patterns).

AMSTERDAM, Ohio—Miss Stores; Mr. Kline, high shade voiles; 141 W. 32d (O. Silver).

ASBURY PARK, N. J.—M. Klinghoffer & Bro.; Mr. Klinghoffer, cotton dresses; Miss Singham, 1,321 B'way (S. Solomon).

ALTOONA, Pa.—Wm. F. Gable & Co.; H. R. Slager, house furnishings; H. Hausser, sup-plies; 240 Madison Av.

BALTIMORE—National Wholesale Millinery Co.; M. Lavine, millinery; 805 Broadway, Room 21.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss L. Bailey, dresses; 14 West 20th.

BALTIMORE—Mano Swartz, furs; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—O'Neill & Co.; E. S. Prince, mdse. mgr.; 218 9th Av. (G. A. Cook).

BEAUMONT, Texas—S. L. Greenspun; M. Rosenfeld, men's clothing, furnishings; 117 West 32d (Hoffman & Harthley).

BEATRICE, Neb.—M. B. Walker D. G. Co.; M. B. Walker, gen. mdse.; 1,182 B'way (H. Hunter).

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Sterner B. G. Co.; A. Phillips, rugs, draperies; 332 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Cahen Bros.; Miss E. Silver, ladies' ready-to-wear for Fall; Pennsylvania.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Louis Saks Clothing Co.; L. T. Stern, men's furnishings; 200 5th Av. (Affiliated Clothiers).

BOISE, Idaho—C. C. Anderson Co.; W. E. Graham, men's goods; 139 West 32d (A. Fant).

BOSTON—R. H. White & Co.; F. R. Nolan, boys' clothing; C. Revel, men's clothing; W. Hanchey, millinery; Miss A. C. Lis-ton, furs; Miss N. Reid negligees, mus-lin underwear; 3 petticoats, 42 5th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss M. Shana, waists, sweaters; Mrs. A. Roberge, junior coats; dresses; 452 4th Av.

BOSTON—Shepard Stores; Miss M. Mulhern, girls' wear; 225 5th Av. (W. Aitkins).

BOSTON—Gilchrist, Inc.; upstairs; Miss S. O'Brien, Fall suits, skirts; Miss E. Mus-han, girls', juniors' wear; 200 5th Av., Room 902.

BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Mr. Lucey, furs; 452 4th Av. (M. Bernstein).

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co., upstairs; Miss M. Bell, infants' coats, bonnets, infants' dresses; Mr. Griffin, corresponding; Miss Y. laces; S. A. Fuller, furs; Miss E. McCauley, stout figure suits, corsett, waists, gowns; S. E. Emery, cotton underwear, ladies' French underwear, women's petticoats; G. Sawyer, stationery, desk fittings, religi-ous goods; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, bathing, ladies' high-grade coats; C. Giles, women's costumes; G. W. Ross, women's tailored suits, high-grade misses' suits; Miss Burke, misses', children's sweaters, infants' haberdashery, nursery furniture; B. G. Hawkins, sales division manager; Miss Hardy, misses' dresses, gymnasium suits; W. H. Kerans, silk waists, high-grade silk waists; basement—R. J. Trimble, cot-ton underwear, petticoats, women's sweat-ers; Miss A. V. Burns, women's coat-umes; Miss M. Hamilburg, women's neck-wear; W. E. Fuller, millinery; J. T. Reed, women's hosiery, ladies' knit underwear; children's hosiery, knit underwear; C. T. Sennett, men's furnishings; G. W. Little, rugs, floor coverings, upholstery, curtains; J. G. Ryan, inexpensive dresses, bathrobes, negligees, aprons; 452 4th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Upstairs—Miss Stack, coats, suits; Miss Joyce, bathing robes; Miss Lumian, juniors', girls' coats, dresses; Mr. Hurley, women's inexpensive dresses; Mr. Cook, luggage; Miss Colitz, women's inexpensive millinery, basement—Mr. Bing, women's, misses' dresses; Mr. Levine, children's, juniors' coats, dresses; Mr. Seary, silk and muslin underwear; J. J. O'Brien, jewelry, leather goods; Miss Williams, hosiery; Miss Darit, infants' wear; Mrs. Geary, waists; Miss McGrail, women's, misses' suits; Mrs. Kasanof, neckwear; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—S. Shapiro & Co.; J. S. Shapiro, H. Shapiro, dress goods; Latham.

BOSTON—Sylvia-Coppinger Co; F. L. Sylvia, dry goods; 54 Leonard.

BRIGHTON, Mass.—Mailman & Hanlon; M. Mailman, ready-to-wear; 452 4th Av. (M. J. Cronin).

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Mrs. R. Stark, Mrs. J. S. Browne, millinery; Miss H. Howard, women's dresses; R. J. Bachus, women's, children's shoes; J. V. Swann, upholstery, lace curtains; 16 W. 20th.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; S. W. Dun-lap, ready-to-wear; J. Connor, men's, boys' clothing; C. W. Sayder, women's, children's shoes; 16 W. 20th.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson; F. L. Zimmer; cottons, linings, flannels; 240 Madison Avenue.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; Miss S. A. Donar, art goods, gifts &c.; 240 Madison Ave.

BUFFALO—Owen's, Inc.; Mrs. R. Ferguson, jobs wash dresses (upstairs); 1,381 B'way (I. Solomon).

BUTTE, Mont.—Hennessey Co.; R. J. Cronin, silks, dress goods; 25 East 26th (W. F. Knoth).

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—The Boiel Co.—J. F. Rush; jobs, linen dresses; 120 West 32d (Arthur Allingcast, Inc.).

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.—Hefron Jobbing Co.; L. Wasserman, ladies' Fall dresses; 1,325 B'way (Jobbers' Market).

CHICAGO—A. Auerbach & Auerbach, silks, velvets; 15 West 36th (V. A. Fiat); 8th floor.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; upstairs, F. Mam-moser, furs; Mr. Booth, juniors' coats, dresses; Miss E. Sweet, misses' dresses, coats, suits; Miss F. A. Tarreen, waists, underwear, sweaters, neckwear, aprons, pet-icoats; basement, R. M. Levy, women's misses' coats, suits, dresses; Miss Mendell, infants' wear, kimonos, aprons; 12 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Boston Store; Mrs. F. Eisen-drath, ready-to-wear; C. J. Ryan, domes-tics, wash goods; W. J. Callahan, silks, velvets; W. Paton, furs; 44 E. 23d.

CHICAGO—Sol. Klein Store; Mrs. Stopelbein, mdse. manager; Miss Bowers, leather goods, neckwear; A. Miller, jewelry, hosiery; Mr. Wittman, underwear, men's, women's goods; Miss J. Goldberg, jobs silk dresses; 370 7th Av. (Munser-Mann Co.).

CHICAGO—The Fair; A. A. Diamond, men's, boys' clothing, hosiery, furnishings, basement; W. R. Anderson, men's hats, cigars, smoking novelties, notions; Miss E. Her-man, jobs muslin underwear, infants' dresses, rompers, creepers, basement; 225 4th Av., room 811.

CHICAGO—The Fair; Miss N. Kirby, art dept., new Fall stamp goods, models, art pillows, library scarfs, baskets, lamp shades, art fabrics, trimmings; J. G. God-frey, men's clothing; 225 4th Av., Room 811.

CHICAGO—Joseph's & E. M. Sanders, suits, coats, wraps; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Well & Kaufman (jobbers); J. Well, Fall cloth, silk dresses; A. Kaufman, Fall coats; 131 W. 32d (Swede & Tuttle-baum).

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; Mrs. N. Neu-bert, school dresses; A. M. Eisefelder, neck-wear, laces, embroideries, ribbons, fancy trimmings; J. H. Schoenberg, toys, men's sweaters; H. H. Schallman, candy, Easter, holiday novelties; F. Bits, stamped goods; 340 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Feisenthal Bros. & Co.; J. L. Feisenthal, ladies' handbags, leather novel-ties, ivory toilet goods; Commodore.

CHICAGO—Kesner, Ettes & Oppenheimer; M. S. Oppenheimer, women's hats; Claridge.

CHICAGO—Hayman & Alexander Co.; H. D. Alexander, hosiery, underwear, sweaters; McAlpin.

CHICAGO—Hammer & Co.; M. Hammer, Fall coats; 127 W. 32d, Room 504.

CHICAGO—S. Stainman & Co.; S. Steinman, Fall coats, suits, dresses; 127 W. 32d, Room 504.

CHICAGO—F. P. Heilman & Co.; F. P. Heilman, millinery, silks, velvets; 707 Penn Max Herman & Co.).

CHICAGO—Hinsman, Kaye Co.; M. Eisen-muth, leather goods, novelties; 24 E. 21st.

CHICAGO—Harry Friend & Son; B. Fink, furs; 370 7th Av. (Munser-Mann Co.).

CHICAGO—S. J. Hall & Co.; W. Jackson, mfg. dept.; M. J. Betz, gen. mdse.; J. G. Beckstad, flowers, feathers, ornaments; 441 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Stanton Dress Co.; J. Redler, dresses; Imperial.

CHICAGO—S. L. Greenstein & Son; J. Green-stein, Fall dresses; 370 7th Av. (Munser-Mann Co.).

CHICAGO—Robinson & Goodman; M. Good-man, jobs coats, suits, dresses; Pennsyl-vania.

CHICAGO—Miss M. Elden, blouses, under-wear, domestics; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Rosnica & Grosse Co.; A. M. Levenberg, dresses, shirts, ginghams, ready-to-wear; 1,152 B'way (W. Lerian).

CHICAGO—V. P. Farwell Co.; A. W. Mer-ritt, bedding, upholstery, draperies, cur-tains; 43 White St.

CHICAGO—Sterling Hosiery Co.; H. Michael, hosiery; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO — D. Kaplan & Co.; D. Kaplan, furs; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—The Ladérys; A. L. Spilkin; mdse. mgr.; 370 7th Av. (Munser-Mann Co.).

CHICAGO—S. Diamond, furs; Pennsylvania.

CHICKASHA, Okla.—Layne & Miller; B. La-vine, ready-to-wear; 30 W. 32th (Wm. M. Van Emburgh).

CINCINNATI—Alms & Doepke Co.; E. Kot-ter, silks, dress goods; A. A. Solts, notions; J. P. Hicks, silks, dress goods; Fred Von Wahlde, muslin underwear, Jos. Schoenberg, laces; C. A. Klein, hosiery, under-wear; James Farley, linens, wash goods; David Mahlman, linens, wash goods; 350 Broadway (Room 406).

CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; H. Adams, hosiery; Miss L. Ingberding, underwear, silks, muslin underwear; J. D. Gilles, shoes; Edward Lindsley, boys' clothing; M. V. Geer, hosiery, corsets; 452 4th Av. (Room 1606).

CINCINNATI—Covy's; T. Covy, jobs Rum-mel Street; 1,140 Broadway (P. Adams).

CINCINNATI—Meyer Wise & Kaichen Co.; S. Wise, men's furnishing goods; 452 B'way.

CINCINNATI—Rosenthal, Cantor, Flint Co.; H. J. Cantor, toys, fancy goods, handker-chiefs, towels; 370 7th Av., Room 312 (M. B. Goldstein).

CINCINNATI—McAlpin Co.; J. G. Smith, Jr., cloaks, suits, dresses, ready-to-wear; 34 E. 23d (W. F. Knoth).

CINCINNATI—L. Rosenberg & Son; L. Ro-senberg, dresses, suits, furs, &c.; Pennsyl-vania.

CINCINNATI—John H. Ribbeen Co.; C. L. Knupfer, notions; 536 B'way, Room 404.

CLEARFIELD, Pa.—Leonardson's; A. M. Leonardson, ready-to-wear; 302 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. B. Garner, fur coats; A. Ahrens, jobs silk, wash dresses, cloth coats; R. H. Meroche, girl's dresses, jobs ladies' sweaters; 1,349 Broadway, (Af-filiated Retail Stores).

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; G. Goldberg, R. Kuhrenberg, large quantities close-out boys' clothing, goods, furnishings; 1372 Broadway (Affiliated Retail Stores).

CLEVELAND—Hoot & McBride Co.; T. J. Simpson, muslin underwear; B. F. Gunther, knit goods; 72 Leonard St., Room 1606.

CLEVELAND—Krause-Biederman & Co.; H. H. Kraus, Fall dresses, coats; 38 W. 20th; Herald Square.

CLEVELAND—Millstein & Feierman; A. E. Goodman, hosiery, knit goods; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—Ideal Skirt Co.; D. I. Simon, skirtings; Commodore.

CLEVELAND—P. H. Sampliner Co.; M. S. Kaufman, waists, silks, furs; McAlpin.

CLEVELAND—Simon & Jacobs; M. Simon, men's neckwear materials; Commodore.

CLEVELAND—W. J. Long; millinery; Claridge.

CLEVELAND—Glick Neckwear Co.; E. Glick, knitted neckwear materials; 241 B'way, Room 214.

CLEVELAND—J. F. Freedman & Co.; J. F. Freedman, children's coats, dresses; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—Schaffner Bros.; L. Schaff-ner, shirtings; 1,370 B'way, Room 307; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—Pollack-Selman Co.; J. G. Selman, mfrs. cloaks, suits, skirts; Herald Square.

COLUMBUS—F. and R. Lazarus & Co.; W. H. Knox, mdse. mgr.; Miss Egner, women's suits; Mrs. A. M. Parker, infants', chil-dren's, juniors' coats, dresses, headwear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).

COLUMBUS — Bernheim-Cahen High St. Store; Leo Bornheim, ready-to-wear; C. Cahen, ready-to-wear, men's and women's furnishings; Charles Rieder, representing; 115 West 30th St. (Weill & Hartmann).

COLUMBUS—Z. L. White Co.; Miss B. Vom-hoff, dresses; 171 Madison Av.

CUMBERLAND, Md.—McMullan Bros.; Mr. McMullan, holiday goods; 225 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins, Inc.).

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; P. Cornell, luggage, canine machines, men's, boy's furnishings; 15 East 24th.

DALLAS, Texas—Higginbotham, Bailey Logan Co.; J. S. McCoy, ready-to-wear; 366 Broadway.

DALLAS, Texas—Parisian Dry Goods Co.; John Summers, laces, embroideries, notions; C. B. Stewart, piece goods, silks; 80 World St. (White & Parisian).

DALLAS, Texas—Fleiche-Goettinger Co.; W. E. Lemmon, furniture, rugs, draperies; 852 Mad. Av. (Quinby, Block & Fischer).

DALLAS, Texas—Fleiche-Goettinger Co.; S. Mayer, millinery, waists; M. Goettinger, furs; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

DAYTON, Ohio—The Fur Shop; M. Retoki, fur; Breslin.

DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; Miss Sullivan, dresses; Miss J. Krauch, infants', chil-dren's wear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).

DENVER—Striker Sample Store; A. Striker, jobs coats; 1,176 B'way (L. Levine).

DES MOINES, Iowa—Younker Bros.; R. H. Hensman, men's furnishings; W. J. Mar-chino, silks; C. F. Gernaert, linens, white goods, wash goods; Miss Hoffman, girls', juniors' and misses' ready-to-wear; Miss S. Fields, millinery; M. J. Cassiday, basement ready-to-wear; D. J. Lynch, all basement merchandise except ready-to-wear; 448 4th Av. (I. S. Parisa).

DES MOINES, Iowa—F. Brody & Sons Co.; M. Brody, men's furnishings; 386 B'way.

DETROIT—Newman-Eisenberg Co.; Miss J. Rice, divisional mdse. mgr.; Miss A. Grossman, gowns; Miss M. Whitlock, in-fants' children's wear; Miss M. Stallin, ready-to-wear, skirts; Miss G. Jones, blouses, sweaters; 225 5th Av., Room 1150.

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner & Co.; G. Supin-sky, mdse. mgr. high-grade sport dresses; Miss Newman, misses' dresses; Miss Rom-pers, 2 to 6 years; Miss E. Wil-liams, slips, petticoats, skirts; Miss F. Wood, jobs corsets, corsettes, brassieres; M. Fairbairn, jobs men's and sport wear; Ma-gaia worsted one-pants suits; 39 W. 32d, 15th floor.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss M. Ala-ay, infants', children's wear, basement; Miss M. Bruce, corsets, brassieres; A. Owen, draperies; Miss M. Reed, infants' wear; Mrs. E. Wilcox, girls', juniors' wear; Miss Williams, bedding; Miss J. Wood, suits; Miss Pettillino, assisting; Miss L. Baker, coats, skirts; Miss N. Riecke, as-sisting, coats; C. G. Sheffield, mdse. mgr.; E. E. Preston, mdse. mgr., basement; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss M. N. Card, dresses; S. J. Dame, cloaks, suits, skirts; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).

DETROIT—Frank & Seder Co.; H. E. Phillips, notions; H. J. Pratt, wash and dress goods, silks; C. C. Anderson, under-wear; A. J. Burkhardt, ladies' ready-to-wear; 48 Leonard St. (H. R. Miller), Room 404.

DETROIT—A. H. Bartlett Co.; B. Silverman, jobs silk and cotton dresses; 370 7th Av., Room 305.

DETROIT—Jewell's, Inc.; J. E. Glasberg, M. Schinabel, jobs dresses, basement; 47 W. 24th (A. Hacker Co.).

DU BOIS, Pa.—Leonardson's; A. G. Leon-ardson, ready-to-wear; 332 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

EL DORADO, Ark.—M. M. Schoenburn, wo-men's ready-to-wear; Imperial.

EL DORADO, Ark.—The Vogue; J. M. Fine, ready-to-wear, skirts; Pennsylvania.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Mrs. Cleak and Suit Co.; Mrs. E. J. Wells, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—National Jewelry and Clothing Co.; L. Hoffman, Mrs. A. Hoff-man, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way.

FORT WORTH, Texas—Sanger Bros.; T. U. Smith, ladies' ready-to-wear; A. L. Smith, men's furnishings, hats, boys' dept.; 19 E. 24th.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Right Clothes Shop; S. H. Hahn, ready-to-wear; 117 W. 32d (Hoffman & Harthley).

GREENSBURG, Pa.—H. E. Trautman Co.; Mrs. A. H. Miller, coats, suits, dresses, waists; Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Newman & Co.; J. E. Morris, millinery; T. E. McCubbin, mdse. mgr.; 32 W. 20th (Jay & Co.).

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Strouse & Co.; S. Strouse, millinery, furs; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; J. T. Ferris, coats, suits, basement; 120 W. 32d (Jay & Co.).

HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise, Smith Co.; I. Wise, coats, suits, furs; 48 W. 20th (Jay & Co.).

HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.—Patterson De-partment Store; M. Patterson, Fall coats, Fall silk dresses; 151 W. 32d (Swede & Tuttlebaum).

HOUSTON, Texas—Hogan-Allnoch D. G. Co.; A. C. Barnett, women's, children's ready-to-wear, embroideries; 256 Church St.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—The Boiel Co.; D. Boiel jobs, linen dresses; 120 W. 32d (Ar-thur Mincer, Inc.).

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; J. R. Barrett, dresses, basement; Mrs. T. W. Cahill, infants' children's wear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).

JOPLIN, Mo.—Chairman D. G. Co.; E. Ar Blieding, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

KALAMAZOO, Mich.—Bangs & Stone Co.; J. T. Streng, ladies ready to wear; 1,159 B'way (F. Lilienthal & Co.).

KANE, Pa.—Lenardson's; Miss M. Maines, ready-to-wear; 353 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery, Bird & Thayer; A. S. Garlach, jewelry, notions; H. W. Barnes, linens, cotton piece goods; Mrs. Sturgeon, petticoats; F. Madison Av.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Smith-McCord-Town-send Co.; Mason Miller, notions; 12 Leon-ard St. (F. Fitzsimons).

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Burnham-Munger-Root Co.; J. Hunter, hosiery, underwear; 42 Leonard St. (H. R. Miller), Room 404.

KEOKUK, Iowa—Rand Dry Goods Co.; John Gantzer, dress dresses, regular stock; 1,181 B'way (Marchants Buying Co.).

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—McMuller-Bottle Co.; S. G. McMuller, hats (Wholesale) Imperial.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Watt & Garvin & Co.; J. Rupp, domestics, beddings, linens; 115 West 30th (B. F. Levy).

LAWRENCE, Kan.—A. J. Weaver; A. D. Weaver, gen mdse.; 225 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

LINCOLN, Neb.—Magee's; F. Rowland, men's hats; 1,144 B'way (Fellows Buying Co.).

LINCOLN, Neb.—Orkin Bros.; M. Wasser-man, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—The Berger D. G. Co.; M. Harrison, notions; 295 B'way (H. E. Keller).

LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; Mr. Manning, linens; W. S. Ealing, silks, dress goods; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—N. B. Blackstone Co.; J. J. Koerner, ready-to-wear; 448 4th Av. (I. S. Parisa).

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Broadway Dept. Store; Mrs. Hoff, special values in dresses for immediate delivery; 77 Madison Av.

LOS ANGELES—Third St. Store; J. Sterlin, jobs cotton piece goods; cotton dresses; 1,156 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

LOS ANGELES—Vicks-Norton Co.; Julius Levy, hosiery, sweaters, underwear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

LOUISVILLE, KY.—Stewart D. G. Co.; C. E. Phillips, women's, children's shoes; 16 W. 20th.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Carter Dry Goods Co.; L. H. Keeler, notions; 41 Leonard St. (H. R. Himmelberg), Room 413.

MANKATO, Minn.—Dahl, Steel, women's, children's wear; furnishings, dress dry goods, hosiery, notions; 4-5 Pennsylvania.

MEADVILLE, Pa.—Lenardson's; G. Hiffert, Mrs. M. D. Veith, ready-to-wear; 332 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Lowenstein-Meyer Co.; S. H. Sawyer, shoes; 120 W. 32d (M. H. Grad-well).

MEMPHIS—Dry Goods Mart Co.; E. R. Wiseman, jobs organdie, voile and silk dresses, basement; 1,381 Broadway 48, Solo-mon).

MILWAUKEE—Heinemann & Co.; Mrs. C. Lamper, Miss M. Leutenmeyer, millin-ery; 18 W. 20th (H. Abdon); 12th floor.

MILWAUKEE—Blumenfeld, Locher Co.; J. L. Locher, hats, flowers, feathers; Miss M. Lamper, Miss M. Leutenmeyer, millin-ery; 18 W. 20th (V. A. Fiat); 8th floor).

MILWAUKEE—Field's, Inc.; L. Fritzel, bet-ter grade fur-trimmed cloth coats; S. J. Zens, gent. mdse.; H. Metz, jobs, popular priced silk dresses; Miss C. Wald, jobs, stout's popular-priced silk dresses; 1,140 Broadway.

MILWAUKEE—Paris Fashion Shop; Mrs. P. Dardesch, high-grade dresses; 370 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).

MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Brothers; A. Meyer, women's, misses' Fall suits, specials wash dresses; Miss Wald, jobs, popular priced Fall suits; B'way and 33d (N. Y. Office).

MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Brothers; Miss E. B. Diamond, shoes, suits, dresses; Miss M. Morton, sweaters; B'way and 33d (N. Y. Office).

MILWAUKEE—David Bruce & Co.; D. Bruce, men's shirts; McAlpin.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; Miss Kelwer, children's, misses' hats and trimmings; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; J. J. Goetzenberger, men's, children's shoes; 16 W. 20th.

MINNEAPOLIS—Le Nard's; H. Grossman, ready-to-wear; 23 W 32d (L. Abramson Co.).

MINNEAPOLIS—Leader Mercantile Co.; Mr. Higgins, ready-to-wear; Mr. Hartnett, wash dresses; Mr. Goldrick, hosiery; 452 4th Av. (Jay & Co.).

MOLINE, Ill.—Grossman Co.; S. L. Gross-man, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Hirschberg Bros.; D. Gross, coats, suits, dresses; Pennsylvania.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Seerlock-Neal Co.; E. Neal, holiday goods, toilet articles; Pen-nsylvania.

NEW HAVEN—Mandel & Harris, Inc.; S. Harris, Miss S. Jacobs, fur coats (for Au-gust sale); 1,150 Broadway (F. Lilienthal & Co.).

NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche Co.; I. Israel, men's furnishings; S. S. Mann, wash dress goods, cotton goods; A. Magnitsky, rugs, carpets; 116 West 32d (M. H. Grad-well).

NEW ORLEANS—Frank Rubenstein & Co.; F. Rubenstein, Fall suits; 115 West 30th (B. F. Levin).

NORRISTOWN, Pa.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; 366 Grand (Jay & Co.).

OAKLAND, Cal.—Whittierne & Swan; Miss F. Bailey, laces, trimmings, embroideries, dressing sacques, underwear, gowns; Miss F. Michelsen, children's, infant's wear; 24 Union Sq. (J. F. Smith).

OGDENSBURG, N. Y.—Handles Mfg. Co., C. Handles, cotton and wool piece goods; Park Av.

OMAHA—Burgess-Nash Co.; W. J. Jennings, ready-to-wear; 800 5th Av., Room 1214.

OMAHA—Hayward Bros. Co.; Schorr, millin-ery; 42 W. 32d (Jay & Co.).

OMAHA—Orkin Bros.; J. L. Orkin; ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

OMAHA—Nebraska Vogue; M. E. Chapman, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

PEARSALL, Tex.—M. Dallowitz, general mdse; 17 W. 28th (N. Y. Purchasing Co.).

PHILADELPHIA—American Dress Co.; J. Caplan, women's cloth, jersey dresses; 370 7th Av. (P. Geltner).

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Mr. Weinstein, Summer suits, knitted dress suits; Princess slips, novelty underwear; Mr. Schultz, fig-ure Princess slips; Mr. Solomon, skirts; Mr. Sarnits, dresses; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).

PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; Mr. Comins, jobs bolivia silk dress goods; Miss Kowles, children's, misses' jobs, bathing suits; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).

PHILADELPHIA—Lerner Bros.; S. Myers, better Fall coats; 8 to 20; 8 to 10 A. M., 2 to 4 P. M.; 1,140 B'way (F. Lilienthal & Co.).

PHILADELPHIA—Frank & Seder Co.; H. E. Frankson, jobs silk shirts; R. Levinson, men's boys' clothing; 1,373 B'way (Affili-ated Retail Stores).

PHILADELPHIA—Wm. Frank & Co.; M. M. Frank, children's clothings; 1,140 B'way; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—Lerman-Gray Co.; C. J. Larsuan, mfrs. hosiery; 1,123 B'way, Room 907.

PHILADELPHIA—Max Smith & Co.; M. Smith, Miss Alling; 1,182 B'way, Room 607.

PHILADELPHIA—Nathan & Nathan; Mr. Feingold, J. Snyder, coats, suits; 1,182 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Pearlberg & Conner; S. S. Cooper, A. Levy, coats; 33 W. 24th.

PHILADELPHIA—Gross Bros.; S. Gross, W. Gross, dress goods, silk dresses; 1 W. 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Simpson Bros.; J. Lowen-thal, women's, misses' Fall dresses; depart-ment for catalogue; B'way and 32d (N. Y. Office).

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenburg & Co.; Miss Casey, children's light weight Sum-mer dresses 3-14; Miss Schwartz, children's serranety, voile dresses, 3-14; 1,235 B'way (S. M. Goldberg).

PHILADELPHIA—Boehm & Co.; E. Boehm, dressing sacques, kimonos; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Sachs & Ginsberg; J. Ginsberg, hosiery, sweaters; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—S. Levenson, dry goods; Breslin.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; Miss E. Finan, waists; Miss M. Murphy, misses' suits; Miss Mc Mullen, Miss J. Beck, women's suits; M. G. Starr, Miss B. Friedman, dresses, basement; 1,381 B'way (Mr. A. Manhilla).

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss K. G. Laddes, millinery; Miss W. Mertz, women's, children's knit underwear; 1,140 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—McGreery & Co.; Miss K. M. Williams, laces, trimmings, neckwear; 34 East 20th St. (W. F. Knoth).

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; R. B. Lip-man, jewelry, leather goods, silverware; 120 West 32d (Arthur Mincer, Inc.).

PITTSBURGH—Arbuthnot-Stephenson Co.; H. C. McCabe, notions, ribbons, neckwear, em-broidery; 43 Leonard, Room 209.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh Millinery & Sup-ply Co.; Schmale, millinery; Dupont, em-broidery.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss A. Eck-erth, coats, suits, dresses; 1,140 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Imperial Hosiery Co.; I. M. Cohen, Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh Dry Goods Co.; W. G. McAvoy, notions; 41 Leonard (F. Simon), Room 302.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder, Inc.; B. B. Toor, jobs trimmed hats; 1,373 B'way (Af-filiated Retail Stores).

PITTSBURGH—National Cloak and Suit Co.; Miss E. J. Cohen, Fall coats, suits; 366 5th Av. (Uni-ted Garment Buyers).

PORT HURON, Mich.—J. Mora, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

PORT HURON, Mich.—Rosenthal, Winkel-man Co.; Miss S. McIntyre, ready-to-wear; 32 W. 32th (I. D. Rothschild & Co.).

PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun; Mr. Chapman, coats, suits, waists; furs; Miss Margaret Morrison; Miss Mabel Rederick, assisting; 425 4th Av. (Dry Goods Union).

PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wortman & King; E. S. Crutchfield, laces, dress trimmings, ribbons, ladies' handkerchiefs, neckwear, suits; R. Rosers, notions, velvet goods; Jew-ett Brothers; 225 5th Av. (Room 1410).

PORTLAND, Ore.—Meier & Frank Co.; Mrs. E. Hammond, infants', children's wear, art needlework; 212 5th Av.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Callender, McAuslin & Troup Co.; F. L. Warren, housefurnish-ings, traveling goods, silverware; 340 Madi-son Av.

QUINCY, Ill.—Greene's; J. Greenstein, plush and fur coats; 370 7th Av. (Munser-Mann Co.).

RICHMOND, Va.—The Cohen Co.; F. Sil-biger, carpets, rugs, draperies; 22 E. 20th (Miss Reporting Co.).

RICHMOND, Va.—Miller & Rhoads; Miss R. S. Hazlet, muslin underwear, sweaters; negligees, knit underwear; A. W. Bates, no-tions, toilet articles, umbrellas, jewelry, leather goods, floor coverings; 452 4th Av. (Dry Goods Union).

RICHMOND, Va.—Weinberger Co.; S. Wein-berger, men's furnishings; 115 W. 30th St. (R. F. Levis).

ROANOKE, Va.—Hix-Palmer Co.; J. Comer, jobs, furnishings, lingerie; Miss Ryan, blouses, sweaters; S. Rosenberg, suits, coats; Miss G. Dewey, coats; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).

ROCHESTER—Stiley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; C. T. Creuch, ready-to-wear, basement; 452 4th Av.

ROCHESTER—Stiley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; Miss E. Fitzgerald, waists; 452 4th Av.

ROCHESTER—N. V. Deverian, Oriental rugs; Prentiss

CANADA DEVELOPS ITS PLANE PROGRAM

Dominion Peculiarly Adapted Geographically for Commercial Aviation, Says a Report.

TO HAVE ITS OWN MACHINE

Manufactured of Native Woods and Fabricated by Canadians—Aerial Fire Protection.

Canada is beginning upon her programme of commercial airplane construction. The development of commercial aviation and the general use of the plane by various Government bodies, as well as large private corporations in that country, and the fact that the machine of the air is peculiarly adapted to Canadian conditions of wide, open spaces, great distances and unpeopled wastes, has made it inevitable that sooner or later the Dominion enters itself into the construction of its own air machines. Hitherto the airplanes used throughout Canada have roughly originated almost equally in the United States and the British Isles, but now Canada is to have her own plane, constructed on Canadian soil, utilizing Canadian labor and built for the greater part from Canadian materials.

A relatively small beginning has been made, which is bound to develop with the diffused knowledge that Canadians can procure their own domestically machines, obviating the different tariffs and one from which great developments are anticipated," says the Canadian Pacific Railway. The beginning entails the extension of plant operations to the engagement of an additional 200 persons or so, approximately one-third of whom are skilled workers.

A virtual specialisation is being made in the construction of what is known as the "Viking" amphibian plane as being excellently adapted to all the various uses to which a plane is put in Canada, according to the report. The features of this type of plane enable it to rise from or alight on land and water equally well, while a further development comprises the attachment of skis, which permit of the uninterrupted use of the machine through the Winter months. In its all-around purposes it is most admirably suited to Canada's varied topographical and climatic conditions, to stretches of prairie, lake and woodland and Winter snows.

Canadian Wood Used.

"At the present time," continues the report, "the woods used in the construction are Canadian products or the products of Canadian labor and it is found necessary to import the metal used in building and the engines installed. Gradually, however, it is anticipated that the necessity of importing metal parts will be eliminated and that within a few years the complete construction, with the exception of the engine, will be accomplished in Canada with Canadian products. The use of a Canadian-built engine is a plan of the more distant future, and the ultimate construction of a machine essentially Canadian in every respect is in prospect."

It is pointed out by experts that Canada is a logical location for the establishment of a substantial and prosperous airplane manufacturing industry, possible by the only country where such an industry might thrive without a Government subsidy. General Canadian conditions justify and demand a greater utilization of aircraft than perhaps any other country. In even the developed sections of the country one can see the justification of their services for years to come, while a large portion of the Northern territory will be for all time the airplane's territory.

The use of aircraft in Canada is extending rapidly. Governments have proved their value in forest patrol, in fire fighting, in geological surveys and a hundred other uses. Pulp and paper companies are every-day discovering new values in their services and the country possesses an army of trained experts to take charge of additions to her air fleets.

Forest Protection First.

Among the different lines of aviation work of the Government of Canada, the most important is that of forest protection, carried on by the Air Board, in co-operation with the Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior. The character of the work demanded of the airplane differs with each field. In British Columbia, where most of the forest is very rough, mountainous country, the airplane is particularly useful in allowing the rapid inspection of a district which is almost impassable by other modes of travel.

In the Dominion Forest Reserves, or National Forests, a system of mountain lookout stations has been established, and from these the news of a fire is reported by telephone or hellograph to the reserve headquarters. In the late Summer, however, when fires are sometimes numerous, a smoke haze may fill a portion of the valley for several days at a time, making it exceedingly difficult for some of the lookout men to detect fires and to tell their exact location. Under these circumstances, it has been found possible to fly at a low elevation directly over the fire, and thus ascertain its size, the location of control points, and the best routes for getting men to the fire.

In Alberta, the airmen communicate the discovery of a fire by wireless to the airplane base, and from the base exact news of the character of the outbreak is telephoned to the ranger station nearest the fire. It has been found possible within thirty minutes after the airmen has detected a fire to get a crew started on the way to suppress it. By means of the full report given by the air patrol, the ranger knows the size of the fire and how large a party he ought to take to fight it, instead of losing valuable time in making a reconnaissance on horseback or on foot.

Situation in Manitoba.

In Manitoba, since 30 or 40 per cent. of the forested area is covered with lakes and rivers, making good landing places plentiful, it has been found most efficient to use large machines, capable of carrying eight or ten persons. When the airman discovers a small fire, he lands and with his helper puts it out. When he discovers a large fire, he flies to the nearest trading post or village and secures a fire-fighting crew and returns to the fire.

If the fire proves to be a bad one, the airman brings up additional men and the necessary supplies to enable the party to remain at the fire until it is extinguished. There are two important points in this territory which by canoe are three long days' journey apart. With the aid of the plane, men are transported from one to the other in thirty-two minutes. On the airplane patrol it is possible to see from thirty to fifty miles on each side of the plane, whereas the canoe patrolmen, by reason of the high banks and the dense forest, are often unable to see 100 yards away from their path. The average speed of the planes varies from seventy-two miles to ninety-five miles per hour.

In all the provinces the airplanes assist in reconnoissance work to ascertain the amount and state of the timber in certain areas. Those making a study of forest conditions, insect and fungous attacks, &c., are carried over the particular area as often as required, and often it is possible to do in a few hours in the air what would take weeks to do by slow travel on the ground. Along with this has come the work of aerial photography. This consists in making a strip photograph covering the ground directly beneath the machine in the course of its flight. The aim is to secure a sufficient number of photographs to make a complete mosaic of the territory under investigation. This checks up the ground work and also gives a permanent record.

Machines on patrol carry a supply of cards on which are printed warnings in regard to the care of fire, and when parties of campers are noticed a few cards are dropped over the camp; it has been found that these have a very good effect in reminding people of their duty in protecting the forest.

Both the fire-fighting forces and the general Canadian public have given airplanes a warm reception, and there has been no difficulty in getting fire-fighters to travel in this way rather than by canoes, saddle or on foot. So far as airplanes have been tested, it is believed that not only will they permit a reduction in the size of the ground protective force, but that the work of fire protection will be done much better, and, in addition, that much work in the way of forest investigation, aerial photography and combating attacks of diseases and insects will be accomplished, which, without this aid, would be difficult and in some cases impossible.

CARGO MEN ASK INCREASE.

Notify Truck Owners of Demand for New Contract—1,000 Affected.

The Loading Committee of the Merchants' Association, of which Waldo Marshall is Chairman, will meet tomorrow to consider a thirty days' notice from the 1,000 men employed in handling cargoes on vessels in the harbor that they would end their existing contract with the Merchant Truckmen's Association.

The loaders have been working under an agreement entered into between the International Longshoremen's Association and the Truckmen's Association in June, 1922. This contract can be abrogated by either side on giving thirty days' notice. Under the agreement the men receive 2¼ cents for each 100 pounds loaded. They ask an increase of 1½ cents. Joseph P. Ryan, who is looking after their interests, would not say whether the men would strike if their request was not granted.

Closes Ports to Foreign Bees.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Because so many honey bees now have what is known as the Isle of Wight disease, Second Assistant Postmaster General Henderson today ruled that no more could be brought into the United States from any country except Canada, where the authorities have been active in fighting the disease.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Commercial Paper.

Yesterday....5 per cent. for the best names
Saturday.....5 per cent. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

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May Hold Gingham Prices Back.

Although at least one of the leading Spring lines of ginghams and similar cloths has been open on a tentative price basis for some time, and although many of the buyers of this merchandise will be in this city next week to attend the semi-annual meeting of the Wholesalers' Association of Dress Fabric Buyers, there is a possibility that new quotations on the goods in question will not be made for the next two or three weeks. There is no certainty of this, but it was said yesterday by one of the best-posted men in the local dry goods trade that there are several factors in the current situation which would make a too-early pricing of ginghams unwise. In one quarter, at least, there is a disposition to hold off the issuing of new quotations until about Labor Day. It is doubtful, however, if the delay in pricing will be that long.

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Underwear Opening Day.

Nothing definite was done yesterday concerning Spring, 1924, lines of balbriggan and ribbed underwear, the agents and commission men spending most of the day lockeying for a start. A number of jobbers are in the city, however, and it is expected that a good deal of business will be done during the remainder of the week. It is predicted that today's openings will show standard 41-pound lines of balbriggan shirts and drawers priced around $2.37½ a dozen, against $2 a dozen last year. For ribbed union suits running 6 to 7 pounds to the dozen, it is figured that from $7 to $7.12½ will be asked. The latter goods last year were opened at $6.75 a dozen. The new prices predicted, if actually made, will represent so to pretty close figuring of production costs on the part of the manufacturers.

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Says Laces Are Favored.

Some sampling of laces is being done now, and leading firms in the trade believe this will broaden out into a strong demand later on. Much of the confidence is based on the favored use of sheer materials by the leading French couturiers. A prominent member of the trade who returned a few days ago from the European fashion centres said yesterday that all of the leading style authorities are featuring laces, particularly with metal thread work. A large house in the Rue de la Paix, he said, has sponsored evening gowns made entirely of lace, the pattern obviating the need of further adornment. A particularly charming gown consisted of a sapphire blue arcade foundation veiled by a net lace through which the metallic brocade gleamed. Dinner gowns of russet hue were also shown trimmed with copper lamé and tinsel.

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New Imported Cigarette Cases.

A line of new high-grade imported cigarette cases made of Spanish leather is being introduced to the trade here. A novel feature is that the sewing, which is done from American patterns by a small group of North Carolina artisans in Grand Rapids, is done without needles. A fine steel needle, two bristles and a block of wood are described as the only tools used. The thread is spliced with the split pig bristle instead of being passed through the end of a needle, which would cut the fine quality morocco or calf leather to rip. As a result the seams are said to have an extreme fineness and delicacy, the threads working out into a minute tracery pattern. The interior lining of the case, which slides in and out of a pouch holder, has two divisions, each with a capacity of eleven cigarettes. Four different colored leathers are available. Some of the cases also have gold trimmings. Wholesale prices range from $15 to $42 per dozen.

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Heavy Cottons' Outlook Good.

While practically nothing of importance in the way of business in heavy colored cotton goods is looked for here this week, there are indications that this branch of the trade is in for one of the best periods in the next two weeks that it has seen for some time. Leading makers of these goods will probably announce new prices on cheviots, plaids, &c., when the jobbers get here next week, and the indications are that the coming figures will be lower than those now current. Jobbers are reported to be selling short on several kinds of heavy colored goods, and expectations of an active buying period in the near future are based on the knowledge that they must be covered by August in order to make Fall deliveries to the retailers in time.

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Features of Clothing Trade.

The main difficulty clothing manufacturers are experiencing at the present time is that collections are not up to the mark. This slowness has somewhat complicated the Fall situation. Many retailers still have trouble in liquidating their Spring accounts, owing to the poor retail business then experienced. An example of the difficulty of collecting was cited yesterday by a well known local manufacturer, who said that he had a retailer down South offer him notes payable six months from now for merchandise already part due. This retailer, however, was willing to buy more merchandise at a discount. In the main, however, sentiment as regards the Fall has improved considerably lately. Overcoats, the large sale of which has recently created a cloth problem, are reported to sell well. Some pick-up in orders for suits is awaited, as retailers are said to have underbought, despite the anticipated carryover.

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Eliminating One Season.

The manner in which the Spring retail clothing business has shaped up has again given support to the idea that one season is in process of being eliminated from the sale of men's clothing. Factors in the piece-goods market, as well as in the manufacturing and retail trades, have remarked that there is a growing tendency for sports wear and tropicals to embark practically the entire Spring and Summer, leaving only a small time margin for consumer demand for regular lines in this period. This, in a measure, confines the latter to the Fall and Winter months. Added impetus is given this trend, it is pointed out, by the gradual disappearance of the difference between light and heavy weight suitings.

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Printcloths Lead in Gray Goods.

A fair business was done in the local gray goods market yesterday, the bulk of it in printcloths. For delivery in this month and next, sales of 38-inch 64-60s were made at 10½ cents by both first and second hands, while the latter sold July lots of 39½-inch 64-60s and 68-60s at 9¾ and 10 cents, respectively. Business in July 38-inch 72-76s was put through at 11½ cents. Sheetings were quiet on the basis of 10¾ cents for 37-inch 48-square, four-yard cloths, and important business was lacking. In the specialties there was some trading in 37½-inch 4.87-yard sateens at 14½ cents.

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Look for Good Ribbon Season.

While the active Fall buying season in ribbons has not yet begun, leading sellers in the trade say they expect that season to be fully as good as the business during the first half of the year. They point out that there has been a return to favor of ribbons as an article of millinery and dress decoration and that indications, shown by the sampling already done, are that this tendency will continue. Staples are selling best at the moment, retailers providing most of the activity. Predictions as to what will be the favorite for the coming season are varied, but most of them agree that it will be the wider goods. Moires, velvets, brocades, tinsels and two-tone effects are those spoken of most favorably.

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Hosiery Makers Are Busier.

Reports from the local silk hosiery trade indicate that sellers of the finer grades of this merchandise are busier than they have been for some time. One of the features was said yesterday to be the amount of white hose that is being called for, the buying of this shade having been held back earlier in the season by the unseasonable weather. The call for white hose is coming from all parts of the country, and some producers say they are hard put to meet the demands made on them. The rush of consumer buying for vacation wear is held accountable for the rise of the demand on the mills, together with the generally depleted stocks of retailers. Much of this paucity of supplies in the stores, it was asserted, is due to the spread of the budget system of buying, which is said to be too inflexible in most cases to take care of emergencies.

TYPES OF FALL GOWNS.

Novel Features of Some Dresses Placed on Exhibition.

A private showing of the Fall models of the new firm of Harry Rentner, Inc., was held at the showrooms, 498 Seventh Avenue. Owing to the fact that the quarters were not completed, the public showing was postponed until today. Mr. Rentner, who until recently was associated with his brother, Maurice Rentner, has a large collection of dresses for all occasions, many of which will have a popular appeal.

The cloth dresses were particularly trim and interesting in their simplicity, and the more elaborate gowns incorporated most of the new features of the season. The outstanding feature of this collection, however, was the long train, which appears in certain of the gowns much longer than many seasons have been, and an important part of the gown rather than an appendage, that is, it is definitely cut in with the skirt. The old-new bustle effect is readily adapted to these more formal costumes.

One particularly novel evening gown embodying these features was of turquoise blue velvet. The gored skirt, whose fullness was accentuated by a band of white fox fur, had a train quite two feet long and a decided bustle effect was achieved with this material. Touches of silver decorated the bodice. Another model with a very long train was of black satin and trimmed with strings of pearls.

A taupe velvet dinner gown had an apron effect of long bead fringe, which was caught with embroidered bands above and below the knees, thus giving the suggestion of the old-fashioned flounced skirt. The back was quite plain. Most of the bodices were plain and cut fairly high in the front, although the dinner and evening gowns were cut low in the back, sometimes with ribbons holding them at the shoulders.

Bright colors were much favored. A new shade, lip-stick red, was shown in several materials, which made interesting models.

FOR GARMENT EXHIBITION.

Novel Surroundings Being Prepared for Merchandise Fair.

An Arabian barter tent forms the motif chosen for decorating the 165th Regiment Armory for the Garment Division of the Merchandise Fair to be held from July 23 to Aug. 3. The color scheme is blue and orange, displayed in Oriental figured materials. Draped from the semi-circular roof of the armory will be the blue top of the tent, while between the booths and the balcony will be stripes of blue and orange, alternating with figured material in the same colors.

In order to accommodate "Millinery Street," which is an innovation, a balcony has been built around three sides of the armory. Against the wall will be the rows of millinery shops, each with its own window. In front will be a street along which the visitors may wander.

On the floor of the armory six double rows of booths have been arranged, these extending the length of the structure. They will have enclosed spaces in which gowns and wraps will be displayed. Buff curtains, in harmony with the cream and buff of the walls of the booths, hang at the doorways and in the back of the show windows. From the top of the booths bright colored pennants will fly from gilded flag staffs.

On the right-hand side of the armory there will be about sixty booths given over to coats and suits. Opposite them will be a similar grouping devoted to children's wear, skirts and kindred lines of merchandise.

Wholesale Only

MOVING!!

Not a Dress Goes With Us

Clean Sweep— —10,000 Dresses

Cantons, Charmeuse, Printed and Plain Georgettes, Sport Materials, Voiles, Linens, Drawn Ratines, Well Assorted. Sizes 16-46.

Must be Sold At Once

Before We Move to New Quarters

Dresses Made to Sell at $4.75 to $19.75

NOW AT

$2.75 to $10.75

Double Your Profits on Salable Dresses Suitable for July Sales

MARJOLAINE DRESSES

16 East 33rd Street, New York

Showroom Fixtures For Sale and Loft To Sublease

Wholesale Only

Special Announcement

C. H. D.

ROBBINS COMPANY

150 Madison Avenue

New Fall Line

Women's & Misses' Dresses

for

STREET, AFTERNOON, DINNER AND EVENING

Also

For Immediate Delivery

Five Beautiful Models in

Solid Color Voile Dresses

Orchid, Maize, Coral, Peach, White

All Sizes

C. H. D.

ROBBINS COMPANY

150 Madison Ave.

Wholesale Only

PORTO RICAN Hand Drawn and Entirely Hand Embroidered Dresses. Exquisite French Voiles and Batiste in Whites and Light Colors. The Most Desirable and Best Selling Dresses of the Season... Specially Priced for July Sales.

$5.00 to $6.75

On the Racks Ready for At Once Delivery.

Storyk Bros.-36 E. 31st St.

$50,000.00

WORTH OF

Dresses & Skirts

WANTED FOR CASH

This merchandise must be gotten right for our July Sales.

SCHORNSTEIN'S, Inc.

322 West 125th St.

Our buyers will look all week at Sherwood Dress Co., 45 W. 36th St.

Cloak and Suit Salesmen

Several Territories Open

Only producers with large following among buyers of better grade merchandise need apply.

To such man an excellent opportunity is open to connect with a prominent and progressive house. Confidential.

Box 602-1214, 1170 Broadway, N. Y.

ADDRESSING

Save time and money. We address your circulars from our up-to-date lists of Dept. Stores, etc., by electric addressing machines. $3.50 per M.

Names guaranteed up to date and well rated.

Waldinger-Rotte Co., Inc., 404 E. 36 St. Phone Murray Hill 6146

French Fashion Publications

L'Art et la Mode; Jardin des Modes; Les Modes Femmes; Tres Parisien.

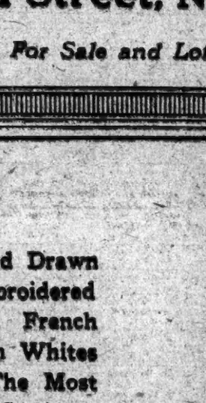
M. A. Kennedy, 209 Fifth Ave. Phone 2276 Lexington.

Wholesale Only

A Most Interesting Fall Showing of "Spiraltex" Scarfs

in original, exclusive, refined, appealing patterns and tones of

Silk and Wool



THIS establishment was first to introduce Silk-and-Wool Scarfs to retail at $1—and it is now first to introduce other remarkable departures.

The foremost stores throughout the country are finding our Scarfs uncommonly desirable and profitable. So—

Hut Neckwear Co.

24 West 25th St., New York

Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Last Page.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions Filed—Against

TEMISTOLLE MATTIOLI, doing business as Metropolitan Music Store, 720 East 187th Street, by O. Bruno & Son, Inc., on a claim of $1,123.

ABRAHAM RUSSAKOFF, dealer in paints, 144 New Lot Avenue, Brooklyn, by Max J. Schurr for $1,300. Judge Garvin has appointed Michael Stein receiver, in bond of $2,000.

Petitions Filed—By

ALEXANDER TEPLITZ, painter, 2,105 Mohegan Avenue. Liabilities, $8,486; assets, $1,000. Principal creditors are The Travelers Insurance Co., $2,660; Dr. Boris Stasheff, $1,000.

JOSEPH LEMEL, 955 Home Street. Liabilities, $3,500; no assets. The Stoff Petticoat Co. is the principal creditor on a claim of $1,700.

JACOB BRIGGS, contractor, 50 Oak Street, Rhinebeck. Liabilities, $3,017; assets $110.

FREDERICK STEFENS, clerk, 498 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $3,835; no assets.

Assignments.

IRVING REUBEL, dealer in groceries and delicatessen, at 791 Sixth Avenue, to Samuel Sternick.

KALMAN OBERMAN, dry goods, 188 Sutter Avenue, Brooklyn, to Marc M. Fox, 197 Havemeyer Street, Brooklyn.

Receivers Appointed.

MORRIS ARONOWITZ, dresses, 189 Sixth Avenue—Benjamin Gross appointed ancillary receiver, under $5,000 bond, by Judge A. N. Hand. A petition was filed against him in New Jersey where he resides.

BRIDGE DRESS SHOP—Judge Garvin has appointed Louis J. Castellano receiver, in bond of $2,000, for Frank B. Rosenbloom, trading as the Bridge Dress Shop, 388 Bridge Street, Brooklyn.

Schedules Filed.

PIONEER FILM CORPORATION, 128 West 46th Street. Liabilities, $240,483; assets, $108,433; main items being stock, $86,043; accounts, $10,491. Principal creditors are A. R. Lefcourt, $120,000; Commercial Trust Company, $32,886; Fifth National Bank, $22,800; Bank of United States, $25,000; Palisades Film Laboratory, $16,077; Otis Lithographing Company, $10,000; Craftsman Laboratory, $7,343.

F. & B. CLOAK COMPANY, 114 West Thirtieth Street. Liabilities, $40,441; assets, $5,234; main item being stock, $2,000. Principal creditors are L. Bruno, $4,000; Eastern Worsted Company, $2,116; H. Ferle, $3,905; Schulwitz & Appel, $3,624; A. Benowitz & Co., $1,500.

ISIDOR SCHWARTZ, men's furnishings, 255 West Street. Liabilities, $35,600; assets, $18,704; main items being stock, $14,000; fixtures, $1,000. Principal creditors are Arnay & Lichtman, $1,000, secured; Corn Exchange Bank & Co., $1,000; S. Hausman, $1,000.

LOUIS RUBENSTEIN, manufacturer of undergarments, 39 West Nineteenth Street. Liabilities, $2,072; assets, $14,500; main items being stock, $3,000; fixtures, $4,000. Principal creditors are Manoch & Manoch, $2,100, secured; Century Textile Company, $2,019; Schwarzenbach-Huber Company, $1,770; Baltic State Bank, $4,000.

MORRIS BLOOMER, doing business as Bloomer Hardware Company, 85 Warren Street. Liabilities, $13,108; assets, $10,000; main items being stock, $12,000; accounts, $1,000. Principal creditors are Hewett Wasser, $5,052; Sam Weinberg, $1,200.

SAMUEL R. SCHUSS, doing business as LaSylair Lingerie Shop, 1,021 Broadway. Liabilities, $5,601; assets, $3,586; main items being stock, $2,500; fixtures, $1,000.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, July 9.—Lewis F. Dugan, a salesman of Troy, filed a petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $188,310; no assets given.

CHICAGO, July 9—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed here today by Melvin F. Foyer, a salesman, 2,842 North Albany Avenue, who listed liabilities of $12,800 and $825 assets.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—Wellington Perring, a farmer and stock dealer of Edinburg, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $22,103 and assets, $21,214.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Altschiller, Samuel—S. Horowitz.....$13,852.26
Bethlehem Sales Co., Inc.—L. G. Schaeffin Co.....$179.13
Buchman, Samuel; Nathan Duffon, Anna Buchman, Benjamin Gross and Ithil Balaton—McIrose Credit Union.....$249.72
Chemung Iron & Steel Co., Inc.—Reading Steel Casting Co., Inc.....$540.00
Colfelt, Chas. W.—B. Krinthal.....$1,004.84
Collins, May—B. H. Dyas & Co.....$1,130.05
Cogan, Francis B.—Corn Exchange Bank.....$1,631.35
Cushman, Samuel—Acolian Co.....$104.80
Delvin Textile Corp.—Fleitman & Co., Inc., $1,563.24
De Beauvoiers, Jesse J.—Hulett Motor Car Co., Inc.....$188.23
Fink, Geo W.—F. Lacarasse.....$285.85
Finck, Louis—A. Harer.....$265.44
Guldet, Alfred C.—M. M. Imbodon.....$150.20
Goodkind, Percy, and Ike Sandberg—Broadway Corp.....$319.50
Gleason, Jack—Industrial Pitch & Tar Products, Inc.....$245.58
Gliberg; Nathan—Somerville Stove Works.....$131.15
Good Laundry Service Co.—Swift Co.....$470.86
Hittelman, Max—A. H. Schefer et al., $244.20
Haley, Catherine V.—F. Willets.....$145.41
Hobert, Clara—Christian & Missionary Alliance.....$197.75
Hoffmeister, Elizabeth, or Mrs. Wm. F.—Reynolds Motor Co.....$1,942.19
Knickerbocker Sightseeing Co.—Burns Bros., $205.00
Klumpp, Jean (Gotham Employment Exchange)—C. Doria.....$239.61
Kendall Products Corp.—M. Wilcox.....$3,834.22
Lowenstein, Morris C.—B. Lowenstein, $538.54
Langer, Gen. R.—Industrial Comm. State N. Y.....$182.00
Lina, Jacob—Martha & Schmehl Co., Inc., $1,978.24
Lincoln Texicab Corp.—World Mutual Automobile Casualty Ins. Co.....$6,413.03
Muir, Joseph—N. A. Dickey.....$3,349.17
Mayhoff, Monroe—J. E. Burns.....$142.70
Michelman, Barney S.—S. Hollow et al., $130.20
Miller, Margaret W.—B. Altman & Co., $100.20
Milanese, Joseph C.—New Amsterdam Casualty Co.....$530.00
Moore, Henry W.—E. Doolittle.....$117.00
Nouseilerand, Chas. T.—F. W. Anderson Co., Inc.....$536.51
N. K. Lunch Co., Inc.—C. Ahlers.....$279.19
Nance, Nathan, Quaker City Cotton Co. and Mager Steamship Specialty Corp.—A. Irving, $300.00
112 East 24th Corp. and Folsom Bros., Inc.—A. Arent.....$2,945.94
Piva, Celestina—Duplex Printing Press Co., $248.40
Ritchie, Margaret, William and Anna—Bendawe Realty Corp.....$546.40
Rockwood, Florence K.—A. R. Smith, $1,854.70
Rogers, Reard—A. N. White et al., costs, $108.10
Rolle, May—Gimbel Bros., N. Y.....$131.00
Rogers, Morrison—Silver Holding Co., Inc., $1,394.98
Segal, Benjamin—R. & R. Candy Co., Inc., $1,646.39
Townsend, Ferdinand C. and Samuel K. Fairbanks.....$1,606.04
Thurman, Mary—H. H. Dyas & Co.....$1,844.62
Waleirod, Philip—F. Goerlitz et al.....$594.96
W. E. Supply & Service Corp.—Wm. J. Murdock Co.....$1,000.16
Weitzner, Harold—Aid Realty Co.....$271.70
Zimmerman, Wm. A.—I. F. Dorf.....$130.89

In Bronx County.

Fitzpatrick, Rose M.—Lee Realty Co., Inc.....$141.52
Kahn, Johanna—224 Ward Bank.....$436.58
Smith, Harry J. & Reliable Motor Trucking Co.—A. N. Zinke et al.....$555.32
Thompson, J. Malcolm—A. Syrman.....$154.05
Victor, Isidore & Ida—J. P. Fagano.....$436.20

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Diamond, Wm. J.—A. Cohen, May 24, 1923.....$150.78
Genzer, Max—E. Singer et al., June 7, 1923 (released).....$241.65
Bloom, Julius C.—J. Ross & Co., Inc., June 4, 1923.....$265.30
Knickerbocker Ice Co.—J. Sokoloff, June 15, 1923.....$150.00
Srulowitz, Albert et al—Trinity Knitting Mills Inc., Mar. 13, 1923 (vacated).....$949.72
Fineman, Sam—P. Goldberg; June 27, 1923.....$565.41
Diamond, Wm. J.—A. Cohen; June 27, 1923.....$1,326.24
Fusi, Pietro—A. Bonino; June 13, 1923.....$8,170.65
Feldman, Murray—J. F. Sears et al; Sept. 12, 1922.....$315.90

In Bronx County.

Buckhout, Edward; A. Arena; April 13, 1923.....$342.10
Hellinger, Armin—B. Schmidt; July 5, 1922.....$98.91

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Filed yesterday.

In New York County.

GRAND ST., 378: Samuel A. Herts against Estate of Solomon Bacheresh, owner; S. & C. Carpenter Co., contractor.....$130.00
182D ST., 849 West: Otis Elevator Co. against Frank B. Frankenberg, owner and contractor.....$97.38

In Bronx County.

HERRING AV., 1,042: Earl H. Miller against Anna Sternberg owner; Arthur H. Quale, contractor.....$262.00
BARNES AV., 3,850: Frank Di Caro against Frank Acorse, owner; Michael Ernesto, contractor.....$218.00
HERRING AV., 1,032: Fred Linleman against Murdock MacLeod, owner and contractor.....$700.00
COLLEGE AV., 949: James B. Haslett against Sophie Satin, owner and contractor.....$235.42

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

In New York County.

103D ST., 225 East: Sandow Simon against Lipa Herzog et al; Feb 17, 1923.....$22.26
3D AV., 631: Atlantic Metal and Tar Roofing Co. against Chris B Davidson et al; Jan 15, 1923.....$1,000.00
ST NICHOLAS AV., 965: Philip Schwenat against Gaetano Cartolano et al; Dec 31, 1920.....$1,500.00
BROADWAY, n w cor 123th St; Ignatz Reisinger against Broadway-Hamilton Pl Corp et al; Oct 31, 1922.....$1,000.00

In Bronx County.

CROTONA PARK NORTH, 967: Barnet W Red Co, Inc, against Nordham Const Co et al; Dec 8, 1922.....$4,000.00
INTERVALE AV, 1,977: Tarlow & Weederborn, inc, against Workmen's Circle Co-operative Assn, Inc, et al; March 23, 1923.....$341.29

'ROAD TO MANDALAY' LOSES WILD CHARM

Burman Tigers and Crocodiles Driven Back to Forests, Says Oil Official.

SPENT 18 YEARS THERE

Young Men, Educated Abroad, Return to Stir Up Trouble, He Declares.

After an absence of eighteen years passed in the oil fields of Burma, between Rangoon and Mandalay, P. C. Corey returned yesterday on the Orbita of the Royal Mail Line with his wife and two daughters who were born on the outskirts of the great teak forests where the bells rang with the breeze in the old pagodas.

During the time he has been in Burma, Mr. Corey said, conditions had changed. Young Burmans had studied at the University of California and returned to their native land with a dislike to work and a desire to stir up trouble.

"Through the anarchistic doctrines preached by these students," Mr. Corey continued, "there is a great deal of discontent in labor circles throughout the country instead of the contentment of the workers which existed years ago.

"In the old days the Burmese women did the work while the men sat around and smoked, and this condition still exists. The men are as lazy as ever, and talk more since they have imbibed the doctrines imported from Calcutta.

"The tigers have been driven back to the great forests beyond Mandalay by the advance of civilization, but there are still plenty of them in Burma if one wants to look for them. Personally, I never lost any tigers," Mr. Corey said.

"The crocodiles are gone from the Irrawaddy, too. I have not seen a crocodile or an alligator between Rangoon or Bhamo in Upper Burma, which is close to the borders of China and Tibet."

Mr. Corey said that the Indo-Burma Company, with which he was connected, and the Burma Oil Company produce from 12,000 to 13,000 barrels a day, and have a working agreement not to cut the prices against each other. The Standard Oil Company is not represented in Burma, he added.

The two great industries of Burma are the cultivation and export of teak and rice. The ruby mines in upper Burma are flourishing because of the scarcity and high prices of these stones. The women still smoke their big cigars, and the men smoke cigarettes, he declared.

FARM EXPORTS HIGHER.

which they thought might increase agricultural exports. The fact of the matter is that our exports of farm products during the last three years have been far greater than before the war and greater even than during the war years.

"Take our eight principal food crops: Corn, wheat, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, rice and potatoes. The average annual exports of these eight crops for the years 1920 to 1922, inclusive, were 142 per cent. greater than the average annual exports of these same crops for the years 1905 to 1914, inclusive. During the past three years our corn exports were 82 per cent. greater than in the pre-war years named; our wheat exports, 140 per cent. greater; our oats exports, 37 per cent. greater; barley, 116 per cent. greater; rye, 3,602 per cent. greater; buckwheat, 114 per cent. greater; rice, 2,212 per cent. greater; potatoes, 125 per cent. greater.

"The total volume of exports of these crops, measured in bushels, was even greater by 18 per cent. during the post-war years, 1920 to 1922, inclusive, than during what we may call the war years, 1915 to 1919, inclusive.

"In the case of animal food products our average annual exports during the pre-war years, 1905 to 1914, inclusive, amounted to 921,000 tons. During the war years, 1915 to 1919, inclusive, our exports more than doubled, being an average of 2,023,000 tons. During the post-war years, 1920 to 1922, inclusive, our exports amounted to 1,401,000 tons, an increase of 52 per cent. over the pre-war period.

"From these statistics it ought to be perfectly clear that low prices for farm products were not caused by lack of export demand.

"We have been producing more than in the pre-war years. In the case of the eight crops named the average annual production in bushels was 16 per cent. greater during the post-war years, 1920 to 1922, inclusive, than during the pre-war years. The production of corn was 14 per cent. greater; of wheat, 17 per cent.; oats, 19 per cent.; rye, 26 per cent.; rice, 104 per cent.; potatoes, 18 per cent.; there was a decrease production of barley of 4 per cent. and of buckwheat 15 per cent.

"Not only was the production of these crops greater during the post-war years than during the pre-war years, but it was more than 3 per cent. greater during the post-war years than during the war years of 1915 to 1919.

"Unless production is fairly well adjusted to demand, prices will be disappointing. We are far more dependent upon Europe for markets for our cotton than for our food products, and the price for cotton is not depressed. The average annual production of cotton for the three years, 1920 to 1922, inclusive, was 10,385,000 bales, whereas the annual production from 1908 to 1914, inclusive, was 12,950,000 bales.

"In considering the matter of future exports of our agricultural products it must be remembered that the probable tendency will be downward. European agriculture is becoming more productive and no doubt economic conditions are becoming more stable. As normal conditions in Europe are re-established their purchases of our surplus will become more normal."

SHILLING A DAY FOR FISH.

Last of Such Contracts in London Expires With Death of Old Lady.

An old fishmonger's establishment which has come in for some publicity recently in the London press proves that romance can enter and color most any line of business, even to the humble business of selling ordinary fish.

This fishmongery was started sixty years ago when Queen Victoria was in the plenitude of her powers and land in the vicinity of fashionable Belgravia could be bought for a song. Great houses were being built in the neighborhood of Eccleston Square and this fishmonger supplied these great houses under a novel and ingenious plan. For a shilling a day he would contract to supply a household with good fresh fish on the condition that the choice of the fish was left to him.

He soon attracted a great number of subscribers under this plan. He bought in the market whatever particular fish was cheap for that particular day and he supplied his customers with good meaqure and the pleasant uncertainty as to what they were to have for dinner. His business grew so rapidly that he had soon to refuse new customers on this basis, but he continued to supply the old ones as usual, and the firm has kept up the tradition until the other day when the last of these contracts expired by the death of an old lady. She became a shilling-a-day customer when she was a bride and received her fresh fish each day for her shilling, including the period of the war with its soaring prices, until she, well over 90 years old, passed on to another existence, as had many years before the original founder of the business.

Now is this the only stronge custom that this fishmonger—now one of the most famous in London—has maintained for a half century or more. It is still the only place in the British metropolis where one can buy half-boiled lobster, and this custom is almost as novel as the open

BUYERS' WANTS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

BOLIVIA and Velours Wanted—Ottaquechee, Dobson's, similar, also 1316, similar, large quantities. Smartline, 151 West 28th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—600, will exchange black and navy for kit foxes or buy same for cash. Supreme Garment, 109 West 36th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Cash right price; 16061, all colors; mometta, armondale, brown. Madison Square 2193.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American 0585, 1353 or similar, black only. Halle, Baer & Brown, Inc., 1,323 Broadway.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Goffs 1000, Stewarts 560, velours 1316, shade 400, 329, any quantity. Watkins 0688.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stevens 1196 and similar; velour. Ohringer & Schechter, 30 West 26th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stewart's or similar in reindeer and Sorrento. Korner Bros., 130 West 29th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—About $2.50 per yard; seconds will do; spot cash. Stuyvesant 7765.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stevens 3090, pentalure, all colors. Ottenstein, Madison Square 1900.

BOLIVIA Wanted—42 and under, all colors. Bloomfield Garment, 338 West 52d.

BOLIVIA Wanted — Stewart or similar. Gwertzman & Finkel, 29 West 26th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Below $5.00; can use seconds. Bernstein, 35 West 31st.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stewarts 5819, Gerona, Marvella, Orionas. Penn 0731.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Raritan 1007, all shades. J. M. Finkelstein, Watkins 9610.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Dobson's 810, or similar. Chelsea 0269.

BOLIVIA Wanted—18309, all colors. Watkins 2241.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Goffs 1000. Longacre 1901.

BRYTONIA Wanted—Black, for cash. Ottenstein, Madison Square 1900.

CANTON CREPE Wanted—Out-of-town buyer open for quantities; cash. Hotel York, between 9 and 10 A. M.

CANTON Crepe Wanted—100 pieces for cash at a price. Harry Schultz, 220 West 36th St., 11th floor.

CANTON Crepes Wanted—Large quantity, all colors; at a price. Telephone Madison Square 1048.

CANTON CREPES Wanted—Navy, brown; good quality. 139 W. 25th, 1st floor.

CANTON Wanted—Eagles 201; cash. Lyric Dress Co., 146 West 26th.

CHARMEUSE, Georgette or Any Other Silks Wanted—Any shade; spot cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 497 4th Av.

CLOTH Wanted—Large quantity plaid back Polaires, tan and brown; also American 1313, 16051, 1389, or similar; cash. 50 West 11th, 11th floor.

CLOTHS Wanted—13316, 13318, 16052, 1060; Yalama, Jullilard crepe, 09164, 800 Browns; 5318. Maurice Goldman, 160 5th Av. Watkins 2761.

CLOTHS Wanted—13318, 1316, black, navy, brown, 0483, 0545, brown, black, navy, kit fox. Rosenberg-Davis, Chelsea 9700.

CLOTH Wanted—11156 shade 1; quantity; cash. Chelsea 4814.

CLOTHS Wanted—Delands 770, all shades. Watkins 7574.

CLOTH Wanted—132016 or 11198, tan. Longacre 5766.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on ladies', misses' and junior coats; call all week, between 10-12 and 3-6. 48 West 25th, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted—Goffs 1000, Stewarts 560, velours 1316, shade 400, 329, any quantity. Watkins 0688.

COATS, Jacquettes and Sport Coats Wanted—Placing orders on better kind. Persky & Pearson, 133 West 28th.

COATS Wanted—Looking at sport coats, snappy style. 1,140 Broadway, Weinreb & Horowitz.

COATS Wanted—Placing stock orders on Bolivias and sport coats. 130 West 25th, 2d floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles. Aronow Bros., 130 West 35th.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders, new Fall models. Jos. Lichtenthal, 20 West 30th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles, 12 West 27th, first floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on ladies' coats. 5th floor, 135 West 25th.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on sample Fall coats. 12 West 32d, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted—By jobber, Fall samples, up to 38. Louis Baum, 22 West 30th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders. 17 West 27th St., 1st floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at samples. S. Silberblatt, 7 West 30th.

CREPE Wanted—Open for large quantity flat crepe, black, navy and brown, at price. Booth, Bregman & Sumberg, 129 West 27th.

CREPE de Chine and Radium Wanted—For underwear, afternoon. Newmark & Braude, 45 East 20th.

CREPE de Chine Wanted—Under $1.50 per yard. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

CREPE Wanted—Shot filled, for cash. 5 West 30th. Grace.

DRESSES, Silk and Cloth Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better merchandise only. Call from 9-5. 39 West 32d, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on misses' Fall silks. Call with samples for consideration, Room 1105, 10 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—High-class jobber looking at new Fall silk dresses, placing orders. 150 Madison Av., 9th floor rear.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers in market for popular-priced silk dresses for immediate delivery. 1,482 Broadway, Room 603.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new Fall styles, silks and woolens; call all week. 5th floor, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on good silk and cloth dresses. Call all week. Flapper Dress Co., 45 West 25th.

DRESSES—Jobbers look at high-class line of poiret and silk dresses all week. S. L. Ginsburg Co., 134 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall line popular priced cloth and silk. J. Blumenthal, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silks and cloths in regular and stout sizes. 3d floor, 129 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber buying stouts in silk and cloth; all prices; call all week. 5th floor, 161 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on new snappy styles, silks, regulars and stouts. 142 West 36th, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Silks and cloths; placing stock orders; bring samples. Lincoln Dress, 47 W. 52d.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at silk dresses; only Fall materials; call mornings. Zuck & Gordon, 470 7th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders Fall styles, silk and cloth, all week. 31 West 31st, 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking Fall samples, cloth and silk all week. Wm. Greenberg, 1,180 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders silk dresses of the better kind. 135 West 29th, 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on new snappy Fall styles, silks and wools. 5th floor, 19 East 21st.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on new Fall styles. Blue Ribbon Dress, 223 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber open to place orders on new Fall samples. 24 floor, 470 7th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Silks and cloths; large jobber placing quantity orders. 233 7th Av., 13th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy large quantity jobs only at a price. Samuel Dorf, 13 East 30th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall dresses, all kinds of materials. Trussel, 7 West 22d.

DRESSES Wanted—Spot cash; highest prices paid for job silks. Phone Weinberg, Watkins 2876.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall styles, silks and cloth. 35 West 31st, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on wool and silks. Sol Levine & Co., 12 W. 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber open for Fall silk dresses of the better kind. 104 West 27th, 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders new silks and wools, all week. L. A. Goldberg, 6 East 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders, better silks and wools. Castle Costume, 45 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall styles in silks only. 13 East 36th, 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on high-class poiret twills. 13 East 36d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses. Call Room 108, 49 West 37th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders, silks, cloths. Metropolis, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Silks; jobber placing stock orders only. 233 7th Av., 13th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber buying Fall dresses. Louis Albert, 242 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders new models. Daniel Levy, 55 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Silks, snappy youthful styles for the Fall. Simon, 24 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses. 2d floor, 142 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—High class, all kinds; jobs for cash. Telephone Canal 4222.

DRESSES Wanted—Fall jobs and regular; cash. Lester-Prager, 3 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted—Silk and all materials; spot cash; also jobs. Spring 0827.

DRESSES Wanted—Quantity orders placed. King & Appelbaum, 233 7th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on Fall silks. 16 West 46th, 1st floor.

BUYERS' WANTS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing stock orders in new Fall samples popular to highest grade dresses in ratine, satin canton, crepe satin, charmeuse, poiret twill, triconine, party and evening dresses and all other Fall materials; samples 9-5 daily. 28 West 36d, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber now placing stock orders on junior dresses; popular to higher grades; poiret twill, satin, Canton, crepe de chine; submit samples daily, 9 to 5. See Mr. Lisbner, 10 East 33d, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—We pay spot cash for lots, large or small, in canton crepe, crepe de chine and silk dresses in all other materials; samples 9-5 daily. 28 West 33d, 9th floor, or phone Pennsylvania 9230.

DRESSES Wanted—Dress jobber placing orders on new fall cloth and silk dresses; must be up-to-the-minute styles; call with samples all week. Hugo H. Lowy & Bro., 498 7th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing stock orders on cloth dresses; in all materials; popular prices; call with samples all week. Miller Bros., 118 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Garment cutire dress jobber placing orders on cloth silk and velvet dresses; write us telling your capabilities, will arrange for appointment. 1st 27th Times.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on popular priced canton crepe dresses in extra sizes and all other silk novelty for the fall. Seymour Dress Co., 130 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Large dress jobber placing orders on better grade Fall dresses in Poiret twill and serges. Mr. Kramer, 36 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on better grade of cloth and silk dresses for Fall. Call between 9 and 12, 3d floor, 29 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on immediate and Fall dresses; also suitable for women's sizes. L. & R., 129 West 27th St., 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Big jobber placing large orders on Fall dresses in all kinds of material. Call with samples, all week, 5 East 31st, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Stouts, 36-46, in poiret twill, silks, voiles; will pay spot cash for any quantity. Union Square Dress House, 11 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on new numbers in silk and cloth; also in stout models. 6th floor, 142 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at new models of the better kind cloth and silk; bring samples, placing orders. 3d floor, 7 West 30th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing Fall orders, wool crepes. Poiret twills a specialty. Call with samples, 16th floor, 30 West 37th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better grade silk dresses for Fall. Mornings only, 13 West 31st, first floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall cloth and silk dresses; call with sample. Marjolaine Dress, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—New looking at Fall samples of ladies' dresses; submit best numbers. S. Steinfeld & Co., 43 West 32d.

DRESSES and Coats Wanted—Jobber placing large orders on Fall styles. 224 5th Av., 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Silk and cloth; call all week. 23 West 32d, 3d floor.

FUR Coats Wanted—Open to buy sealine coats for cash. 12 West 32d, 7th floor.

FURS Wanted—Will pay cash for 1,000 Manchurian dog collars; better grade. Frank & Berse, 132 W. 21st.

FURS, Mouffian Collars and Cuffs Wanted—Philip Shlansky Co., 148 West 36th.

FURS Wanted—Raccoon shawls. Fierman & Kolmer, 202 5th Av. Longacre 0431.

FURS Wanted—Vyconnas or Koreans, fox. Longacre 0485, 218 West 37th, 7th floor.

FURS Wanted—Quantity of dog sets; must be good quality. Ph. Klein, 26 West 32d.

FURS Wanted—Lynx, kitfox, fox collars; all shades. Phil Katz, 142 West 36th.

FURS Wanted—Quantity of collars and cuffs for cash. 226 7th Av.

GEORGETTES or Georgines wanted; high shades; cheap quality. 139 W. 35th, 1st floor.

GERONAS Wanted—Black, Malay, kitfox, all shades; cash. Chelsea 3110.

GERONA Wanted—Malay, kit fox. Charles Worabs, 132 West 36th.

GERONA Wanted—All colors for cash. Longacre 5764.

GERONAS Wanted—All colors, cash. Chelsea 9764.

GINGHAM Wanted—In blue stripes. Albert Rosenblatt & Sons, 383 7th Av.

LININGS Wanted—Striped venetian. Wilson Mfg. Co., 238 7th Av.

MARVELLA Wanted—Black only. Call Pennsylvania 9511.

PIECE Goods Wanted—Cash; closeouts, woolens, silks, any kind. Meirovitz, Madison 0548.

PLUSHES, Bolivias Wanted—Goff's Stakoochie, Dobson's 0628 bryttonia, keraini, lapinex. Fitzroy 5867.

PLUSH Wanted—Open to buy Dobson gray Chinchillis or similar. H. B. Rubin, 2 West 33d St.

POIRET Twills Wanted—American 09164, 09165, brown and black. Scharfman Bros., 26 West 26th.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—09164 American, navy; cash. 139 W. 25th, 1st floor.

POIRET Twill Wanted—Under 92, per yard. Max Silverman & Son, 16 East 33d.

POLAIRES Wanted—Open for large quantity; also wyandotte velour or similar. 13 West 27th, 14th floor.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

DUDGEON, RICHARD; EXECUTOR'S SALE —BUSINESS, REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

In pursuance of the power of sale contained in the will of Richard Dudgeon, late of the County of Queens, deceased, I, WILLIAM M. DUDGEON, the undersigned, the sole qualified and acting executor of and trustee under said will, will sell, at public auction, at the office of Richard Dudgeon, Nos. 24 and 26 Columbia Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on the 26th day of July, 1923, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, all the right, title and interest of said Richard Dudgeon, deceased, and the undersigned, in and to the following named business, real and personal property, viz.:

The name "Richard Dudgeon"; the goodwill of the business of making and selling hydraulic jacks, presses, pumps, punches and other hydraulic machinery and other articles carried on under the name "Richard Dudgeon," at the above address, by said Richard Dudgeon, deceased, and the undersigned; all machinery, fixtures, licenses to use patents, trade-marks, labels, copyrights, patterns, models, book accounts, bills receivable, bank account, and all other personal property owned by said Richard Dudgeon, deceased, or by the undersigned, and used in said business; and all the real property, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate in said Borough of Manhattan, in the block bounded by Columbia, Broome, Cannon and Delancey Streets, and known as and by the street numbers 24 and 26 Columbia Street, and 76, 78, 80 and 82 Broome Street, which said Richard Dudgeon died seised or possessed, or which the undersigned has acquired since his death. The said name, business, real and personal property will be sold subject to two mortgages aggregating eighteen thousand ($18,000.00) dollars, now liens on an undivided one-quarter thereof; and also subject to two other mortgages, aggregating fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars, now liens on another undivided one-eighth thereof; also subject to all debts of the said business, which together with said four mortgages the purchaser must assume and agree to pay.

Dated, New York, July 3, 1923.

WILLIAM M. DUDGEON,
Sole qualified and acting Executor of and Trustee under the last will and testament of Richard Dudgeon, deceased.

BASSETT, THOMPSON AND GILPATRIC, Attorneys for said Executor and Trustee, Office and Post Office Address, Rooms 1430 to 1436 Woolworth Building, No. 233 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

WE, the undersigned, hereby give notice of our intention to form a corporation to transact the business of fire insurance pursuant to sections 330, 331, 332, 333, Article 16A of the Insurance Law, constituting Chapter 28 of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York and the acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto. The name of the corporation is to be

WORLD MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The principal office of the corporation is to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

Dated, New York, June 22nd, 1923.

William Duggan	Nicholas J. Hart
Jacob K. Upton	James A. Andrews
Edmond S. Quinn	Edward P. Fitzbrough
Theodore W. Rist	Edwin H. Hollis
Arthur A. Stewart	Otto Hortsmann
William A. Sands	James Mormile
Collins F. Bowers	Dr. James S. K. Hall
James Baker	Irene V. Price
Jackson R. Williams	Stanley Thalheimer
Perley Morse	Elsie Garton
James V. Ganley	James J. Doyle
Hugh J. Martin	Herman Halperin
	Edward Moore

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. IN THE MATTER OF THE DISSOLUTION of HOMESID BUILDERS CORPORATION, a corporation.

SIR:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned intends to make a second dividend, and that the same will be a final dividend, out of the assets in his hands of the above corporation, on the 23rd day of July, 1923, and all persons having claims against such corporation are directed to present the same forthwith at the office of the undersigned, at No. 20 Nassau Street, New York City.

Dated, New York, July 2, 1923.

WILLIAM K. DUPEE JR., Receiver.

WELLMAN, SMITH & SCOFIELD, Attorneys for Receiver, 20 Broad Street, New York City.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

BOLIVIAS—15140, 09219, 09213, 16309, 0582, also cotton warps, Poirets, America, American, Amoskeag, Andrew's Botany, U. S. Serges, Amoskeag 7750, Lorraine 0662, Mohawk Woolen, 32 West 27th.

BOLIVIA 0453, 0545, 0628, 09219, 21371, 15140, 0065, 0582, 0599, 16061, 16062; Stewart 599, 9819; Raritan 1605, 1639; Velour 1316, 123115; Poiret 09162, 09164, Lexington 1909.

BOLIVIAS, velvarettes, ormandales, 16209, 15140, Jullilards, broadcloth, 110, 2002, velours 2128, Madison Square 1792.

BOLIVIAS 16309, 15140 and ormandale. Chelsea 2418.

BOLIVIA 0453, gray, brown, navy. Pennsylvania 6189.

BROADCLOTH—Jullilard 110; also others. Henry Samson, 111 East 36d, Gramercy 4585.

CAPES—Silks, 50, sell in one lot only; no reasonable offer refused entire lot. Princess Dress, 242 West 36th.

CLOTH—21571, 15140, 16061, 4440, 843 luxonia, saltonia 153118, 15114. Watkins 1790.

COATS, special for jobbers, bolivia Manchurian dog collars, crepe lined, $16.50; wool velours, beaverette collar, $8.25. Jobbers Market, 1,225 Broadway.

COATS, Silks—50, sell one lot only; no reasonable offer refused entire lot. Princess Dress, 242 West 36th.

COATS and Suits for jobbing trade ready; stouts our specialty. Duberstein, 38 West 17th St.

COATS—Bolivia, silk lined, fur collars, to close out. 29 East 31st St., third floor.

COATS—Stouts; the best popular price line made. Smartline, 151 West 28th.

CREPE de chines, quantities, greige, 4-thread, 2-ply. J. Newman & Sons, 229 4th Av. Madison Square 1095.

DRESSES—400 silk to close out at a sacrifice price; for your July sales. 65 West 36th, 4th floor.

DRESSES—300 linen and voile, to close out; better made dresses. Goodman & Davidson, 153 West 25th.

DRESSES—French voiles and printed, running numbers; close out, for sale. R. & W., 208 6th Av.

DRESSES—300 cantons, flat crepes and novelties; close out at sacrifice. Hickson Mfg., 153 West 27th.

DRESSES—Children's 8-14 voiles and organdies, $7.50 dozen. S. Fazekas & Sons, 135 8th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at high-class new Fall silk dresses. 302 5th Av., top floor.

DRESSES—High-class street, afternoon, evening; close out at sacrifice. Lindau, 23 West 26th.

DRESSES—Imported dotted Swiss and Normandy voiles, to close out. 39 West 29th, 12th floor.

DRESSES—1,000 drop-stitch tricos and cantons, to close out; sizes 40-46. Hilinde, 56 West 33d.

DRESSES—Assorted lot of silk dresses to close out at sacrifice. 342 6th Av., 3d floor.

DRESSES—Stouts, regulars, silks, new models, linen, close outs. Deutsch, 22 West 32d.

DRESSES—Voiles, ratines, laces; jobs in silk; sacrifice for cash. Hutner, 141 West 38th.

DRESSES—Clearance linens, voiles, organdies and ginghams. Glockner, 6 West 30th.

DRESSES—1,000 crepe de chines, to close out, $5.75 up. S. D. Dress, 144 W. 27th.

DRESSES—Contractor has silk dresses to close out; cheap. 6 West 18th, 12th floor.

DRESSES—100 Shantung, assorted sizes, at sacrifice price. Greenberg, 15 West 24th.

DRESS contractor sacrificing voiles, ratines, at your price. Hoffman, 123 West 24th.

DRESSES—Linen, 2,000, closing out; sacrifice. Mohawk Dress Co., 1,140 Broadway.

DRESSES—Silks, better grades; close out. 129 West 32d, 4th floor, rear.

DRESSES—500 cotton dresses to close out at reduced prices. Dubin, 39 West 29th.

DRESSES—1,000 women's canton dresses, to close out. 31 West 27th St., 7th floor.

DRESSES—Contractor has job of dresses to sell for cash. 137 West 27th, 3d floor.

DRESSES—300 cotton dresses to close out for cash. 15 West 20th St., 8th floor.

DRESSES—What close out silks and georgette. Armaid Dresses, 17 West 20th.

DRESSES—Contractor closing out 1,000 cotton dresses. Jeanne, 49 West 27th.

DRESSES—Silk, pleated, beaded; others; need cash. 56 West 29th, first floor.

DRESSES—Better grade silks to close out. Harry Eidlinger, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES—Job of silk dresses to close out. Jack Wein, 31 West 21st.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES—We are sacrificing all our summer stock for your July sales; this is your opportunity to choose your dresses from our enormous selection of exceptionally beautiful styles in all the leading shades and materials; printed crepe de chines, poagees and tricolette dresses, sizes 40-50; retail $4.98; knitted novelties, sizes 40-50; retail $7.98; printed voiles, sizes 40-50, and Monte Carlo voiles, sizes 16-44, retail $3.98; allymres and Paisley combinations, below market prices; biggest values in town; come and convince yourself; you will surely buy; now is the best time. Seymour Dress, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES hover undersold; gingham, wonder values; $10.50 dozen; extra sizes $12.50; Scotch gingham $1.50; novelty Summer dresses $1.50; dotted and metallic voiles $2.25; extra sizes voiles, 42½-49½, $1.75; triconiane $3.75; extra sizes, excellent styles and materials, $5.75; all capes $6.00; many other bargains. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES—Never undersold, pretty linene dresses, $15 dozen; gingham, wonder values, $12 dozen; extra sizes, $12.50; Scotch ginghams, $1.50; novelty Summer dresses, $1.75; dotted and metallic voiles, $2.25; extra size voiles, $2.75; triconiane, $4.95; extra sizes, $6.75-$8.75; all capes $6; many other bargains. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES for your July sales; wonderful novelties, imported linens, ratines, all colors; also beaded, tailored plain, georgettes, canton crepes, laces; all to close out sacrifice; Fall line now ready. M. Gordon, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES—Sacrificing entire stock Summer dresses, to retail $2.98, for your special July sales; voiles, ginghams, allymre combinations, also all capes, coats in stock. Betsy Ross Dress, 119 W. 25th. Watkins 9063.

DRESSES—Snappy models, large sizes, in flat and naomi crepe, drop-stitch and plain knitted; made to retail at low prices; also to close out, wool and printed crepes, stout ginghams. Meyer Bosniak, 40 W. 37th.

DRESSES—Printed crepe de chine and other printed novelties including a vast assortment; large sizes; quantity lots only; will accept any reasonable offer to quantity buyer. Princess Dress, 242 West 36th.

DRESSES for July sales, biggest selection in town; imported linen, ratines, voiles, dotted Swiss voile, new silk dresses, at remarkably low prices. Weingarten Bros., 145 West 30th.

DRESSES—New street and afternoon dresses, cantons, crepe back satins, charmeuse, poirets and evening gowns, $13.75-$39.75; immediate delivery. M. Barnstein, 36 West 32d.

DRESSES—At a price, will close out junior, misses' and juniors' voiles, ginghams, chambrays, organdies; wonderful values July sales. Maher & Everett, 39 West 34th.

DRESSES — Picardy print and hand Batik Summer dresses; closing out at enormous sacrifice; were $25 to $40; now $10. Call 6 West 37th St., 3d floor.

DRESSES—To close out, Monte Carlo voiles, ratines, linens, crepes and ginghams, at very low prices. Greenberg Wiener & Co., 31 West 27th.

DRESSES—"Modeform" dresses now ready for your immediate requirements; sizes 38 to 48 and 42½ to 52½; $13.75 up. Princess Dress, 242 West 36th.

DRESSES—1,500; sacrificing entire stock; high grade women's dresses; beautiful models; cantons, georgettes; cash only. 121 W. 32d, 4th floor.

DRESSES—5,000 tricolette silk dresses in stock for immediate delivery at price; plenty of large sizes. H. & J. Leibowitz, 142 West 36th.

DRESSES—Stouts only; choosesale of cantons or racks; jobs to close out; complete line ready. Economy Dress Co., 136 West 29th.

DRESSES—5,000 Monte Carlo printed voiles, ginghams, for July sale, $1.75 up; in stock also line of silk dresses. Criterion, 13 West 31st.

DRESSES—Silk and cotton to close out as low as $3.75 before 9 A. M.; must be sold this week. Geisberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th.

DRESSES—5,000 Canton crepe on the racks, 36-46, for July sales. Capital Waist Dress, 142 West 36th.

DRESSES—Jobs will sacrifice several hundred silk dresses to a quick buyer. B. R. Stein, 15 West 26th.

DRESSES—Jobs 2,000 cotton; must be sold this week; new silks on the rack. Charlotte, 20 West 32d.

DRESSES—Small lot, assorted silk dresses; cheap for cash. Checker Dress Co., 151 West 38th St.

DRESSES, 300 silk to close at sacrifice. Sam Harris, 9 West 31st.

DRESSES of the better kind at a sacrifice. Ansonia, 56 West 35th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES—Closing out remaining cottons in women's and stout sizes, $3.75 up; very wonderful values in silks. Liman Dress, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES—Closing out Summer dresses; Georgettes, Canton crepes, others to make room for Fall goods. Star Dress Mfg., 130 West 30th.

DRESSES—Special values this week; poirets, cantons; $6.75 to $16.75; no salesmen; immediate delivery. King & Appleseum, 233 7th Av.

DRESSES—Misses', flappers', children's better grade silks and cottons; closing out entire stock; very cheap. Ming Toy, 35 West 32d.

DRESSES—Clearance sale of beaded silk dresses; must sacrifice them to make room for Fall line. Ganz & Brenzilver, 118 West 27th.

DRESSES—3,000 Summer dresses to close out, $2.75; just the thing for July sales. Popular Maid Dress Co., 1,140 Broadway.

DRESSES—We have voile crepe and linen dresses for immediate delivery at reduced prices. Brill Dress Co., 116 West 27th.

DRESSES—Contractors bring snappy models, popular and medium priced misses' dresses; placing orders. Room 1103, 10 West 33d.

DRESSES—2,000 to close out; sacrifice; allymres, $2; heavy knitted crepes, $6.75; smocettes, $4.75. Belmore, 31 W. 31st.

DRESSES—Butterfield's normandy voile dresses on racks at a price. Feldman & Light Bros., Inc., 148 West 36th.

DRESSES—1,000 georgettes and cantons on rack for immediate delivery at a price. F. W. R. Dress, 1123 West 36th.

DRESSES—Wash and silk of the better kind; closing out entire stock at special prices. Zuck & Gordon, 470 7th Av.

DRESSES—5,000 silks, knitted crepes, 36-46, for July sales; $5.75-$6.75. Demand Dress, 31 East 32d. (Manufacturerers).

DRESSES—Sacrificing entire stock cotton dresses, low prices; must make room Fall stock. 25 West 31st, 4th floor.

DRESSES—Beaded georgettes, navy and pastel shades; close out at a price. Princess Dress, 242 West 36th.

DRESSES—Contractor has novelty ratines in all colors; will close out very cheap. Allen Costume, 31 East 32d.

DRESSES—Closing out stylish stouts and regulars; velvets, linens, ginghams, ratines. Cuno-Perimutter, 37 West 32d.

DRESSES—Manufacturer has 75 better grade cantons and georgettes to close out. Ted Kraisler, 25 West 50th.

DRESSES—Closing out assorted lots, 16 or over, $1.50, $2.75, $3.75, values to $9.75. Kaplan, 1110 Madison Av.

DRESSES—5,000 stout imported ginghams and voiles at a sacrifice price. Leoners Dress Co., 49 W. 37th.

DRESSES—3,000 Summer dresses; biggest collection in town; remarkably low prices. Rahn Dress, 104 W. 27th.

DRESSES—Sacrificing linenes, voiles, linens, silks at very attractive prices. Goldner & Weiss, 1,225 Broadway.

DRESSES—Job of 300 French embroidered voiles; close out; all colors; $3.95. A. T. Dress, 119 West 36th.

DRESSES—800 Fall dresses, pleated silks, 4 styles, at special price. Arrow Dress, 234 West 39th, 7th floor.

DRESS Clearance—Ratines, linen and ginghams; $4.75 to $8; also voiles, Specialty Dress, 42 West 32d.

DRESSES—Smart, new cantons, $10.75, also jobs printed silks, cottons; cash. Room 408, 1,170 Broadway.

DRESSES—150 Georgette and silks; also silk coats and coatees with white fur collar. 2,177 5th Av. (116

COLONIAL INFLUENCE IN AMERICAN HOMES

Architectural Growth Traced From Early New England Building Types.

COMFORT PRIME ESSENTIAL

Bulfinch, Jones and Warren Among the Leaders in Creating Artistic Designs.

Architectural beauty in American country homes has made great advances within the last quarter of a century. The strange Queen Anne type of houses has very generally given way to the more simple but artistic early American Colonial style, diversified by the more stately Georgian type of architecture. New England still retains excellent examples of attractive buildings whose simplicity, combined with a distinct aristocracy of comfort, has been successfully copied by or adapted to modern homes. Among the early architects who have exerted a marked influence upon twentieth century design are Inigo Jones, Sir Christopher Wren of England, famous for the beauty of his church spires; Samuel McIntyre, Charles Bulfinch, designer of the National Capitol at Washington and the dignified Massachusetts State House; Russell Warren, most of whose creations are to be seen in Rhode Island, and the Adam brothers, celebrated for their furniture.

Writing on the early architecture of New England, W. J. C. Branion, in Motor Travel, issued by the Automobile Club of America, says that it is, for the most part, Colonial and Georgian, the former in evidence from the earliest period to about the middle of the eighteenth century. About the year 1720 the more settled condition and the greater wealth in the various colonies influenced the buildings of more ornate and pretentious character, adopting the style popular in England. This is known as the Georgian, sometimes called the English Renaissance. From time to time efforts have been made to introduce Gothic and Mediæval types, but they have made no appreciable contribution to the architecture of that section.

The early Colonial houses were built entirely of wood. They are symbolic of a stanch resourcefulness and adaptiveness and, above all, of the hospitable home. The cold of the long Winters made necessary large open fireplaces and hearthstones. The fireplaces were practically the cores around which the rest of the house was built, and they supplied not only the heat for the house but, in many cases, the cooking facilities as well.

Hingham Ship Church Built in 1680.

"The very early buildings of New England," says Mr. Branion, "were crude affairs, cabin-like in appearance. The earliest in existence today is the old Ship Church of Hingham, built in 1680. While the Colonial buildings were of wood, the Georgian architecture consisted of stone. This change brought about the concentration of the architect on entrances and porches and many of a beautiful and ornate design. After the Revolution a decline set in, but the Georgian influence did not entirely disappear, examples of which include Warren's creations in Rhode Island and the churches of Isaac Dennon in Hartford.

"Then came the Classic revival, largely of French origin, stressing Doric portices and Corinthian columns, established without rhyme or reason to public buildings. After this New England saw the early Gothic revival, for the most part tasteless in design. H. H. Richardson brought with him the Romanesque forms of Western France, and produced buildings which showed a genuine individuality. His best work is Trinity Church, in Copley Square, Boston. He is also represented by churches, libraries and railway stations all through New England.

"After the Civil War the French Renaissance made itself apparent with its granite and castiron fronts. Then came a short period of Saracenic architecture, the results of which are to be seen around Back Bay, Boston. Twentieth century architects have endeavored to follow the Roman or the Gothic traditions. Of the Roman type, Guy Lowell has achieved distinction in his design of the Boston Museum. In the Gothic class, Ralph Adams Cram is perhaps the leader, and also there is R. Clipston Sturgis, whose Gothic groups for the new Perkins Institution at Watertown are well known."

Examples of the Architect Bulfinch.

Among the many interesting buildings of architectural beauty in New England mention is made of the Congregational Church in Farmington, just north of Waterbury, erected in 1771, and the Thomas Cowles house on Main Street, at the south end of the village, said to have been designed by a young officer in Burgoyne's army. The old brick City Hall in Hartford, completed in 1796 and used for nearly one hundred years as the State Capitol, is one of the best remaining examples by the architect Bulfinch. The old Centre Church in Hartford, on Main Street, is an excellent type of very early Colonial meeting house architecture, the spire having been designed by Sir Christopher Wren. The Trinity College buildings were designed by Burges of London in the early English style. In East Windsor is the old Grant family house, with its highboy doorway, and was the ancestral home of the forefathers of General Grant.

The municipal buildings in Springfield are called one of the finest architectural groups in the United States. The City Library was the gift of Andrew Carnegie. The Holy Family Church, on Eastern Avenue, is an example of early English perpendicular and contains some exquisite wood carvings by Mayrhmayer of Oberammagau. The oldest houses in Worcester is known as "The Oaks." It was a Revolutionary mansion built by Judge Timothy Paine. Sudbury's most famous building is the Wayside Inn, where Washington and Lafayette stopped, in addition to many other famous men.

Boston contains many celebrated buildings and interesting types of architecture. The present Faneuil Hall was erected in 1805 after, chiefly the work of Charles Bulfinch. The Bulfinch Boston State House on Beacon Hill in 1795. King's Chapel, on the corner of Tremont and School Streets, was the first Church of England on the Bay. Christ Church, on the old South Meeting House on Washington Street, was erected in 1759. The oldest house in Boston is the Paul Revere home, where he lived from 1770 to 1800. It was built about 1680, and is an example of the gambrel-roofed mansard roof type of architecture.

Old Marblehead and Salem Homes.

In Marblehead the Colonel William Lee mansion was designed by Bulfinch. St. Michael's Church, dating from 1714, is one of the oldest Episcopal churches in the country and contains a communion service of 1698. The ancient Town Hall dates from 1727. Other attractive houses are those of Jerathmeel Peirce, Elbridge Gerry and the home of Colonel Asor Orne.

"The early architecture of Salem," says Mr. Branion, "was at first a very primitive gable-roofed cabin, affording little more than a shelter to its occupant. Certainly, there could not have been very much comfort. As time progressed, this gave way to the Elizabethan influence—many-gabled Elizabethan architecture. Then later, early in the eighteenth century, this was replaced by the gambrel-roofed type of house copied from the Dutch. This style, in turn, gave rise to the square three-story house. Until the year 1810 most of the houses were constructed of wood, but afterward gave way to brick construction, and brick is now prevailed.

"It is a curious thing that not a single church in Salem today is representative of the old city. Of many of architectural merit erected prior to 1818 only the South Church remained long enough to be photographed. This edifice was erected in 1804, also the design of McIntire, and is constructed of wood with a spire after Sir Christopher Wren. 168 feet high. It is, for the most part, Doric in type, although the design of its cornices, friezes and the flat pilasters of its hall desk are Ionic. It is considered McIntire's finest achievement, and experts have said that its beauty of proportion is not to be equaled anywhere in the United States.

"Other architectural points of interest in Salem are the Derby farmhouse, which was built by Robert Prince in 1690 on what is now Maple Street; the house at 11 Becket Street, which is interesting not only for its steep pitched roof suggestive of the thatch, but also because of the overhanging of its second story, a frequent characteristic of seventeenth century houses.

The "Lean-to" Dwelling Type.

"Salem is noted also for the presence of the 'lean-to' house, which originated with a pitched roof or shed attached to the house proper. This grotesque cottage of angular contour is a characteristic type of early New England architecture. The Rev. Nathaniel Bowler house in Danvers, built in 1659, and the Bishop-Nurse house at Tapleyville are examples of this type of home. A two-story wooden building, erected in 1786 for the Centre Grammar School, also is interesting from an architectural standpoint. Joseph H. Choate attended school there in 1840.

"Most interesting of Salem's houses is the 'House of the Seven Gables,' immortalized by Nathaniel Hawthorne. This house, built in 1669, but now much restored, is at the foot of Turner Street. The old Grimshawe house at 28 Charter Street, the scene of two of Hawthorne's stories, 'Dr. Grimshawe's Secretary' and 'The Dolliver's Romance,' also are bits of interesting old-time New England architecture.

"In Portsmouth, N. H., is the oldest bank building in the United States. The oldest house there is across the Maplewood Avenue bridge, facing the river. It was built by Richard Jackson in 1664. Its steep roof reaches almost to the ground at the back and has tempted artists for many years.

"Many interesting places are to be found in Newburyport, among them, facing the Lowell-Johnson house, built in 1774 once the property of the grandfather of James Russell Lowell.

BEAVERS AND TROUT.

Animals Favor Fish Supply in Some Cases, But Not in Others.

A study of the beaver problem in the Adirondacks recently published by the New York States College of Forestry, Syracuse University, gives interesting opinions on the much-mooted question as to whether or not the operations of beavers interfere with the fish life in trout streams.

Dr. Charles H. Johnson, fur naturalist with the Roosevelt Wild Life Forest Experiment Station, the College of Forestry, wrote the report. His investigations covered the northern section of Herkimer and Hamilton Counties, known as the beaver belt of the Adirondacks. There appears to be proof to show that beaver dams benefit trout life and proof that they tend to exterminate trout life. Dr. Johnson, considering the divergence of opinion on this subject, finds:

"The differences probably are to be sought in the differing local conditions. A gin-clear, relatively broad stream with low banks and feeble current, if dammed by beavers, results in a series of expansive but shallow ponds. If contributing springs are few, small and far between, dams frequent and the soil consistent, the most favorable conditions of one kind or another probably develop.

"On the other hand, a stream of like size, with good current, higher banks and with springs more frequent, might, by the same number of dams, be converted into a stream more favorable to trout than before. There would be an increase in the depth of water, the entering springs would furnish cool pools and perhaps an entire lower stratum of good water, and with the increased volume of water would come increased food supply.

Dr. Johnson believes that the beaver situation in the Adirondacks requires a comprehensive scientific investigation. In order to obtain accurate knowledge of the effect of beaver operations on trout life, an investigation would have to take into consideration conditions as they obtained in the streams before as well as after the entrance of beavers over a period of years.

CALIFORNIA'S "BIG TREES."

Oldest Living Things Have No Fungi or Insect Pests, Says Dr. Gleason.

As the largest existing organisms, the "Big Trees of California" occupy a place unique among the living things of the world, said Dr. H. A. Gleason, lecturing at the New York Botanical Garden. While they may be exceeded in height by some of Australia's gum trees, as they are exceeded in diameter by the chestnut trees of Sicily, in actual bulk, said the lecturer, they are far greater than either of these. Authenticated measurements show that California's big trees have reached a diameter of over 30 feet, heights of more than 350 feet and ages well over 3,000 years.

The big trees, known to the botanist as Sequoia gigantea, have had a long history. Far back in geologic times various species of Sequoia were scattered throughout the entire North Temperate Zone and their fossil remains have been discovered in New Jersey. They even extended south as far as Australia and Chile. The unknown reasons they have been unable to stand the vicissitudes of time, and now exist only in California, where one species, the redwood, is common along the coast from San Francisco northward, and the second is found in groves in the Sierra Mountains, mostly in parks set apart for their preservation. They are extremely resistent to fire and have no known fungus or insect enemies. They are frequently damaged but probably not killed by lightning, as a result of which the crowns of the older trees are usually very irregular. If it were not for the damage by lightning, it is quite probable that they might exceed 400 feet in height.

Since they do not suffer from diseases and are not seriously damaged either by fire or lightning, and since trees apparently do not die of old age, the usual cause of death among the big trees is by the undermining of the root system through the gradual removal of the soil by water.

Dr. Gleason is Assistant Director of the New York Botanical Garden.

Y.M.C.A. OUTDOOR LECTURES

Thousands Listen to the Noonday Talks in Times Square—Attendance Grows.

Every day during the noon hour an automobile carrying an American flag, a musician and a speaker may be seen driving up to the curb on Forty-third or Forty-sixth Street just off Broadway, in the theatrical district. A few cars come to a standstill the moment proceeds to attract passers-by by putting on a concert. Following this a speaker, usually Samuel W. Graffin, Religious Work Director of the West Side Y. M. C. A., or his associate, Dr. John W. R. Burwell, proceeds to deliver in a plain but effective manner a message directed to men. Very few who stop and become really interested in the talk fail to remain until the speaker is through. Post Cards are distributed which make it easy for men in the audience to have a personal interview with one of the Y. M. C. A. Directors in his office following these meetings.

Last year 54,100 men attended these meetings along Broadway. Up to date this year the average attendance has been larger than ever before. Three things are stated concerning these meetings this year: The first is that the average attendance has been a higher grade of man than ever before. He can be judged by his personal appearance and courteous manner. The second is that there has been an increase in the number of those attending the meetings. The third is that a percentage of young men at these noonday meetings has been much larger than in previous years. According to Dr. S. W. Graffin, his experience both on the street and in connection with the personal interviews which have followed indicates that there seems to be a genuine awakening on the part of New York City's realit to the valuable things in life.

The churches of the west side co-operate in the conduct of these meetings, other branches of the Y. M. C. A. are conducting similar meetings. The experience of the Bronx Union Branch has been especially successful.

MAKES URGENT PLEA FOR CATHOLIC PRESS

Andrew J. McGregor Scores Daily Newspapers for Printing Sensational News.

THEY MOLD PUBLIC OPINION

Editors and Publishers by Nature of Enterprises Are Forced to Become Leaders, Says Speaker.

Andrew J. McGregor, a Deputy Grand Knight of the Knights of Columbus, speaking at a K. of C. Communion breakfast at the Sacred Heart Auditorium on Staten Island, took for his subject "The Sensational Daily and the Catholic Press:"

"All of us read the daily newspapers," he said. "We rely upon them to furnish us with the news of the day and in some instances they are a source of diversion as well. Many people read practically nothing else but the daily newspapers, and undoubtedly, considering the people as a whole, the great proportion of the time spent in reading is given to newspaper perusal. You have noticed newspapers in the hands of men and women on their way to work in the morning and on their way home at night. Others have a paper before them while they swallow their breakfast or noon-day meal, and many make a practice of reading the daily paper after dinner in the evening. In fact, the daily newspaper seems to be about as indispensable as our daily food. Have you ever stopped to consider what a newspaper really is—this something which so completely absorbs the time and attention of everybody?

"It appears to be nothing but a harmless, lifeless combination of material substances, paper and ink. In reality, however, it is teeming with life and is one of the most powerful means ever developed for influencing the minds of men. By means of newspapers the printed symbols it conveys to the people information concerning the events of the day, decisions of law-making and judiciary bodies, and the thoughts and opinions of those entrusted with the mind it moves the people to activity in behalf of a good cause or influence them to combat unmistakable wrongs.

"Our modern daily newspapers reach every home, every office and every workshop. They place before our eyes the whole world over and facts concerning business and social affairs, domestic and foreign events, love and marriage, health and happiness, humor and cartoons in fact everything imaginable. They are practically unrestrained and enjoy the rights and privileges of free speech. The newspaper press wields a tyrannical power. It can be a loyal good friend or a merciless enemy. It may be a weapon in defense of justice or a medium for the spread of injustice. It may be the instrument of the highest wisdom or the deepest folly. It holds all mankind in its grasp. The editors or owners of newspapers mold public opinion. The very nature of their enterprise forces upon them the responsibility to present facts to the people the truths and facts of life as honestly and as truthfully as they can do so. They should strive to uphold the peoples interests and safeguard them with the best of the intellectual means at their disposal.

Contents of a Daily Paper.

"Consider the contents of the average daily newspaper. Even a casual glance will reveal that a prominent place is invariably given to endless stories of murder, divorce scandal, robbery, deception and other stories of similar disgraceful and ignominious depths into which mankind may fall. What kind of leadership has prompted the selection of such news? What kind of an education do people get from the reading of these sensational facts? Surely, for every one who is committed a crime there are many who do good and noble deeds, and for every faithless husband or wife there are hundreds of faithful ones; but the daily newspapers seem to have overlooked these people in their mad search for sensational news.

"Then what are we as Catholics to do to counteract this poisoning of our minds by the subject matter in the daily newspapers? The remedy is simply this. Place in the world's press and Those whose sole purpose in life is not material. It is in Catholic periodicals that you will find the tonic necessary to offset the undesirable effect of our popular daily. The editor of a Catholic publication must observe the two commandments when preparing material for his paper. The Catholic press is better organized today than ever before. An international Catholic news service has been established with press representatives in the principal capitals and cities throughout the world. From headquarters of this organization reliable news of interest to Catholics is distributed to the Catholic and secular press so the Catholic viewpoint, through the Catholic press is world wide. Many people appreciate the value of the Catholic press as a source of truthful information. It is a storehouse of knowledge on worldly and spiritual affairs. It provides them with forceful arguments with which to combat the undermining theories and practices of the present day.

Catholic Writers' Style.

"I have heard people remark that the style of Catholic writers does not appeal to them. They find the Catholic press dull reading. Such a statement is absurd. It lacks foundation and indicates a deplorable state of ignorance. In the Catholic press you will find interesting, forceful, well written articles on every phase of human activity. Some of the most brilliant minds of the day are engaged in writing. Quite likely the few people that find nothing of interest in the Catholic press are among those who are constantly searching for scandalous, spicy conditions in news items that will thrill their perverted minds.

"Every one here exercises his personal liberty in the selection of his own reading matter, and you all realize that the things you read are factors in the formation of your opinions. The right of an individual to form his own opinion is beyond question, but it must be remembered that it is extremely important that the individual base his opinions on facts; otherwise they are worthless. Opinions distorted and distorted truths or false statements are as valueless as would be the decision of a Judge who had heard false or insufficient testimony. The individual may be at liberty to shut himself away from the world and live in a realm of illusion, and all the more completely a slave to it if he were in bonds for he fancies he walks freely in the light.

"The literary man and woman who has the interest of their Catholic faith at heart will read Catholic literature. The beautiful sentiments that pour forth in the Catholic press will refresh your souls and renew your faith in mankind. A general reading of Catholic papers will do more than that; it will also build up a Catholic opinion, the power in that body of 20,000,000 Catholics in America, that will demand recognition when the interest of the people, their homes or their children is in danger. It will gradually spread an ethical influence throughout America which will be asserted by other American journals for the good of all. Select carefully your reading matter, it is an influence in your life and the lives of your loved ones. Your eternal salvation may depend upon what you read. The decision rests with you."

Accused of Forging Seamen's Papers

William Solomon, Secretary of the Marine Relief Society, 97 Whitehall Street, and Max Prushan, its Treasurer, were arraigned yesterday before Judge Louis Pfaltzgraff in United States District Court on an indictment charging them with supplying seamen shipping at this port with forged certificates of service and forged discharge papers. Both men pleaded not guilty. Prushan is held in $2,500 bail and William Frederick Herman, an employe in the society's office also named as a defendant, in $500 bail.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Former Residence of Nicholas F. Brady on Fifth Avenue in a Resale.

BUYER WILL ADD 2 STORIES

Operator Disposes of Apartment Houses in Manhattan and the Bronx.

The former Nicholas F. Brady residence at 989 Fifth Avenue has been resold through Alliger & Buck for the Dorian Realty Company to the Justinian Construction Corporation, J. M. Thompson, President. The property was held at about $400,000.

The house, which is five stories, stands on a site 25.6 by 100 on the south corner of Eightieth Street. The property was taken last June in part payment by the U. S. Realty and Construction Company from Mr. Brady in an exchange involving the Parfois Building on Sixth Avenue, between Twentieth and Twenty-first Streets. A. G. Gilbert, architect, is preparing plans for the alterations, which will include the addition of two stories.

Operator in Several Deals.

Joseph G. Abramson sold to the Seymour Realty Company, 4,180 Broadway, northeast corner 177th Street, 50 by 102 feet, a six-story elevator apartment house known as the Continental. The ground floor contains one large store and four apartments, and the upper floors are each laid out in seven apartments a floor, of four and five rooms each. The property showed a total rent of $40,000 per annum and it was sold for $275,000, all cash above the first mortgage. William J. Burns was the broker in the transaction.

The same seller sold to Lodovico Massimi the southeast corner of Union Avenue and 166th Street, Bronx, being the premises known as 1,072 Union Avenue, consisting of a five-story apartment house on a plot 42 by 93 feet, containing fourteen apartments and stores with a total rental of $11,000, the property being held at $70,000. In part payment was received a first mortgage of $10,000 on the five-story and basement tenement of 25 by 100 feet at 338 East Forty-eighth Street. James Carera was the broker in the transaction.

To Antonio Piccirilli was sold the adjoining property at 344 East 166th Street, which is adjacent to Union Avenue, consisting of a five-story double flat on the premises, 43 by 90 feet, with a rental of $7,000, the property being held at $45,000. Title Guarantee and Trust Company represented the purchaser, and the broker in the transaction was the New York State Realty Company.

Joseph G. Abramson recently purchased from the 354 Corporation, Samuel Landsdorf, Jr., president, the nine-story fireproof apartment house known as the Stafford, at 1,070 Madison Avenue, southwest corner of Eighty-first Street. This high-class structure stands on a plot 102.2 feet on Madison Avenue by 85 feet on Eighty-first Street. It is provided with two separate apartments a floor, each seven and eight rooms, with two baths, each set of apartments being served by separate elevators. The pent house is divided into sixteen extra large rooms. The property showed a total income of $60,000 per annum and was held at $425,000.

The foundation of the building is sufficient to carry two additional stories. All of the partitions are soundproof and fireproof and the building has all modern improvements. The new owner contemplates the installation of stores on Madison Avenue, for which there is a great demand in that particular locality. Joseph A. Rauschkolb was the broker in the transaction.

The three-story tenements known as 210-212-214 East Eighty-eighth Street were sold by the Caramne Realty Corporation, operators to an investing client of F. Picker & Sons. The entire premises accommodates sixty families and rents for $11,000. The property was held at $75,000 and covers a plotage of 75 by 100 feet.

The newly formed Adel Realty Corporation, Julius Wielar, President, purchased from Jacob Rosenzweig 2,282 and 2,284 Eighth Avenue, northeast corner of 152d Street, 50 by 100 feet, containing fifteen families in each house and four stores. A resale is pending.

Isaac Lowenfeld and William Prager have purchased from Aaron Schnaps 494 and 496 West 158th Street, which adjoins the southwest corner of Nicholas Avenue, a six-story new-law apartment, 50 by 100, housing thirty families, with a rent roll of $16,000. It was held at $106,000. The brokers in the deal were Block & Weiss.

Isaac Lowenfeld and William Prager have purchased from a client of Robert H. Bergman 762 and 764 Melrose Avenue, which is the southeast corner of 157th Street, a six-story new-law apartment, 49.2 by 71, with three stores, housing twenty-five families, with a rent roll of $12,000. It was held at $80,000. Lee A. Greenberger was the broker.

The Sutton Realty Company sold for Mr. Greenberg 215 East 103d Street, a six-story building, housing twenty-seven families and containing two stores, to A. Weiss; for the same account, the five-four-story buildings, with stores, 1,060 to 1,068 Second Avenue, including the northeast corner of Sixty-second Street, 308 by 70, held at $110,000, to Dr. Albert Bardes.

$160,000 LOFT DEAL.

Six-Story Building in Bleecker Street Sold.

The six-story loft, on a plot 50 by 188, at 95 and 97 Bleecker St., was sold by S. & J. H. Albert for Mandel Pressburger to the Galp Holding Corporation. The property was held at $160,000.

Commercial Leases.

Warranty Brokerage Corporation has leased the entire six story and basement, elevator loft building, at 349-351 West Twenty-sixth Street for the estate of Henry Henken, coal merchant, on a net rental basis, to the Sanitary Wet Wash Laundry Co., Isaac Barrows, President, for a long period, at an aggregate rental of $260,000. After extensive alterations the Sanitary Wet Wash Laundry Co. will occupy most of the building for their own plant.

Cyril A. Carroll and John Newton Porter have sold for a client of Morgan & Overton, a six-story four-family flat building at 971 Madison Ave., on a plot 25 by 85. The building contains two stores and three apartments, and has a rent roll of over $4,000. Negotiations for a resale of this lease are pending.

Cross & Brown Company leased the entire building at 154-156 Twelfth Avenue, formerly occupied by the United States Tire Company, to the Motor Improvements, Inc., and room 1509 in the building at 19 East Forty-first Street to Ernst B. Clad, importer of laces.

$625,000 Home for News Company.

Plans have been filed with the Manhattan Bureau of Building for the new quarters of the American News Company, to be located on the west side of Varick Street, whole front between Spring and Dominick streets. It will be ten stories high, with a frontage of 175 feet and 160.11 feet on Dominick Street, and 100 feet on Spring Street. The American News Company is the owner of the site. Russell G. Cory, the architect, has estimated the cost at $625,000.

Eighth Avenue Corner Sold.

Bureau Construction Company sold to G. L. Lawrence the northwest corner of 115th Street and Eighth Avenue, 125 by 100, a two-story tax payer, held at $250,000, with a rental of over $30,000. Max Blau Co. acted as broker.

LONG BEACH LOT SALE.

Total of 338 Lots Sold for $360,527.

At Long Beach last Saturday Joseph P. Day held a sale of the remaining unsold lots scheduled to be disposed of at auction on July 6 and 7. A total of 338 lots were disposed of for $360,527.50, an average of about $1,065 per lot; also three bungalows for a total of $16,500.

The plot at the south side of Water Street, between Washington and Lafayette Boulevards, was sold for $3,400, and the southwest corner of Pine Street and Lauriston Boulevard was disposed of for $3,700. The northwest corner of Magnolia Boulevard and Fulton Street went for $4,050.

Considerable interest was displayed when Mr. Day put up the northwest corner of Lauriston Boulevard and Penn Street, and after spirited bidding it was purchased for $6,000, while the plot one block to the west on Beech Street, between Lafayette and Washington Boulevards, was sold for $4,600.

The plot on the south side of Market Street, between Lauriston Boulevard and Magnolia, 200 feet, went for $4,400, and the northwest corner of Front Street and Neptune Boulevard brought $3,600.

Plot Assembled in Fur Centre.

To meet the increased demands for space in the fur centre, Adolph S. Landau, President of the Geo. Tell Realty Corporation, plans to erect a sixteen-story building on the site that he has just assembled on West Twenty-ninth Street.

Through F. M. Clear & Co., his brokers, Mr. Landau has purchased from various owners the properties 231-239 West Twenty-ninth Street, giving him a plot of 117.1 by 98.9. A plot of similar dimensions at 224-232 West Thirtieth Street, upon which a building will shortly be erected, has recently been acquired by Joseph Ullman, Inc., furriers, and Revillon Freres, are now erecting their building at the southwest corner of Eighth Avenue and Thirtieth Street. These improvements indicate that the boundary of the fur centre will be extended in a short time to Eighth Avenue.

Buy Another Park Avenue Corner.

Mandel-Ehrich Corporation have purchased from Dr. Gibney, the southwest corner of Thirty-fifth Street and Park Avenue, known as 44 and 46 East Thirty-fifth Street, and 16 Park Avenue, being a plot 43 feet by 73 feet 8 inches. The property consists of two private houses. This will be altered for resale. The site will be adapted for a club, or for a fifteen-story apartment house, with small suites. Brown, Wheelock, Harris, Vought & Co. were the brokers.

The purchase of the control three Park Avenue corners, all suitable for improvement purposes, they recently purchased the southwest corner of Seventy-ninth Street and Park Avenue, and some time ago took title to the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street.

Lots at Baldwin Harbor Sold.

Last Saturday Byron L. Kennelly, Inc., sold 240 lots in Bay Colony, Baldwin Harbor, L. I., for a total of $46,000. This property, which is located on Bay Front Drive, Eastern Parkway, Bay Front Place, and North and South Drives, drew most of its buyers from Brooklyn and Babylon. Each lot has exclusive waterfront rights, and many of them included in the sale have riparian rights.

C. E. Holden purchased 20 lots on Eastern Parkway. John H. Kirby bought 14 lots. Louis C. Muns bought 11 lots. Edward W. Bowyer bought 8 lots and E. R. Plaisantin bought 6 lots. The remaining buyers were chiefly residents of Brooklyn and the surrounding neighborhood on Long Island.

The average price was about $190 per lot. A bungalow on Eastern Parkway also was sold for $1,750.

Private House Sales.

James H. Cruikshank purchased from Katie M. Tisdale 806 West 187th Street, a three-story private dwelling, on lot 16 by 100, between Eighth and Edgecombe Avenues. Harry Sugarman was the broker.

John A. Schoen sold for the Eddy Construction Company to Mary A. Kern the two-family brick house, 20 by 100, with garages, at 180 West 179th Street.

L. W. Silberson sold the four-story dwelling, 21 by 100, at 61 West Eighty-ninth Street, for Henrietta Baumann to M. Bernagut. The property was held at $36,000.

Joseph T. Riordan sold for John Ward 65 Park Terrace West, a one-family house, 30 by 100 to Lily M. Hancock.

Morgenthau, Cox, Everett & Selzas Co. consolidated have sold 428 West Forty-fourth Street, a three-story private dwelling on plot 20 by 100, located between Ninth and Tenth Avenues. The property was held at $15,000 and was purchased for company by George Schwartz.

Jacob Goodman bought from Frank B. Burmylige the three-story dwelling, 104 West 120th Street, 15 by 100, through John Overton, broker.

Trading in Brooklyn.

Meister Builders, Inc., have purchased 5,013-5,015 Fourth Avenue, two four-story flats, on a plot 27 by 100 each, with a rental of over $11,000 for both and held at $70,000; Sidney Shakan was the broker; also have resold to two individual investors two two-story and store business dwellings recently completed, on a lot 20 by 100 each, on Thirteenth Avenue, between Seventy-first and Seventy-second Streets; Max Rumigall was the broker; also have resold to a client of G. Ferri 5,015 Fourth Avenue, a four-story flat, on a plot 27 by 100, and held at $35,000.

Realty Notes.

Brooks & Mcmand have placed for the Drapkin & Goldberg Construction Company first mortgage loans aggregating $325,000, covering two apartment houses situated at the southwest corner of Ocean Avenue and Beverly Road, Brooklyn.

Hughes & Hammond have secured a building and permanent loan of $425,000 for the J. M. Realty Corporation on the five-story building erected at the southwest corner of Grand Avenue and Evelyn Place, Bronx.

Charles F. Merritt, Secretary of the Building Managers and Owners Association of New York, has been selected to serve as a Director of the Associated Secretaries of the National Association of Building Owners and Managers.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

1st—2nd—3rd MORTGAGES
Our Policy:
To give the borrower the LARGEST reasonable loan.
To give the buyer a SAFE loan at a fair price.
To deal with both at the SMALLEST COST possible.
"Largest Loans—Quickest Decisions"
SAFE DEED CO
1123 West 42d St., Cor. Privy Pl. Fitzroy 8220-3888

SPECIAL FUND
$200,000 for Second Mortgages on well-located property in Greater New York.
S. A. ISRAEL
30 Nassau St. Cort. 2872.
SECOND and third mortgages; quick action. Mortgage Exchange, Inc., 31 Chambers St. Worth 2185.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
Money For Opportunities
Why pass up opportunities simply because your assets are in the form of rent income? Sell this to us for spot cash. Reinvest and double your profits. Keen business men do it. Liberal terms. No "red tape." Simply phone Fitzroy 3916.
Jack Rabinowitz
Columbia Trust Building
N. W. Cor. 5th Ave. & 59th St., N. Y.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
40s, Near 5th Ave.
84-Year Ground Lease
Plot 100x100
Owner will assist in financing for loft buildings to responsible builders.
Particulars
E. M. SIMMONDS
1385 Broadway. Penn. 1145

Wanted
Experienced Man
To Solicit
Mortgage Loan Applications.
Apply by letter only to
Slawson & Hobbs
162 W. 72d St. Tel. Endicott 7240

50s, Near Park Ave.
Long-term net lease on a very desirable altered apartment house containing 17 small housekeeping suites. Exceptional opportunity to rent furnished apartments.
C. BERTRAM HUBBARD, INC.
10 East 43d Street.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Lex. Ave. At 59th St.
For Lease on Long Terms
748 Lexington Ave.
Opposite Bloomingdale's
Inquire of Mr. H. Weis
Care of Bloomingdale's
59th St. and Lexington Ave.
Plaza 5900

171 Madison Ave.
Burrell Building
N. E. COR. 33D ST.
OFFICES
Moderate Rentals
Unusually Light
Saul Wilchins,
1 W. 34th St. Fitzroy 5629

25 BROAD ST.
2300 Sq. Ft. To Sublet
Suitable for Stock Broker
OFFICES
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED
COMPLETELY PARTITIONED
Very light space
A. H. LEVENTRITT CO.
2 W. 45th St. Murray Hill 0594

100 Broadway
Attractive Outside
OFFICE
1,600 Square Feet
North American Oil Co.
8th Floor.

OFFICES FOR DOCTORS AND DENTISTS
CLUNY PROFESSIONAL BUILDING
139 West 72nd St.
SEE SUPERINTENDENT.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.
Sold My Plant
MUST PURCHASE
and obtain possession by October 1st
of a building of 60,000 to 100,000 square feet. Railroad siding preferred but not essential. Close to New York City.
Address
B. K. M., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Save Time and Expense
Right now is the time to secure your apartment, while there is a wide choice. Get the matter settled early. Visit Jackson Heights and compare the new garden apartments with anything anywhere else in New York City.
Jackson Heights
New Elevator Garden Apartment Homes
5, 6 and 7 Rooms—2 to 3 Baths
Golf, Tennis, Children's Playgrounds, Gardens, etc.
Taxpayer-Convertible Plan—Liberal Terms. Rental and Resale Privileges Reserved.
The Queensboro Corporation
Office
Jackson Heights Office, 37th St. & Polk Ave.
VISIT JACKSON HEIGHTS TO-DAY
Broadway B. R. T. Subway from any Manhattan Station direct to Jackson Heights. Take Corona train at Queensboro Bridge Plaza.
Interboro Subway to Grand Central Station, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 33th St., Jackson Heights.
By Motor, 59th St. via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. (Northern Boulevard) to 33d St., Jackson Heights.
Apartments Open for Inspection Until 8 P. M.

Netherland Hotel
Fifth Avenue and Central Park Plaza at 59th St.
Quiet, Yet Accessible to Every Part of the City
NOW OFFERS ON YEARLY LEASE
THE FOLLOWING HIGH-CLASS
Attractively Furnished Apartments
Parlor, Bedroom & Bath - - - - $2600 to $5000
3 room suites, 1 or 2 baths - - - - $4500 to $7000
4 room suites, 2 baths - - - - - $6000 to $9000
5 room suites, 2 or 3 baths - - - - $7500 & Up
Several Desirable Single Rooms Available for Transient Guests.
ATTRACTIVE REDUCTIONS BY WEEK OR MONTH
RESTAURANT UNEXCELLED. PHONE PLAZA 3100

Great Northern Hotel
118 West 57th Street
Adjacent Carnegie Hall and easily accessible to every part of city. Offers the following attractive, newly decorated apartments on yearly lease. Absolutely best value in city.
Parlor, Bedroom & Bath - $2,000
3-room suites, 2 baths - - $3,200
4-room suites, 3 baths - - - $4,500
SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS AVAILABLE FOR TRANSIENT GUESTS
ATTRACTIVE REDUCTIONS BY WEEK OR MONTH
RESTAURANT UNEXCELLED. PHONE CIRCLE 1900.

Unfurnished—East Side.
22 East 69th St.
COR. MADISON AVENUE
2 and 4 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths
Rents $2,500—$3,600
POSSESSION OCTOBER 1ST.
1047 Madison Av.
COR. 85TH STREET
2 Rooms and Bath, $1600
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
5 East 64th St.
ONE 8TH AVENUE
6 Rooms and Bath, $2000
Wm. B. May & Co.
370 Madison Ave. Plaza 8370

940 Park Ave.
CORNER 81ST ST.
No transients or seasonal guests
Unfurnished suites only
One or more rooms with superior service
Immediate Possession or October first
MARK RAFALSKY & CO.
Managing Agent
21 EAST 40th STREET
Vanderbilt 3023

"Hoffman Arms"
460 MADISON AVENUE.
Two and six rooms and bath; immediate possession. Also apartments 3 to 8 rooms, for Oct. 1. Reasonable rents.

Unfurnished—West Side.
Strathmore
404 Riverside Drive
at 113th Street
Attractively situated behind grass and trees in the most beautiful part of the Drive, this house has unusual view and light. Perfect floor plans with rooms of unusual size and finish. Plenty of large closets. Apartments 10 and 11 rooms and 3 baths. $4,500 to $6,500.
Owner Management

1 WEST 30th ST.
CORNER 5th AVE.
Apartments of
2-4 ROOMS
or More
Very large, light rooms, attractively decorated, with maid, valet (maid) service and laundry, if desired. Superintendent on premises.
5th AVENUE APARTMENTS
Rental $90 upwards
Fred'k Fox & Co., Inc.
287 Madison Ave. Vanderbilt 0300

39 West 58th Street
Three delightful rooms
2 baths
Inquire of Janitor, corner of
FRED'K FOX & CO., Inc.
287 Madison Ave. Plaza 8300 Vanderbilt

58th, 200 WEST
Now ready, from Oct. 1, unfurnished apartments, from 3 to 6 rooms.
Available, for a limited engagement, one and one & room apartment. Inquire Janitor

For Sale
Businesses are offered for sale every day in the Business Opportunities columns of The New York Times—stores, garages, factory rents and many other lines. Bank and business references required.

The Esplanade
West End Avenue at 74th Street
New York
The Only Strictly Residential Hotel In Town

THE ROGER MORRIS
Elevator Apartments
FOUR AND FIVE ROOMS
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT
400 WEST 160TH ST.
OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS
Near 7th Ave. and Broadway Subway Stations
PHONE WADSWORTH 4700

MORTGAGE LOANS.
1ST, 2D, 3D MORTGAGES;
MONEY IN ANY AMOUNT;
LARGEST LOANS, QUICKEST DECISIONS.
LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY,
123 West 42d St., cor. Broadway.
5th floor. Bryant 6200-6201.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS.
Large and small amounts.
REASONABLE RATES.
Booth & Hart, Inc.
Times Bldg., 42d St. & Broadway. Bryant 4300.

SPEC

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Continued From Preceding Page.

PRIVATE FUNDS FOR FIRST, SECOND MORTGAGES; also building and permanent loans MANHATTAN, BROOKLYN, LONG ISLAND, WESTCHESTER COUNTY AND NEW JERSEY. KROMER & LINCOLN, INC., 103 West 42d St. Bryant 6317.

WE have accepted since Jan. 1 over 150 first and second mortgages on city and suburban properties, prove positive that our terms are right; property examined and acceptance given within three days. LLOYD WINTHROP, 141 Broadway.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

LOAN of $1,000 to $5,000 wanted, secured by first mortgage on real estate at 6%; will allow bonus of 50% share in earnings of highly profitable land development operations of well-known and highly rated real estate corporation; absolute safety plus opportunity to share in extraordinarily large profits; write for booklet explaining full and surprising details of this remarkable offer. Address Corporation, P. O. Box 156, Newark, N. J.

WANTED—$30,000 third mortgage on valuable loft building for three to four years; principals only. K 53 Times.

PURCHASE mortgage, money wanted, $10,000 to $25,000; principal. Lyle, 16 West 28th.

BUILDING 34 frame dwellings, Kings Highway; want $5,000, first. C., 276 Times.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Manhattan For Sale.

28TH ST., WEST (near Park)—Four story and basement, perfect condition, parquet floors, French doors, tiled baths; price $35,000; immediate possession; unusual bargain. Charles K. Cleby & Co., 129 West 72d St. Endicott 1718.

70th WEST—Four-story and basement; 20-foot; 3 baths, 12 rooms, with running water in every room; price $33,000; will sell furniture and business for $5,000; a fine opportunity. Charles K. Cleby & Co., 129 West 72d St. Endicott 1718.

127th, 210 WEST—Three-story and basement; price on application. Jos. A. Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0258.

81ST ST., 130 WEST—Excellent location; easy terms. Caretaker on premises.

54TH (near West End Av)—House, 12 rooms, 2 baths; sacrifice, $26,000; all improvements. Silberson, 25 West 42d.

90TH ST., 27 WEST, immediately adjoining West End Av.—To close an estate will sacrifice a wonderful four-story American basement house; size 17 ft. x 65 ft. x 100 ft.; four-story extension; parquet floors, cabinet finish throughout; other at 240 West 80th St., between Columbus and Amsterdam Avenues, 22-foot four-story dwelling; present rent $6,000, with cancellation clause; price $65,000; ripe for immediate improvement. Apply Trustee, P. O. Box 102, Long Branch, N. J.

50TH ST., 305 WEST—14 rooms, 5 baths, land value; caretaker.

167 EAST 116TH ST.,
Between Lexington and 3d Aves.;
Subway and elevated station on block;
Crosstown cars pass the door;
Three-story basement, 18.8x100;
Price $27,000; cash $6,000.
Active business loc'n and important centre.
LEON S. ALTMAYER, 62 East 86th.

136TH ST., 18 WEST—3-story and basement house, all improvements, in good condition; $16,000; quick sale; terms; Rowan Tree-Schley, 131 5th Av.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (Gay St.)—For sale 21 years' straight lease, three stories and basement, eleven rooms, private house; rent $60 per month possession. Marden Realty Co., 34 Christopher. Spring 9141.

GREENWICH VILLAGE HOUSES.
Good investment; make alteration; $9,500 up; terms. Ames & Co., 26 West 31st St.

FOR SALE—Greenwich Village, or lease, about 30 quaint, old, small Colonial brick houses, 2 near Washington Square North, south; suitably priced for remodeling into studio apartments; for resale by operators, or for individuals for homes; these houses bring excellent income in their present state, $8,500 to $15,000 each; less if you can buy three or more; long time mortgages; small cash down. Dunlap & Lloyd, Realtors, 30 Grove St. Telephone Spring 5518.

FOR SOUND,
A REAL BARGAIN ON MADISON AV.;
$10,000 BELOW MARKET VALUE; 30x35
RIPE FOR ALTERATION; BROKERS
FULLY PROTECTED. SEE MR. PORTER,
ROOM 1101, 41 EAST 42D ST. MURRAY
HILL 0427.

BEAUTIFUL private house, 73d & Madison Av., modern house, 14 large rooms, 4 baths, suitable for business, living; exceptional bargain. Price $68,000; cost $125,000. Liberal terms.
MORGAN & VERDON,
746 Madison Av. Rhinelander 9647.

FOR SALE—21-year lease on two four-story buildings in 103d St., between 5th and 7th Avs.; sacrifice; cash and security basement; very reasonable rent; chance to get an excellent return on small investment. Apply to Wrathall & Alexander, 125 West 124th. Telephone Watkins 4130.

DWELLING FOR ALTERATION.
East 86th St., between Lexington and 3d Ave.; 3-story and basement; adjoining a high class residential development; for sale cheap. Owner on premises. ALBERT A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. John 5700.

153-157 East 87th. At Lexington.
20.10x100. Commences 36 ft. 8 in. East of Lexington. Half block subway express. $700,000; easy terms; brokers protected. Leon Altmayer, 62 East 86th. Rhinelander 6300.

430 WEST 54TH ST. (west of 9th)—Five-story, seven apartments, one store; rents $1,824; mortgage $6,500; price $11,000. Leon S. Altmayer, 62 East 86th.

FOR SALE—36 to 38 Cooper Street., plot 100x100; first mortgage $18,000, five-years; can be bought subject to. Apply to owner, 51 Maiden Lane, New York City.

WEST 50'S—Fine business proposition; whole house for sale or on long lease; near 5th Av. Prescott, 209 West 57th. (1253 Circle.

FOR SALE—Many desirable properties in upper west side. Harris Parr, 163 West 72d St.

PRIVATE HOUSES FOR RENT OR SALE.
Slawson & Hobbs,
162 West 72d St. Endicott 7240.

Manhattan For Rent.

34TH ST., 154 EAST,
near Lexington Av., five-story dwelling; 15 rooms; first two floors suitable for business; $3,000 per annum; possession.
MAURICE WERTHEIM,
408 Lexington Av. Phone Murray Hill 0083.

50TH (56th-9th Avs)—14 rooms, 3 baths; $5,500 year. Silberson, 25 West 42d.

58TH (near Madison)—Five-story American basement; good lease. Riverside 9558.

87TH, (near West End)—House, ten rooms, 2 baths; $276. Silberson, 25 West 42.

MURRAY HILL—Desirable large corner house, suitable alteration, 10-year lease; $6,000 net. William H. Peckham, 299 Madison Av.

FURNISHED, 30 rooms, connecting houses, newly decorated, vicinity 72d subway, partly rented, straight lease, unrestricted for business; must sell account of health; bargain; about $4,000 cash required. Telephone Endicott 6654.

Brooklyn For Sale.

EAST 14TH ST. (near Elm Av., Brighton Line)—Look at this beautiful new detached two-family house; tapestry brick; lot 30x100; only $1,000 cash; $1,000 down, balance like rent; call personally; no triflers. John McAuley, 32 Broadway, New York City.

HOMESEEKERS come to Brooklyn where the sun is shining, flowers are blooming, birds are singing; many artistic one and two family houses in Flatbush, Kings Highway and Kensington; terms reasonable. Mrs. Bartley, 13 Avenue C. Parkville 2515R. Half hour from Times Square via West End Line.

TWO-FAMILY brick house; 12 rooms, 2-car garage; 2 years' old; tax exempt; bargain; $13,500. Bryant 9716.

Staten Island For Rent.

STUYVESANT PLACE, 33, ST. GEORGE—11 rooms, 2 baths; for 3 months; all improvements; $2,000. Endicott 2918.

Queens County For Sale.

$750 CASH, balance $27 monthly, principal, buys beautiful detached tax-exempt house, restricted Jamaica section; steam, electricity, parquetry, sun parlor, tile bath; driveway. McNeece, 30 Union Hall St., Jamaica. Phone Jamaica 4146. Open day, evening and Sunday.

Long Island For Sale.

BAYVILLE (Near Oyster Bay, on Long Island Sound)—Dining room, living room, bath room; garage has bedroom, bath, washroom; bargain to quick cash buyer; appointment by phone. Hoboken 2946.

BRECKHURST—Will make special price to close estate; house six rooms and bath; all improvements, large corner plot near water and station. Jahsen, 1,123 Broadway. Fitzroy 8893.

BELLE HARBOR.
An ideal modern home offered at an extremely low price for immediate sale; terms arranged.
Beautiful Colonial brick house, built by day's labor about one year ago, never occupied; one block from the ocean; plot 120x100; contains 10 large, airy rooms and 3 baths; tiled and artistic design in bath floors; all distinctive and extremely attractive fixtures made especially for this house; spacious sun porch, cozy sleeping porch; Willard room, garage ready for immediate occupancy; can be purchased below cost of construction; inspection by appointment only.
CHAS. E. VAN VALEN, INC.,
Sole Agent.
119 William St., New York. Beekman 9006.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Price $12,000, cash $2,000; beautiful new stucco home; all modern improvements; plot 40x100; finest restricted residential section; six rooms, tiled bath, pantry, open attic, open fireplace; driveway, asbestos roofing, copper leaders and gutters, parquet floors, fully decorated.
ISABADO REALTY CORPORATION, Builders,
Main Office corner Cypress Av. Ni. Flushing 8000.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Long Island For Sale.

FLORAL PARK—8-room house, plot 60x100; near station; bargain; $7,200; cash $1,500; possession. Joyce, Tyson Av., opposite school. Phone 1857.

FREEPORT—Bungalows, four rooms and bath, $3,200; others, four to eight rooms, $4,000 to $12,000. John J. Randall Co., Freeport, N. Y.

GREAT NECK, DOUGLASTON, BAYSIDE.
Our listings of superior homes are very complete. Let us know your requirements.
T. T. McKnight, 29 East 33d St.
Madison Square 5549. Great Neck 322.

HEMPSTEAD—$14,000, large house, parlor, living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, five bedrooms, (3 to one floor), corner Bennett Place. Phone Hoboken 2240.

HUNTINGTON—7-acre farm, one mile from station, 800 feet from concrete road; new 6-room house, garage, chicken house, barn; private lake surrounded by beautiful white birch grove; price $8,500; terms. Charles H. Sammis Jr., Huntington, L. I. Tel. Huntington 435.

LYNNBROOK HOME—$7,250.
New 6-room cottage, bath, steam, gas, electricity, concrete cellar, porches; select neighborhood; concrete street; cash $1,500. O'Connor, Inc., 47 Atlantic Av.

NORTH SHORE Specialties—Estates, houses, plots and lots. McKNIGHT-DAYTON, Tel. 1327 BAYSIDE. Tel. 823 PORT WASHINGTON.

SOUTH HAMPTON—Gentleman's residence; 5 acres of ground; lake frontage; select location; all modern improvements; 2-story stable, suitable for garages; cost over $100,000; will sell at a bargain; easy terms; fully furnished. Harry Lilly, 201 West 33d. Longacre 5466.

WESTBURY—$9,500 to $12,500; investigate these modern Colonial dwellings; large plot; highly restricted community; near station; heavy timbers, best construction. Why pay more for old houses? Pierson, owner, 253 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, or Maple Av., Westbury.

GREATEST BARGAIN
ON SOUTH SHORE.
One of the most charming residences on the South Shore; 6½ acres; house consists of 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, steam heat, gas; living room open fireplace, dining room, kitchen; oak floor, 3-car garage; chicken house, outbuildings; bungalow for help; 300 fruit trees; price on application. Jos. A. Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0258.

NORTH SHORE—Three-story and basement; 20 feet; 3 baths, 12 rooms, with running water in every room; price $33,000; will sell furniture and business for $5,000; a fine opportunity. Charles K. Cleby & Co., 129 West 72d St. Endicott 1718.

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ISABADO REALTY CORPORATION, Builders,
Main Office corner Cypress Av. Ni. Flushing 8000.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Long Island For Sale.

CHAUNCEY B. GRIFFEN,
18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9626.
All the better Westchester properties.
WHITE PLAINS, Tel. White Plains 3436.
PELHAM, Tel. Pelham 1160.
PLEASANTVILLE, Tel. Pleasantville 581.
LARCHMONT, Tel. Larchmont 500.
RYE, Tel. Rye 1036.
Local offices open daily and Sunday.

Westchester County—For Sale.

HARMON-ON-HUDSON—6 rooms, 3 baths; double garage; beautiful view; 50 minutes from Grand Central; yearly lease. A. Frank, phone 106-J Groton.

MOUNT VERNON—Just completed; most beautiful 2-family houses in the finest residential section of Mount Vernon. For information call Chelsea 3618.

RYE BUNGALOWS.
Attractive bungalows, near Oakland Beach, $450; furnished for balance of season.
CHAS. S. FAULKNER,
Office facing Rye Railroad Station.
Telephone 122 Rye, N. Y.

FURNISHED—LARCHMONT.
Cottage, five bedrooms, two baths, spacious screened porch, large grounds; rent balance of season; good neighborhood; immediate possession.
Owner, 260 Weaver St.
Telephone 695 Larchmont, N. Y.

NEW ROCHELLE—New England Colonial stucco on hollow tile house, all modern improvements; 12 rooms, 3 baths; 1-car garage; beautifully located in Wykagyl Park, near country club and car line. Box owner, 46 Avon Road. New Rochelle 3906.

New York State For Sale.

RIDGEWOOD, Heights Section—Colonial home of quality, seven attractive rooms and bath, exceptionally large living room, with fireplace; large shaded plot; every city improvement; convenient express commuting depot; reasonable price. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

SUBURBAN homes $5,000 to $50,000; owner's low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out; illustrated catalog free. E. A. Strout, Inc., 150N Nassau St., New York City.

COUNTRY homes, $5,000 to $26,000; all improvements; small houses with plots, larger houses, acreage; beautiful, high, healthy Rockland County; one hour express service; state your wants. Kahlbaum, Nanuet, N. Y.

New Jersey For Sale.

ELBERON—Will sacrifice beautiful 20-room home, 4 baths, phone, electricity; 4-car garage; private beach, ocean front; plot 100x300; quick sale, $17,000. Apply owner, M. J. Murphy, 556 West 161st St., New York.

LEONIA—A fine Colonial house; centre hall, beautiful living room, open fireplace, panelled dining room, sun porch, sanitary kitchen, master's suite of large bedroom, dressing room with lavatory and handsome bath; four other large bedrooms and bath; a most complete house; new, nicely decorated; shades; all ready to move into; at a price and on terms which will surprise you. Owner, 310 Central Av., Leonia, N. J.

A COUNTRY HOME
NEAR NEW YORK.
Excellent motor roads and train service; four acres; stately shade trees and landscaped grounds; thoroughly modern house of 12 rooms, sleeping porch, 4 bath rooms, vapor heat; gardener's cottage, garage with chauffeur's quarters; horse and cow stable, dairy and hen houses; privacy, quietude, accessibility and opportunity.
Particulars and photos upon request.
P. O. Box 31, Ridgewood, N. J.

WE specialize in showing best homes in most desirable places in New Jersey. Our list contains best buys in every class. Come in and see for yourself.
HOME SEEKERS' SERVICE COMPANY,
154 Nassau Street, New York City.
Phone Beekman 4626.

COMMUTER'S ideal farm, 20 acres; modern dwelling 8 rooms, hot water heating, parquet; large garage, spring water, timber; fine neighborhood; $14,000; less than cost of house; within 30 miles. H. H. Arthurs, 12 John St., New York.

SUBURBAN homes $5,000 to $50,000. Owner's low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out; illustrated catalogue free. E. A. STROUT, INC., 150 N. Nassau St., N. Y. C.

BEAUTIFUL
Keelaistone houses, 7 rooms; every convenience; large lot; 30 minutes to New York; advantageous terms. W 1142 Times Harlem.

50-ACRE estate. Summer resort; large house, lake; bargain. Watkins 5567, Edwards, or 111 7th Av., Long Branch, N. J.

New Jersey For Rent.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write Van Winkle Co., Rutherford, N. J.

Connecticut—New England For Sale.

SUBURBAN homes $5,000 to $50,000. Owner's low prices; several brand new; 20 minutes to hour out; illustrated catalogue free. E. A. STROUT, INC., 150 Nassau, N., St., N. Y. C.

ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS—Rent or Sale.
COUNTRY HOMES, FARMS, ESTATES,
Long Island—Connecticut—Westchester.
Smith-Gibbons, 508 5th Av. N. Y. Vand. 0420.

Connecticut—New England For Rent.

STAMFORD, Conn.—4, 5, 6 rooms, bath; 9 rooms, 2 baths, unfurnished; 20-acre estate, house surrounded by numerous shade trees; sleeping porches; modern improvements; garage; highest elevation; 50-minute train service from Grand Central Terminal. Piano Factory and Warerooms, 37 West 14th St., N. Y. Chelsea 4270, or 170 Lawn Av., Stamford, Conn.

HOUSES AND ESTATES WANTED.

COTTAGE wanted until end of season for Christian family, near or connected with first class hotel, in the mountains of New England or New York; 4 to 6 sleeping rooms; must be near 18-hole golf course and lake. William Bruns, 1,113 Albermarle Road, Brooklyn.

TWO 2-family houses, same locality, 13 to 14 rooms, all improvements, double lots, with half hour from New York Central or Pennsylvania R. R.; no brokers. Princess, Buyer, Box 108, Station F, Manhattan.

WANTED to buy 7 or 8-room house, small plot of ground, about one hour out Westchester County preferred; state terms and particulars; no brokers. H 927 Times Downtown.

WANTED private house, about 12 to 15 rooms, no less than 3 baths; within the city limits and must have ground. Write Box T. X. R., 1111 St. Paul Building, City.

WANTED—In New Jersey, house and about one acre; commuting distance; must be bargain; state price and terms. K 861 Times Downtown.

BRONXVILLE—WHITE PLAINS—Small house or apartment, garage; 3 adults; $90-$100; October, earlier. H 916 Times Downtown.

OWNERS OF PROPERTY
list your properties with us; plenty buyers with cash, waiting; send full particulars. S. Klein, 2,121 South Boulevard.

YEAR'S lease, 7 rooms, large plot, hedged or fenced, garage, within 40 minutes, $80 to $90 month. H 908 Times Downtown.

NEAR Madison, 50s, 60s, 70s; house, $8,500; good condition; principals only. Plaza 5052.

WANTED, by responsible party, house suitable for furnished rooms and dining room; give full details. F 73 Times.

WEST, between 72d and 96th; private house wanted. X 2485 Times Annex.

SUMMER HOMES

Staten Island For Rent.

SEASHORE bungalows, furnished, three, six rooms; season; rents reduced; 45 minutes from Broadway, fare 13c. H 826 Times Downtown.

Long Island For Sale.

EDGEMERE—Twelve-room house, 2 kitchens, steam heat; near station, beach, opposite Edgemere Club; will sacrifice to quick buyer; information premises, 24 Beach 35th.

PRICE REDUCED.
MODERN SEMI-BUNGALOW, hour out North Shore, overlooking Long Island Sound; sandy bathing beach; plot 50x150; 6 rooms and bath; garage; price $5,500; also a few choice front plots, 50x150; fine bathing beach; $400 each; easy terms. FRANCIS E. RULAND, 47 West 34th St. 4063 Fitzroy.

Long Island For Rent.

EDGEMERE—Twelve-room stucco cottage, near ocean; reduced rental. For full particulars telephone 4582 Far Rockaway.

EDGEMERE, L. I.—$800 bungalow furnished $375. Call 450 Beach 40th St.

FLUSHING—Ten-room furnished house; all modern improvements; two-car garage; most restricted section; $400; now to Sept. 1; references. Flushing 3384.

HOLLIS, convenient to city and beaches; to let, furnished, for month of August, attractive six-room house; garden; garage. Phone Hollis 2137.

LAWRENCE BEACH—Furnished house, 8 rooms; cool; Aug. 1 to Oct. 15; two-car garage; $650. Telephone Marvin, Cedarhurst 2158.

NORTHPORT—Furnished country house with bungalow, stables; 10 rooms; fine water views; reduced rental. Denham, owner, Evening Telegram Building, New York. Chelsea 4000.

APARTMENTS.
unfurnished
and furnished.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS,
LONG ISLAND.
15 minutes from 34th St., New York City.
Dainty Tea Room—Club Service,
Ideal Community Life,
City Conveniences,
Country Pleasures.
Phone Boulevard 6545. Fitzroy 0621.
GUYON, L. C. EARLE, Agent,
236 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

FURNISHED rooms and apartments, $225 up for rent for pleasant new house, Long Beach City Realty Co., 449 Park. Phone Tel. 666 Long Beach.

SUMMER HOMES.

Long Island For Rent.

OCEAN BATHING.
Cottages, flats and log cabin camps, studios, porches, newly furnished; moderate rents; leasing terms two weeks up; spend ideal vacation any length; ocean bathing, lake bathing, fishing, tennis, dancing; refined; references.
HILLS COLONY, SOUTHAMPTON, L. I.

Westchester County For Rent.

PELHAM MANOR—Cool, well furnished home, screened piazzas, sleeping porch, 8 bedrooms, double garage, acre shaded lawn; 909 Edgewood Av. Phone Pelham 2157.

RYE—For rent for the Summer, furnished, unusually beautiful home. Phone Rye 880-J. Forest and Elmwood Aves.

New York State For Rent.

PHILIPSE MANOR, N. Y.—7-room house, garage; 3 blocks from station; 1 block from Hudson River; $300 from July 15 to Oct. 1. Terr'town 1396.

FOR RENT, until October 1, beautiful home on the highest point in the city, overlooking Chautauqua Lake; two saddle horses, two cows and garden and caretaker; splendid motoring, mountain and lake country; golfing and yachting. Address Box 635, Jamestown, N. Y.

New Jersey For Rent.

BARGAINS in Summer cottages. Deal to Spring Lake. R. I. Flynn, New Tenney Hotel, Asbury Park, N. J. Phone 1994 Asbury.

Connecticut—New England For Rent.

WHITE MOUNTAINS, Colebrook, N. H.—Hilltop bungalow; Summer home of artist with studio, to let until Oct.; rental reduced to $350, or $300 if meals are taken at Elm Tree Inn, table board $14 weekly; three bedrooms, two baths; superb panorama; suitable country; ideal for writers or artists. For particulars address Amy Lyman Phillips, Mount Pleasant House, Bretton Woods, N. H. References given and required.

SUMMER HOMES WANTED.

CHARMING furnished bungalow, screened sleeping veranda; conveniences; spacious, beautiful grounds; privacy; hour Jersey Central; $200; November. Leonhauser, Dunellen, N. J. Phone 2801-J; Franklin 6262.

WANTED—Furnished Summer home, near beach; commuting distance. Send particulars with price to H. P., 535 5th Av., City. Telephone Vanderbilt 3266.

WANTED—For August, 7-room cottage; 40 minutes from city; adults; excellent references; reasonable. H 1138 Times Harlem.

SALL family wants accommodation for August (kitchen); near Rye. P 368 Times.

LOTS AND LAND.

Manhattan.

GARAGE PLOT—Northwest corner 107th St. and Pleasant Av., 100x100; price $30,000; reasonable terms. Shelbourne Construction Co., 226 New York Av., Brooklyn. Lafayette 5644.

MUST SACRIFICE CORNER PLOT.
West Washington Market, 90x120; suitable garage, warehouse, factory; price right, terms reasonable. Durose, 67 7th Av.

CORNER lot, Marble Hill; will sell for half assessed value. Ogilby, 15 Park Row. Phone 5251 Barclay.

Bronx.

BRONX RIVER PARKWAY LOTS,
near subway station, at 225th St. and White Plains Road.
ENTIRE BLOCK FRONT.
15 LOTS
on 226th St. and Carpenter Av., to be sold at sacrifice. Apply Gross Co., 261 Broadway. Barclay 5739.

Long Island.

LONG BEACH—For sale, lots near station 30% cash, balance on mortgage; $1,000 each; a real bargain. Long Beach City Realty Co., 416 Park Place, tel. 606 Long Beach.

Westchester County.

YONKERS (1st St., near McLean Av.)—Plot 100x150; price low, terms liberal. Derschuch & Co., 26 Cortlandt St., New York.

BUILDING LOTS, $850; ½-acre plots, $700; improvements. Eugerio's office, Crestwood, H. R. R.

APARTMENT HOUSES.

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

25TH, 221 EAST—Four-story, 25 footer; sell $14,000 or lease $2,500 net yearly. Levy, 240 West 23d.

WEST 53D—Five-story, cold water, tenement A1 condition; 2-4, 2-3 each floor; rent over $4,800; price $27,000; elegant terms. Berley & Co., 1,182 Bway. Madison Square 1714.

70S, WEST—Five-story and basement, small apartment, stores; income $10,000; price $55,000; terms. Christopher, Vanderbilt 0853.

80S, WEST—Bargain; 5-story remodeled house; rents $10,020; sell 5 times rental; act quickly; positively no brokers. O'Meara, 1432 West 84th. Phone Schuyler 8400.

170TH, 177 WEST (932 St.)—Price $50,000; rentals $9,160; can increase to $12,000 after alterations. Ogilby, 15 Park Row. Phone Barclay 5251.

JEROME AV. (one block above 176th St. Station)—5-story flat, 3 rooms, bath apartments, with stores; 85x90; price low, terms liberal. Derschuch & Co., 26 Cortlandt St.

MURRAY HILL Section—25 feet front; 5-story, layout 2s, 3s; excellent mortgages, income $18,500; expense $6,500; price $115,000. CLARK & CO.,
847 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS—20-family new law walk-up; rents over $12,000; price $72,000, principals only. C. J. Timm, 66 Broad St.

WEST BRONX—Opportunity, 6½-story, 50-footer; rents $14,716; price $84,000; brokers don't answer. Francis M. Santora, 1,475 Broadway. Bryant 5103.

YORKVILLE—Bargain; East 75th St., 4-story tenement, 24x102; 16 families; rent $3,000; assessed $18,000; price $18,500. Gillen, 152 West 42d St.

A BARGAIN.
45th St., West; 5-story tenement, in good condition; guaranteed rents $4,680; price $29,000; very easy terms.
M. MORGENTHAU JR., CO.,
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
Consolidated.
Bryant 6466. 130 West 42d St.

$25,000 CASH will buy tax exempt corner, West Bronx, Bedford Park Section; size 50x100; price $130,000; layout, 3-3, 1-4 and 1-5 room apartments on a floor.
CHARLES B. VAN VALEN, INC.,
110 William St., N. Y. Tel. Beekman 6000.

$13,000 CASH will buy 5-story apartment, 40x100; containing 3 stores, 2 offices, 2-4 and 2-5 room apartments on a floor; 10-year mortgage; rent $9,000; price $55,000.
CHARLES B. VAN VALEN, INC.,
110 William St., N. Y. Tel. Beekman 6000.

FOR SALE—5-STORY DOUBLE FLAT, adjoining Morningside Av. and 117th St.; great sacrifice; price $29,000; present low rents, $4,200 per year. Ames & Co., 26 West 31st St. Longacre 4610.

$35,000 CASH will buy tax exempt corner, East Bronx; size 117x105; layout, 1-2, 6-3 and 1-4; rent $33,200; price $200,000.
CHARLES B. VAN VALEN, INC.,
110 William St., N. Y. Tel. Beekman 6000.

PRINCIPALS Only—Closing estate, offer 6-story apartment house, Riverside Drive; rent $54,000; 3 walk-up houses Convent Av., rent $63,000; private dwelling, West 87th; bargain, Kissvelter, 250 West 87th.

FURNISHED, 44 rooms, straight lease, $9,000, with $5,000 cash; neighborhood Columbus Circle. Gray, 131 West 72d St. Endicott 0653.

FORCED sacrifices; two 5-story walkup stores and apartments; location at express subway station; rent $24,810; price $150,000; cash $30,000. Durose, 67 7th Av.

$10,000 BUYS 5-story 30-family good section; rent over $10,000; price $56,000. Brooks Realty Co., 160 5th Av.

BROKER Wanted—Live-wire, good leads; established Broadway firm. K 200 Times.

THREE story and basement, brownstone house open for inspection. 30 W. 119 St.

Brooklyn—Long Island For Sale.

FORTY families, 4-story limestone and brick, plot 100x100, 5 rooms; all improvements; good location; big mortgage; $150,000. Nielsen Co., 52 Court St. Main 5284.

APARTMENT HOUSES WANTED

$50,000 CASH
14TH ST.-7TH AV. stores at subway station with show good permanent returns; mortgages must not be too large. H. Simpson, 345 Stanley Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

HAVE $2,500 to $250,000 to purchase Manhattan properties; to buy or to lease; send full particulars by mail only. Partos Realty Corporation, 521 6th Av.

WE are trade specialists; if you have property to trade for larger income property send us full particulars. Pierre & Golden, 220 West 42d.

YORKVILLE property owners, attention; have a number of investors in search of Yorkville property; full particulars; quick action. Tuoti, 226 Lafayette St., Manhattan.

INVESTIGATOR with $30,000 in new-law building, west side; principal only; no brokers. Box 91, 119 E. 14th St.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS wanted for $15,000 cash from principals only, 20-family new law walk-up. C. J. Timm, 66 Broad St.

APARTMENT house, 24 to 30, modern, good location, west side. S. R. Dickman, 47 West 42d St. Longacre 0932.

APARTMENT houses and west side properties wanted by buyers with cash. Harris Parr, 163 West 72d St.

NEW-LAW apartments or tenement houses; $14,000 cash to invest; prefer corner property. Box 5000, 1,413 8th Av.

CASH to purchase your properties for sale. Send full particulars. Geo. A. Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0258.

I AM a private investor and will invest $20-$30 in new-law walk-up; immediate. Northrup, 51 Bennett Av.

APARTMENT HOUSES WANTED.

ADVERTISER wants to purchase high-class, well appointed apartment house in or near New York; investment $25,000 to $30,000; price about 5½ times rent. Send full particul

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 323—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM SUITES; PRIVATE BATH; COMPLETE SEPARATE KITCHEN; SUMMER RATES; WEEKLY.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 823 (Apt. 4)—Apartments, five rooms, to sublet, July 15 to Oct. 1; modern in every detail; elevator; $70 monthly.

LODGE PLACE (Concourse-167th)—3 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished; new house; immediate to Sept. 15; sacrifice. Vand. 0420.

WASHINGTON SQUARE—Furnished as our home, all comforts and conveniences; very large living room, dining room, bedroom, real kitchen, tile bath, two open fireplaces, steam heat, private telephone, Victrola; very cool; perfect house service; immediate possession; short or long period; rent $175. Chas Spring 5486 for appointment.

WASHINGTON SQ., 50—Sailing for Europe compels me to sublet my beautifully furnished 5 rooms and bath; rent, $150; will let same until Sept. 30 for $250, including light and maid service.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SOUTH, 62.

Three large, airy rooms, bath, kitchenette, for Summer. Apply Superintendent.

WEST END, 265 (72d)—Four rooms, furnished apartment; reasonable. Phone 8070 Riverside.

WEST END AV., 580 (87th)—Two-room apartment; newly furnished. Smith.

EXCEPTIONALLY desirable furnished 3-room corner, outside apartment; 4 closets; and he purchased at a bargain; leaving city; rental $60 per month; can be seen by appointment. Telephone Sunday and evenings, Wadsworth 2717, Apt. 4B.

ARTISTIC COMFORTABLE APARTMENTS FOR REFINED PEOPLE.

Two and four rooms, bath and kitchen; in hotel and theatre district; Summer rates. Phone Plaza 0644.

LUXURIOUS apartment, three furnished rooms, facing park Call Hotel San Remo, Room 803, 74th, Central Park West.

EXCLUSIVE furnished apartments. Apartment Renting Co., 178 West 72d. Endicott 1276.

BEAUTIFUL 2 to 5 room apartments; less than unfurnished rentals. Houghton Company, 128 West 72d. Endicott 0279.

APARTMENT SPECIALIST.

SUMMER BARGAINS. CONSULO

Mrs. Diggleman, 136 W. 73d. Endicott 0826.

FOUR ROOMS, piano, all improvements, to October; $60 monthly. Nahon, Cathedral 8005.

Furnished—Bronx.

81ST (Broadway)—Six rooms, outside, elevator, piano; magnificently furnished; $125. Endicott 1273.

170TH ST. (1,405 Grand Concourse)—Beautiful furnished corner apartment; Summer or longer; reasonable. Rude. Rector 5198.

Unfurnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 25.

VERY DESIRABLE 3 & 4 ROOM SUITES. Home with open fireplace.

Apply to Manager, on premises.

5TH ST., 10 EAST—Beautiful unfurnished apartment for rent; strictly modern; six rooms; two fireplaces; concessions to October 1; can be leased thereafter. Apply Dolger, 10 East 50th St. Telephone Stuyvesant 6706.

18TH, 337 EAST—Five-room apartment; elegant private house.

54TH ST., 128 AND 127 EAST — Handsome, large apartment, 8 rooms and baths; all improvements; 2 rooms available rent. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

38TH, 155 EAST—Modern two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment. Murray Hill 4960.

62ND, 215 EAST—Four rooms, very desirable. Immediate possession. Apply supt.

36TH ST., 132-144 EAST.

4 LARGE ROOMS AND REAL KITCHEN. High-class apartment, best residential section in the city; $1,400 to $3,600; immediate and full possession; 4 rooms and 2 baths, $2,400. Inquire Superintendent.

38TH, 163 EAST—Exclusive Murray Hill; 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; also doctor's apartment, $1,500 to $1,800.

39TH ST., 33 EAST—Three rooms, bath, elevator; easy rent.

81ST, 158 EAST—Superior floor and basement; renovated; electric light, largest floor. Ga.

81ST ST., 160 EAST—Nice modern 5-room and bath apartment, $90. Bellamy 1,060 2d Av. Telephone Rhinelander 6048.

83D, 25 EAST—Three rooms; bath, regular kitchen; exclusive neighborhood; occupancy June 1 or earlier; reasonable. Hanley.

83D, 257 EAST—Bright, flat, rooms and bath, steam heat and hot water; rent $70.

81ST ST., 114 EAST—7 rooms, 2 baths, completely renovated; concession; seen any time.

83D, 150 EAST—3 large, light rooms and bath; modern improvements; rent $150. Call McAvoy, on premises.

83D ST. 17 EAST—2, 3, 4 rooms; reasonable. Apply after 2.

83D, 116 EAST (near Park Av.)—New building, 2 and 3 rooms and kitchenette; every modern improvement; $75 to $100. Apply on premises.

87TH, 69 EAST—Six rooms, bath, steam heat; convenient subway express station. Renting agent, on premises.

80TH, 15 EAST—Beautiful basement apartment, suitable professional use; $75; attractive studio apartments, $55-$125; remarkable location.

83D, 116 EAST—Excellent private location; six rooms; all improvements. Inquire Supt.

LEXINGTON AV., 677, corner 56th St.; attractive apartments, 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette, and 4 rooms, bath and real kitchen; now ready for occupancy; only $135 per month.

MAURICE WERTHEIM.

408 Lexington Av. Phone Murray Hill 0083.

LEXINGTON AV., 846—One and two rooms, bath. Apply before 1. Reasonable.

MADISON AV., 1,018 (78th)—Entire floor of beautiful private house; bargain; $125; smaller studio apartments, $60 up; exceptional location.

MADISON AV. 1,322 (near 88th)—Seven large rooms, bath; $110; decorations suit; Superintendent 88th St. Rector 4478.

MADISON AV., 1,243—Corner apartment; large light rooms and bath, suitable for doctor or dentist.

MADISON AV., S. W. Cor. 128th (Tuxedo Court)—4, 7 rooms, elevator, $65 and $100.

PARK AVENUE, 816 (At 75th Street).

One apartment of seven rooms, three baths; newly decorated. Agent on premises.

BEAUTIFUL four-room apartment; furniture in period designs; American walnut, five-piece bedroom, with vanity case; ten-piece mahogany dining room, with refectory extension table; Dutch cupboard buffet; Sticklev walnut living room, with Wurlitzer baby grand piano; rugs, drapes, bedding; complete kitchen; Columbia district; lease runs to October; leaving city, must dispose of all at once; shown. R. S. Monger, 106 Morningside Drive, Apt. 8S. Telephone Morningside 2374.

APARTMENTS OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS.

AT VERY MODERATE RENTAL.

Three rooms, bath and kitchenette; three rooms, one and two baths and kitchenette; comfortably furnished; telephone and elevator service; maid service if desired; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential; rent $90 to $140.

THE WILSONIA,

235 WEST 69TH ST.

VERY reasonable, my three-room, bath, housekeeping apartment; completely furnished; absolutely light; monthly or weekly. Telephone Schuyler 0230.

LARGE ROOMS, 1-3-4, kitchenette if desired; 54th to 59th St. Apply 12 East 57th. Caledonia 9238.

APARTMENT plans on application. Joseph A. Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0252.

Unfurnished—West Side.

8TH AV., 48—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, sleeping porch; Murray Hill 4960.

9TH ST., 44 WEST—Seventh room and bath, elevator; lease; reference. Washington Sq. section.

107TH, 44 WEST—Unusually attractive housekeeping apartments, four rooms and bath; open fireplaces; October possession; $1,900-$2,300. Apply premises or J. S. Meep, 116 Broadway. Rector 9427.

68TH, 218 WEST—Three cosy rooms with kitchen; furnished or unfurnished; reasonable.

11TH, 200 WEST—Six rooms, bath, steam heat; near subway; $75. Riverside 1,000.

18TH ST., 158 WEST—3 rooms and bath, modern; southern exposure; refined surroundings; immediate possession; $55.

19TH, 526 WEST—3 large rooms and bath, first floor; $1350; modern improvements; references required.

21ST ST., 218 WEST.

Six rooms, elevator; completely renovated.

49TH ST., 17.

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; reasonable.

83D ST., 43 WEST—1, 2, 3 rooms; decorate to suit; doctors, bachelors, &c.; couples; $48 to $125. Clifford Van Schuyman, 50 East 42d.

85TH (Nos. 7TH AV.)—BEAUTIFUL 5 ROOMS, 2 BATHS; PERFECT SUMMER OR WINTER; EAST SOUTH, WEST EXPOSURES; QUIETEST LOCATION; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION IF DESIRED; ANNUAL RENTAL $4,200. ROBERT WRIGHT, SUPT. CIRCLE 6170.

90TH ST., 110 WEST (5D)—Large, light 4 and bath, kitchen; 1 year or longer.

90TH ST., 149 WEST—Several exceptional studio apartments to be rented at $100, and worth much more. Phone Longacre 8000, or Circle 9062.

97TH, 103 WEST—2 rooms and bath, $73, or sewing Class of modern. Apply George Comfort Company, or premises.

125TH ST., 120 WEST.

A new fireproof apartment house adjacent to the theatre and shopping districts.

Unusually Large Light Rooms of 3 AND 4 ROOMS AND BATH,

WITH REAL KITCHENS.

Private janitor service; elevators; apartments ready. RENT VERY REASONABLE.

Most completely—immediate possession.

Leases now being arranged.

SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,

Times Building. Bryant 4000.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

70TH, 209 WEST—Sacrifice magnificent parlor floor, bath, kitchenette; suitable doctor, dentist.

70TH, 132 WEST—Medium room, next bath; comfortable, clean; exclusive house; quiet.

71ST, 107 WEST.

Two rooms and bath; new elevator building; references required; $75 up.

72D ST., 344 WEST.

CHATSWORTH APTS.

2 to 8 room apartments from Oct. 1; rentals from $1,800 to $4,000 per annum; earlier possession in a few instances. See Superintendent on premises.

74TH, 103 WEST (Cor. Manhattan Av.)—3 large, light rooms, corner apartment. Spotts & Starr, Inc., Times Building.

74TH ST., 302 WEST (Corner B'way)—4 and 7 rooms; light, corner apartment; $120 up. Phone Endicott 8747.

75TH ST. TO 204TH ST., APARTMENTS. LET US KNOW YOUR REQUIREMENTS. WE SECURE APARTMENTS. NO CHARGE. GREATER N. Y. APT. EXCHANGE. ENDICOTT 2126, 5839, 2,026 BROADWAY.

76TH, 35 WEST—Magnificent, sunny, South front, entire second floor apartment.

85TH, 101 WEST—Three rooms, bath; elevator; non-housekeeping; $1,000 per annum.

86TH, 250 WEST — BEAUTIFUL LIGHT SUITE, 3 ROOMS, KITCHENETTE, BATH, INCLUDING MAID SERVICE; $100.

86TH, 330 WEST — BEAUTIFUL, LIGHT SUITE, 2 ROOMS, KITCHENETTE, BATH, INCLUDING MAID SERVICE; $100.

86TH, 346 WEST—5 and 6-room; plans on application. Joseph A. Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0252.

87TH ST., 34 WEST—Apartment (floor), three rooms and kitchen; high-class and unusual; $115 month. Ivanoff.

89TH ST., 73 WEST.

7 rooms and bath; very reasonable rent. August 1 possession.

SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,

Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway.

90TH—Elevator apartment, six rooms, bath; $125. Elberson, 25 West 43d St.

91D ST., 3 WEST (Near Central Park West)—Six rooms, elevator building; rent very reasonable.

SHARP & CO., 2,499 BROADWAY.

92D ST., 4-6-12 WEST.

Seven large rooms; modern elevator apartment; immediate and Fall possession; $1,900-$2,000.

92D ST., 1 WEST (near Central Park West)—4 rooms, $1,400. Sharp & Co., 2,499 Broadway.

93D, 316 WEST—Seven-room elevator apartment, near Riverside Drive; inquire premises.

93D, 4 WEST (At Central Park)—Eight unusually large, light rooms; elevator building; $1,700.

100TH, 214 WEST—Five-room apartment, newly decorated; all improvements; $75-$80.

100TH ST., 104 WEST—Four front rooms and bath; steam heat; $50.

101ST, 228 WEST—High-class elevator apartment house; three rooms and kitchenette; $65 and up.

111TH, 501 WEST—Four very choice outside rooms, elevator apartment; $60. Supt.

113TH, 257 WEST—4-6-7-8 rooms; near park and bus. Supt. University 3440.

123D, 430 WEST (Morningside Heights)—Four and five room outside apartments, overlooking park or Avenue, near Columbia University and all transportation; full size kitchen; $60 to $75 monthly. Morningside 5405.

129D, 515 WEST—Four-room elevator apartments; desirable; possession; $90 up. Supt.

127TH ST., 364 WEST—6 rooms, bath, hot water supply; completely decorated; splendid neighborhood; $60 month.

127TH, 40-42 WEST—Six rooms, elevator, all improvements; $90 month.

136TH, 526 WEST (Broadway)—Seven rooms, outside, splendid layout, completely decorated; private elevator building; also five rooms. Morningside 0748.

140TH, 610 WEST (Adjoining Riverside Drive)—Just completed, an unusual high-grade elevator house, three, four, five rooms; inquire premises or telephone Vanderbilt 3661.

141ST ST.—Attractive 4-room apartment; private house; large sunny rooms; improvements; rent $60, including electricity; immediate possession. Audley, 2 Columbus Circle.

144TH, 510 WEST—Unique 6 rooms, newly decorated; elevator apartment; $110; open for inspection. Superintendent.

149TH, 450 WEST—2 rooms and kitchenette, elevator and telephone service; $55. Apply Superintendent.

161ST ST., between Fort Washington Av. and Riverside Drive)—4-5-6-7 rooms. Apply office Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Telephone Wadsworth 6335.

163D ST., 606 WEST (adjoining Drive)—Four and six rooms unusually large, well planned; moderate rentals. Apply on premises or Realty Supervision Co., 45 West 34th St. Telephone Fitzroy 2800.

163D ST., 600 WEST (Corner Broadway)—High-class elevator apartments, eight desirable light rooms and two baths, facing Broadway; $155; also four rooms, $82.50; three rooms, with kitchenette, $78.

164TH, 601 WEST—Five rooms, every improvement, elevator apartment. Telephone Wadsworth 5454.

165TH, 600 WEST—Seven rooms, all improvements, elevator apartment. Telephone Wadsworth 5450.

168TH, 601 WEST (corner Broadway)—Elevator apartment; 5 extra large rooms; every improvement. Superintendent, on premises.

169TH, 517 WEST—High-class 2-3-room apartments; all modern; southern exposure; all light. Inquire Supt.

181ST (21-49 Bennett Av., just west of Broadway)—4-5 rooms and bath, elevator; all modern improvements; newly decorated; $85-$90; special concessions for Summer. Apply Supt. or phone Circle 2067.

187TH, 628 WEST—Four large rooms, all improvements; private house.

191ST, 601 WEST—3, 4 and 5 rooms, corner, elevator apartments; $60 to $85.

BROADWAY, 2,613 (36th St.)—The Marion. 6 rooms, 2 baths; $1,200.

BYRNE & BOWMAN,

30 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 2371.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 65 (North Corner 66th St.)—Unusually attractive corner apartment, 2 and 6 rooms, all outside, overlooking Park; southern exposure. Columbus 5962.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 261 — Six choice rooms; steam, hot water, phone; facing Central Park; newly decorated; possession. Supt.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 434—3 rooms and bath; light; sunny; reduced to $1,000. Frederick Ritzell & Sons, 2,311 Broadway; Endicott 2326.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 454 (Nathan Hale)—4-5-6-7-8 rooms, 2 baths; choice apartments from October; some immediate (sublet). Whitehall 7247. Wadsworth 9230.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE (90th)—Five rooms, facing Drive, Columbia University section; cool in Summer; $125. Supt. Cathedral 4886.

PINEHURST AV., 45.

5 rooms and bath; very reasonable rent. Immediate possession.

SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,

Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway.

POMANDER WALK (95th)—Apartment, four rooms, kitchen, $125 month; sell new furniture $700. Elberson, 25 West 43d.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (765th to 767th St.).

Immediate possession.

5, 7, 8 elegant large rooms; spacious closets; reasonable rents.

Manager on premises. Tel. Bryant 2600.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (at 165th St.)—New elevator apartment, overlooking Hudson, adjoining playgrounds and garage; 4-5-6 rooms, 2 baths. Inquire premises, or Norman Denser, 2,507 Broadway at 189th.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 324—Rooms, corner apartment, apply 324, Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Telephone Wadsworth 6335.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 1-3-4-7 rooms; fireproof; choice apartment; to lease from October; some immediate (sublet). Whitehall 7247. Audubon 6804.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 840—One room and bath, non-housekeeping; $100; Aug. 8th to Oct. 1st; privilege leasing another year, 7000 Riverside. Apt. 6S.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 382—High-class front elevator apartment, 11 rooms, foyer, two baths, possession, $4,200. Apply Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440—4 rooms; very desirable; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 882 (135th)—Beautiful apartments; all modern; southern exposure; all light. Inquire Supt.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 840 (corner 157th St.) 5 rooms, corner apartment. Apply Superintendent on premises.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, district: two rooms, bath; exclusive hotel, lower Fifth Av.; $100; will sell furniture. R 871 Times Downtown.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 143—Ground floor, corner house, two rooms and bath.

WEST END AV., 2,000 (106th)—Four rooms, two baths; rental $1,320 to $1,620.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

THE LUXONIA, 305 WEST 72D ST., Near Riverside Drive.

Beautiful, light

SIX ROOMS, TWO BATHS.

Immediate Possession. Moderate Rentals.

SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,

Times Building. Bryant 4000.

APARTMENTS TO 10 ROOMS.

LET US KNOW YOUR REQUIREMENTS. Selected List on Request.

HAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

DESIRABLE APARTMENTS, 1 to 8 rooms; furnished and unfurnished; above 70th; reasonable rental; Summer rates. Renting office 2,116 Broadway, corner 74th St.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 146 West 90th St.—Storage $5 per month vanload; motor vans, moving; moderate rates. 1,703 Riverside.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

ANDREWS AV., 2,337 (Fordham Road)—Four-five rooms, improvements; rent reasonable.

166TH ST. AND INTERVALE AV., SUITABLE DOCTOR OR DENTIST. 4-room corner apartment, all improvements; $100. See janitor, 1,010 Rogers Place.

CLAFLIN AV., 2,804 (197th St. and University Av.)—Upper floor new two-family house; six rooms.

EAGLE AV., 919 (165d, near 3d Av.)—6 outside rooms; all improvements, electricity, newly decorated. Owner.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,028 (near Burnside Av. subway station)—Dentist's apartment; 5 rooms; all modern improvements; moderate rent.

GRAND CONCOURSE AND BOULEVARD, 1,425 (170th St.)—Three, four, five room apartments. See agent on premises.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,029 (corner Bush St., short distance Burnside Av. subway station)—4-5 rooms; moderate rent.

4,026 GUNTHER AV., Bronx, N. Y.—Six large light rooms; all improvements; 8 minutes from 233d St. subway station, $55.

MOUNT HOPE PLACE, 22—Fine 6-room apartment, all improvements; exclusive neighborhood; 1 block from Jerome Av. subway (176th St. station).

UNDERCLIFF AV., 1,436—Five-room cottage, steam heat, furnished; near subway and N. Y. Central; $125. Tel. Bingham 0654.

VALENTINE AV., 2,502 (corner 183d St.)—Convenient subway station, 4 beautiful corner apartments; $67.50. Superintendent, on premises.

VYSE AV., 1,893 (near East 177th subway station)—Six large, bright, front rooms, every improvement, shower, telephone; $65.

FOUR and five room apartments in high-class apartment house, just completed; wonderful location; all rooms exceptionally large and light; all modern improvements, including parquet floors, side lights, composition floors in kitchen and white enamel stoves; reasonable rates. Apply Superintendent, 135-145 West Kingsbridge Road. Easily reached by Lexington Avenue subway; get off at Kingsbridge Road station and walk a few blocks west.

FOUR-ROOM APARTMENT, suitable for doctor or dentist, in high-class apartment house; just completed; exceptionally large and light; ground floor; wonderful location; no doctor or dentist in vicinity; reasonable rents. Apply Supt., 135-145 West Kingsbridge Road. Easily reached by Lex. Av. subway. Get off at Kingsbridge Road station and walk a few blocks west.

SUITABLE for doctor or dentist, &c; private entrance on corner Briggs Av. and 199th St.; most beautiful 5-room apartment, newly finished, latest improvements.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 129—Five rooms, bath; very desirable view New York Harbor; elevator; six minutes subway Wall St. Superintendent.

EASTERN PARKWAY, 481-489-497—For rent, new high-class apartments; 4 rooms, $85; 5 rooms, $115, per month. Superintendent, on premises, or James A. Farrell, 826 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

LUDLOW ON HUDSON—Six bright outside rooms; 5 minutes' walk to station; 2d floor, $100. Miss Lewis, 17 West 47th St., New York City.

PLEASANTVILLE, N. Y.—First-class apartment of five rooms in new two-family house; all improvements; up to date; two minutes from railroad station. Address M. A. Ranson, 3 Grant St., Pleasantville, N. Y. Telephone Pleasantville 258.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.

Apartments on Tennis Place.

Phone Fitzroy 0621 or Boulevard 6545.

HOLLYWOOD-PINEWOOD COURT, PARSONS BLVD. AND AMITY ST., FLUSHING, N. Y.

Exclusive, several desirable 5 and 6-room apartments; newly decorated; rental $120-$135. Inquire Supt. on premises, or telephone Flushing 2135, Sidney Harris.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

EIGHT rooms and bath, $110 monthly, in well appointed, superior, elevator apartment in Newark, N. J.; suitable for professional use. Address Washington Square or Gramercy Park section. Address Box 681, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

COUPLE desires three-room elevator apartment to July, 1924; $160. Endicott 0280.

Unfurnished.

APARTMENT wanted, yearly rental, not to exceed $250 month; west side; no brokers. S. R. Dickman, 47 West 42d St. Longacre 6933.

COUPLE desire unfurnished apartment; 2 or 3 rooms, west side preferred; $50 to $75 monthly. Address Room 1304 Knickerbocker Building, or telephone Bryant 5183.

WANTED—Large and small apartments. Rhoades Leasing Organization, 2,029 Broadway, Endicott 6200.

SIX-ROOM apartment wanted between 72d and 96th west, up to $1,800. X 3484 Times Annex.

4-5 ROOMS, unfurnished, bath; steam heat; rent $40-$50; 2 adults; bonus. Box 357, Grand Central Post Office.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED, furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchenette and bath; Washington Square or Gramercy Park section. Address Box 681, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

COUPLE desires three-room elevator apartment to July, 1924; $160. Endicott 0280.

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SIX-ROOM apartment wanted between 72d and 96th west, up to $1,800. X 3484 Times Annex.

4-5 ROOMS, unfurnished, bath; steam heat; rent $40-$50; 2 adults; bonus. Box 357, Grand Central Post Office.

MOVING, TRUCKING, STORAGE

RETURN load wanted from New York, week of July 9. Clark & Reid, 349 Green St., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. University 6900. Residence University 8807M.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO., 347 West 59th—Stores furniture, also moving, at lowest rates in city. Telephone Endicott 2187.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

117TH, 112 EAST—Nice, quiet room, running water, electricity; all conveniences; reference.

117TH, 118 EAST—Cool, spacious front room and bedchamber; $18. Hodgen.

118TH, 206 EAST (Gramercy section)—Beautiful front parlor, kitchenette, bath; $50 monthly.

119TH AND MADISON AV. (Hotel Madison)—Beautiful outside rooms; bath, $14-$18 weekly; use of bath, $10.50-$13; block to Broadway and subway; Summer rates. Madison Square 1784.

119TH ST., 20 EAST—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $14 PER WEEK; FOR PERSON, $17; FOR TWO, LARGE OUTSIDE ROOMS, $18 FOR ONE PERSON, $25 FOR TWO; ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH $21 UP. MARTHA WASHINGTON HOTEL FOR WOMEN ONLY.

120TH ST., Lexington Av. (Hotel Rutledge)—Woman exclusively; newly decorated room, private bath, from $12 weekly; also room, use of bath, $12 weekly; restaurant conveniences; big reduction for two persons.

123D, 12 EAST (Hotel Stratford)—A floor for women only; single rooms, running water; telephone; complete hotel service; $8 a day; $12 weekly.

123D, 164 EAST—Rooms in flat, $6 single, $10 double; conveniences. Ball.

124TH, 128 EAST—Attractive bed-sitting room; private bath; elevator; references. Poole.

125TH, 111 EAST—Beautiful large room; shower; kitchenette; also other rooms; moderate.

125TH, 14 EAST—Attractive double room with bath; 1 flight up; reasonable.

125TH ST., 13 EAST—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; ELEVATOR.

125TH, 15 EAST—Club-like; business, professional people; unfurnished, furnished; suites and single bathroom apartments; references exchanged.

125TH, 310 (Lexington Av.)—Large airy rooms; private b ath; Summer rates.

44TH, 140 EAST—Single rooms for refined business people; $8; references.

59TH (148 Lexington Av.)—Single and double rooms; running water; $6.50; references.

61D, 18 EAST—Large double room, bath, kitchenette; also single room, attractive room, suitable for studio or high-class business. Phone 10168 Plaza.

54TH, 36 EAST—Large rooms, adjoining bath, furnished, unfurnished; high-class; references.

55TH, 240 EAST—Large room with and without private bath; refined.

55TH ST., 34 EAST.

Rooms, private bath, $18; single room.

57TH, 221 EAST—Select single rooms, every convenience; quiet house; references.

57TH & 5TH AV. (HOTEL NETHERLAND)—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ROOMS, $17.50; WITH PRIVATE BATH, $20 PER WEEK.

57TH ST. (between Madison and Park Avs. Hotel Nassau)—$18 weekly, private bath; single room and use of bath, $14. Plaza 6100.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

117TH, 112 EAST—Nice, quiet room, running water, electricity; all conveniences; reference.

117TH, 118 EAST—Cool, spacious front room and bedchamber; $18. Hodgen.

118TH, 206 EAST (Gramercy section)—Beautiful front parlor, kitchenette, bath; $50 monthly.

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Rooms, private bath, $18; single room.

57TH, 221 EAST—Select single rooms, every convenience; quiet house; references.

57TH & 5TH AV. (HOTEL NETHERLAND)—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ROOMS, $17.50; WITH PRIVATE BATH, $20 PER WEEK.

57TH, 41 WEST—BEAUTIFUL DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE, $18 UP; SINGLE, $10.

57TH ST., 123 WEST—Large front room; elevator; modern; kitchen privileges optional. Mackay.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

60TH, 55 EAST—Excellent location, desirable large or small room; Summer concessions.

60TH, 18 EAST—Room, adjoining bath; $50-$40 monthly. San Jacinto Hotel.

60TH, 252 EAST—Cozy room, strictly private family; all conveniences; telephone; reasonable.

64TH, 431 EAST—Clean, light parlor, kitchen privileges; private family. Searle.

67TH, 19 EAST—Clean, cool bedroom; private family; ground floor; conveniences. Fitzmaurice.

66D ST., AT MADISON AV. (Hotel Ashton)—Hotel service, homelike rooms with bath, $15 up; without, $12 up; suites consisting of bedroom, sitting room and bath, at rates in proportion; exceptional service; convenient to all transportation; close to park.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR MEN.

The rates in the newest of the Allerton group, 17-story fireproof building, just completed, containing compartments, club conveniences, are from $2.50 to $12.50 per week for permanent residents only. 45 East 65th St., 443 East 39th St.

LEXINGTON AV., 246—Rooms with kitchenette; clean, hot water, electricity; well furnished.

MADISON AV., 205 (35th)—Room, bath, kitchenette; elegance; conveniences; privacy; single, double.

PARK AV., 36—Attractive, furnished single room, second floor, near bath, $9.

CORNER room, running water; private house; 1 or 2. Murray Hill 7265.

West Side.

4TH TO 236TH ST., ROOMS TO MEET YOUR NEEDS—SERVICE FREE. Rooms inspected. Endicott 2126 or 5839.

GREATER N. Y. ROOM EXC., 2026 B'WAY.

97TH, 41 WEST—Single, furnished, unfurnished; service; modern; clubliks; $40 monthly up.

147TH, 153 WEST — Single, double rooms, newly decorated, electricity, bath, running water.

148TH, 51 WEST—Charming cool, clean room; Colonial furnishing; garden restaurant; moderate.

22D, 326 WEST—Newly decorated, large, $9; small, $6; conveniences; private house.

24TH, 450 WEST—Charming studio room, including garden with fountain; refined surroundings; references. Call after 2. Watkins 1919.

27TH, 363 WEST — Two large connecting rooms, near bath, suitable 2 or 3 gentlemen; also housekeeping rooms.

31ST ST., 4 WEST (WOLCOTT HOTEL)—LARGE BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED OUTSIDE ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $18 PER WEEK, ONE PERSON, $24 FOR TWO; WITH PRIVATE BATH, $21 PER WEEK UP.

42D ST. AND 7TH AV. (AT TIMES SQ.) HOTEL HERMITAGE—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $14 PER WEEK; WITH SHOWER BATH, $20; WITH PRIVATE BATH, $22.50.

43D ST. (JUST WEST OF BROADWAY). HOTEL CLARAN.

A distinctive residence for men. 1,000 outside cool rooms with bath. New fifteen-story exceptionally located fireproof hotel, having every convenience; most attractive rates in town; $12-$16 weekly.

45TH ST., 132-4 WEST, EAST OF B'WAY. PALACE HOTEL.

A few choice rooms, running water, $2 per day; rooms with private bath from $2.50 per day; suite of two rooms with private bath, $4 per day. Attractive weekly and permanent rates. Service, home comforts; central location.

47TH ST., 106 WEST (RALEIGH HALL), RESIDENCE FOR MEN.

Attractively furnished rooms, with or without private bath or shower; club advantages and accommodations with hotel services.

RATES FROM $10 WEEKLY.

49TH ST., WEST—Large and small comfortable room; exclusive house, near 5th Av.; references. Circle 3192.

50TH ST., 8 WEST—Elegant room, with bath, $10 per week; single for refined party. Apply Albert H. Stout, 51 West 50th.

51ST (5th Av.)—Large room; private bath; private home; gentleman; references. Telephone Circle 0289.

51ST (Near 5th Av.)—Comfortable hall room; gentleman; near bath; private home; reference. Circle 0289.

52D ST., 206 WEST (Broadway) — Large front room, suitable couple; elevator apartment, separate entrance; kitchen. Carney, Circle 2577.

52D, 344 WEST—Large room, with bath; single room; Summer rates.

54TH ST. AND BROADWAY (HOTEL CUMBERLAND) — ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $17.50 PER WEEK UP; WITH PRIVATE BATH, $21 UP.

55TH, 110 WEST—A large, cool rooms, has 2 windows, living room, kitchen, bath; immediate possession to Oct. 1 at reduction; 6D. Circle 6127.

55TH, 69 EAST.

Newly opened, with adjoining bath; reasonable.

59TH ST., 108-121 WEST—A FEW ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER ON BACHELOR FLOOR; SHOWERS AND BATH; HOTEL SERVICE; $14 PER WEEK.

57TH ST., 118 WEST, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL—ROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $24 PER WEEK.

58TH ST., 123 WEST—Large front room $10; another with twin beds, running water, $10. Apt. 5-E.

58TH, 128 WEST—Beautiful front room, adjoining bath; electricity, running water. Johnson.

68TH (northwest Broadway)—Hotel Sidney, new, fireproof, newly furnished; excellent accomodations for transients; single room, $10 per week; double room for two, $15 up.

68TH, 63 WEST—Nicely furnished room, private house; gentleman preferred.

66TH, 14 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $10 UP.

69TH, 11 WEST—One to three large rooms, bath, kitchenette. Endicott 9181.

69TH, 66 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, KITCHENETTE; $10 UP; SINGLE, $8.

69TH, 118 WEST—Attractive room, twin beds, private bath; electricity; small room.

70TH (2,025 Broadway, Apt. 62)—Attractively furnished bed-sitting room, very large; homelike; refined surroundings; breakfast optional; reasonable.

70TH, 141 WEST—Single rooms, extra large; nicely furnished; bath adjoining; reasonable.

70TH, 59 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $12 UP; SINGLE, $7.

70TH, (2,025 Broadway)—Attractive, airy room in spacious apartment, adjoining bath. Engel.

70TH, 166 WEST—Attractive, cool single, double rooms; private bath, twin beds.

70TH, 132 WEST—Medium room; next bath; comfortable, clean; exclusive house; quiet.

70TH, 200 WEST—Attractive, single room, in high-class house; excellent service.

70TH, 38 WEST—Attractive, cool room; private bath; also small room.

70TH, 55 WEST—Attractive, large rooms, twin beds, $8, $10, $12 up.

70TH, 218 WEST—Attractive room in French family

SITUATION WANTED—Male.
Continued From Preceding Page.

ACCOUNTANT—Wide experience (18 years), both executive and professional, with nationally known companies; expert on factory costs, financial statements, production control and incentive wage systems; has record for effecting economies; age 35, energetic, tactful, seeks executive connection with minimum travel, salary moderate. G 409 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 36, 15 YEARS' PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, THOROUGH CREDIT AND OFFICE MANAGER, DESIRES TO CONNECT WITH MANUFACTURING CONCERN; SEVEN YEARS WITH LAST POSITION; UNQUESTIONABLE REPUTATION; PERSONAL INTERVIEW WILL INTEREST US BOTH. EXECUTIVE, K 82 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT, now engaged as Treasurer of large producing corporation, control over 100 employes, desires change; exceptional, proved ability in organizing, finances and administration; has systematized factories and administrating offices, reducing overhead, and devising systems of departmental co-operation; my record will stand the closest scrutiny. D 371 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, Englishman, long associated with leading British house, in charge of accounting department, desires similar connection, Canada; having closed out business, any high executive position requiring well-educated man of good presence and wide international experience. Box 402, General Post Office.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, systematizer, cost, corporation, export and import, institutional accounting; financial; trading, cost, consolidated statements; income tax; executive, initiative, linguist; wide experience; college graduate. Y 2277 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, a New York University graduate desiring to enter the accounting field would like to make a connection with a firm of certified accountants; salary secondary. K 860 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT executive, thoroughly trained modern methods, high-grade man, last seven years large corporation, desires permanent position; available short notice. K 218 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER, eleven years' experience, general and specialized; age 36; letters, direct mail, sales plans, systems, original, thorough; $55. H 905 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECTURAL draftsman, detailing, estimating quantities, specifications; six years' experience. D 358 Times.

ARTIST, capable, figures, desires part-time connection; moderate salary. K 214 Times.

ARTIST, all around, young man, desires position. F 92 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, $14; married, thoroughly experienced, desires permanent connection offering opportunity advancement; reasonable salary. H 910 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, 25+ yrs. years' practical experience; can handle correspondence, typewriter; references. Harry Vlach, 345 East 72d. Phone Rhinelander 3227.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, Italian, accountant, cost specialist, manufacturing, commercial, banking experience, desires connection serious concern; moderate salary. A. D., Box 660, City Hall Station.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, experienced, desires night work; outstanding accounts collected; efficiency positively guaranteed; financially embarrassed; married. Michaels, 296 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER—Office manager, correspondent, tax expert; 5 years' public accounting; thoroughly experienced and trained. K 875 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, thoroughly experienced taking full charge; good correspondent; A1 references; moderate salary. C 1246 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, seven years' experience, well educated, financial statements, tax returns, desires position; excellent references. D 319 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, credit man, six years' experience; complete charge; correspondent; financial statements; moderate salary; references. 0188 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 7 years' extensive experience; take complete charge; A1 correspondent; credits and collections, systems. 119 E. 57. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, experienced general ledger, trial balances, remittances; $25. D 347 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, six years' experience accounting, student senior year; references. K 71 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-MANAGER for builder's office, some experience in estimating. D 359 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, five years' experience, controlling, trial balances; accurate, industrious. F 79 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, age 24, five years' experience; knowledge stenography, typewriting. D 362 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, five years' experience; can take complete charge; references. F 53 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, part-time services for small firms in or near city. Y 2228 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, 4 years' experience; full charge; best references. Box 650, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

BOY—Clean-cut Christian; recent graduate; salary $12. H 926 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS EXECUTIVE, OF UNUSUAL ability, thoroughly trained in sales, personnel and business management; an aggressive business builder, possessing initiative, tact and keen discernment, is open to engagement on salary and percentage basis; American; 40; highest credentials. D 351 Times.

BUSINESS EXECUTIVE.

American, Christian, aged 40, unmarried, unusually broad business experience, accustomed to direct and inspire; can organize and reorganize and has a sound practical knowledge of how, when and where to advertise and of sales promotion; adaptable and resourceful; basis of compensation; salary or commission. M., P. O. Box 321, Grand Central Depot, New York.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 12 years' experience driving private families; Pierce-Arrow, Cadillac, any car, desires position, city, country, touring; neat, careful; excellent city references. Schuyler 5060. Apt. 8 east. Raymond.

CHAUFFEURS — High-class private chauffeurs supplied free. Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 153-159 West 64th St. Columbus 6618-4056.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, middle aged, long experience, careful driver; any car; written or personal references. Flood, 770 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Swedish, 12 years' experience foreign, American cars; best reference. Carlson, 156 East 62d. Rhinelander 6900.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 12 years' experience, temporarily employed, desires steady position, any car; excellent references. A 1166 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC wishes private position; last place five years driving Cadillac cars; best references. Albrecht, 322 East 94th.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC wishes private position; last place five years driving Cadillac cars; best references. Albrecht, 322 East 94th.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, expert mechanic and driver of all cars; highest testimonials. Audubon 9721.

CHAUFFEUR wants position evenings, week ends; experienced; long references. P 361 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, private; 4 years last job; best references. Dramond, Cathedral 7320.

CHAUFFEUR, 31, Gentile, 10 years' experience; neat, willing, careful driver; best of references. Phone Morningside 4130.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wishes position private; best references. Denham, Academy 8190.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, refined, single, expert high class foreign, domestic cars; good reference. Billings 3931.

CHAUFFEUR, colored; experienced commercial, private; mechanic. Lawrence, Bradhurst 1267.

CHAUFFEUR, single, eight years' experience; two years last place. Sutton, Columbus 0736.

CHAUFFEUR, 25, refined, Jewish, country position; small salary. K 880 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, age 27, private, city or country. Edward Outten, 301 West 116th.

CHEMIST-PERFUMER, 16 years' practical experience on complete line of perfected cosmetics, blending bouquet oils; from synthetic flower oils made by myself from basic perfume chemicals; best of local references as to character and ability. Address R. N., N. Y. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

COMPANION, useful, care for elderly or semi-invalid lady; experienced. Academy 1804.

CORRESPONDENT, 29, long diversified experience; highest references. H 880 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, junior, Pratt graduate, wishes position with architect or builder. Address D. G., 200 Times.

DRAFTSMAN—Junior, architectural, some experience, wishes position. B 1182 Times Harlem.

ELECTRICAL sales engineer, executive, desires position; salary and profit-sharing; hard worker, with good connections in metropolitan territory; has held responsible positions; with broad experience; available now. K 231 Times.

ELECTRICIAN, Engineer, Mechanic; 12 years' experience on A. C.-D. C. motors, generators; engines; construction; repair; maintenance; wants steady position; buildings, hotels, factories, city, country; best references furnished. J. E., P. O. Box 58, Long Island City, N. Y.

ELECTRICIAN, master's license, wishes position in country, general experience in wiring for light and power, power plant operation and maintenance; license to drive car. A 1167 Times Harlem.

ESTIMATOR, draftsman, plumbing and drainage, any type building; large, small, new or alteration; best references. D 341 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

EXECUTIVE, now engaged as Treasurer in large producing corporation, control over 100 employes, desires change; exceptional, proved ability in organizing and administrating; trained as an accountant; have systematized factories and administrating offices, reducing overhead and devising systems of departmental co-operation; my record will stand the closest scrutiny. F 89 Times.

EXECUTIVE—Two years' commercial and 6 years' broad banking experience; special knowledge commercial credit transactions; clean record; salary desired $5,500. H 909 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE—Experienced sales and office manager desires connection with reputable concern; clean record; reliable. K 882 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, 26, married, six years' broad business experience, special knowledge sales promotion; salary desired $2,500. K 241 Times.

EXPORT MAN, Spanish, thoroughly conversant, seeks employment. K 202 Times.

FURS—Young man, 23 years age, experience with large fur manufacturer and jobber; can sell, assort and match furs; desires steady position with advancement; references. H 270 Times.

GIRLS, two, colored, part and full time, housework; small family. Audubon 5048.

HOUSEWORKER, cook, chambermaid, waitress; pair, whole; city, country. Audubon 1126. Jessie.

IMPORT, export, young man familiar international markets, actual experience, knowing principal languages, seeks situation. K 218 Times.

JAPANESE, chauffeur, useful, long experience, desires private position. Masab, 102 West 123d.

JAPANESE young man desires position as valet, experienced, competent; references. Mitsu, 35 East 20th. Madison Square 7548.

MAN, 39, thoroughly educated, extensive business, marine insurance, factory management experience; 2 years Europe, Hamburg; English, German correspondent; moderate salary. Jonas, 683 West 142d.

MAN, possessing practical business experience, desires connection, preferably with piece goods house allowing advancement on merit or selling on straight commission. K 230 Times.

MAN, reliable, ambitious, 32, married, 10 years with last employer, manufacturing experience; best references. H 839 Times Downtown.

MAN, experienced buying art work, photo-engraving, printing and electrotyping. E 672 Times Downtown.

MAN, retired letter carrier, messenger or light porter. E 676 Times Downtown.

MERCHANDISE MAN, Christian, a number of years' experience in buying and selling high-class novelty silks, velvets, &c., desires position as salesman, buyer or assistant; best references. Y 225 Times.

MOTION PICTURE—Can do drafting and animation, photographing, assistant cameraman; have three years' experience. K 227 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, Christian, high-grade executive; systematizer, proficient credit, collection manager; unexcelled credentials; salary $100. K 120 Times

OFFICE MANAGER, accountant, 37; married; thorough knowledge accounts; proved executive; A1 references; salary $35. K 220 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, bookkeeper, cashier; selling experience. Brunicard, 75 West 97th St.

PHARMACIST, drug fountain experience; counter store; reasonable salary. Weinstein, 55 Broome St.

PIANIST and violinist, expert, 17, colored, South American, high school graduate, desires position in city. Phone Audubon 2223.

PORTER, early morning; good cleaner; small salary; good reference. D 374 Times.

PUBLICITY MAN and Special Writer—Handles big propositions successfully. K 225 Times.

SALES engineer, 15 years' experience, open for automotive accessory line; highest credentials. F 85 Times.

SALES EXECUTIVE
FINANCIAL MAN

With unusually broad experience in merchandising, purchasing, organization matters, banking and corporate finance management; extensively traveled, with valuable connections here and abroad; very active and energetic; good personality; (Christian), open for suitable connection. E 677 Times Downtown.

SALES EXECUTIVE, nine years with present concern as salesman, district sales and office manager, desires position industrial company; highly recommended; salary or drawing against commission; 37; married. K 149 Times.

SALES MANAGER, WITH OWN CREW OF HIGH GRADE SALESMEN, OPEN, NEGOTIATE PROPOSITION, PART OR FULL TIME. H 896 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALES MANAGER, or organizer; proven ability; $60 salary first week only; will sign contract. A 1168 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, handkerchief, kindred line considered; excellent following, jobbers, large retailers, Middle West, South; credentials unquestioned; proven ability; present connection tenth year; only responsible firm seeking substantial man need respond. K 201 Times.

SALESMAN, PACIFIC COAST, CALLING ON WHOLESALE, RETAIL DRUG AND DEPARTMENT STORE TRADE, DESIRES ONE OR TWO STRONG LINES; TOILET GOODS PREFERRED; HAVE FOLLOWING; BEST REFERENCES. K 229 TIMES.

SALESMAN—Experienced traveling man, 26, desires honest-to-goodness proposition with honest-to-goodness house; any territory in United States; will consider only staple merchandise line or good specialty. F 91 Times.

SALESMAN desires connection with responsible firm; selling staple commodity, offering genuine proposition to result producer; salary and commission. H 906 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, LIVE WIRE.

Business producer, proven record, seeking connection with responsible concern. K 454 Times.

SALESMAN covering States New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Maryland desires connection with reliable manufacturing concern. F 90 Times.

SALESMAN—Young man with big following desires to connect with a jobber of ladies' muslin underwear and children's dresses. E 678 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wants position established concern; car; New Jersey preferred. F 95 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, seeks opportunity; salary and commission; references. K 58. Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, own car; wishes infants' wear line; local territory. N 448 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, desires to represent reliable firm in city. K 197 Times.

SALESMAN, young man, jewelry box line; connection with bank. H 922 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Experienced, desires to represent reliable firm in city. K 198 Times.

SALESMAN, open for offer handle reliable merchandise. K 884 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer (technical education); patent, chemical and law experience; wishes position; any suitable capacity. D 352 Times.

SECRETARY, confidential, stenographer, age 25; evenings only. Kleinwald, 43 St. Nicholas Place.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 22, desires position; 6 years' experience. D 353 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, salesman, first-class, seeks responsible position. D 372 Times.

SILK SALESMAN, Christian, good merchandise man, twenty years' experience selling dressmakers in New York City and Middle West, desires position with high-class silk house. At references. K 237 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, American, thoroughly experienced; also dictation Spanish; Latin America bookkeeper; $40. D 315 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 25, seven years' experience, possessing initiative, reliable, knowledge bookkeeping and credit work; references. F 83 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY (31), with initiative and executive ability, experienced and capable detail man; $35 week. F 78 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 21, desires position with reputable concern. If 900 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, 6 months' experience; anxious locating; $15. H 903 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, nine years' experience, construction, engineering, mercantile lines; $35 and expect to earn it. F 85 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SALESMAN, expert, brainy, energetic; no agency; $30. E 683 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, accurate; college graduate. Phone Pennsylvania 5815.

STOCK MANAGER, progressive, systematizer, capable handling buying, correspondence. H 912 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT construction, experienced apartments, lofts, hotels, theatres; best reference. G 396 Times.

TRAVELING SALESMAN, 12 years' experience, would like to hear from a reliable firm. G. W. H., 103 Harrison St., New Haven, Conn.

YOUNG MAN, 27, desires opportunity; thorough manufacturing, jobbing experience. 250 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, high school education, desires position; references. J. P. Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, desires permanent position. L., 25 East 20th St.

YOUNG MAN, 20, with legal education, desires responsible position. K 211 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, desires position with reliable concern. H 920 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, wishes clerical position. Decker, 1,446 8th Ave.

YOUNG MAN, 25, conscientious, seeks position with opportunity. K 226 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, wishes position as tutor with one or more boys beginning September; experienced, good character, well recommended; will travel if necessary; acquainted with European cities through A. E. F. service and travel abroad. Y 2299 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires permanent position with reliable mercantile concern; executive ability; selling experience, silks, dresses; salary no object; best references. F 87 Times.

YOUNG man, 24, desires position offering selling opportunity; possesses thorough education, nine years' varied business experience, capable, highly recommended; moderate salary. D 340 Times.

YOUNG man, 19, desires permanent position with chance for advancement, knowledge of bookkeeping. Mr. Hoffman, 107 Kingston Av., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 4608.

YOUNG MAN, 23, reliable, desires permanent position with future; high school graduate; experienced stock, shipping. K 107 Times.

YOUNG MAN, age 22, formerly assistant manager, live wire, seeks connection with a manufacturing organization. Box W. T., 12 Union Square.

YOUNG MAN, 20, with bookkeeping experience, desires to connect with reliable wholesale firm with chance to learn the selling game. D 364 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school graduate, capable, experienced, desires position affording opportunity with progressive concern. A 437 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, seeks good connection; 5 years selling; knowledge accountancy, correspondence, office; state salary. F 89 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, experienced with cotton converter in sample stock and shipping departments, would like to connect with reliable concern. K 874 Times Downtown.

YOUNG man, 24, seeks opportunity to learn business with progressive concern; hard worker; bookkeeping experience. F 69 Times.

YOUNG MAN, American (25), of good education, desires opportunity to be useful to some manufacturer; good salesman; salary secondary. F 75 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 30, with selling experience, desires connection with concern for inside or outside work. W 116 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, desires position where an energetic and trustworthy worker can find a future. K 207 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23; hustler; desires position with wholesale house with chance of advancement; best references. K 204 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, clerk, knowledge bookkeeping, desires position. 120 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

YOUNG MAN desires position with advancement; general assistant, office. F 94 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, to connect with mercantile house; small salary; references. Rosenberg, 117 West 114th St. Cathedral 3648.

YOUNG MAN, 28, wants permanent position in executive capacity; unquestionable references as to business ability. F 88 Times.

YOUNG MAN with delivery car wishes position. Itkowitz 192 Riverdale Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 20, IN CAMP TO TEACH PAINTING, ATHLETICS, F 66 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wishes position with reliable firm; reference; salary no object. F 68 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, looking toward future; has executive ability, wide business and selling experience. H 929 Times Downtown.

YOUNG man, high school education, desires connection offering opportunities. F 65 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position with opportunity to advance; salary secondary. K 291 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school graduate; after school office experience; position import-export firm. H 919 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, intelligent, alert, willing worker, desires connection with reliable firm. Timming, 77 West 102d St., city.

AS SECRETARY OR MANAGER—Position desired by Canadian, university professor, speaking French, Italian, German; capable literary writer; familiar with public life, organizing and legal matters; highest references. Write H. J., 79 St. Mark St., Montreal.

UNIVERSITY MAN, 29, single, 8 years' office, research and executive experience, able speaker and correspondent, creative and conscientious worker; highest references, desires opportunity with future. W 103 Times.

COLLEGE graduate in industrial engineering seeks position with industrial engineering, accounting, manufacturing or industrial concern. F 72 Times.

RESPONSIBLE position with future desired by aggressive young man, 21, with college education and ten years' business experience. K 212 Times.

A TRAFFIC student desires a position in a traffic department of a reliable firm. K 886 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

JAPANESE

Call Circle 2745, competent cooks, butlers, general housekeepers, laundrymen, chauffeurs, couples, &c. Wasse, 915 6th Av., between 51st and 52d Sts.

JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU—Cooks, butlers, housemen; references. 100 West 40th. Bryant 7787.

JAPANESE, high-grade agency; efficient help supplied. 151 West 63d. Columbus 4275.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADDRESSING OPERATORS, machine; state age, references, salary and telephone number; fine opportunity. E 448 Times.

ADDRESSOGRAPH.

THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED GRAPHOTYPE OPERATORS.

Must be accurate and speedy.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 8TH FLOOR, 9 TO 5:30.

GIMBEL BROTHERS, 33D ST. & BROADWAY.

ARTIST—Designer for fashion publication; one with experience; state salary. W 114 Times.

ASSISTANT BUYER
WAISTS

R. H. MACY & CO., INC.,

REQUIRE A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ASSISTANT BUYER IN THEIR WAIST DEPARTMENT.

APPLY ANY TIME DURING THE DAY AT

OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER,

2D BALCONY, REAR, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE.

BONBON DIPPER, experienced; must be neat; permanent position. Apply 11 to 2 to Mr. Barker, Page & Shaw, 262 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, with at least 5 years' experience, in an office of purchasing accounts receivable, commercial banking and knowledge of warehoused merchandise; permanent position; $25 to start; state age and experience. V 883 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Thoroughly competent and accurate, experience cloaks and suits; controlling accounts and trial balances; state fully age, training, experience, references, salary. T 280 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, thoroughly experienced; able to take full charge of office work. Flatiron Window Cleaning Co., 18 East 23d St.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge stenography and typewriting, experienced; splendid opportunity; state salary expected. C. F. A., W 98 Times.

BOOKKEEPER typist, double entry, trial balances, controlling accounts; experienced cotton goods; state age, experience, salary expected. W 94, Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced with dress concern. Apply 9 A. M., Matron Dress Co., 11 West 32d.

BOOKKEEPER—ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR; EXPERIENCED. TAUSION, 604 BROADWAY.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, permanent position. Call 10-12, Chauser, 122 West 36th.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, experience engineering firm; $25 to start. Conveying Weigher Co., 30 West 60th St.

BOOKKEEPER for cloak and suit house; must be nice 16. Apply about 1 P. M. Holt & Holt, 16 West 29th.

BOOKKEEPER for factory located downtown; permanent position; state experience, age and salary expected. D 346 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; builder's office; state religion and experience. D 340 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; 5 days a week. 122 Spring St.

BOOKKEEPER, waist experience; full charge of office. Jay-Ar, 20 West 22d.

CAFETERIA MANAGER.

Able to do cooking, preferably, with industrial cafeteria experience; write all details, including salary expected. Box 844, 200 Fitzgerald Building.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

CASHIER.

Opportunity for experienced cashier who has had clerical experience; permanent position.

AVEDON, 448 5TH AV.

CASHIER, experienced, for credit store; must have a pleasant personality and be a willing worker. Wiles, 198 Livingston St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CASHIER, quick, accurate, honest, punctual; also typewriter. Write references and experience, Y 882 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL.

High school graduate for clerical work; permanent. Apply to The Butterick Publishing Company, Spring and Macdougal Sts., Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

CLERICAL worker, reliable girl, age 19-20; references required; salary $18. Halson Bernard, 22 East 57th.

CLERKS.

BRIGHT, AMBITIOUS GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN, BETWEEN 16 AND 25 YEARS OF AGE WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR POSITIONS IN THE REVENUE ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT OF THE NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY. EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. ALL HIGHER POSITIONS ARE FILLED THROUGH PROMOTION. SALARY TO START $13 AND $15. HOURS 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M. SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY. APPLY NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY, ROOM 866, 50 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

CLERK—An excellent opportunity is offered a bright young lady to connect with a well-known woolen house; must be experienced typist; alertness, accuracy and initiative are essential and will bring advancement; salary $18 to start; reply giving fully past experiences, age, &c. Address Opportunity, Box 166, Station F., Manhattan.

CLERKS wanted by Elisabeth, N. J., manufacturer; reply in own handwriting stating age, education, experience and salary expected. Y 2302 Times Annex.

CLERK-TYPIST, excellent opportunity in office of large manufacturer; hours 9-5; Saturday noon; salary $18. F 84 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR,

must be expert, in office of large manufacturing concern; good opportunity. APPLY BEFORE 10 A. M. CALDWELL, 36 WEST 13TH.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS, unemployed; also married operators for temporary work; vacation work offered; good salary. Muriel Season, 30 Church St., Room 650, Cortlandt 5170.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR with knowledge of stenography. Y 2307 Times Annex.

COOK, colored, willing, for country home at Ridgefield, Conn.; ideal working conditions; must be neat and clean; fare paid. Apply Gentleman, 542 Madison Av., 17th floor.

COOK for small family; go to Larchmont; good references; call before 1. Ludwig, 35 West 81st.

DENTAL assistant and secretary, state age, experience if any and salary expected. W 64 Times.

DESIGNER on ladies' muslin and silk underwear; apply at once between 9 and 1, 1,270 Broadway, Room 901.

DRESSMAKING, WARDROBE WOMEN,

To take complete charge; must be experienced in 8th Av., houses and be well recommended.

PEGGY HOYT, 16 E. 55TH.

ELLIOTT-FISHER BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR.

Thoroughly experienced and capable operator for large Jersey City firm; state full particulars, experience and salary expected. Box 345, 206 Fitzgerald Building, N. Y.

FACIAL TREATMENT.

Girl experienced in giving facial treatment may find excellent chance for advancement in exclusive 5th Av. salon; applicant must be refined, attractive and possess clever sales ability. Quinlan, Room 711, 665 5th Av.

FILE CLERK—Experienced girl, in large cotton goods house; state age, experience, salary desired. F. C., 762 Times Downtown.

GIRLS
and Young Women.
Previous business
Experience is not
necessary to learn
telephone operating.
STARTING AT $8 PER MONTH.
AN INCREASE IS GIVEN AT
end of first month
AND SALARIES ARE INCREASED
FREQUENTLY THEREAFTER.
An opportunity for
Advancement in position
is assured.
Higher salary to start
is paid experienced
operators.
NIGHT OPERATORS ARE
REQUIRED ALSO AT $18.50
PER WEEK WITH FURTHER
INCREASE IN SALARY AT
FREQUENT INTERVALS.
Apply
1,138 Broadway, Cor. 27th St.,
58 West Houston St.,
New York.
870 East 180th St.,
Bronx.
51 Willoughby St.,
Brooklyn.
8 Hardenbrook Av. (1634 St.),
Jamaica.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRLS
Experienced in stock wanted in high-class ladies' ready-to-wear store; chance for promotion; no salesladys; good salary; permanent position.
ROBINSON, 25 WEST 42D ST.

GIRL for general office work; must be able to operate a small multigraph; state other qualifications, age and salary desired. K 878 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS, refined woman, comp'e charge girl aged 3. McNulty, Round Beach, Conn.

HEADS OF STOCK

R. H. MACY & CO., INC.,

HAVE VACANCIES FOR HEADS OF STOCK IN THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

SWEATERS

NEGLIGEES

HOUSE DRESSES

APPLY AT ANY TIME DURING THE DAY AT

OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER,

2D BALCONY, REAR, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE.

HOUSEKEEPER, experienced, wanted for a Hebrew Orphan Asylum; must have excellent reference. Apply Superintendent, Hebrew National Orphan Home, 407 Tuckahoe Road, Yonkers.

HOUSEKEEPER, must have N. Y. City hotel experience; good salary. Hotel Stratford, 11 East 32d St.

HOUSEWORKER, 30-35 years of age, general housework for family of three, care for young child; to go to mountains immediately; permanent position upon return; only experienced agreeable woman, interested in children and having good home, need apply. Telephone at once, Mrs. Hewitt, Jamaica 5706.

LEDGER CLERK in publishing house, salary $18; state age, religion and experience. K 885 Times Downtown.

LEDGER clerk, experienced, large number of accounts. Sibirtcraft Co., 212 Fifth Av.

MANICURIST, experienced, wanted; must have at least three years' experience. A. Simonson, 54 West 57th St., second floor.

MODEL, stylish young lady, size 16, for coats and suits. Apply Louis Goldstein Co., 38 East 29th.

MODELS, SIZE 16, FOR CLOAK AND SUIT SHOWROOM, FINE, 18 WEST 37TH.

MODEL, 36, tall, attractive young lady; permanent position. Siscira, 217 6th Av.

MODEL wanted, size 16, for coats. Goldberg & Freund, 305 7th Av.

MODEL, size 16, for coats. Etkin Co., 147 West 25th St.

MODELS for coats, size 12, with experience. Apply Fried & Zucker, 138 W. 25th St.

MODELS, size 16, tall, experienced in dress house. S. L. Ginsburg Co., 124 West 23d.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

MODELS. MODELS.
TALL,
SIZES 16 AND 18.
FASHIONABLE YOUNG LADIES.
SALARY $40-$50.
ONLY EXPERIENCED, NEAT-APPEARING MODELS HAVING BEEN WITH HIGH CLASS DRESS HOUSE NEED APPLY.
MAURICE RENTNER,
498 7TH AV., 7TH FLOOR.

MODELS, MODELS,
SLENDER, SIZE 36,
ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES,
TO SHOW
HIGH CLASS
DRESSES.
GOOD SALARY.
MACK, KANNER MILIUS,
498 SEVENTH AVENUE.

MODELS,
SIZE 16,
TALL, SLENDER, ATTRACTIVE,
YOUNG LADIES,
THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED.
CALL ALL WEEK.
R. A. DAY CO.,
136 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
FOR DRESSES.
GOOD PAY; LONG SEASON.
J. P. ROSENBLOOM,
134 WEST 37TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
EXPERIENCED, FOR COATS; TALL AND ATTRACTIVE; HIGHEST SALARY; LONG SEASON.
TREELINE COAT & SUIT CO.,
1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS,
TALL, ATTRACTIVE,
FOR COAT HOUSE;
LONG SEASON.
SIEGEL BROS. & LEWIS,
1,370 BROADWAY.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
EXPERIENCED
COATS AND SUITS.
MOYSES & DREYFUS,
1 EAST 53D ST.

MODEL, SIZE 16,
Stylish and attractive; must be 5 feet 8 inches; no others need apply; best salary paid; steady position.
A. TRAINA & CO., INC.,
136 MADISON AV.

MODELS, TALL STYLISH 36,
FOR SHOWROOM
HIGH-CLASS DRESS HOUSE.
BRAMBIR & HENDRICKS,
105 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
FOR DRESSES; TALL, ATTRACTIVE; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; GOOD SALARY; PERMANENT; APPLY ALL WEEK. N. H. JACOBSON, 36 E. 21ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
FOR DRESS HOUSE.
MAJESTIC COSTUME CO.,
205 WEST 39TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
ATTRACTIVE, REFINED YOUNG LADIES FOR DRESSES.
JOS. A. MORRIS,
500 7TH AV.

MODELS.
Attractive young ladies, tall and experienced, size 16, to try on dresses in showroom; call after 10 A. M.; steady position.
TEARMAN & ZAVIN, 118 MADISON AV.

MODELS, TALL, STYLISH SIXTEENS FOR DRESSES. STEADY POSITION. GOOD SALARY. WECHSLER RHEINSTROM CO., 470 7TH AV.

MODEL, SIZE 14,
FOR DRESSES.
Must be attractive and neat.
Biaskopf & Co., 10 West 33d.

MODELS, size 18, tall, attractive, for high class dress house; good salary. Friedman Dress Co., 229 West 36th St.

MODEL, attractive, size 16. Call Tuesday morning, William Bloom & Co., 38 East 30th St.

MODEL, size 16, on coats; steady position. Call all week. Schneider, Hirsch & Co., 131 West 35th.

MODEL, SIZE 16.
High class coats; steady position. J. Leiwing, 27 West 20th.

MODELS—Coats and suits; must be experienced and attractive. Harry Desmonde, 12 West 27th.

MODEL, SIZE 16.
Experienced, cloak and suit house.
A. H. GITTELSON, 30 WEST 20TH.

MODEL, SIZE 16.
TALL FIGURE FOR WOMEN'S DRESSES. WEISS & JANOWITZ, 12 WEST 31ST.

MODEL, size 16, attractive, capable of taking care of show room; permanent position. Bokor Pearl Co., 38 West 26th.

MODEL, size 16, tall, stylish, experienced on misses' coats. I. Grossman & Sons, 39 East 20th.

NURSE, white, experienced; references; for boy, 2½; willing to assist. 1,581 Madison Av., corner 122d. Harlem 8788.

NURSES, undergraduates, for day duty. Call Brownsville, East New York Hospital, Rockaway Parkway and Avenue A, B'klyn.

NURSE, experienced, for infant and six-year boy; country Summer, city Winter. Phone Far Rockaway 1818.

NURSE, practical; must be capable and have experience in taking care of infant, for Edgemere, L. I. Phone Longacre 10858.

NURSE, experienced for child age 2, references required; call Tuesday morning, Wolfson, 1250 Madison Av.

REMINGTON-WAHL bookkeeping machine operator, young woman, who understands how to operate Remington bookkeeping machine; salary $20. Apply Mr. Lader, 374 Broadway, N. Y. City.

SALESLADIES, experienced, for credit store; must be of good personality; only those who look for steady position need apply. Wiles, 198 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

SALESLADIES — Experience unnecessary; must be over 16 years of age; salary $13 and commission. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

SALESLADIES, experienced blouses and sweaters. Apply all week. Emily Blouse Shop, 500 5th Av.

SAMPLE HANDS—Able to make complete garments on high-class dresses. J. Michaelson, 25 West 35th St.

SALESWOMEN.

FURS.

APPLICANTS WHO HAVE A THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF THE FUR BUSINESS WILL BE GIVEN PREFERENCE; THESE POSITIONS ARE PERMANENT TO THOSE SALESWOMEN WHO ARE AGGRESSIVE.

SOLID GOLD JEWELRY.

EXPERIENCE, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, ESSENTIAL.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 8TH FLOOR, 9 TO 5:30.

GIMBEL BROTHERS, 33D ST. AND BROADWAY.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

SALESWOMEN

OPPENHEIM COLLINS & CO.
33 West 34th Street

Require immediately several experienced

SALESWOMEN
in the
COAT, SUIT and GOWN DEPARTMENTS

for part time employment two or three days a week. Good salary. Apply at employment bureau, Oppenheim Collins Bldg., 35 West 34th St., 4th Floor.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER — Advertising agency has opening for young woman with intelligence and initiative for general office work; must be good stenographer; high school graduate with advertising experience preferred; five experience, age and religion. W 21 Times.

SECRETARY — Anglo-Saxon; high-class; classified advertising. Room 1117, 20 West 45th.

TELEPHONE operator, experienced on switchboard. Rosenfeld & Son, 115 West 29th St.

STENOGRAPHER.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY DESIRES THE SERVICES OF A YOUNG WOMAN 20 TO 25 YEARS OF AGE, WITH TWO OR MORE YEARS' EXPERIENCE; IN REPLYING STATE EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE AND TELEPHONE NUMBER. V 884 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER and correspondent wanted for executive office of Blind Relief organization; a knowledge of bookkeeping is desirable but not essential; serious purpose, tact, thoroughness and accuracy are the qualities chiefly required; apply, giving evidence of the possession of such qualities and stating references and salary desired. K 219 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.
Must be a 1923 high school graduate who has taken a complete commercial course; $18 to start; increase after 3 months. Apply to
The Butterick Publishing Company,
Spring and Macdougal Sts.
Take 7th

Closing Hours for Advertisements
Sunday Edition

THURSDAY, NOON—Sports, Musicales, Rare Books, Automobiles.
THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with cuts, plans, designs, sketches or drawings.
FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Undisplay classifications of Real Estate.
FRIDAY, 8 P. M.—Advertisements for Editorial Section.
SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplay classified advertisements. (Business Opportunities 10 A. M. Saturday.)

Daily Edition

If received after 6 P. M. on date preceding publication, classified advertisements for daily edition are subject to omission. Final closing time 5 P. M.

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate Line. (Minimum space two lines.) Agate Line
Situations Wanted 20c
Furnished Rooms, Flats, Houses 20c
Boarders and Board Wanted 20c
Help Wanted 20c
Real Estate, &c. 20c
Lost and Found 20c
Apartments to Let and Wanted 20c
Country Board 20c
Mortgage Loans 20c
For Sale 20c
Automobile Exchange 20c
Agents' Wanted 20c
Employment Agencies 75c
For Want
Business Opportunities (Over $50) 25c
Buyers' Wants—Offerings to Buyers 25c
Boat Sailings (Sunday) 25c
Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted up to midnight.
Errors avoided by checking advertisements in advance of closing time.

MALE HELP WANTED.

MAN.

WHO IS CAPABLE OF EARNING $10,000 A YEAR ON COMMISSION BASIS SELLING A HIGH-CLASS DOMESTIC HEATING PROPOSITION; LIVE LEADS ARE COMING IN DAILY AND MUST BE TAKEN CARE OF AT ONCE; THE MAN QUALIFYING MUST FURNISH BOND. APPLY BETWEEN 9 AND 1,

AT 121 LIVINGSTON ST., B'KLYN.

MAN, middle aged, single, for light hotel work. Pullman Hotel, 451 7th Av.

MANAGER,

for high-class candy and soda shop; only one holding similar position, now employed, stating age, experience and salary expected, will be considered; all letters held confidential. W 63 Times.

MANAGER, steward, must thoroughly understand renting, also buying foodstuffs; salary $150 monthly. Hotel Ashton, 93d and Madison Av.

MANAGER—Wholesale general merchandise; one who understands buying; must know values; salary. W 108 Times.

MARKER and machine cutter experienced on men's pajamas, for factory in New London, Conn.; good position for right man; state experience. D 885 Times.

MEN, 20 to 30 years of age, wanted for clerical work in large office; $20 per week at start, increases with proficiency; good hand-writing and accuracy in simple arithmetic required; experience as entry or ledger clerk desirable; state age, experience and references. J 91 Times.

MILLINERY factory man, experienced, for out-of-town manufacturer; one who can design, cut and operate; excellent salary. Apply between 10 and 11 A. M., Room 301, 134 West 24th.

OFFICE BOY, bright; to answer phone calls. Room 710, 220 5th Av.

OFFICE MANAGER — $200 monthly and meals; competent, energetic to do quick, accurate accounting; a bookkeeper-accountant also have forceful personality as executive of sales office. Hospital, P. O. Box 16, Station B.

ORDER CLERK, large printing concern; good chance for advancement; call 9-10. Graham Chisholm Co., 9-15 Murray St.

PHYSICIAN, registered New York State, for advertising office; must have good habits, neat appearance, some knowledge of taking cases and treating scientifically; age between 28 and 30; only those willing to leave New York need apply; permanent position; reliable physician who can qualify. X 2453 Times Annex.

POCKETBOOKS—Sample maker, experienced on ladies' fabric handbags, steady to one who will qualify. Warschauer, 10 East 23d.

REMINGTON-WANL bookkeeping machine operator, young man who understands how to operate a Remington bookkeeping machine; salary $30. Apply Mr. Ladau, 276 Broadway, N. Y. City.

SALES CORRESPONDENT wanted, experienced in laboratory supply line; out-of-town position; give particulars as to experience and qualifications, age and salary desired. Y 2215 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK, wholesale notion house; salary $25; stage age, church affiliation and references. Write S. C. S., 1907 Broadway.

SHIPPING CLERK assistant, strong young man about 18 years. Apply Mr. Kenny, between 8 and 9 A. M., 490 B'way, 5th floor.

STENOGRAPHER—Rapid and accurate, with at least one year's experience; preferably a high school graduate. Apply Almelo Routing Machine Co., 790 Grand St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, young man 20 to 25, for general office work with large manufacturing concern; give age, salary and references. R 864 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, male, preferably with railroad or steamship experience and knowledge of foreign languages. R 854 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK in silk house, experienced; must understand details and cutting. Apply by letter, giving references and salary expected. Y 2206 Times Annex.

YOUNG MEN.

A prominent utility corporation with offices on Long Island have an opening in their organization for several clean cut men who are interested in building for the future; sales experience is desirable but not essential, as we will train you; we will not consider solicitors, as we are interested only in men who wish to permanently locate and form a part of our organization. Apply to Mr. White, Room 1630, 50 Church St.

YOUNG MAN,

about 19; to work in stockroom of retail apparel organization; high-school graduate preferred.

LERNER BLOUSE,
19 West 50th St.

YOUNG MAN FOR LARGE COAT HOUSE TO TAKE CHARGE OF STOCK AND SHIPPING ROOM; MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN LINE; WRITE STATING WHERE EMPLOYED LAST. 1234 PLOYED, BOX 684, 3501 WORLD TOWER BLDG.

YOUNG MAN, WELL ACQUAINTED WITH CLOAK AND SUIT CONTRACTORS; DO NOT APPLY UNLESS THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH MANUFACTURERS' MARKING BETTER GARMENTS; ALL APPLICATIONS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. SPERBER, FRANK & ENGEL, 37 WEST 37th.

YOUNG MAN, 19 TO 21,
intelligent and alert, with good education and business experience, wanted by large wholesale house; good salary, permanent position and splendid opportunity to advance to position of responsibility. L. D. Bloch Co., 39 East 18th St.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 20, experienced in motor equipment; must have stock and counter work in large wholesale auto supply house. Address, stating age, reference, experience and salary expected, 353 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

YOUNG MAN—Opportunity to become connected with progressive financial house for unusual young man who understands how to operate a Remington bookkeeping machine; salary $30. Apply Mr. Ladau, 276 Broadway, N. Y. City.

YOUNG MAN, stenographer, knowledge of bookkeeping and office routine; opportunity to competent party. Continental Paper Bag Co., 149 Duane St.

YOUNG MEN, bright, between ages 20-25 years, general office work, between 9-10 A. M. Apply Hotel Claiman, 42d St., west of Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, to take charge office of iron concern; some knowledge bookkeeping; good at figures. Opportunity, $35 East 140th. N. Y. C.

YOUNG MAN—Charging department lace importing house has opening for assistant call clerk; state experience and salary. W 105 Times.

YOUNG MAN to collect accounts in Brooklyn and vicinity; must know Brooklyn; references required. Call after 10 A. M.; Room 909, Eagle Building, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, IN STOCKROOM; WHITE SILK; STARTING INCLUDING AGE AND SALARY. W 104 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in silk, for knit goods, and one who can cut piece goods. Ribbed Corp., 471 4th Av., 5th floor.

MALE HELP WANTED.

FIVE aggressive, full-blooded young men of good presence, qualified to interview business executives; intensive campaign connection national movement; straight salary; advancement; references required. Apply Room 204, 19 West 44th St., Mr. Stonestreet, after 2 P.M.

LARGE downtown bank requires the services of several men to work on its night force; hours 1 A. M. to 8 A. M.; reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary desired. Address Y, P. O. Box 282 City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

Salesmen.

ADVERTISING salesman to interview local manufacturers for mail order work; permanent connections and drawing account to producer. See Mr. Magnus, 119 East 27th.

AUTO SALESMEN (two)—New store; immediate deliveries and commissions; opportunity for hustlers. Maxwell-Chalmers, 1054 and Southern Boulevard.

BOOK SALESMEN, experienced, high class, to sell the newest and best medical works published selling physicians only; large commission and permanent dividends. Write qualifications to Dr. Arthur Pépin, P. O. Bldg., 1710 Penn. Av., N. W., Washington, D. C.

FUR SALESMAN.

L. BAMBERGER & CO., Newark, N. J., require a fur salesman for their fur department; must be thoroughly experienced. Apply at Employment Office, 16 Bank St., between 9 A. M. and 1 P. M.

L. BAMBERGER & CO.,
Newark, N. J.
One of America's great stores.

FURNITURE SALESMEN.

WE REQUIRE SALESMEN WHO ARE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN SELLING HIGH-GRADE FURNITURE; PERMANENT POSITIONS FOR THOSE WHO QUALIFY.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
5TH FLOOR, 9 TO 5:30.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND BROADWAY.

HOUSEWIRING, fixtures; experienced; 15 per cent. commission; bonus; Brooklyn only. H 814 Times Downtown.

PRINTING SALESMAN—Life time opportunity for experienced man with following to establish himself with a progressive organization; salary and commission. Averdon Printing Co., 37 East 20th.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN, Manhattan and Bronx property; leads furnished, reliable, experience essential; commission basis. Call 9 to 10 A. M., Harry Sherman, 126 Broadway, New York.

REAL ESTATE; leasing salesman; experienced; loft and store leads; proposition furnished; commission. Room 814, 152 West 42d St.

SHIRT SALESMAN wanted by large house, one with following in Brooklyn desired; State in letter experience and full particulars about self; commission and salary. W 1241 Times Annex.

SILK SALESMAN, well acquainted with cloak and suit trade; only those with experience selling silks need apply; drawing account. W 54 Times.

SILK SALESMAN—Wanted—Experienced only; straight commission. Sigmund Reyman, 257 4th Av.

STATIONERY AND TOY SALESMAN, experienced, wholesale, to cover established territory; commission. Call Julius Sterling, 174 East 106th St.

SALES ENGINEER.

WANTED HIGH-CLASS, EXPERIENCED MAN TO SELL OIL-BURNING EQUIPMENT FOR LARGE BUILDINGS AND INDUSTRIES. PREFERENCE WILL BE GIVEN TO A MAN WITH OIL-BURNING EXPERIENCE AND KNOWLEDGE OF POWER PLANT PRACTICE. THIS OPENING IS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN. DRAWING ACCOUNT AND COMMISSION. APPLICATIONS BY LETTER ONLY. GIVING EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS. PETROLEUM HEAT & POWER CO., 1,775 BROADWAY.

SALES REPRESENTATIVE.

If you are a man of sterling quality, ambitious and honest in your intentions, over 25 years old and wish to form a permanent connection, where by your character, whereby you can earn from $5,000 to $15,000 in commissions, the first year, selling a banking connection, go to the nearest telephone at once and call Rector 9460, and we have been doing business for over 30 years without loss to a client; we are not interested in stock or bonds, only high-grade paper which does not require their services. Phone Vanderbilt 4621, Ask for Mr. Bright.

SALESMEN.

OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE WANTS TEN MEN OVER TWENTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE TO SELL PARTICIPATING CERTIFICATES. BOYS, THIS IS A REAL DEAL, ONE ON WHICH EVEN THE WEAK ONES ARE MAKING GOOD MONEY. IF YOU HAVE SELLING ABILITY YOU CAN EARN AT LEAST $125 WEEKLY; OTHERS EVERYWHERE ARE DOING BETTER THAN THAT; COMPANY EXTENDING PRODUCTS INTO NEW TERRITORY ON ONE OF THE BEST SELLING PROPOSITIONS EVER BROUGHT OUT. FOR QUICK MONEY AND A PERMANENT JOB THIS IS IT; COMMISSION BASIS. V. E. HODGES, ROOM 515 CALVERT BUILDING, 146 WEST 41ST ST.

SALESMEN.

WE CAN USE TWO OR THREE GOOD SALESMEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE SALE OF OUR PROPERTY IN FLORIDA; COMMISSION BASIS ONLY.

HOMESEEKERS REALTY COMPANY,
ROOM 811, 366 FIFTH AV.

SALESMEN WANTED.

A publishing house of long standing has an opening for a high-grade, well-educated salesman of good address; work includes calling on old customers and on new inquiries; drawing account and commission. M. C., 134 Times.

SALESMEN, TWO JUNIOR—Excellent opportunity for technical school or college graduates, 23-30, who wants to break into sales work; sales experience not essential if willing to work and learn our methods; training includes work out in the field under the personal supervision of Oscar Hewitt Lee, for a period of 3 to 6 months; advancement according to ability; salary, commission and expenses; salary to start $35. See Mr. Hewitt Wednesday, Wednesday, 10 A. M., Room 311, 30 River St., Hoboken, N. J.

SALESMAN—Every manufacturer and jobber who sells to department and general stores is a prospective customer for our very appealing mail order plan; we have an opening for a capable producer whose past experience will enable him to call on local manufacturers and outline our service intelligently; drawing account against commission, with splendid opportunity of earning $3,000 and upward. Sales Producing Circular Co., 30 East 20th.

SALESMAN—A real one to sell business courses in St. Drake's Secretarial College; references; $30 with $5 raise and permanency; liberal commission; proposition is clean and worth while. Call at Room 317, Hudson Dispatch Building, corner Lewis St. and New York Av., Union Hill, Hudson County, N. J., from 10 to 11, A. M. any day but Sunday.

SALESMAN, young, energetic, with wide acquaintance among plumbers or architects in New York, to sell well known water heaters, for New York, with car for exercise; Long Island territory; salary or commission. Phone Murray Hill 6040.

SALESMEN.

Now is the time to sell
Fall Underwear.

You will be welcomed in every office and make $8 to $10 a day commission. Call Room 310, 152 West 42d.

SALESMEN (3) traveling, out service, experienced preferred; selling to exclusive high grade proposition; straight commission; no advances; our men now earn $5,000 up yearly. Apply between 2:30 and 5 P. M. Room 1012, 30 Broadway, Saturday or Tuesday.

SALESMEN for junior positions to sell typewriters in city territories; quick advancement; salary or commission paid. Apply Tuesday, 9 A. M., Royal Typewriter Co., 364 Broadway, cash floor.

SALESMAN and manager retail credit clothing store, handling men's women's and children's clothing in nearby Pennsylvania town, of over 100,000 population. Apply H. Munns, 141 5th Av. Phone Ashland 7391.

SALESMEN wanted to establish agencies for new restaurant; 10 per cent. on all business first sales; 10 per cent. on all duplicate sales. 206 East 86th.

SALESMAN acquainted with city cutting up trade, to sell linens and accessories for decorative manufacturer; good future; salary, commission. W 864 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, familiar with ribbons, with following in the cut-up and retail trade; commission basis only. Apply Salesman, W 115 Times.

SALESMAN for real estate office; good opportunity for right man; commission only. Lee H. Aronds, 1,210 34 Av.

MALE HELP WANTED.
Salesmen.

SALESMEN.

WE NEED A FEW EXCEPTIONAL SALESMEN PERMANENTLY; MEN BETWEEN 30 AND 40 WHO ARE WILLING TO TRAVEL AND CAN SELL A SPLENDID SERVICE TO BANKERS, A SERVICE THAT THE BANKERS DESIRE AND WILL RENEW.

UNLESS YOU ARE WELL EDUCATED, HAVE A GOOD PERSONALITY AND A LONG SUCCESSFUL SALES HISTORY, YOU ARE NOT ONE OF THESE MEN; IF YOU CAN QUALIFY, YOU WILL HAVE AN EVEN CHANCE WITH OUR MEN, WHO OFTEN MAKE $3,000 PER MONTH ON COMMISSION; ALL MONTHS ARE ABOUT EQUALLY GOOD.

IF YOU ARE SURE YOU ARE THE TYPE OF MAN DESCRIBED, ARE INTERESTED AND AVAILABLE AT ONCE, PHONE [illegible]

L. B. CRAVATH,
PENNSYLVANIA 9000.

SALESMAN

We have a permanent opening for a forceful salesman in New York City territory in the sale of an established high-grade, nationally known, business service to executives and department heads of banks, manufacturers, wholesalers and other high-class business concerns, making the work agreeable and interesting as well as profitable. The man we engage must have real sales ability; backed up with references of good personality, and sufficient knowledge of business and business methods to talk intelligently concerning the problems of his prospect.

Such a man will have the opportunity of earning $5,000 to $6,000 in commissions the first year, and his income will increase automatically each year, due to renewals. The established business in the territory will be turned over to the man selected. Mail and personal co-operation, sales helps and bonuses given. No heavy samples to carry.

If you have the experience and qualifications required and realize that success follows closely on the heels of hard work and steady application, telephone Mr. Bright, Vanderbilt 4621. Financial Digest, Inc., 70 5th Av., New York. Chelsea 4700.

SALESMEN.

A nationally known organization of high standing offering to the business men a HIGH CLASS, EASY SELLING business service, has openings for new men of good appearance who are not afraid to work.

Not a MILLION dollar proposition, but one on which you can make $50 to $80 a week and more in commission if you have it in you.

An opportunity for advancement for those whose work warrants it.

You will work in the field with a producer until you learn the ropes.

SUITE 315, 50 EAST 42D ST.
(Corner Madison Av.)

SALESMEN.

Many a man would like to become a salesman, but feels he does not possess the qualifications. Why judge yourself? We are willing to give every man an opportunity regardless of the position he now holds.

We are ready to put 10 ten quick thinking men willing to work hard and cash in on our plan of selling nationally advertised electric labor-saving appliances through the largest electrical company in the country. We have facilities to train every man without his incurring any expense, paying large commission while learning. We will place executives in these positions will be filled by men who have been out in the field and secured practical training. Apply 9 to 5 R. G. Bixby, Room 1,007 Knickerbocker Building, 424 5th Av. and Broadway.

SALESMEN WANTED.

PROMINENT SILK HOUSE SPECIALIZING IN FURRIER LININGS OPEN FOR CITY SALESMEN SELLING THIS TRADE. SALARY AND COMMISSION. ALL LETTERS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. DENIAL. ADDRESS SILK, V 318 TIMES.

SALESMEN,
SALES MANAGER,

to sell world-renowned Ukish wine grape products for the largest concern of its kind in the world; daily pay; commissions average 32 1-2 per cent. to 88 per cent. and same on all repeat orders; products guaranteed and sales co-operation given by $1,000,000 corporation. 152 West 42d St., Room 422.

SALESMEN.

I am not looking for men who want temporary employment, but desire several first-class men to sell a most unusual golf specialty on commission basis; our men are earning from $60 to $150 weekly. Apply Mr. Jones, 9 to 11, Suite 815, 62 Vanderbilt Av., opposite Grand Central, or telephone Vanderbilt 6297.

SALESMEN.

with autos who have following, or are acquainted with delicatessen restaurant and grocery trade, have opportunity to earn big money; salary, commission and expenses; prefer train you. Vadsco Sales Corporation Machine Co., 219 Pacific St., Brooklyn. (Borough Hall subway.)

SALESMAN to sell popular line of suspenders, belts and garters in New York State, main line territory; commission proposition; small drawing to right man; man now covering territory in auto preferred; experience selling kindred line to men's furnishing and department stores in this territory essential; all communications confidential. Harris Suspender Co., 1,350 Broadway.

SALESMEN—Two live wire hosiery salesmen wanted to sell line of women's hosiery direct from the mills; one for the State of New Jersey and one for Brooklyn and part of New York; commission basis; good opportunity. T. H., 196 Times.

SALESMEN, reliable, wanted, familiar with music trade; permanent connections with one of the largest growing houses in the Adirondacks; only those looking for a bona fide proposition need apply. Address communications to 136 Broadway, Saranac Lake, N. Y., ADIRONDACK MUSIC HOUSE.

SALESMEN—N. Y. STATE CORPORATION DISTRIBUTING GOVERNMENT COMPILED INFORMATION HAS OPENINGS FOR MEN WITH SALES RECORDS EARNINGS RANGE FROM $50 TO $400 WEEKLY; LIBERAL COMMISSION EXPENSES. 40 WEST 39TH ST., 3D FLOOR.

SALESMEN — Two high-grade salesmen wanted to interview office managers in New York; opportunity to make $200 to $600 per week selling "income for Life" contracts; salary or drawing account and commission; satisfactory. Call, W. H. Graves, 233 Broadway, Suite 2020.

SALESMAN wanted, for city, to sell pants, breeches and stock-lined coats to jobbers and retailers; good opportunity for right man; salary and commission. Write W 88 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED
to sell wine grape juice with a money-back guarantee if not satisfied; commission paid daily; sales over 500 per week; leads furnished. Mitchell, 47 West 42d St. Room 2003.

SALESMEN—Reputable broker offers opportunity; experience unnecessary; 10 per cent. mortgage bonds; commission basis; references. 39 West 69th. Suite 805.

SALESMAN—Experienced advertising salesman with proven ability; strictly on commission basis. Call after 9 A. M. Room 508, 226 West 47th.

SALESMEN on lighting fixtures, to cover Southern States; established trade; well known firm; state references and experience, commission basis. W 82 Times.

SALESMAN to sell linens on a commission basis, both in city and out of town; state territory. B 820 Times.

SALESMAN to take full charge of sport shop; must be A-1; state experience and salary wanted. W 96 Times.

MALE HELP WANTED.
Salesmen.

SALESMEN.
AN UNUSUAL CONNECTION.

A large financial house has for the right man an unusual opening in its New York office. This house is both sound and successful and has exceptional affiliations and backing.

To the man who can fulfill our requirements we can offer remarkable inducements:

1. Permanent connection.
2. Due to our constant and sound expansion practically unlimited opportunity for advancement to executive positions of trust and responsibility.
3. A commission arrangement which makes large earnings obtainable.
4. The position is one of dignity and one where the man selected will find himself in congenial surroundings and connected with a concern of which he may be justly proud.

Owing to our policy of adapting our men to our own business methods, men who have previously sold securities will not be considered. If you feel that you are a man of energy and ambition, that you can stand prosperity and that you really desire to form a permanent connection with future promotions, yours just as soon as you show the ability to assimilate them, write us in strict confidence giving fullest detail to warrant an interview and address your letter to the President, W 96 Times.

SALESMEN to sell subdivision lots in New Jersey town to builders, homeseekers and investors; one of our beginners made over $2,000 in commissions during last two weeks; this record can be equaled or excelled by any high-grade salesman who is willing to work hard and accept liberal cash commissions for his sales; those who make good will be made crew managers with still larger earning possibilities and have permanent and highly profitable position with large land development corporation. Call or write our Mr. Case, Room 21, 222 Market St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN—JEWELRY EXPERIENCE.

To represent high grade watch line; salary and commission; unusual opportunity. Knickerbocker Watch Co., Woolworth Bldg.

SALESMEN.

Some of our men are cashing weekly commission checks of $175 selling unfermented Wine Grape Juice and earning commissions on repeats. A $1,000,000 corporation backs you. Vacancies for good, reliable men only. 1,500 at once, 1,000 Madison Av., Room 1508.

SALESMEN—Established machinery house have opening for experienced salesmen; excellent opportunity for high type men desiring permanent connection; protected territory; commission basis. Call Tuesday, Hitchcock & Co., Grand Central Palace.

SALESMEN (2)—Salary will be paid intelligent man, ages 22-26, while training to sell Studebaker automobiles. Apply second floor, Studebaker Corp. of America, 1,700 Broadway.

SALESMAN to travel for old established lighting fixture house; thoroughly familiar with the lighting fixture dealers and jobbers; write full particulars; commission. W 936 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Executive, with resident buyers and department stores in city with fine upholstery, art and dress trimmings; salary or commission. Charley Co., 1,123 Broadway.

SALESMEN to sell Chevrolets, the fastest selling line on the market; business; commission, drawing account, if you qualify. Smith-Chevrolet, Lafayette car, Houston St.

SALESMAN, experienced in selling handrolled sweet cones; excellent opportunity; salary, Gold Medal Cone Co., 5,116 Fleetwood Av., Wallabout Market, Brooklyn.

COMMISSIONS without selling. By simply arranging for free trials of our gas saver and carbon remover on autos you can earn $75 weekly. If you make sales you can earn as much as $10,000 a year. Only proposition of its kind ever offered. Call 9 to 12 A. M. or A. Phillips, 1,804 Broadway.

EXPERIENCED SHOE SALESMAN

wanted by a well-known manufacturer of women's shoes; one who has been selling the retail trade; will work in Chicago district and a third for the East; prefer man with established trade in these territories; give complete information in first letter, including age, experience, if married, children, salary expected, etc. X 2443 Times Annex.

MEN and women to sell our 25 dishwasher; washes, sterilizes and dries dishes without putting hands in dishwater; price is so low every home can afford one; quick sales; big commission; liberal commissions and territory; send parcel post to any addressed Brooklyn Home Equipment Co., 189 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn; phone Prospect 8600; opposite L. I. R. R.

PERMANENT calendar and direct mail manufacturer with established trade in New York wants experienced calendar salesman to take charge of New York office; wonderful opportunity; officer of company will be in New York this week for personal interview. Write fully, Y 2206 Times Annex.

$75 TO $150—Men with slight knowledge of motors who can reach car owners, can earn $75 to $150 per week without investing a single sale. Installing automobile appliances; if they can also make sales, profits may reach $150 per commission yearly; only proposition of its kind ever offered. E. F. Phillips, 1,804 Broadway.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
Hudson Terminal Building,
30 Church St.,
New York City.

JR. ACCOUNTANT—Large downtown corp.; $25
EXPRS. (2), general ldg. exper.; salary open. C-2
SALES LDG. CLERKS (5), exper., $25 to $35. C-3
CLERK—Slight knowledge of stenography; unusual opportunity order department textile commission house. C-4
STENOGRAPHERS—Other openings leading to sales, accounting, &c.; $25. C-5
TIME CLERKS (3); $25. C-6
ORDER DEPT. CLERKS (4); pep and initiative, some exper., lead to selling; $25. C-7
CLERKS—Several openings for snappy young Americans; good handwriting, accurate at figures; $25. C-8
CLERK AND TYPIST—Slight knowledge of bkpg.; advertising agency.; $100 mo. C-9
TYPISTS—Several openings; $20-$25. C-10
The "NATIONAL" is the LARGEST in 30 Church St. 7th floor.

OFFICE SERVICE COMPANY,
Established 1906.
103 Park Av. Vanderbilt 10224.
SELECTIVE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.

INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.
SALES MANAGER—Perfumes and allied lines; must be thoroughly experienced in handling large sales force on national distribution basis; $10,000 and up
BUYER'S ASSISTANT—Experienced in placing and following contracts with small wood working concerns; salary... $30 wk
MANAGER—Selling department; executive experience desirable..... $5,000 min.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY, INC.
1 BEEKMAN
FREE REGISTRATION

BOOKKEEPERS ..... $35-$50
STENOGRAPHERS ..... $30-$35
TYPIST $18
SHIPPING Clerk's Ass't L. L. C. $20

HOTALING
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, INC.
9 CHURCH ST. ROOM 36, CORT. 0829
FAYING & REC. Teller..... $1,600-$1,800
MONEY Counter-Ass't Rec. Tel..... $1,500
POST-LEDG. Bkpr. (2) ..... $1,600-$1,800
RACK CLERKS (3)..... $1,500
MANY OTHER POSITION IN BANKING AND COMMERCIAL LINES.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE, INC.
No registration fee. 1,123 Liberty St.
Draftsman, mech. layout, detailer..... $2,100
Rack Clerks, day, $1,500; nights..... $1,500
Bookkeepers, commerc'l, $1,800; bank, $1,600
Typists, nights, $22; day work..... $1,200
Stationery Dept. head, elderly man..... $1,500

BROADWAY EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.
9 Church St. Cortlandt 4320.
Specials: 7 clerks (eve), $90 week; cashier, corresp., $35; bkprs, $25; clerks (15), $20; Underwood billing, $25; many good openings for Jr. clerks. Corr.

REID COMMERCIAL, 200 BROADWAY.
Insurance (compensation claims, $4,000 up; map clerks, examiners, assistants; stat. clerk, $1,800); typists, $1,200-$1,800; Jr. clerk-filing, learn selling, $14; Boston ledger $1,500.

REPUBLIC PERSONNEL BUREAU,
132 Nassau St., Room 816.
BANK BOOKKEEPER..... $1,800
COUNTRY Collection Clerk, Bx. exp...$1,200
JUNIOR CLERKS (3), exp. ..... $20-$25
BOYS ..... $12-$20

OWENS AGENCY,
149 FULTON ST.
BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS, CLERKS, TYPISTS, OFFICE BOYS; GOOD SALARIES.

SASSE AGENCY, 110 NASSAU ST.
Ledger Clerks, Fire Ins. Hrs. $35; Stenographers $30-$0; Steno-Sec'y $35; Typists $18-$20; Bookkeepers $1,365-$1,600; Clerks $18. Call early.

FAY WARD CO.
3 Columbus Circle. Phone Columbus 9141.
Cost clerk, good penman $25 week; splendid opportunity; Jersey City concern.

GARDENER, married; must have first-class knowledge; private estate on Long Island; wages $125 and cottage. Turner Agency, 111 East 54th.

BERNICE A. DRYER, 15 EAST 40TH ST.
Boston Ledger bkkprs; 4 shipping clerks; typists; and small order; A1 typ; salary, $20-$18.

ROYAL SERVICE CO., 217 BROADWAY.
Stenogs., typists, $1,200 up; clerk, $1,000; bkprs. and typists, $1,300.

LOUISE C. HAHN, 200 BROADWAY.
Corresp. Sales, layout exper., $40p
Clerical, E. & Grads ..... $15-$20

MALE HELP WANTED.
Employment Agencies.

QUALIFIED EXECUTIVES.
AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS—Requires thorough knowledge and experience in the automobile industry; salary depending on the man, but probably from $5,000 to $7,500.
CREDIT MANAGER—Large and well-known manufacturing company in need of a high-grade and thoroughly capable credit manager; salary commensurate and up to $12,000 per year.
JUNIOR EXECUTIVE—A leading investment house has an opening for a young man under 30 to take charge of the correspondence department; college education or equivalent; salary about $2,000 to start.
JUNIOR EXECUTIVE—One of the large rubber companies requires a young man of exceptional personality to learn advertising; salary about $2,000 to start.
SALES MANAGER—Excellent opportunity for a man with a successful sales record, who has demonstrated his ability as a sales executive; salary open but will probably be around $6,000 to start.
DISTRICT SALES MANAGER—Large manufacturing company wants man to take charge of New York sales organization; specialty with commodities amounting to about $7,000 to $10,000.
EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT—Requires a general and broad business experience and particularly sales experience; Must have good personality and ability to work well and harmoniously with associates; salary from $3,600 to $4,000.
CREDIT MANAGER—Chain store organization has position for a man with credit and collection experience as credit manager; salary of about $6,000 and bonus.
These and many other important executive positions are now open and are fully described in the current issue of The Digest, which is published weekly and which contains the complete descriptions of executive positions available. The Digest is of interest only to executives now employed who are above the average in ability and character. It is confidential and the cost is slight. Tower-Henderson Plan is not an agency.
TOWER-HENDERSON PLAN,
1,133 Broadway (at 26th St.).
Chelsea 3146.

HAMILTON
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
50 CHURCH STREET,
HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING,
MAIN FLOOR.

DRAFTSMAN—Estimator; 2-4 yrs.' exp. contracting firm; willing to travel; $3600 month.
EXECUTIVE-SECY.—Fraternal organization, enter charge, highest type; excellent position; good salary to start $250 Mo.
ACCOUNTANT—Senior examiner; salary open.
STENOS. (2)—Good openings..... $25
STENO—Securities $1,500
BOOKKEEPER—Foreign bank; up to $1,800.
TYPIST—Bank, public, receiving..$1,200
TYPISTS—Manufacturing system.....$1,440
BOSTON LEDGER CLERKS (10)—Up to $1,400.
BOOKKEEPERS—Hotels steam., D. D.; full and [illegible] $1,500
STENOGRAPHERS—Openings..... $20-$27.50
EXPERT TYPISTS—Hotel work $25
BOOKKEEPER—$1,440; C. P. A.; good opportunity.
BOOKKEEPER—Hotel; exp. required..... $25
STENOS—Beginners and experienced; $18-$20.
TYPISTS (2)—Trade system ..... $20-$24
BOOKKEEPER—Hotel $1,500
BOOKKEEPER-SUPERVISOR—Hotel $150
CLERK—Knowl. bookkeeping; advancement. $18
MANY OTHER OPENINGS.

THE PERSONNEL COMPANY,
9 Church St. Cortlandt 4320.
"A CLEARING HOUSE FOR PERSONAL SERVICE."
BANK, Paying Teller $1,600-$1,800; Auditor $2,000-$2,500; Jr. Bank man $1,000-$1,200; Bkpr. $1,500-$1,600; Securities dept. $1,500
ACCOUNTANT, 28-30, expr. distribution expenses, vouchers, costs; $150; Supv.-Auditor, $25-$30, small concern, knowl. typing, $35.
COLLECTIONS, BKPG., com'l, cal. oper.
STENOS, SECYS, Oil Co., rapid trans, $35-$40; 2 yr financial houses $25-$27; small concern, $22; Columbus Circle, $20-$25; Other, $18.
SPANISH STENO $30; FRENCH-SPANISH-ENG., salary open.
TYPIST, JUN. Man, $180.
Jr. TRADE, Exp., excellent openings, financial, com'l houses; Boys $12-$18.

Instruction.

ACCOUNTANTS ONLY
Can You Afford to Rest All Summer

While others are taking it easy, now is your chance to forge ahead.

A worthwhile suggestion! Let me give information how your spare time can be turned into profitable and pleasant employment quicker than you could hope to earn it by hard, endless, even though conscientious, service.

From the moment you begin your spare-time work in our accountancy training you grow better and better fitted to the bigger jobs. In 2 or 3 months you begin enjoying the benefits. Many have earned advancement long before their training was completed, and so can you.

We know the time is right because our placement bureau has placed more men the past month than any other month this year. This increase we believe to be an indication of the opportunities which Fall will bring.

Find out how you can profitably invest some of your spare time.
Call, Telephone or Write
LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY,
215 West 42d St., New York
Brooklyn Office, 26 Court St. Triangle 8619.

Name .....

Address .....

THE RIGHT POSITION.

Many able men are wondering why they do not achieve full success, and look everywhere for the causes, except into their own spirituals for the position they hold; they do not realize they are the "square peg in the round hole;" the Merton Institute has achieved success in analyzing the causes and indicating the right vocation for thousands of business men and women; it can assist you to find yours; banks, industrial corporations, selling organizations, &c., use and endorse the Merton Analytic Method. Call in person for full particulars.
MERTON INSTITUTE, INC.,
36 West 44th St. Phone Vanderbilt 2662.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Nationwide demand for high salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities everywhere. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training Schools, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

YMCA COURSES help men EARN MORE. Auto Principles, Driving, Electricity, Radiating; Brieklaying. Tile Setting, &c. Booklets on request. West Side YMCA, 302 West 57th St. Phone Columbus 1020.

EARN $35-$125 A WEEK—Learn motion picture, commercial and portrait photography; 3 months' course; free booklet "L." N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St., N. Y., or 505 State St. (opp. L. I. Term.), Brooklyn.

AGENTS WANTED.

$3.80 STARTS YOU IN A CLEAN-CUT BUSINESS.

On his first day at work in one building only, Mr. E. made $6 the first four hours of work.

A small boy, 14 years old, canvassing in a neighborhood where there were no offices, made $21.50 in five days and is still going strong.

If you really want a clean-cut office-to-office selling proposition that makes every fountain pen and check protector that's covered by patents throughout the world, an article that's backed and endorsed by leading bankers, financiers and economists and needs no one and is being advertised in The New York Times, &c.—write for appointment.

IMMEDIATE ACTION—WE'RE READY Now

If you are the man, woman or college boy for the territory that's open—let us hear from you. Call Monday between 8:30 and 11:30. See Mr. Dell, 349 West 37th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Abbott-Detroit, Rdstr.	$400
1923 Jordan, 5-Pass. Tour	1,200
1920 Peerless, Sedan	1,200
1920 Peerless Touring	1,000
1920 Peerless Sedan	1,200
1920 Peerless Town

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The atmospheric pressure Monday night was relatively high over the Middle States, Northern Manitoba and off the North Pacific Coast and it was relatively low over the Far Northeast, the Upper Mississippi Valley, and the extreme Southwest.

A slight disturbance now over the Upper Mississippi Valley has caused scattered showers and thunderstorms within the last twenty-four hours from the Northern Plains States eastward to the Upper St. Lawrence Valley and showery weather has continued in the Southern States and portions of the Rocky Mountain region.

Temperature changes have been irregular since Sunday night, but in general readings are higher in the North Atlantic States, the Southwestern lake region, portions of the South, and generally in the Rocky Mountain plateau region, and the weather has become somewhat cooler in the Western Plains States.

The outlook is for somewhat unsettled weather in the North Atlantic States during the next forty-eight hours, with showers probable over most of that area. The weather will also continue showery over most of the East Gulf and South Atlantic States Tuesday and Wednesday, while in the remainder of the district the weather will be generally fair. Temperatures will be somewhat higher in the South Atlantic States, elsewhere the changes will be unimportant during the next forty-eight hours.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	High.	Low.	Temperature. 8 p.m.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	94	70	90.96	.01	Cloudy
Albany	86	54	29.92		Cloudy
Atlanta	82	68	30.00	.04	Cloudy
Atlantic City	74	60	30.00		Clear
Baltimore	84	68	29.98		Clear
Bismarck	88	66	29.94	.04	Cloudy
Boston	84	58	29.90		Pt. Cl'dy
Buffalo	74	60	29.90		Cloudy
Charleston	82	72	30.00		Pt. Cl'dy
Chicago	92	68	29.94		Clear
Cincinnati	88	62	29.94		Pt. Cl'dy
Cleveland	82	60	29.94		Cloudy
Denver	90	60	29.94		Cloudy
Detroit	86	64	29.94		Cloudy
Galveston	86	76	29.96	.04	Cloudy
Helena	86	56			Cloudy
Jacksonville	92	70	29.98	.12	Cloudy
Kansas City	92	72	29.88		Pt. Cl'dy
Los Angeles	82	58	30.02		Clear
Milwaukee	92	62	29.90		Clear
Minneapolis-St. Paul	98	74	29.76		Clear
New Orleans	90	74	29.96	.10	Rain
New York	91	61	29.96		Pt. Cl'dy
Oklahoma	98	72	29.88		Clear
Philadelphia	86	64	29.98		Clear
Pittsburgh	86	62	29.98		Cloudy
Portland, Me.	86	58	29.88		Pt. Cl'dy
Portland, Ore.	86	60	29.86		Clear
Salt Lake City	88	62	29.88		Clear
San Antonio	94	74	29.94		Cloudy
San Diego	68	62	29.92		Clear
San Francisco	64	54	29.98		Clear
Seattle	82	52	29.92		Clear
St. Louis	92	76	29.94		Pt. Cl'dy
Washington	84	68	29.98		Clear

Southern New England—Partly cloudy and somewhat unsettled Tuesday and Wednesday; warmer Tuesday on the coast.

Eastern New York—Unsettled Tuesday, probably showers in north and west portions. Wednesday probably fair; not much change in temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Tuesday, probably showers in extreme north portion, warmer in extreme southeast portion. Wednesday generally fair.

New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and District of Columbia—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; somewhat warmer Tuesday.

Western Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday; not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Somewhat unsettled Tuesday and probably showers Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

8 AM.	62	12 M.	75	6 PM.	78
7 AM.	63	1 PM.	77	7 PM.	79
8 AM.	65	2 PM.	79	8 PM.	77
9 AM.	69	3 PM.	80	9 PM.	74
10 AM.	70	4 PM.	81	10 PM.	72
11 AM.	73	5 PM.	81	11 PM.	70

Average temperature yesterday, 71.
Average same date last year, 75.
Average same date for 48 years, 73.

Barometer, 30.11 at 8 A. M.; 29.98 at 8 P. M.

Humidity, 76 at 8 A. M.; 58 at 8 P. M.

Wind at 8 A. M., west, velocity 7 miles; at 8 P. M., southwest, velocity 26 miles.

Weather, clear at 8 A. M.; cloudy at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Forecast:

Illinois and Missouri—Fair, continued warm Tuesday; Wednesday partly cloudy, cooler north.

Lower Michigan—Local thunder showers Tuesday, cooler Tuesday night; Wednesday generally fair, cooler.

Upper Michigan—Mostly cloudy, cool Tuesday, possibly showers Tuesday morning; Wednesday fair.

Wisconsin—Partly cloudy Tuesday, probably local thunder showers northeast; cooler north Tuesday and south by Tuesday night; Wednesday generally fair, cooler.

Missouri and Kansas—Generally fair, continued warm Tuesday and probably Wednesday.

Minnesota and Iowa—Generally fair, cooler Tuesday; Wednesday fair, partly cloudy, continued warm Tuesday, followed by cooler north by Tuesday night; Wednesday generally fair, cooler.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; cooler Tuesday, partly cloudy Tuesday, cooler east and north; Wednesday fair.

Nebraska—Partly cloudy Tuesday; somewhat cooler west and north Tuesday and Southeast Tuesday night; Wednesday generally fair.

North Carolina and South Carolina—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; somewhat warmer Tuesday.

Georgia and Alabama—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, probably scattered thunder showers; slightly warmer Tuesday.

Florida—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday; scattered thunder showers.

Mississippi—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, probably scattered thunder showers.

Tennessee—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; somewhat warmer Tuesday in east.

Ohio—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday; not much change in temperature.

Kentucky—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; somewhat warmer Tuesday in east.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.

12:30—12 Roosevelt St.....Not Given
1:10—270 Rivington St.; J. Eisman, Trifling
2:15—1,855 Cedar Av., Bronx; Harry Trager ..... Trifling
3:25—320 Eighth Av.; John S. Agar, Not Given

P. M.

12:15—236 St. and First Av., northbound tracks, 2d Av. L.....Not Given
12:30—833 Courtlandt Av., the Bronx..... Trifling
1:00—335 East 108th St.; Nicholas Trafis ..... Trifling
1:15—239 West 100 St.; Fannie Whiting ..... Trifling
2:20—208 West 100 St.....Not Given
3:50—113 West 145 St.; Moe Handleman .....Not Given
5:18—271 Audubon Av.....Not Given
4:00—100 St. and East River.....Not Given
4:10—Mott Haven Canal, the Bronx .....Not Given
5:20—164 St. Nicholas Av.; Jacob Wenstein .....Not Given
8:30—304 East 118 St.; Peter Bloh .....Not Given
6:30—1,207 Brook Av., the Bronx; Herman Gerber .....Not Given
9:40—138 St. and Jerome Av., the Bronx; 2 Sedans .....Not given
7:25—2,115 Arthur Av., the Bronx; 2 Sedans .....Not given

Estates Appraised.

Kings.

ARCHIBALD, DANIEL E. (Oct. 24, 1921)—Gross estate, $36,611; net, $24,916. Assets include property in Tenth Street at Sixth Avenue, $8,500; banks, $2,936; personal and mortgages, $4,578; stocks, $10,586. To Amelia Archibald, $1,000; William J. Archibald, brother, $100; John M. Archibald, brother, $100; Nettie M. McCarthy, $11,000; Addie McCarthy, $11,855.

DERRICK, CARLSON (Sept. 25, 1916)—A resident of Hartford, Conn. Equity in premises, 50 Sidney Place, Brooklyn, $2,500.

GENTLE, MARY S. (Oct. 17, 1922)—Gross estate, $64,029; net, $59,816; assets include banks, $472; personal $300; bonds, Erie Railroad, $4,400; Union Pacific, $13,850; Illinois Central, $4,125; Philadelphia & Reading, $6,106; Great Northern, $3,852; Bush Terminal Buildings, $4,697; New York Gas and Electric Light, $4,317; American Sugar Refining, $4,040; International Mercantile Marine, $6,305; Consolidated Coal Company, $6,550; New York City, $6,940; same, $5,825; same, $6,750; same, $10,125; same, $1,020. To Willis McDonald, grandnephew, $2,000; Emma Van Nostrand McDonald, grandniece, $33,333; Mary Elizabeth Wright, granddaughter, $4,667.

KRAUSE, GEORGE K. (June 14, 1921)—Gross estate, $36,085; net, $33,626. Assets include lots in Stuyvesant Park, Suffolk Co., $140; premises, 816 Nostrand Avenue, $26,000; banks, $691; mortgages, $85,147; other property, $600. To Anna Krause, wife, $20,000; sons, Edward M. George, Walter and Herbert Krause, $7,500 each.

MARGOLIES, BENJAMIN (Feb. 15, 1923)—Gross estate, $460,586; net, $99,632. Assets include equity in premises, 258 Columbia Street, Brooklyn, $23,000; 262 Columbia Street, $24,000; 1,761 Bath Avenue, $20,000; stock, $1,000; personal, $2,350; one-half interest in 1,340 Park Avenue, Manhattan, $25,000; personal, $100; furniture business, $3,400. To Simon Margolies, brother, $2,000; Max Margolies, brother, $2,000; Annie Margolies, wife, $23,632.

ROSOW, MAX (July 28, 1922)—Estate, $97,000. To Lena Tuvel, sister.

WEINSTEIN, PAULINE (Feb. 4, 1916), a resident of New Jersey—Premises, 718 East Third Street, Brooklyn, $6,300. Estate to Charles Tieleuser, husband.

Police Department.

Commissioner Enright issued this order yesterday:

Transfers and Assignments.

To take effect 8 A. M., July 9:

MOUNTED PATROLMAN (with horse and equipment)—John J. Day, from 63d Precinct to 69th Precinct, assigned to mounted traffic duty.

PATROLMEN.

Archibald J. Robertson, from Traffic Precinct A to 50th, John L. Lorger, from 120th Precinct to 110th, assignment to motorcycle duty discontinued.

To take effect 8 A. M., July 10:

Myles A. Lynch, from 1st Precinct to 3d; Frank O. Eve, from 3d Precinct to 60th, assigned to bicycle duty; Henry Dettmer, from 5th Precinct to 4th; Daniel J. Sullivan, from 5th Precinct to 23d; John F. Waide, from 13th Precinct to 14th; Jacob Platt Jr., from 15th Precinct to 26th, assigned as attendant; James P. Rogers, from 18th Precinct to 65d; William L. Korbel, from 21st Precinct to 25th; Conrad Lehr, from 26th Precinct to 104th, assignment as attendant continued; Arthur Kurner, from 27th Precinct to 43d; Samuel Kilpatrick, from 33d Precinct to 53d, assigned as attendant; Edward R. Friel, from 37th Precinct to 95th; Edward Baragiola, from 39th Precinct to 49th; Joseph F. Flister, from 40th Precinct to 33d; Peter Dove, from 43d Precinct to 63d; George J. Werner, from 43d Precinct to 53d, assignment as attendant continued; Robert V. Williamson, from 43d Precinct to 51st, assigned to mounted duty; Cyril O. Fitzpatrick, from 49th Precinct to 53d; Vincent J. Casson, from 51st Precinct to 47th, assignment to bicycle duty continued; Thomas P. Burke, from 58th Precinct to 50th, assignment to motorcycle duty continued; Edward J. Kirwin, from 67th Precinct to 49th, assignment to bicycle duty continued; David Kelly, from 78th Precinct to 4th; William Thompson, from 79th Precinct to 97th; William W. Phillips, from 91st Precinct to 4th; Alston S. Delane, from 93d Precinct to 95th; John J. Regan, from 96d Precinct to Traffic Precinct C; Arthur E. Pfeiffer, from 94th Precinct to 29th; William H. Winkiemeyer, from 96th Precinct to 125th; Alphonse J. Nichols, from 97th Precinct to 27th; William H. Scythes, from 100th Precinct to 31st; Frank Olive, from 111th Precinct to 82d; James J. Wrynn, from 120th Precinct to 90th; Thomas Donohue, from 123d Precinct to 53d; Harry A. Welch, from Traffic Precinct A to 43d Precinct, assigned as attendant.

From 15th Precinct to precincts indicated—Ludwig Wappler, 45; John M. McCarthy, 74; Levi H. Robdau, 82; Francis E. McCabe, 101; James J. Neville, 105; Edward J. Manning, 46; Joseph A. Clements, 76; Samuel Rabau, 83; Thomas J. Darcy Jr., 103.

From 16th Precinct to 123d Precinct—Hugh J. McGarvey, John T. Tiernan.

From 23d Precinct to Precincts indicated—Patrick J. Dugan, 4; William M. Molloy, 46; Samuel J. Orr, 109; William B. Donnell, 16; Leonard W. Baumann, 97; Frederick Kohler Jr., 72; Ira E. Strafat, 103.

From 25th Precinct to precincts indicated—James Cox, 49; John J. Chambers, 79; Henry J. Reinhart, 67; Albert J. Feinstein, 94.

From 32d Precinct to precincts indicated—James J. Kiernan, 14; Michael P. Burns, 78.

From 43d Precinct to precincts indicated—William J. Burke, 4; Michael F. Shine, 46; Albert Phair, 4; Francis P. Lenihan, 49.

From 67th Precinct to precincts indicated—Michael J. Wall, 13; Timothy P. Ryan, 85; Thomas F. Snipe, 16; George E. Marsh, 95.

From 88th Precinct to precincts indicated—Milton H. Oswald, 74; Angelo A. Tagliani, 76; Charles L. Casazza, 83; John Ormsby, 96.

Assigned to Motorcycle duty in precincts indicated—Charles H. Leach, from 23d Precinct to 120th; Ale Swider, from 87th Precinct to 13th; Martin J. Prendergast, from 30th Precinct to 100th; William W. Grace, 42d Precinct; Joseph A. Mansfield, from 43d Precinct to 53d; Chauncey L. D. Sullivan, from 65th Precinct to 69th; James F. Roach, from 67th Precinct to 74th; Michael Sharkey, from 104th Precinct to 118th.

From precincts indicated to 40th Precinct—James J. Fox, 25; Frank T. Durese, 39.

From precincts indicated to 50th Precinct—Emanuel F. Land, 39; Alexander Joe, Jr., 45.

From precincts indicated to 57th Precinct—Charles F. Genthner, 5; Bartholomew O'Connor, 42.

Assignment changed from Bicycle duty to Motorcycle duty in precincts indicated—Bernard C. Gaffney, 42; Henry H. Gutsky, 60; Lawrence E. Moorehead, 63; Herman L. Schilder, 83; David Hart, 171; Harry J. Baker, 113; Richard T. Birmingham, 113.

Henry F. Hettrick, from 47th Precinct to 109th; John J. Moore, from 48th Precinct to 57th; Robert Johnson, from 68th Precinct to 60th.

Temporary Assignments.

PATROLMEN—Frank McGee, 33d Precinct to 3d Inspection District, to duty in raided premises, for 23 days, from July 9; James F. Smith, 40th Precinct to Headquarters—Division, Bureau of Telegraph, Richmond, to Aug. 1.; John A. Hurton, 83d Precinct to Detective Division to duty in office of the District Attorney, Queens, to July 13.

Assignment Discontinued.

PATROLMAN — Samuel Kilpatrick, 33d Precinct to 4th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises (temporary), is discontinued from 8 A. M., July 10.

Leaves With Pay.

INSPECTORS—William A. Coleman, 1st Inspection District, for 5 days, from July 23, and for 7 days, from Aug. 22, to be deducted from vacation; William A. Bailey, 7th Inspection District, for 20 days, from July 11, to be deducted from vacation.

DEPUTY INSPECTOR William F. Day, 8th Inspection District, for 12 days, from Aug. 23, to be deducted from vacation.

Leaves Without Pay.

PATROLMEN—Benjamin J. O'Connell, 28th Precinct, for 6 days, from July 16; James A. Rogers, 20th Precinct, for 4 days, from July 25.

Suspended Without Pay.

PATROLMAN William Burnie, Shield No. 2356, 40th Precinct.

Death Reported.

RETIRED PATROLMAN Michael Myers, formerly attached to the Detective Division, Homicide Squad, July 7, at 1,717 Hoe Av., Bronx, from natural causes. Funeral from Meyer's Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av., Manhattan, at 10 A. M., July 10. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery.

Fire Department.

Chief John Kenlon issued this order yesterday:

Report Ordered.

Commanding officers of companies shall forward reports, on Wednesday, July 11, giving the names, in the order of their proficiency, of the members of company who are being used to drive company apparatus, irrespective of whether or not they have attended the Automobile School. A notation will be made to the right of the name of each member who is capable of operating gasoline propelled and pumping engines.

Fined on Charges.

Lieut. William L. C. Platt, Eng. Co. 11, three dollars, for loss of fire alarm box key 505, and two fire alarm box keys 868, and one high pressure telephone box key.

Police Band at Parks.

Members of the Department Band (only) will report to Engineer John D. Schuber, at 8 P. M., as follows: Washington Sq. Park, July 10; Prospect Park (Brooklyn), July 12; Curtis Field (Staten Island), July 13; Pos Park (Bronx), July 15; Highland Park (Queens), July 19; Poe Park, July 21; Prospect Park, July 24; Richmond Hill High School (Queens), July 26; Curtis Field, July 31.

Leaves of Absence.

For forty-five days, from July 10, fireman 1st grade Patrick Murphy, Eng. Co. 74; Engineer John J. Clark, Eng. Co. 53, for 9 hours from 9 A. M., July 12.

Wills for Probate.

New York.

COSTER, FRANK (June 24)—Estate over $10,000; to wife, Lillis L. Coster.

MAYER, ALICE L. (June 27)—Estate over $2,000; to husband, Isaac L. Mayer.

Kings.

BALL, SARAH P. (June 10)—Estate, about $20,000; to Frederick R., son, $20,300; residue to Laura E. Gamble, daughter.

DRAXDORF, WILIAM H. (June 11)—Estate, about $4,000; to Mary Rebecca Draxdorf, wife.

HOFFMAN, WILLIAM HERBERT (June 15)—Estate, about $1,800; to Josephine Elizabeth Hoffman, wife.

SPOONER, FREDERICK B. (June 20)—Estate, about $10,000; to a sister, niece and nephew.

STEG, ELIZABETH (June 8)—Estate about $24,000, in one-fifths, to three sons, a daughter and a grandson.

Queens.

LUTZ, CLARA (Feb. 5)—Estate, $5,100; to son, George Henry. George William Lyons is executor.

CURRAN, FRANK (May 27)—Estate, $14,000, to widow, Mary, executrix.

GRANT, WILLIAM (May 9)—Estate, $2,000, to Josephine Brown; Frances Ware, William Grant Christopher and Samuel Grant. John Elton and Martin J. Remsen are executors.

HARDY, CLEO (June 11)—Estate, $3,500 in real and $500 in personal property, to widow, Irene J., executrix.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The Bureau of Navigation published these orders today:

CAPTAIN.

Woodward, C. H., to head of Naval Mission to Peru.

COMMANDERS.

Calhoun, W. L., to Dest. Squads., Battle Flt.

Hewitt, H. K., to Ofce. Gunnery Exercises and Eng. Performances, Washington.

Lassing, W. H., to the Cincinnati; on board as Exec. Offr. when commissioned.

McNair, L. N. to add on Staff Comdr. Destr. Squads., Battle Flt.

LIEUTENANTS.

Batlett, R. C., to Columbia Univ.

Fellers, W. M., to the Richmond.

Hutson, A. L., to Rec'g Barr., Hampton Rds.

Lamore, A. T., continued at Rec'g Barr., Hampton Rds.

Moore, A. J., to Ofce. Gunnery Exercises and Eng. Performances, Washington.

Nelson, H. J., to the Chewink.

Renaker, T. E., to Recsg. Ship at New York.

Wyman, R., to the Milwaukee.

Canon, R. J., to Mar. Barr., Phila.

Huff, J. M., to Navy Yd., Phila.

Brennen, J. E., to the Seagull as Disbug. and Comm. Offr.

No orders published under date of July 5.

National Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 9.—These National Guard orders were bulletined in the office of the Adjutant General today:

Rose, 1st Lt. Lincoln S, 104th Field Art., commissioned for assignment to Battery D.

Voukorring, 2d Lt. Axel C., 174th Inf., commissioned for assignment to Co. D.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Field Artillery.

Hillewie, Maj. J. A., to 17th, Ft. Bragg.

Geesaling, Capt. W. C., from Panama Canal Dept. to the U. S. for assignment.

Capts. Hughes, J. C.; Berry, A. C.; Terrell, R., Dep. from Hawaiian Dept. to 2d Div.

Capts. Kinnard, H. W. O.; Sisera, J. A.; Craig, M. L., 1st Lts. Murray, C. F.; Barragan, M. B., and 2d Lt. Myer, H. J. D., from Hawaiian Dept. to 2d Div.

Sawbridge, Capt. B. M., from Hawaiian Dept. to 1st Cav. Div.

White, Capt. W. J. McAuliffe, 1st Lt. L. C., and 2d Lt. Nichols, M. P.; Partridge, R. C.; Taylor, A. H.; Lewis, J. M.; Culleton, J. R.; Ford, W. W.; Vanture, G. D., Wood, W. S., to San Francisco and sail for Honolulu, Oct. 23.

Engineers.

Mears, Lt. Col. F., is rptired.

Noce, Capt. D., is designated as representative of Corps of Engs. on the Tech. Committee for the War Dept. in this city.

Peace, 1st Lt. A. W., is designated as Recorder Tech. Committee for War Dept. in this city.

Miscellaneous.

Raymond, Lt. Col. W. H., C. A. C., to Presidio of San Fran.

Leaves.

Wittenmyer, Brig. Gen. E., U. S. A., 1 mo. ext.

McMahon, Capt. W. C., Inf., 3 mos.

Second Army Corps Orders.

At Headquarters, Second Army Corps Area, Office of the Corps Commander, Governors Island, these orders were issued yesterday:

The following assignments and attachments of Reserve Officers are made:

78th Division.

ASSIGNED.

To 309th Inf.—1st Lt. Isador K. Moyse.

ATTACHED.

To Headquarters—2d Lts. Robert L. Peek Jr., William E. Shumake.

80th Division.

ASSIGNED.

To 320th Inf.—1st Lt. John DeB. Greene.

ATTACHED.

To Headquarters—2d Lts. John P. Tynes, David E. Brainard.

Training Camp Orders.

By direction of the President, the following named Reserve Corps Officers are ordered to active duty for fifteen (15) days' training, effective July 15, to camps indicated:

TO CAMP DIX, N. J.—Capt. Othel Baxter, 1st Lts. Edward H. Gilman, Daniel Morse, 2d Lts. George M. Brien, Bruce K. Steele, Andrew T. McCann, Frank F. Grimes, John F. Ball, Clarence R.

TO MADISON BARRACKS, N. Y.—2d Lt. Carl H. Brandt.

TO CARLISLE BARRACKS, PA.— Maj. Francis M. Shockley.

ORDERS detailing Capts. William T. Powers, 2d Lt. Osborne C. Butcher, 1st Lt. David P. Moran, Capt. Wm. Carden, 2d Lt. Frank B. Morey, 1st Lt. J. P. Lawyer, Major Charles T. Gwynne, 2d Lt. Wm. A. Gilcrist and 2d Lt. Lloyd B. Benton, to active duty for fifteen (15) days' training, are revoked.

Miscellaneous.

1st Lt. Oscar Brumby, Med. O. R. C., is attached to 305th Inf., 77th Div.

2d Lt. Ellis L. Wilson is relieved from assignment to 306th Inf., 77th Div. (Member N. Y. N. G.).

1st Lt. Clifton A. H. Smith, is relieved from assignment to 303d Med. Regt., First Army Corps Area, H. Q. Group, and attached to Headquarters, IV. Army, C. A. & H. Q. Group.

1st Lt. George W. Martin is relieved from assignment to 309th Inf., 78th Div. (Moved out of Corps Area).

2d Lt. William G. Ball is relieved from assignment to Coast Defenses of Southern New York, 2d C. A. Dist. (Moved out of Corps Area).

2d Lt. Harold C. Quinton is relieved from assignment to 401st F. A., G. H. Q. Res. C. A. & G. H. Q. Group. (Moved out of Corps Area).

Maj. Frank Langham, F. A.-O. R. C., is relieved from attachment to 152d F. A., 77th Div. for training purposes only. (Moved out of Corps Area).

2d Lt. James B. Ready is relieved from attachment to Hq. Tr. Corps, C. A. & G. H. Q. Group. (Moved out of Corps Area).

Public School Notes.

BOARD OF EDUCATION MEETING.—The Board of Education will hold a regular meeting tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Board of Education Building.

INVESTIGATION OF EXAMINERS.—The investigation of the Board of Examiners by President George J. Ryan, acting for the Board of Education, will be resumed this afternoon at the Board of Education Building. A letter from the Chairman of the Board of Examiners, Joseph K. Van Denburg, will be taken up at the hearing today. The letter requests that, since most of the members of the Board of Examiners will be out of the city during the Summer, further hearing in the investigation be postponed until Fall.

Today's Radio Program

JULY 10, 1923.
Eastern Daylight Saving Time.
Numerals after names of stations show wave length in meters.

WEAF, NEW YORK—492.

11:00 A. M.—"Do the Movies Inspire Honesty and Courage," by Mrs. Adele Woodward.
11:20 A. M.—" Food and the Art of Building Bodies," by Dr. Beatrice Harben.
11:50 A. M.—Market reports.
4:00-5:30 P. M.—Marion Williams, soprano; Adele Lewing, piano; Flo Perkins, contralto; Ashley Reppe, baritone.
7:30 P. M.—Ray Fisher, baritone.
7:40 P. M.—"That About New York's Largest Family," B. L. Shientag.
7:55-8:25 P. M.—P. Fisher, baritone; Edith Moreland, soprano; Lilli Offen, soprano.
8:25 P. M.—" Glimpses of Edgar Allan Poe's Home Life," by R. P. Bolton.
8:40-9:00 P. M.—Edith Okerlund, piano; Lilli Offen, soprano.
9:00-10:00 P. M.—The Harmonists Dance Orchestra; Jack Lambert, baritone.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.

3:00 P. M.—Concert.
3:00 P. M.—Baseball scores every 15 minutes.
4:05 P. M.—Robert O'Connor, piano.
4:30 P. M.—Fashion developments.
5:00 P. M.—Patricia Measmer, soprano.
5:30 P. M.—Song recital.
5:45 P. M.—Farms and markets.
6:50 P. M.—Farm and home reports.
6:00 P. M.—" Jim and Peggy at Meadowbrook Farm, a short story.
7:45 P. M.—Debate, "The World Court and the United States," by Hamilton Holt, affirmative; Judge Daniel Cohalan, negative.
8:25 P. M.—Lucille Clemons, piano.
9:00 P. M.—U. S. Army Night; speeches and concert program.

WJY, NEW YORK—405.

4:00 P. M.—Orchestral recital.
5:30 P. M.—Common sense address.
6:00 P. M.—" The Larger Aspect of World Affairs."
8:15 P. M.—Popular songs by L. Wolfe Gilbert.
8:30 P. M.—" Broadcasting Broadway," by Bertha Brainard.
8:45 P. M.—Popular songs.
9:00 P. M.—Band concert.
10:00 P. M.—Hotel Astor Roof orchestra.

WDY, NEW YORK—405.

12:00-1:00 P. M.—Instrumental and vocal solos.

WHN, RIDGEWOOD—360.

9:30-10:00 A. M.—Hints to the housewife.
10:30 A. M. Weather forecast.
10:40 A. M.—Long Island farm service.
10:50-11:00 A. M.—Health talk.
2:15 P. M.—Dr. Frank Crane's broadcast.
3:45-5:30 P. M.—Baritone solo; radio talk; code practice; trade news; appriogram; music.
9:30-10:00 P. M.—Mixed sextette of the Corona Congregational Church.
10:30-12:00 M.—Dance music by the society dragons.

WOR, NEWARK, 405.

2:30 P. M.—Dorothy Burke, contralto.
2:45 P. M.—" The Life of a Radio Operator on Board Ship," by R. B. Nelson.
3:00 P. M.—Dorothy Burke, contralto.
3:15 P. M.—Fannie L. Todd, soprano.
3:30 P. M.—Poems.
3:45 P. M.—Fannie L. Todd, soprano.
4:15 P. M.—Garden hints.
6:16 P. M.—Lecture by Dr. Leon Monea.
6:30 P. M.—Man in the Moon stories.
7:00 P. M.—Blanche P. Outwater, soprano; Norma Wenzel, piano.
7:28 P. M.—Baseball scores.

WDAR, PHILADELPHIA—395.

12:00-12:55 P. M.—Organ recital; Arcadia Orchestra.
2:00-3:00 P. M.—Children's Hour; music and talks.
4:00 P. M.—Music.
5:00 P. M.—Weather market reports.
5:05 P. M.—New York Stock Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade closing prices.
6:00 P. M.—Organ recital.
6:30 P. M.—News.
6:40 P. M.—Scientific topics.
11:45 P. M.—Weather forecast.

WMAK, LOCKPORT—268.

12:00 M.—Weather forecast; spraying advice.

WAA, ARLINGTON, VA.—485.

10:45 A. M.—Live stock receipts.
11:05-11:10 A. M.—Weather reports.
11:25-11:40 A. M.—Fruit and vegetable shipments.
1:25-1:40 P. M.—Live stock, estimated receipts.
2:45-3:25 P. M.—Fruit and vegetable markets.
4:25-4:40 P. M.—Live stock reports.
4:45-5:00 P. M.—Weather forecast.
5:05-5:10 P. M.—Weather forecast.
5:10-5:15 P. M.—Special market reports.
5:15-5:30 P. M.—Fish reports.
4:45 P. M.—Grand organ; trumpets.
7:30 P. M.—Sports news; dispatches.
10:35 P. M.—Time signals.
11:05 P. M.—Weather forecast.

WIP, PHILADELPHIA—509.

1:00-2:00 P. M.—Organ recital.
3:00 P. M.—W. V. Koslenko, violin; A. Mahler, tenor; Alma Bradley, soprano.
6:00-6:45 P. M.—Concert Orchestra.
7:00-7:30 P. M. Uncle Wip's Bedtime Story, roll call.
8:00 P. M.—Health Talk.
8:15 P. M.—Musicale.
8:45 P. M.—" Aquarium Study," by W. T. Innes.
9:00 P. M.—Concert.

WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—337.

9:00 A. M.—Weather reports.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather reports; Boston produce market reports.
7:00 P. M.—Baseball scores; News.
7:15 P. M.—World market survey.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime story.
7:45 P. M.—" Modern Bank Service," by Maude L. Balch.
8:00 P. M.—Laughs from Life.
8:15 P. M.—Topics of interest to Women.
8:30 P. M.—W. H. Warner, bass; Grace Clarke, contralto; Priscilla Paradis, violin.
9:50 P. M.—Baseball scores; bedtime story for grownups.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals.

WNAC, BOSTON—278.

12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
1:01 P. M.—Weather reports.
4:00 P. M.—Dance music.
4:15 P. M.—Organ recital.
4:30 P. M.—Dance music.
4:50 P. M.—Phonograph music.
5:00-5:30 P. M.—Clara Brown, soprano; H. L. Child, baritone.

WGI, MEDFORD, MASS. 360.

3:00 P. M.—Amrad Women's Club.
5:00 P. M.—"Twilight Tales."
5:30 P. M.—New England weather forecast; closing report on farmers' produce markets; live stock market and bulbt and vege reports; agriograms; closing stock market reports.
6:00 P. M.—Late news; sport.
6:15 P. M.—Review of conditions in the iron and steel industry.
6:30 P. M.—Boston police reports.
6:45 P. M.—Code practice; Amrad bulletin board.
8:30 P. M.—Business reports, by Roger W. Babson; concert.

WGY, SCHENECTADY—380.

12:30 P. M.—Stock market quotations.
12:45 P. M.—Weather report.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
3:00 P. M.—Music and address, "The Women of One Hundred Years Ago."
6:00 P. M.—Produce and stock market quotations; news bulletins; baseball.
6:40 P. M.—Baseball scores.
7:45 P. M.—Musical program; one act play, "A Wall Street Romance"; one act play, "A Minuet."

WGR, BUFFALO—319.

11:45 A. M.—Weather reports.
12:00 M.—Organ recital.
12:10 P. M.—Weather and market reports.
2:00 P. M.—Music.
3:25 P. M.—Chicago Board of Trade closing prices.
4:00 P. M.—Music.
5:00 P. M.—Closing prices New York Stock Exchange.
6:00 P. M.—Weather market reports.
6:05 P. M.—New York Stock Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade closing prices.
6:00 P. M.—Organ recital.
6:30 P. M.—News.
6:40 P. M.—Scientific topics.
11:45 P. M.—Weather forecast.

WWJ, DETROIT—516.

4:00 P. M.—Band concert from Belle Isle Park.
5:00 P. M.—Official weather forecast.
5:05 P. M.—Market reports.
8:00 P. M.—Detroit News Orchestra; Town Crier; C. L. Hoot, bass; Mrs. Roy Smith, soprano; Hazel Taylor, piano.

WCX, DETROIT—517.

6:15 P. M.—Baseball scores; music.
6:30 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:50 P. M.—Baseball scores; music.
7:15 P. M.—Final baseball scores.
11:00 P. M.—WCX Red Apple Club.

KYW, CHICAGO—345.

7:50 P. M.—Bedtime story.
9:00-10:58 P. M.—Harvey's orchestra; June Thrall, soprano; Martin Nelson, tenor; Lucille O'Brien, soprano.
10:59 P. M.—Time signals.
11:00 P. M.—News; weather reports.
11:05 P. M.—Special features.

WDAF, CHICAGO—578.

9:00-10:30 P. M.—Musical program.
12:00 P. M.-3:00 A. M.—Dance music.

WDAF, KANSAS CITY—411.

7:50 P. M.—Baseball scores.
8:00 P. M.—Market reports.
1:45-6:00 A. M.—"Nighthawk" frolic; Plantation Orchestra.

KSD, ST. LOUIS—546.

10:00 P. M.—Orchestra concert.

WOC, DAVENPORT, IOWA—484.

7:45 P. M.—Chimes concert.
8:00 P. M.—Weather; baseball scores.

WGM, ATLANTA—429.

8:15-9:00 P. M.—Seven Ace Orchestra.
11:30 P. M.-12:45 A. M.—Musical program.

WSB, ATLANTA—429.

9:00-10:00 P. M.—Melody Orchestra.
12:45 A. M.—Radiovi concert.

WLW, CINCINNATI—309.

11:00 P. M.—Peerless Dance Orchestra of Northern Kentucky; vocal solos.

WMC, MEMPHIS, TENN.—499.

10:30 P. M.—Lion's Club concert.
1:00 A. M.—Midnight frolic.

WHAS, LOUISVILLE, KY.—400.

9:30-11:00 P. M.—Anderson's Orchestra; violin and soprano solos; baseball scores; official central standard time announced at 11 o'clock.

WRAF, FORT WORTH, TEXAS—476.

9:30-9:35 P. M.—Baseball score.
11:30 P. M.-12:30 A. M.—Orchestra concert.

WFAA, DALLAS, TEXAS—476.

10:30-11:30 P. M.—Balcanio quartette.
12:00 P. M.-1:00 A. M.—Music.

CFCA, TORONTO, ONT.—400.

8:00-9:00 P. M.—Orchestra concert; W. Woods, cornet; Arthur Fisher, baritone.

KHJ, LOS ANGELES, CAL.—395.

12:00 P. M.-3:00 A. M.—Concert.
9:00-9:20 P. M.—Talk.
11:00-11:20 P. M.—

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the times indicated are under Daylight Saving.]

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	Sandy Hook. P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	Governors Island. P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	Hell Gate. P.M.
High water	5:44	6:12	6:26	6:48	6:02	6:30
Low water	11:36	12:01	12:40	12:41	5:53	5:54

THE SUN.

	Rises. A.M.	Sets. P.M.
	5:33	8:29

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Carmania	Queenstown	July 1
Esperanza	Progreso	July 3
Orbita	Southampton	June 28
Pan-America	Rio Janeiro	June 27
San Lorenzo	San Juan	July 5
Huron	Monte Cristi	July 1

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Majestic	Southampton	July 4
President Van Buren	London	June 29
Minnekahda	Hamburg	June 26
Stavangerfjord	Bergen	June 30
Siboney	Havana	July 7
Gen. W. C. Gorgas	Colon	July 2
Taormina	Naples	June 28

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Guiana	St. Thomas	July 3
Gen. O. H. Ernst	Colon	July 3
Mirango	Nassau	July 6

DUE THURSDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Fort St. George	Bermuda	June 19
Ebro	Colon	July 5
Mahover	Bremen	June 30
Martha Washington	Naples	June 30
Limon	Pt. Banios	July 4
Argentina	Naples	July 20
Bogota	Savanilla	July 2
Boralina	St. Johns	July 7
Hubub	Para	June 28
Maturo	Trinidad	July 4
Vaubah	Buenos Aires	June 27

DUE FRIDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Berengaria	Southampton	July 7
Metapan	Santa Marta	July 5

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Nickeria	Paramaribo	June 16
Westerdijk	Bourdeaux	June 21
Magdalena	Colon	July 1
David McKelvy	San Pedro	June 18
Neponset	Tacoma	June 9
Hindvago	Cienc Fuegos	June 28
Charlestonian	Baltimore	July 5
Mamus	New Orleans	July 4
Carpo Mamiti	Port Antonio	July 4
W. B. Thompson	Tampico	July 1
Caiba	Galveston	July 5

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Commercial Trader	Colon	June 22
British Empress	Shields	June 19
Arminco	Rosen	June 20
City of Hankow	Gibraltar	June 18
Fred W. Weller	San Pedro	June 14
Walter Jennings	San Pedro	June 19
Minaires	Colon	June 28
Lassell	Trinidad	June 25
Valdes	Colon	June 26
Western Glen	Cape Town	June 7

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Dorothy Luckenbach	San Pedro	June 29
L'A. Jean Laurent	Hull	June 27
Fort Antonio	Fort Antonio	July 4

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Olancho	Bluefields	July 3
St. Patrick	Buenos Aires	June 10
Elmsport	Rotterdam	June 26
Amelia	Jamaica	July 3
Archimedes	Liverpool	June 27
Chepstow Castle	Port Natal	June 9
Commercial Trader	Colon	June 25
Otterburn	Gibraltar	July 1
Sarambe	St. Nazaire	June 29
Messaba	London	June 30

DUE THURSDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Eastern Leader	Newcastle	June 22
Eastern Tempest	Newcastle	June 26
T. A. Moffet	Colon	July 5
Lydia	Colon	July 5

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Resolute, Hamburg	5:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).
Mauretania, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia (Syria, Palestine and Norway must be specially addressed).
President Fillmore, Bremen	8:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).
Clan Kenneth, Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Africa (specially addressed correspondence only).
Lalande, Santos	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Brazil (specially addressed).
Haiti, Cape Haitien	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Haiti.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Belgenland, Antwerp	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
President Monroe, London	8:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
Canopic, Constantinople	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Turkey.
Britannia, Alexandria	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Azores, Portugal, Syria and Palestine (Egypt specially addressed.)
Casaba, Constanza	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Italy, Greece, Turkey and Rumania (specially addressed).
Fort Victoria, Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Maraval, Georgetown	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana.
Tivives, Santa Marta	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica, Canal Zone, Panama, Colombia, Ecuador. (Honduras specially addressed.)

SAIL THURSDAY.

Laconia, Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).
Westphalia, Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany (specially addressed).
Oscar II, Copenhagen	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Mongolia, Hamburg	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Canaries specially addressed.)
Angela, Barcelona	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Spain (specially addressed).
Santa Rita, Valparaiso	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Colombia, Ecuador, Bolivia, Chile and Peru, except Iquitos.
Esperanza, Vera Cruz	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Tuxpan and Campeche. (Cuba and other parts of Mexico specially addressed.)
San Lorenzo, San Juan	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, Macoris and San Domingo City.
Flora, Salinas	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Haiti, Curacao and Venezuela (specially addressed).
Bridgetown, Georgetown	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Virgin Islands, West Indies, Barbados and Guiana. (Grenada, St. Vincent and Trinidad specially addressed.)

SAIL FRIDAY.

Dante Alighieri, Naples	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Italy (specially addressed).
Munargo, Antilla	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bahamas, Inagua and Fortune Islands, City of Antilla. (Other parts of Cuba specially addressed.)

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Angela, Cadiz	July 10	12:00 M.
Europa, Kobe	July 10	12:00 M.
Scottsburg, Manila	July 12	12:00 M.
Anaconda, Rotterdam	July 12	12:00 M.
Eastern Dawn, Antwerp	July 12	12:00 M.
Galilee, Hull	July 14	12:00 M.

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Queen City, Sydney	July 14	12:00 M.
Cabo Ortegal, Santander	July 15	12:00 M.
Eastern City, Hamburg	July 16	12:00 M.
Clan Mackellar, Sydney	July 18	12:00 M.
Eastern Sea, Sydney	July 18	12:00 M.
Exeter City, Bristol	July 19	12:00 M.

Reported by Radio

SS Majestic (White Star Line), incoming from Southampton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 59, North River, Tuesday afternoon.

SS Minnekahda (American Line), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 59; North River, Tuesday afternoon.

SS President Van Buren (United States Lines), incoming from London, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 58, Hoboken, Tuesday forenoon.

SS Assyria (Anchor Line), incoming from Glasgow, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 56, North River, Tuesday afternoon.

SS Stavangerfjord (Bomagreh-America Line), incoming from Bergen, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at pier foot of Thirty-third Strst, Brooklyn, Tuesday forenoon.

SS Taormina (Italian Navigation Co.), incoming from Naples, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at pier foot of West Fifty-seventh Street, Tuesday forenoon.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

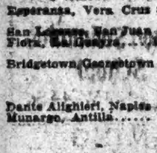
ARRIVED. Steamer.	At	Date.	SAILED. Steamer.	For	Date.
Cedric	Liverpool	July 4	City of Birmingham	Perim	July 8
Tuscania	Funchal	July 5	Albionstar	Shanghai	July 7
Tapland	Antwerp	July 6	Gaelic Prince	Manila	July 6
President Garfield	London	July 6	Idaho	Newcastle	July 7
Aquitania	Cherbourg	July 9	Joles	Genoa	July 6
Sandgate Castle	Port Natal	July 7	Hektor	Gibraltar	July 7
Tyrilford	Stavanger	July 4	City of Norwich	Gibraltar	July 9
			Bessemer City	Gibraltar	July 9

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the G. P. O. and City Hall P. O. Station, New York, at 6:00 P. M., daily, except Sundays and holidays, and 9 P. M., Sundays and holidays, as follows:

Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via San Francisco	Tahiti	July 15
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Cuprum	July 9
Japan, Korea and Siberia, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan and Korea	Manoa	July 13
Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Society Islands, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia	Hawaii Maru	July 15
Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia	Tahiti	July 15
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Jefferson	July 16
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Australia	July 21

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN



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United States.....July 20 Sept. 4 Oct. 18
Hellig Olav.....Aug. 2 Sept. 13 Oct. 23
Frederik VIII.....Aug. 14 Sept. 25 Oct. 31

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America.....Aug. 7 Sept. 21
JULIO CESARE.....Aug. 18 Sept. 28

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THE OLD WOMAN IN THE NEW ITALY—Though politically recognized by Mussolini, she is not yet chiefly concerned about the vote.

PATHFINDER ON THE SEA—Matthew Fontaine Maury—a too-much-neglected great American.

AMERICANS IN WORLD WAR—Eighth instalment of Rudyard Kipling's History of the Irish Guards deals with the entry of American troops.

WHEN INFANT PRODIGIES GROW UP—Some of them are Confucius, Caesar, Milton, Galileo, Beethoven and Voltaire.

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TYRRHENIA (new).....Aug. 9 Sept. 13 Oct. 17

N. Y. to Cobh (Queenstown) and Liverpool

CARMANIA.....July 14 Aug. 18 Sept. 15
CARONIA.....July 28 Aug. 25 Sept. 22
FRANCONIA (new).....Aug. 4 Sept. 1 Sept. 29
Boston to Cobh (Queenstown) and Liverpool
SAMARIA (new).....July 12 Aug. 9 Sept. 6
SCYTHIA (new).....July 26 Aug. 23 Sept. 20

Boston to Liverpool and Glasgow

CALIFORNIA (new).....Sept. 12

N. Y. to Londonderry and Glasgow

ASSYRIA.....July 14 Aug. 11
CAMERONIA (new).....July 19 Aug. 16 Sept. 13
COLUMBIA.....Aug. 4 Sept. 1 Oct. 4
TUSCANIA (new).....Sept. 8 Oct. 6 Nov. 10

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Seydlitz.....July 28 Aug. 28 Oct. 2
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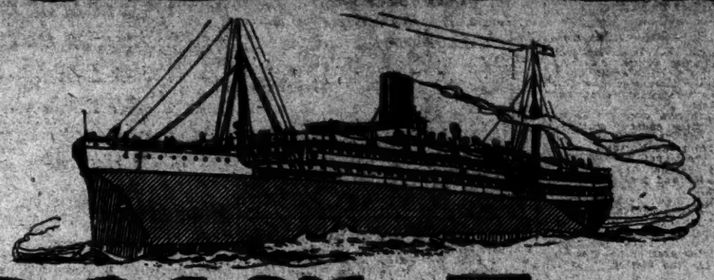

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10:00	10:15	11:45	12:25
11:15	11:45	1:00	1:40
12:15	12:45	2:00	2:40
1:15	1:30	2:45	3:25
2:00	2:30	3:45	4:25
3:00	3:30	4:45	5:25
4:00	4:30	5:45	6:25
5:00	5:30	6:45	7:25
6:00	6:30	7:45	8:25
7:00	7:30	8:45	9:25
8:00	8:30	9:45	10:25
9:00	9:30	10:45	11:25
10:00	10:30	11:45	12:25
11:00	11:30	12:45	1:25

Trips marked † do not stop at Pier 1, N. R.

ROCKAWAY BEACH

Lv. W. 129th St.	Pier 1, N. R.	Rockaway
9:00 A.M.	10:15 A.M.	2:10 P.M.
1:15 P.M.	2:15 P.M.	5:40 P.M.

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MAIL ORDER News, 500 5th Av.; explains mail order business; copy 25c.

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DRESS SHOP, well established, on busy crosstown thoroughfare, upper Bronx, with or without stock; excellent lease; good reason for selling. Box 900, 11 East Fordham Road.

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DRESS SHOP on Broadway—On account of other business will sacrifice good income store; good location; low rental; no agents. Opportunity, J 92 Times.

GARAGE; Bronx; main thoroughfare; 30,000 feet; rent 55c gross, with or without exclusive car agency; same owners 4 years; cash $18,000. 134 Pietro, 260 West 57th.

RESTAURANT, cafeteria, Grand Central section, Times Square section, also 5th Av.; 3 stores doing $2,500 weekly each; sacrifice; make terms. Beresoff, 30 East 42d.

ATTENTION! West 70s — 12 rooms, 4 baths; excellent condition; straight lease; rent $675; $2,500 cash required. Harris Parr, 165 West 72d.

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COMPLETE Bonnaz Machine embroidery plant; a going business to be sold on account of dissolution; cheap rent; reasonable. Phone Bryant 2385.

COMMERCIAL employment exchange, located downtown; best clientele; reasonable. E 850 Times Downtown.

STATIONERY STORES, $300 to $1,000 receipts; will finance right parties; reasonable rents. Beresoff, 30 East 42d.

THEATRE for sale, equipped stage and scenery; has four stores, two apartments; now running. X 2486 Times Annex.

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GARAGE, Broadway, Yonkers, capacity 120 cars; rent $100 month net; $4,500 required. Garage Realty Co., 1,457 Broadway.

HAVE you bona-fide going business to sell, or seeking partner? Clients with cash waiting. Beresoff, 30 East 42d.

GARAGE, vicinity Grand Central; capacity 130; average $81; large transient business. Francis J. Phillips, 47 W. 42d.

DRUG STORE for sale at 126 West 48th St. Call between 10-5.

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BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT will write up, close and audit books for concern with or without bookkeepers. D 384 Times.

MRS. CREIGHTON CALM AS NEW TRIAL BEGINS

Doctor Tells of Finding Grayish Substance in Stomach of Her Dead Mother-in-Law.

Mrs. Mary F. Creighton was placed on trial in Newark yesterday, charged with the murder of her mother-in-law, Mrs. Walter John Creighton, by administering poison. The defendant and her husband, John Creighton, were acquitted several weeks ago of the charge of having caused the death of the younger Mrs. Creighton's brother, Charles Raymond Avery, by administering arsenic.

The elder Mrs. Creighton died on Dec. 1, 1920, and her husband died a short time later. Avery's death aroused suspicion, and the bodies of the elder Creightons were exhumed. It was alleged that arsenic was found in the stomach of the dead woman.

Mrs. Creighton was impassive throughout the trial yesterday before County Judge Edwin Caffrey in the Common Pleas Court. Her husband sat near by, but did not speak to her until after the adjournment for the day.

After the jury was selected Prosecutor J. Victor D'Alola outlined the case as the State would attempt to prove it. He promised to show that several days before the death of Mrs. Creighton her daughter-in-law had given her a cup of cocoa, after drinking which she became ill. He quoted remarks, alleged to have been made by the younger Mrs. Creighton after the death of her mother-in-law, which, he said, tended to incriminate her. He also charged that silk underwear bought for the body of the dead woman had been taken by the daughter-in-law for her own use.

The first witness, Edward H. Schwartz, of the Newark Police Department, identified plans he had made of the Creighton home. Thomas J. O'Mara, an undertaker, then testified to having exhumed the bodies of the elder Creightons. George A. McLaren, nephew of the elder Mrs. Creighton, testified to having identified her body. Dr. William Minningham, Deputy City Physician, who had performed the autopsy, said that about an ounce of a grayish substance had been found in Mrs. Creighton's stomach, but that on casual observation he had not been able to identify it.

Dr. HarrisonMartland, pathologist at the Newark City Hospital, called by the State, told of being present at the autopsy, and the results of the pathological examination he later made of the vital organs.

The case was adjourned until this morning, when the principal witness for the State will be Dr. Albert E. Edel, county chemist, who analyzed the contents of the vital organs.

$200,000 Fire in Georgetown, Mass.

GEORGETOWN, Mass., July 9.—Fire destroyed several blocks in the heart of the business section of this shoe manufacturing centre tonight, causing damage estimated at more than $200,000. Three shoe factories were burned out as well as other business places before help, summoned from Haverhill, Lawrence, Ipswich, Amesbury, Newburyport and Danvers, succeeded in getting the flames under control. The shoe factories destroyed were those of Bessarge & Morris, the Robinson Shoe Company and Harriman Brothers.

BARONESS'S CHARGE FALSE, SAYS CURRAN

Can't Provide Kaiser's Suite at Ellis Island for Immigrants, Is His Reply.

INSPECTS WARDS HIMSELF

Commissioner Blames Russian Visitor for Her Detention—Fifteen Months' Quota Filled.

Charges made by the Russian Baroness, Mara de Lilier Steinhill, to the effect that conditions in detention quarters at Ellis Island are worse in many respects than the Bolshevik prisons in which she was forced to spend several months, were indignantly denied yesterday by Immigration Commissioner Henry H. Curran.

"It is to be regretted," said Commissioner Curran, "that we can't provide a kaiser's suite for each immigrant. That's rather difficult when you have 15,000 coming into port in one week. But we do provide the greatest degree of cleanliness and courtesy.

"I don't want to roast a woman. But the Baroness has roasted us pretty hard, and I do want to give the facts. The reason Baroness Steinhill was detained at Ellis Island for three days was because we were advised by the American Consul General in London that the Baroness had been forewarned that she might be disqualified for admission if she came here, under the provisions of the Contract Labor law.

"Knowing this in advance she took a chance and arrived here aboard the Albania on July 2. As she had been told of conditions before leaving London, there was nothing for us to do but to hold her for examination before a Board of Inquiry. Her case was held despite all the rush of last week on July 6, and the board in its discretion admitted her.

Expects to Hear Some Kicks.

"Here's the thing as I see it. In this job, and especially during this rush, we expect to be kicked hard by people who are disappointed at having to wait. There has to be a dog to kick somewhere, and I suppose I'm the dog. It's nothing in my life. They'll fire me sooner or later and that's the way I came here, but it's the reflection on the Government that I object to.

"In face of the great number of immigrants being admitted now and the fact that some aren't accustomed to live as clean as we would like to have them, I don't think that either the Baroness or I can be held responsible.

"But I might also add that some of the immigrants don't change their mode of living even after they are admitted to America, and some Americans don't find it possible to visit a public park on Sunday without littering it with newspapers, cartons and wafers of every one of the fifty-seven varieties. In view of these facts I don't think that all immigrants can be expected to have a certificate from Spotless Town when they come to Ellis Island.

"To show the nature of the rush that is going on at present, 30,000 immigrants landed in the United States at various points during the first week the new quota became effective. The maximum for the year is 360,000. This means that one-twelfth of the whole year's allotment were admitted during the first week. And the Ellis Island staff is no bigger than it was ten years ago. Moreover, we examine them ten times more carefully than ten years ago in order that we may bring in people who will help build up the nation.

"We have a strange assortment of families camped here on the island. They represent every race, color and creed. The population is always changing, and the credit for the excellence with which they are cared for belongs to the 500 employes who make up the staff. It's a tough job to give up your Sunday and a holiday right after it. This is just what the Ellis Island employes did last week.

2,500 Aliens Now on Island.

"Of course, we have 2,500 on the Island now, and that's more than I like. But we do the best we can under the circumstances. I know that conditions are not ideal. This is due to the existing laws. In six months' time, when I've had a chance to find out just what's wrong, I'm going to Washington to see if I can have these things remedied.

"But as for cleanliness, I personally inspect the entire plant every day, and I can pretty well tell what the cleaners do. All I have to say to that criticism is that it is grossly false."

The Commissioner then produced a letter from the Rev. P. Buketoff of 355 Walnut Street, Newark, who is editor of Faith and Life, a Russian publication. The letter reads: "The newly arrived Russian emigrés have requested me to express to you on their behalf their warmest thanks for the kind reception they have received at Ellis Island, which is now under your control.

"It was only through your kind cooperation and the inauguration of a thoroughly reorganized machine, that these refugee immigrants have been speedily tested and released from the Island in the record time of a few hours. My correspondent, who came with your kind permission, expressed great satisfaction at the condition in which he found the Russian refugees representing the Russian intellectual class. This gives me an opportunity to not only thank you on behalf of those who came, but also on behalf of myself and the readers of my paper."

"I think," said Commissioner Curran, that will speak for itself.

The Commissioner announced that two more immigration quotas for the month have been exhausted, Australia with 56, and the Asiastic Islands, including the Azores and Madeira, with 24. The British allotment for the month is 15,000. At the end of the first week 11,000 had been admitted. Fifteen of the forty-one quotas for the month have been filled.

GEDDES URGED LARGER ELLIS ISLAND PLANT

LONDON, July 9 (Associated Press).—Ellis Island came up for discussion in the British House of Commons again today. Ronald McNeill, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in answer to questions said Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to Washington, had inspected the island six months ago at the invitation of the United States Government, to which Government he had communicated his impressions.

Ambassador Geddes had made no secret of his conviction that the only way of effectively relieving the congestion would be either to build an entirely new station or supplement the existing one, which could not, for reasons of space, be much enlarged, by creating an additional station to which certain classes of immigrants could be diverted.

Mr. McNeill asserted that it would be difficult for the British Government to make official representations as frank in character as those Ambassador Geddes had the opportunity of making in an unofficial manner. He added that, according to fresh reports, one of Sir Auckland's suggestions had recently been acted on, namely, the setting up on Ellis Island of a court of appeal against deportations, this obviating the necessity for reference to Washington and the delay thereby caused.

Asked whether he would lay a copy of the Ambassador's report on the table, the Under-Secretary said he would first have to ask the consent of the United States Government.

Captain Viscount Curzon inquired if it would not be possible to gain the American Government's consent for examination of emigrants at ports of departure, instead of awaiting their arrival at Ellis Island, but Mr. McNeill said he wanted notice before answering the question. He gave no answer to another questioner who inquired if it was possible to refer the matter to the League of Nations.

Lost and Found Announcements, Page 20.

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